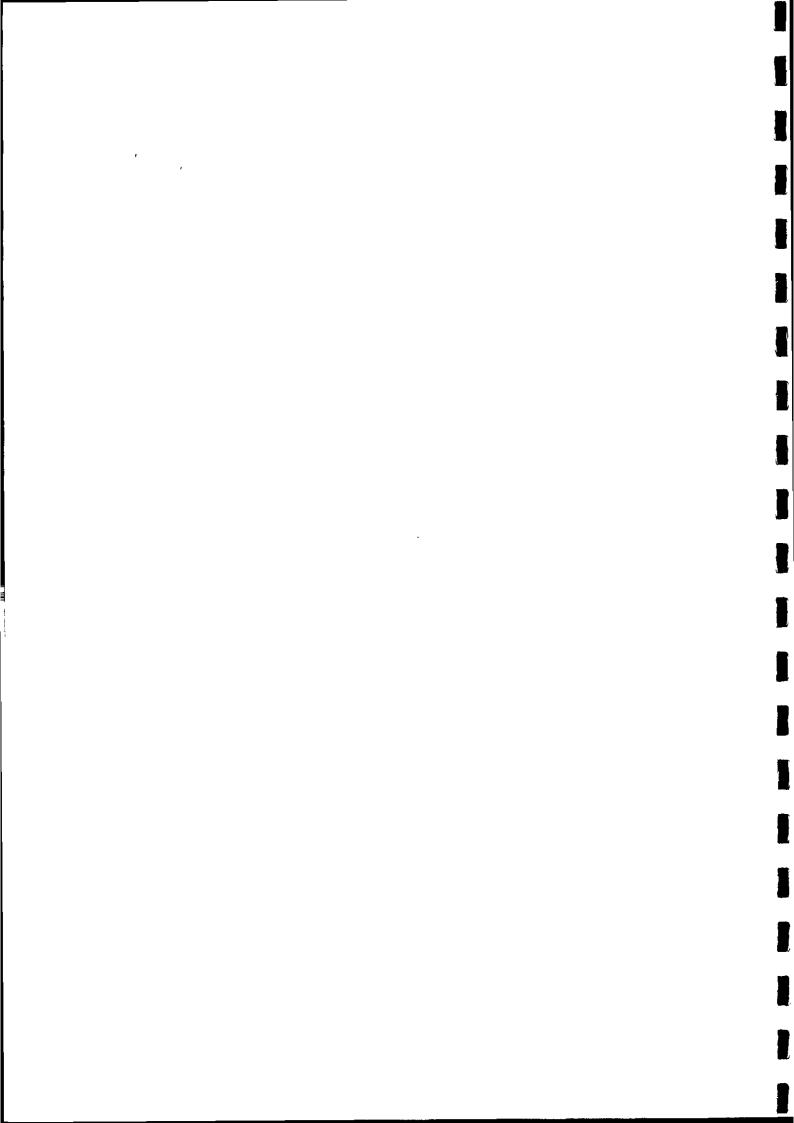
Huber + Suhner (UK) Limited

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 1999





OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

Registered No. 902205

DIRECTORS

M Cappis P Harris P N Taylor Chairman (Swiss)
Managing Director

SECRETARY

C Bygrave

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche Chartered Accountants Verulam Point Station Way St Albans Hertfordshire AL1 5HE

BANKERS

Lloyds Bank Plc 56 High Street Marlow Buckinghamshire SL7 1AJ

SOLICITORS

Bristows Coke & Carpmael 10 Lincoln's Inn Fields London

REGISTERED OFFICE

Telford Road Bicester Oxfordshire OX6 0LA

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1999.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £1,648,000 (1998 - £1,429,000). The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The company's principal activity during the year continued to be that of importing, manufacturing and selling of components and accessories for the electronics and telecommunications industry.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

Total turnover in the year increased by 28% reflecting expansion in the business. In addition to the increase in UK sales of 35%, it is particularly pleasing that export sales also showed an increase of 12 %. Further profitable growth for 2000 is anticipated as the company continues to increase its manufacturing facilities as well as diversifying out into different markets.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors, all of whom served throughout the year, are as follows:

M Cappis
P Harris
P N Taylor

There are no interests of directors requiring disclosure under the Companies Act 1985.

DISABLED EMPLOYEES

The company gives full consideration to applications for employment from disabled persons where the requirements of the job can be adequately fulfilled by a handicapped or disabled person.

Where existing employees become disabled, it is the company's policy wherever practicable to provide continuing employment under normal terms and conditions and to provide training and career development and promotion to disabled employees wherever appropriate.

EMPLOYEE INVOLVEMENT

During the year, the policy of providing employees with information about the company has been continued through the newsletter "Teamtalk" in which employees have also been encouraged to present their suggestions and views on the company's performance. Regular meetings are held between local management and employees to allow a free flow of information and ideas. Employees participate directly in the success of the business through the company's profit related pay scheme.

YEAR 2000 COMPLIANCE

In accordance with UITF Abstract 20, the board is required to comment on Year 2000. The company, where possible, followed all the necessary procedures to ensure year 2000 compliance. The procedures have proven successful, there have been no transitional problems. The directors continue to be alert to the potential risks and uncertainties surrounding the year 2000 issue. As at the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any significant factors which have arisen, or that may arise, which will affect the activities of the business; however, the situation is still being monitored. Any future costs associated with this issue cannot be quantified but are not expected to be significant.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

AUDITORS

During the year Ernst & Young resigned as Auditors to the Company. Deloitte & Touche were appointed by the Board to take their place and a formal resolution for their appointment will be dealt with at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board.

C Bygrave Secretary

25 Harh 2000

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS to the members of Huber + Suhner (UK) Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 7 to 16, which have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and on the basis of the accounting policies set out on page 9 and 10.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 5, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those financial statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 1999 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

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St Albans

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PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 31 December 1999

	NT /	1999	1998
	Notes	£000	£000
TURNOVER – continuing activities	2	46,038	35,880
Cost of sales		37,178	28,866
GROSS PROFIT	-	8,860	7,014
Distribution costs		537	397
Administrative expenses		5,424	4,061
	=	5,961	4,458
OPERATING PROFIT – continuing activities	3 _	2,899	2,556
Interest receivable		-	(2)
Interest payable	6	451	457
	-	451	455
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		2,448	2,101
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	800	672
RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		1,648	1,429
Retained profit brought forward	-	4,588	3,159
RETAINED PROFIT CARRIED FORWARD	18	6,236	4,588

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the year. Accordingly no Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has been prepared.

BALANCE SHEET at 31 December 1999

	Notes	1999 £000	1998 £000
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	8	<u>8,162</u>	<u>7,108</u>
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	9 10	7,518 9,258	7,428 6,395 90
	·	16,776	13,913
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	H_{\perp}	13,842	7,094
NET CURRENT ASSETS		2,934	6,819
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		11,096	13,927
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	12	620	4,960
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES Deferred taxation	15	240	379
	-	10,236	8,588
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Profit and loss account	17 18	4,000 6,236	4,000 4,588
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		10,236	8,588

These accounts were approved on behalf of the Board on and signed by

P Harris Director

28 Mark 2000

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land - Nil Freehold buildings - 2%

Plant and equipment - 10% - 20% Motor vehicles - 25%

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all costs incurred in bringing each product to it's present location and condition, as follows:

Raw materials, consumables and goods for resale - purchase cost on first-in, first-out basis.

Work in progress and finished goods

cost of direct materials and labour plus attributable overheads based on a normal level of activity.

Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less any further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on the liability method on all timing differences expected to reverse in the future without being replaced, calculated at the rate at which it is estimated that tax will be payable.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction.

All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, which are those where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated over their useful lives.

The interest element of the rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of the capital repayments outstanding.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

Cashflow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption not to prepare a cashflow statement under FRS1 (Revised).

2 TURNOVER

Turnover, which is stated net of Value Added Tax, represents amounts invoiced to third parties.

The turnover and pre-tax profits are attributable to one continuing activity, the importing, manufacturing and selling of components and accessories for the electronics and telecommunications industry.

An analysis of turnover by destination is as follows:

		1999 £000	1998 £000
	United Kingdom	34,060	25,228
	Switzerland	9,317	10,106
	Rest of the World	2,661	546
		46,038	35,880
3	OPERATING PROFIT		
		1999	1998
		£000	£000
	This is stated after charging / (crediting):		
	Auditors' remuneration – audit services	25	26
	 non audit services 	18	8
	Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	1,283	1,168
	Depreciation of fixed assets held under finance leases	230	158
	Exchange (gain)/loss	(4)	30
	Operating lease rentals -		
	Plant and machinery	-	32
	Land and buildings	101	19

4 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

		1
	1999	` 1998
	£000	£000
Emoluments	159	150
Pension contributions in respect of one director (1998: 1)	12	10
	171_	160
5 STAFF COSTS		
	1999	1998
	£000	£000
Wages and salaries	7,893	5,955
Social security costs	741	543
Other pension costs	198	119
	8,832	6,617
The average monthly number of employees during the year wa		
	1999	1998
	No.	No.
Manufacturing	293	266
Office and management	173	157
	466	423
6 INTEREST PAYABLE		
	1999	1998
	£000	£000
Bank loans and overdraft	190	206
Interest charged by parent company	236	225
Finance charges payable under finance leases	25	26
	451	457

7	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	

	1999	<i>1998</i> :
	£000	£000
Based on the profit for the year:		
Corporation tax at 30%/31% (1998:31%)	921	732
Corporation tax (over) / under provided in respect of prior year	18	(9)
Deferred taxation	(139)	(51)
	800	672

8 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Land £000	Freehold buildings £000	Plant and equipment £000	Motor vehicles £000	Total £000
Cost:					!
At I January 1999	398	3,463	6,119	793	10,773
Additions	-	1,325	886	391	2,602
Disposals		-	(16)	(153)	(169)
At 31 December 1999	398	4,788	6,989	1,031	13,206
Depreciation:					
At 1 January 1999	-	380	2,967	318	3,665
Provided during the year	-	81	1,196	236	1,513
Disposals	-	-	(9)	(125)	(134)
					
At 31 December 1999	-	461	4,154	429	5,044
Net book value:					!
At 31 December 1999	398	4,327	2,835	602	8,162
At 31 December 1998	398	3,083	3,152	475	7,108
At 31 December 1996	390	3,063	3,132	4/3	7,100

At 31 December 1999 motor vehicles with a net book value of £602,000 (1998 : £475,000) were held under finance leases.

9 STOCKS

	7,518	7,428
Raw materials and work in progress Finished goods	3,045 4,473	3,655 3,773
	1999 £000	1998 £000

10 **DEBTORS**

		•
	1999	1998
	£000	£000
Trade debtors	7,996	5,414
Amounts owed by parent and fellow st	•	
Other debtors	24	26
Prepayments and accrued income	335	267
	0.250	
	9,258	6,395
11 CREDITORS: amounts falling due wi	thin one year	
	1999	1998
	£000	£000
Bank overdraft	2,150	-
Bank loans (note 13)	1,347	72
Obligations under finance leases and h	ire purchase contracts (note 14) 207	174
Trade creditors	1,044	1,046
Amounts owed to parent and fellow su	bsidiary undertakings 2,786	3,781
Loan from parent company	3,500	-
Current corporation tax	824	711
Other taxes and social security costs	275	215
Other creditors	317	218
Accruais	1,392	<u>877</u>
	_ 13,842	7,094

The bank overdraft is secured by a legal charge over the freehold factory and land and buildings.

12 **CREDITORS:** amounts falling due after more than one year

	1999	1998
	£000	£000
Bank loans (note 13)	410	1,297
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts (note 14)	210	163
Loan from parent company	-	3,500
	620	4,960

13 LOANS

	1999 £000	` 1998 £000
Amounts repayable by instalments:		
Within one year	4,847	72
Within one and two years	96	4,342
Within two to five years	288	216
In more than five years	26	239_
	5,257	4,869

The bank loan is secured by a legal charge over the freehold factory and land and buildings. The loan is repayable by monthly instalments and carries interest at 1.0% above Lloyds Bank Plc base rate.

14 OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES AND HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS

The maturity of these amounts is as follows:

1999	1998
£000	£000
233	192
181	121
57	62
471	375
54	38_
417	337
1999	1998
£000	£000
207	174
210	163_
417	337
	£000 233 181 57 471 54 417 1999 £000 207 210

15	PROVISIONS Deferred taxation			,	
				1999 £000	1998 £000
	Balance brought forward Release to the profit and loss account			379 (139)	431 (52)
	Balance carried forward		Constan ça	240	379
16	DEFERRED TAXATION Deferred taxation has been fully provided for as fo	llows:			
				1999 £000	1998 £000
	Capital allowances in advance of depreciation		1	240	379
17	SHARE CAPITAL				
			Authorised	Allotted, called up and fully paid	
		1999 No. (000)	1998 No. (000)	1999 £000	1998 £000
	4,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	4,000	<u>4,000</u>	<u>4,000</u>	<u>4,000</u>
18 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS					
			Share apital	Profit & loss	Total
			£000	£000	£000
	Balance at 31 December 1997 Profit for the year		4,000	3,159 1,429	7,159 1,429
	Balance at 31 December 1998 Profit for the year		4,000		8,588 1,648
	Balance at 31 December 1999		4,000	6,236	10,236
19	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS				
				1999 £000	1998 £000
	Contracted			TT 10 3 444 2 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	27

20 OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

At the year end the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

	Land and Buildings	
	1999	1998
	£000	£000
Operating leases which expire:		
Within two to five years	76	-
More than five years	50	76

21 PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for its employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

	1999 £000	1998 £000
Premiums paid to this scheme amounted to	198	_119

22 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In accordance with the exemption permitted by FRS8, the company does not report details of transactions with other group companies.

23 PARENT UNDERTAKING

The parent undertaking of the group of undertakings for which group accounts are drawn up and of which the company is a member is Huber + Suhner AG, a company incorporated in Switzerland. Copies of Huber + Suhner AG's accounts can be obtained from CH.9100 Herisau, Switzerland. This company is considered to be the controlling entity of Huber + Suhner (UK) Limited.