JOHNSONS (BURSCOUGH) LIMITED
REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 1996



6 No. 897284

REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 1996

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 29 February 1996.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company is that of haulage contractors.

DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The directors of the company during the year and their beneficial interests in the share capital of the company are as follows:

	Ordinary share 1996	1995
Frank Johnson Ronald Johnson Brian Johnson	500 500 500 500	500 500 500 500
Alan Johnson	500	500

DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- a) Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b) Make judgements and estimates that are responsible and prudent;
- c) Follow applicable accounting standards; subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- d) Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITORS

In accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing the reappointment of Robinson & Monaghan as auditors to the company will be put to the annual general meeting.

In preparing the above report, the directors have taken advantage of special exemptions applicable to small companies.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Secretary

& May 1996

AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF JOHNSONS (BURSCOUGH) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 9 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 4.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As described on page 2, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those financial statements and to report our opinion to you.

BASIS OF OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

OPINION

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 29 February 1996 and of its profit for the year ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 applicable to small companies.

Robinson & Monaghan Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

Mar

Preston PR1 3JP

Date: 2 May 1996

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

TURNOVER

Turnover represents the invoiced value of services supplied to customers.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated at the following annual rates which are calculated to write off the cost of those assets over their useful working lives:

Motor vehicles Plant and machinery Buildings 25% on net book value 15% on net book value Nil

STOCKS

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

MOTOR VEHICLE REPAIRS

Costs of repairing and maintaining vehicles, together with costs of tyre replacement are charged to the profit and loss account as they are incurred.

HIRE PURCHASE AND LEASED ASSETS

Assets are subject to hire purchase agreements are capitalised at the fair value of the asset and depreciation on the same basis as owned assets.

Hire purchase payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, the interest element is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the contract term.

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership ("finance leases"), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the fair value of the assets. The corresponding lease commitment is shown as obligations under finance leases and is included in creditors.

Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to the profit and loss account on the same basis as owned assets.

Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, the interest element is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

All other leases are "operating leases" and the annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 1996

	Note	1996 £	1995 £
TURNOVER		653,794	707,287
Cost of sales		<u>566.522</u>	611,142
GROSS PROFIT		87,272	96,145
Administrative expenses		82,266	101,064
TRADING PROFIT/(LOSS)	2	5,006	(4,919)
Other interest receivable and similar income		162	20
Interest payable		(3,537)	<u>(5.166</u>)
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	8	£ <u>1.631</u>	£ <u>(10,065</u>)

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the above two financial years.

TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit or loss for the above two financial years.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 29 FEBRUARY 1996

	Note	1996 £	1995 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	3	<u>171.770</u>	<u>190,407</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	4 5	82,476 11,817	
Stock Cash at bank and in hand	כ	3,986	3.563
		98,279	64,542
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(149,288)	<u>(98,589</u>)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(51,009)	(34,047)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		120,761	156,360
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6	(110,859)	(148,089)
		£ <u>9,902</u>	£ <u>8,271</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called-up share capital Profit and loss account	7	2,000 7,902	2,000 6,271
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	8	£ <u>9,902</u>	£ <u>8,271</u>

The directors have taken advantage of special exemptions conferred by Schedule 8 to the Companies Act 1985 applicable to small companies in the preparation of the financial statements and have done so on the grounds that, in their opinion, the company is entitled to those exemptions.

The financial statements on pages 4 to 9 were approved by the board of directors on $2 M_{\odot} = 1996$ and were signed on its behalf by:

Brian Johnson

Alan Johnson

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 1996

1) TURNOVER

TRADING LOSS

29 February 1996

28 February 1995

2)

The turnover for the period is attributable to the principal activity outlined in the directors' report and was all generated within the United Kingdom.

1996

<u>5,680</u>

6,682

<u> 171,770</u>

190,407

1995

	Trading loss is stated after charg	;ing:			
	Directors emoluments Auditors' remuneration Depreciation on owned assets Depreciation			45,432 3,585 13,835 21,484	48,129 3,150 12,612 28,646
	and after crediting: Profit on sale of fixed assets		£	12,069 £	
3)	FIXED ASSETS	Freehold Land & Buildings	Vehicles	Plant & Equipment	Total
	COST:				
	1 March 1995 Additions Disposals	63,140	432,392 19,200 (58,832)	16,686 - -	512,218 19,200 (58,832)
	29 February 1996	63,140	392,760	16,686	<u>472,586</u>
	DEPRECIATION:				
	1 March 1995 Charge for the year Disposals	- - -	311,807 34,317 (56,314)	10,004 1,002 -	321,811 35,319 (56,314)
	29 February 1996		289,810	11,006	300,816
	NET BOOK VALUES:				

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes an amount of £64,455 (1995-£85,939) in respect of assets held under finance leases.

63,140

63,140

102,950

120,585

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 1996 (continued)

4)	DEBTORS	1996	1995
	Trade debtors Prepayments Other debtors	75,217 6,913 346	43,566 5,272
		82,476	48,838
5)	STOCK	1996	1995
	Tyres and spares Fuel	10,341 1,476	8,587 3,55 <u>4</u>
		11,817	12,141
6)	CREDITORS	1996	1995
	Amounts falling due within one year:		
	Trade creditors Bank overdraft Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts Bank loan Other taxation and social security Accruals	44,073 43,654	34,381 6,138
		33,907	29,907
		4,769 15,931	1,500 17,946
		6,954	8,717
		149,288	98,589
	Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
	Directors' loan accounts	62,858	68,202
	Bank loan	13,417	21,061
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	34,584	<u>58.826</u>
		110,859	<u>148,089</u>
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase of follows:	contracts a	re repayable as
	In one year or less	33,907	29,907
	Between one and two years Between two and three years	29,601 4,983	29,907 28,919
	Decaded two and onless years		
		68,491	<u>88.733</u>

The bank loan and overdraft are secured on the land and buildings owned by the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 1996 (continued)

7)	CALLED-UP SHARE CAPITAL	1996 £	1995 ₤
	Authorised: 2,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	£ <u>2,000</u>	£ <u>2,000</u>
	Allotted, called-up and fully paid: 2,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	£_2,000	£ <u>2,000</u>
8)	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS ON SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS	1996 £	1995 ₤
	Profit/(loss) for the financial year after taxation Opening shareholders funds at 1 March 1995	1,631 <u>8,271</u>	(10,065) <u>18,336</u>
	Closing shareholders funds at 29 February 1996	£ <u>9.902</u>	£ <u>8,271</u>
9)	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS	1996 £	1995 £
	Amounts contracted for	NIL	<u>NIL</u>
	Board authorisations not contracted for	NIL	NIL