BADDILEY AND COOPER LIMITED

Unaudited Filleted Accounts

31 December 2018

BADDILEY AND COOPER LIMITED

Registered number: 00896387

Balance Sheet

as at 31 December 2018

	Notes		2018		2017
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		24,419		24,442
Current assets					
Debtors	4	61,970		46,738	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,268		2,435	
	-	65,238		49,173	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(44,293)		(43,091)	
Net current assets	-		20,945		6,082
Net assets		_ _	45,364	_	30,524
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			45,264		30,424
Shareholders' funds		- -	45,364	_	30,524

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

D Shoebridge

Director

Approved by the board on 10 April 2019

BADDILEY AND COOPER LIMITED

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 December 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance
Plant and machinery 25% reducing balance
Computer equipment 25% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back

to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees			2018	2017
				Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company			7	6
3	Tangible fixed assets				
		Plant and			
		machinery	Computer	Motor	
		etc	equipment	vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 January 2018	41,988	26,829	-	68,817
	Additions	5,418	-	2,700	8,118
	At 31 December 2018	47,406	26,829	2,700	76,935
	Depreciation				
	At 1 January 2018	19,820	24,555	-	44,375
	Charge for the year	6,897	569	675	8,141
	At 31 December 2018	26,717	25,124	675	52,516
	Net book value				
	At 31 December 2018	20,689	1,705	2,025	24,419
	At 31 December 2017	22,168	2,274	-	24,442
4	Debtors			2018	2017
4	Deptors				
				£	£
	Trade debtors			45,056	44,551
	Other debtors			16,914	2,187

			_	61,970	46,738
5	5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			2018	2017
				£	£
	Trade creditors			6,805	8,164
	Taxation and social security cost	ts		36,607	34,046
	Other creditors			881	881
			-	44,293	43,091
6	Loans to directors				
	Description and conditions	B/fwd	Paid	Repaid	C/fwd
		£	£	£	£
	D A Shoebridge				
	Director's loan	729	4,909	-	5,638
	W Shoebridge				
	Director's loan	729	4,909	-	5,638
	A Shoebridge				
	Director's loan	729	4,909	-	5,638
		2,187	14,727		16,914

7 Related party transactions

At the year end the company was owed £16,914 by related parties (2017: £2,187).

8 Controlling party

The directors are considered to be the ultimate controlling party by virtue of their ability to act in concert in respect of the operational and financial policies of the company.

9 Other information

BADDILEY AND COOPER LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

4 Oakwood Avenue

Bromley

Kent

BR2 9JT

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