FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended

31 December 2008



Robinsons International Removals Limited OFFICERS AND ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

Mrs P J Stevens A J W Robinson Ms R G Olsen

SECRETARY

Mrs P E Lewis

REGISTERED OFFICE

22a Bartleet Road Washford Redditch Worcestershire B98 0DG

REGISTERED NUMBER

892632

AUDITORS

Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP Registered Auditor Chartered Accountants St Philips Point Temple Row Birmingham B2 5AF

BANKERS

Barclays Bank plc Midland Team 15 Colmore Row Birmingham B3 2WN

Robinsons International Removals Limited DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report and the financial statements of Robinsons International Removals Limited for the year ended 31 December 2008.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Robinsons International Removals Limited ("the company") operates a network of branch locations throughout England offering a host of moving services to businesses, their employees and also to the general public.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The results for the company show a pre-tax loss of £324,314 (2007: profit £149,617) for the year and sales of £13,462,120 (2007: £14,761,397).

INVESTING IN SALES DEVELOPMENT

The company continues to invest in the development of sales opportunities with new business being obtained in the corporate and contracts sectors of our core activities. Growth has been significantly affected by a housing market slump, private removal and storage revenues continued to decline throughout the entire period.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

The outlook for 2009 remains difficult to predict for it would appear there are a number of mixed messages with regards current economic forecasts. Uncertainty in the housing market remains, although there are signs of some recovery in patches around the country. The large global companies that we serve are showing a mixture of sentiment with activities of continued downsizing and also planning future growth projects. Whilst we remain confident that the business has a very bright and strong future the current conditions continue to necessitate significant cost caution and limiting investment only in the brighter parts of the markets within which we operate.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The management of the business and the execution of the company's strategy are subject to a number of risks. The key business risks affecting the company are considered to be threefold. The stability of the housing market (public confidence in stable and low interest rates), the worldwide economy (companies investing abroad and relocating employees) and the recruitment/retention of good quality staff. Competition in the market remains fierce, with many companies only able to differentiate themselves by reducing their prices which are already at extremely low levels. We will see a further consolidation of the industry where the weak will either sell up or move into administration. Robinsons are not immune to the current forces; however consistent conservative management has enabled the company to build substantial reserves.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS ("KPI'S")

Our principal key performance indicators used to monitor performance of the business during the year are turnover and gross profit.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

DIVIDENDS

During the year the directors paid an interim dividend of £Nil (2007: £60,000).

No final dividend has been recommended by the directors (2007: £Nil).

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year were as follows:

P J Robinson (resigned 26th August 2008) Mrs P J Stevens A J W Robinson Ms R G Olsen

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

The directors who were in office on the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed, as far as they are aware, that there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware. Each of the directors have confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditor.

AUDITORS

A resolution not to re-appoint Auditors: This is an ordinary resolution proposed by the Board of Directors not to re-appoint Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP as the company auditors. As part of an ongoing overall review of costs the Board intend to put the audit function out for tender and will appoint auditors once this process has been completed.

On behalf of the board

A J W Robinson

Director

21 September 2009

Robinsons International Removals Limited DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- c. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ROBINSONS INTERNATIONAL REMOVALS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 6 to 18.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition, we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs at 31 December 2008 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

BAKER TILLY UK AUDIT LLP

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Registered Auditor Chartered Accountants St Philips Point Temple Row Birmingham B2 5AF

21 September 2009

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 December 2008	Compai	Company Registration No. 892632		
	Notes	2008 £	2007 £	
TURNOVER	1	13,462,120	14,761,397	
Cost of sales		(10,092,780)	(10,501,333)	
Gross profit		3,369,340	4,260,064	
Other operating expenses (net)	2	(3,667,409)	(4,081,236)	
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT		(298,069)	178,828	
Investment income Interest payable	3 4	2,882 (29,127)	1,108 (30,319)	
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	5	(324,314)	149,617	
Taxation	8	37,471	(42,236)	
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	16, 17	(286,843)	107,381	

The operating (loss)/profit for the year arises from the company's continuing operations.

No separate Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has been presented as all such gains and losses have been dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

BALANCE SHEET

31 December 2008

	Notes	2008 £	2007 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	10	1,119,716	1,421,720
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	11	2,342,240 329,446	2,210,092 794,965
		2,671,686	3,005,057
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	12	(3,025,135)	(3,124,331)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(353,449)	(119,274)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		766,269	1,302,446
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	13	(176,523)	(407,482)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	14	(241,463)	(259,838)
NET ASSETS		348,283	635,126
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		4.0.0	400
Called up share capital Share premium account	15 16	100 4,316	100 4,316
Profit and loss account	16	343,867	630,710
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	17	348,283	635,126

The financial statements on pages 6 to 18 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 21 September 2009 and are signed on its behalf by:

A J W Robinson

Director

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

TURNOVER

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of consideration received or receivable for services provided in the ordinary course of business.

The company provides:

- removals and shipping services to businesses, their employees and the general public, on which turnover is recognised when the company has collected the goods for the move.
- storage facilities to clients, on which turnover is recognised over the period for which the storage facilities are provided on a time apportioned based.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write each asset down to its estimated residual value evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:-

Warehouse equipment 8 to 10 years
Office equipment 3 to 8 years
Motor vehicles 4 to 8 years

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that they are regarded as recoverable. They are regarded as recoverable to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

LEASED ASSETS AND OBLIGATIONS

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership ("finance leases") the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable during the lease term. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as obligations to the lessor.

Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account in proportion to the remaining balance outstanding.

All other leases are "operating leases" and the annual rentals are charged to profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Rent free periods or other incentives received for entering into a lease are accounted for over the period of the lease so as to spread the benefit received over the lease term.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The company operates defined contribution pension schemes. The amount charged to the profit and loss account in respect of pension costs and other post retirement benefits is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments in the balance sheet.

DILAPIDATIONS

Provision is made for anticipated dilapidation expenditure on leasehold premises over the period of the leases.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption of Financial Reporting Standard No 1, from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is wholly owned and that its cash flows are reflected in the consolidated financial statements of Robinsons Removal Specialists Limited, whose accounts are publicly available at Companies House.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2008

1 TURNOVER

The company's turnover and (loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation were all derived from its principal activities. Sales were made in the following segments:

	2008 £	2007 £
Class of business: Removals and shipping Storage and rental income	11,671,612 1,790,508	12,731,061 2,030,336
	13,462,120	14,761,397
	2008 £	2007 £
Geographical analysis: United Kingdom Other EC European countries Non-EC European countries Rest of World	5,321,933 1,732,525 113,147 6,294,515	6,177,359 2,110,119 205,763 6,268,156
	13,462,120	14,761,397
2 OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (NET)	2008 £	2007 £
Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses	343,047 3,324,362	330,405 3,750,831
	3,667,409	4,081,236
3 INVESTMENT INCOME	2008 £	2007 £
Other interest receivable	2,882	i,108

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2008

4	INTEREST PAYABLE	2008 £	2007 £
	Hire purchase agreements Other interest	27,413 1,714	30,228 91
		29,127	30,319
5	(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):	2008 £	2007 £
	Depreciation and amounts written off tangible fixed assets: owned assets assets held under hire purchase agreements (Profit)/loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets Auditor's remuneration Operating lease rentals: plant and machinery land and buildings Foreign exchange gains	343,459 95,388 (3,819) 19,397 14,162 536,586 (74,544)	330,909 95,659 (35,976) 17,559 12,848 520,629 (67,641)
6	EMPLOYEES The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:	2008 No.	2007 No.
	Management and administration Removals and storage	86 108	93 124
		194	217
	Staff costs for the above persons:	2008 £	2007 £
	•		
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	4,121,097 388,978	4,604,046 436,888
	Other pension costs	64,346	59,800
	Compensation for loss of office	15,072	5,520
		4,589,493	5,106,254

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2008

7	DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION	2008 £	2007 £
	Emoluments (including benefits in kind) Money purchase pension contributions	87,334 3,500	92,445 3,442
		90,834	95,887
	The number of directors to whom retirement benefits are accruing ur schemes is one (2007; one).	nder money purch	ase pension
	The remaining directors are remunerated through the ultimate parent	undertaking.	
8	TAXATION	2008 £	2007 £
	Current tax: UK corporation tax on (loss)/profit for the year Adjustment in respect of previous years	17,876	18,295 (85)
	Total current tax	17,876	18,210
	Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences Effect of changes in tax rate on opening liability Changes in recoverable amounts of tax assets	(48,829) - (6,518)	27,462 (3,436)
	Total deferred tax	(55,347)	24,026
	Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	(37,471)	42,236

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2008

8 TAXATION (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% as explained below:

		2008 £	2007 £
	(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(324,314)	149,617
	(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.5% (2007: 30%)	(92,429)	44,885
	Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances less than/(more than) depreciation Small companies relief Group relief Other differences Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous years	7,675 49,701 - 35,053 - 17,876	12,324 (27,462) (9,490) - (1,962) (85)
	Current tax charge for the year	17,876	18,210
9	DIVIDENDS	2008 £	2007 £
	Amounts recognised as distributions to equity holders in the year:		
	Interim dividend	•	60,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2008

10	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
		Motor vehicles £	Warehouse equipment £	Office equipment £	Total £
	Cost: 1 January 2008 Additions	3,642,952 133,620	611,701	302,652 3,223	4,557,305 136,843
	Disposals	(26,714)	(112,745)	(58,378)	(197,837)
	31 December 2008	3,749,858	498,956	247,497	4,496,311
	Depreciation:				
	1 January 2008	2,393,813	503,550	238,222	3,135,585
	Charged in the year	378,854	33,995	25,998	438,847
	Eliminated on disposals	(26,714)	(112,745)	(58,378)	(197,837)
	31 December 2008	2,745,953	424,800	205,842	3,376,595
	Net book value: 31 December 2008	1,003,905	74,156	41,655	1,119,716
	31 December 2007	1,249,139	108,151	64,430	1,421,720
11	The net book value of tangible fixed a respect of assets held under hire purcha DEBTORS Trade debtors Other debtors		n amount of £5	2008 £ 1,990,756 41,709	£796,644) in 2007 £ 1,895,350 17,875
	Prepayments and accrued income			309,775	296,867
				2,342,240	2,210,092

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2008

12	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one	year	2008 £	2007 £
	Obligations under hire purchase agreements Trade creditors Corporation tax Amounts owed to parent undertaking Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary Other taxation and social security costs Other creditors Accruals and deferred income		230,789 1,753,456 18,507 100,916 25,550 208,899 131,278 555,739	248,017 1,582,439 18,295 157,868 55,557 248,178 121,169 692,808
			3,025,133	3,124,331
	Obligations under hire purchase agreements are	secured on the relate	ed assets.	
13	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more t	han one year	2008 £	2007 £
	Obligations under hire purchase agreements fall two and five years Amounts owed to parent undertaking	ing due between	76,523 100,000	307,482 100,000
			176,523	407,482
	Obligations under hire purchase agreements are	secured on the relate	ed assets.	
14	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	Dilapidations £	Deferred taxation £	Total £
	1 January 2008 Transfer from profit and loss account Utilisation during the year	184,273 36,972	75,565 - (55,347)	259,838 36,972 (55,347)
	31 December 2008	221,245	20,218	241,463

The deferred tax provision has been calculated using the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28%.

Dilapidation provisions are provided to cover the expected cost of exiting sites occupied by the company. Any costs associated with exiting a site are released from the provision.

The provision is based on a fixed percentage of annual rental charges.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2008

14 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES (continued)

Deferred taxation provided in the financial statements and the unprovided potential amounts are as follows:

	follows:	Pr	ovided	Unr	provided
		2008	2007	2008	2007
		£	£	£	£
	Capital gain rolled over Excess of tax allowances over	-	-	1,372	33,409
	depreciation Other timing differences	20,218	75,565	-	(2,227)
		20,218	75,565	1,372	31,182
	The unprovided tax will become char	geable on the	disposal of the re	lated asset.	
15	SHARE CAPITAL			2008 £	2007 £
	Authorised: 100 ordinary shares of £1 each (equity)		100	100
	Allotted, issued and fully paid: 100 ordinary shares of £1 each (equity)		100	100
16	RESERVES		Profit and loss account	Share premium account	Total £
	1 January 2008 Loss for the financial year		630,710 (286,843)	4,316	635,026 (286,843)
	31 December 2008		343,867	4,316	348,183

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2008

17	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	2008 £	2007 £
	(Loss)/profit for the financial year Dividends	(286,843)	107,381 (60,000)
	Net (reduction)/addition to shareholders' funds	(286,843)	47,381
	Opening shareholders' funds	635,126	587,745
	Closing shareholders' funds	348,283	635,126

18 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has given third party indemnities amounting to £170,000 (2007: £170,000).

The company is party to a group VAT registration. At 31 December 2008, the total VAT payable by other group members amounted to £2,055 (2007: £Nii).

19 PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates three defined contribution schemes. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the company in funds administered by Standard Life, National Provident Institution and Scottish Equitable. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the funds and amounted to £64,346 (2007: £59,800). Contributions totalling £Nil (2007: £Nil) were payable to the funds at 31 December 2008.

20	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS	2008 £	2007 £
	Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the financial statements		39,658

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2008

21 COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

	20	008	2007	
	Land and		Land and	
	buildings	Other	buildings	Other
	£	£	£	£
The company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:				
as follows.				
Expiring within one year	-	1,271	-	1,420
Expiring between two and five years	211,700	10,509	211,700	12,768
Expiring after five years or more	340,422		332,746	
	552,122	11,780	544,446	14,188

22 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Advantage is taken under FRS8 not to disclose transactions with its parent company as the company is a wholly owned subsidiary and the consolidated accounts of the group are publicly available at Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff.

The company had the following related party transaction with its fellow subsidiary, Allium Transaction Systems Limited:

	£
Recharges by the company	23,320
Sales invoiced to the company	104,000
Sales invoiced by the company	400
Amounts owed by Allium	_
Amounts owed to Allium	25,550

23 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate parent undertaking is Robinsons Removal Specialists Limited, a company incorporated in England. P J Robinson is the ultimate controlling party.