### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended

31 December 2005

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COMPANIES HOUSE 26/08/2006

### **DIRECTORS AND ADVISORS**

### DIRECTORS

P J Robinson Mrs P J Stevens A J W Robinson Ms R G Olsen

(appointed 1 August 2006)

### **SECRETARY**

A J W Robinson

### REGISTERED OFFICE

22a Bartleet Road Washford Redditch Worcestershire B98 0DG

### REGISTERED NUMBER

892632

### **AUDITORS**

Baker Tilly Chartered Accountants City Plaza Temple Row Birmingham B2 5AF

### **BANKERS**

Barclays Bank plc North West Larger Business Team 6<sup>th</sup> Floor 1 Marsden Street Manchester M2 1HW

### DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report and the financial statements of Robinsons International Removals Limited for the year ended 31 December 2005.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the company throughout the year were those of furniture removers, storage contractors, packers and shippers.

### REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

A summary of the results of the trading for the year is given on page 6 of the financial statements.

A detailed review of the company's trading during the year is contained in the Chairman's statement in the group financial statements.

### RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit after taxation of the company for the year was £23,667 (2004: £63,634 profit). The directors do not recommend a dividend.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors who served during the year and their beneficial interests in the company's issued ordinary share capital were as follows:

	£1 ordinary share	£1 ordinary shares, fully paid	
	31 December	1 January	
	2005	2005	
	No.	No.	
P J Robinson	5	5	
Mrs P J Stevens	-	_	
A J W Robinson	-	-	

The shareholding of P J Robinson is as nominee for the parent company, Robinsons Removal Specialists Limited.

P J Robinson, A J W Robinson and Mrs P J Stevens are directors of the parent company, Robinsons Removal Specialists Limited, and their interests in the ordinary shares are disclosed in the financial statements of that company.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

### **AUDITORS**

A resolution to re-appoint Baker Tilly, Chartered Accountants, as auditors will be put to the members at the annual general meeting.

On-behalf of the board

P J Robinson

Director

2 4 8 2006

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- c. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business; and
- d. state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ROBINSONS INTERNATIONAL REMOVALS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 6 to 18.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the Directors' Report. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

#### BASIS OF AUDIT OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### OPINION

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs at 31 December 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Registered Auditor

Chartered Accountants

City Plaza

Temple Row

Birmingham

B2 5AF

25 /8 / 2006

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 December 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
TURNOVER	1	13,347,371	12,967,212
Cost of sales		(9,604,642)	(8,845,371)
Gross profit		3,742,729	4,121,841
Other operating expenses (net)	2	(3,709,495)	(4,033,429)
OPERATING PROFIT		33,234	88,412
Investment income Interest payable	3 4	1,960 (8,789)	2,654 (8,553)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	5	26,405	82,513
Taxation	8	(2,738)	(18,879)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	15, 16	23,667	63,634

The operating profit for the year arises from the company's continuing operations.

No separate Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has been presented as all such gains and losses have been dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

**BALANCE SHEET** 

31 December 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	9	1,202,797	1,456,196
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	10	1,785,453 740,533	2,082,262 466,057
		2,525,986	2,548,319
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	11	(2,566,242)	(2,599,651)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(40,256)	(51,332)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,162,541	1,404,864
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	12	(461,902)	(705,953)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	13	(210,337)	(232,276)
NET ASSETS		490,302	466,635
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	14	100	100
Share premium account	15	4,316	4,316
Profit and loss account	15	485,886	462,219
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	16	490,302	466,635

The financial statements on pages 6 to 18 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on  $2\omega$ . S 2006 and are signed on its behalf by:

P J Robinson

Director/

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#### ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### **TURNOVER**

Turnover represents the invoiced amount, net of Value Added Tax and trade discounts, of goods and services falling within the company's ordinary activities.

#### TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write each asset down to its estimated residual value evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:-

Warehouse equipment over 8 to 10 years
Office equipment over 3 to 8 years
Motor vehicles over 4 to 8 years

#### **DEFERRED TAXATION**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that they are regarded as recoverable. They are regarded as recoverable to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

#### FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

### LEASED ASSETS AND OBLIGATIONS

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership ("finance leases") the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable during the lease term. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as obligations to the lessor.

Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account in proportion to the remaining balance outstanding.

All other leases are "operating leases" and the annual rentals are charged to profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Rent free periods or other incentives received for entering into a lease are accounted for over the period of the lease so as to spread the benefit received over the lease term.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **RETIREMENT BENEFITS**

The company operates defined contribution pension schemes. The amount charged to the profit and loss account in respect of pension costs and other post retirement benefits is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments in the balance sheet.

### **DILAPIDATIONS**

Provision is made for anticipated dilapidation expenditure on leasehold premises over the period of the leases.

### **DIVIDENDS**

In the current year, the company has adopted FRS 21 – Post Balance Sheet Events (FRS 21) – for the first time. As a result, dividends can only be recognised once they have been passed at a General Meeting of the members, in the case of final dividends and the period in which they were paid in the case of interim dividends. The effects of the change in policy are shown in note 23.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2005

### 1 TURNOVER AND PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

The company's turnover and profit on ordinary activities before taxation were all derived from its principal activities. Sales were made in the following segments:

2004 £	2005 £	principal activities. Sales were made in the following segments:	
L	r	Class of business:	
11,293,945	11,750,101	Removals and shipping	
1,673,267	1,597,270	Storage and rental income	
12,967,212	13,347,371		
2004	2005		
£	£		
5 020 155	4 070 700	Geographical analysis:	
5,039,155 1,147,400	4,970,798 881,891	United Kingdom Other EC European countries	
79,901	77,990	Non EC European countries	
6,700,756	7,416,692	Rest of World	
12,967,212	13,347,371		
2004	2005	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (NET)	2
£	£		
317,711	313,848	Selling and distribution costs	
3,715,718	3,395,647	Administrative expenses	
		r	
4,033,429	3,709,495		
2004	2005	INVESTMENT INCOME	3
£	£	HVVESTIMENT HOOME	5
2,654 	1,960	Other interest receivable	
2004 £	2005 £	INTEREST PAYABLE	4
8,462	8,789	Hire purchase agreements	
91		Other interest	
8,553	8,789		

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2005

5 (LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINA TAXATION	ARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE	2005 £	2004 £
(Loss)/profit on ordinary active charging/(crediting):	ities before taxation is stated after		
Depreciation and amounts write owned assets assets held under hire purchase Profit on disposal of tangible for Auditor's remuneration Operating lease rentals:	ase agreements 4 fixed assets (	98,980 18,415 (6,040) .3,650	286,763 121,815 (3,974) 11,500
plant and machinery land and buildings Foreign exchange losses/(gain	47	6,761 74,229 8,830	33,438 430,670 (21,433)
6 EMPLOYEES  The everage monthly number	of persons (including directors)	2005 No.	2004 No.
employed by the company dur			
Management and administration Removals and storage	on	88 111	89 116
		199	205
		2005 £	2004 £
Staff costs for the above perso	ns:		
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs Compensation for loss of office	38	80,792 80,550 65,664 5,327	3,878,697 385,340 60,806 12,555
	4,38	32,333	4,337,398

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2005

7	DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION	2005 £	2004 £
	Emoluments (including benefits in kind) Money purchase pension contributions	-	-
	The number of directors to whom retirement benefits are accruing schemes is three (2004: three).	under money purc	hase pension
8	TAXATION	2005 £	2004 £
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax on profit for the year Adjustment in respect of previous years	52,000 1,738	23,000 (14,862)
	Total current tax	53,738	8,138
	Deferred tax:		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustment in respect of previous years	(48,000) (3,000)	741 10,000
	Total deferred tax	(51,000)	10,741
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	2,738	18,879

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2005

### 8 TAXATION (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% as explained below:

	2005 £	2004 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	26,404	82,513
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30%	7,921	24,754
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances less than/(in excess of) depreciation Short term timing differences Small companies relief Other differences Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous years	8,303 49,907 (14,564) 433 1,738	12,516 (703) (38) (13,310) (219) (14,862)
Current tax charge for the year	53,738	8,138

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2005

9	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

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Prepayments and accrued income

	Motor vehicles £	Warehouse equipment £	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost: 1 January 2005 Additions Disposals	2,902,937 172,535 (104,272)	739,785 14,108	448,608 7,353 (54,123)	4,091,330 193,996 (158,395)
31 December 2005	2,971,200	753,893	401,838	4,126,931
Depreciation: 1 January 2005 Charged in the year Eliminated on disposals	1,820,716 318,762 (104,272)	539,856 42,831	274,562 85,802 (54,123)	2,635,134 447,395 (158,395)
31 December 2005	2,035,206	582,687	306,241	2,924,134
Net book value: 31 December 2005	935,994	171,206	95,597	1,202,797
31 December 2004	1,082,221	199,929	174,046	1,456,196
The net book value of tangible fixed respect of assets held under hire purch		n amount of £2	287,122 (2004:	£639,594) in
DEBTORS			2005 £	2004 £
Trade debtors Other debtors			1,528,204 25,626	1,877,656 11,035

193,571

2,082,262

231,623

1,785,453

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2005

11	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		2005 £	2004 £
	Obligations under hire purchase agreements Trade creditors Corporation tax Amounts owed to parent undertaking Other taxation and social security costs Other creditors Accruals and deferred income		67,504 1,673,168 53,748 69,362 189,224 73,802 439,434	89,034 1,481,462 23,000 64,728 180,895 79,434 681,098
			2,566,242	2,599,651
	Obligations under hire purchase agreements are secu	ared on the related	assets.	-
12	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than o	one year	2005 £	2004 £
	Obligations under hire purchase agreements falling d and five years Amounts owed to parent undertaking	ue between two	61,902 400,000	105,953 600,000
			461,902	705,953
	Obligations under hire purchase agreements are secur	red on the related a	ssets.	
13	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	Dilapidations £	Deferred taxation £	Total £
	1 January 2005 Transfer from profit and loss account Utilisation during the year	106,276 29,061	126,000 (51,000)	232,276 29,061 (51,000)
	31 December 2005	135,337	75,000	210,337

The deferred tax provision has been calculated using the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30%.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2005

### 13 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES (continued)

Deferred taxation provided in the financial statements and the unprovided potential amounts are as follows:

lonows:	Pr	ovided	Ŧ Iz	Unprovided	
	2005	2004	2005	2004	
	£	£	£	£	
Capital gain rolled over Excess of tax allowances over	-	-	33,409	33,409	
depreciation	75,500	126,500	_	_	
Other timing differences	(500)	(500)	_	-	
-					
	75,000	126,000	33,409	33,409	
-					
14 SHARE CAPITAL			2005	2004	
			£	£	
Authorised:					
100 ordinary shares of £1 each (equity)	)		100	100	
Allotted, issued and fully paid:					
100 ordinary shares of £1 each (equity)	)		100	100	
15 RESERVES		Profit and loss	Share		
		account	premium account	Total	
		£	£	£	
1 January 2005		462,219	4,316	466,535	
Profit for the financial year		23,667		23,667	
31 December 2005		485,886	4,316	490,202	
				,	

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2005

16	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	2005 £	2004 £
	Profit for the financial year Dividends	23,667	63,634
	Net (reduction from)/addition to shareholders' funds	23,667	63,634
	Opening shareholders' funds	466,635	403,001
Closing shareholders' funds		490,302	466,635

### 17 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has given third party indemnities amounting to £175,000 (2004: £5,000).

#### 18 PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates three defined contribution schemes. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the company in funds administered by Standard Life, National Provident Institution and Scottish Equitable. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the funds and amounted to £65,664 (2004: £60,806). Contributions totalling £1,792 (2004: £1,792) were payable to the funds at 31 December 2005 and are included in creditors.

19	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS	2005 £	2004 £
	Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the financial statements	_	73,422
		<del></del>	=======================================

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2005

### 20 COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

	2005		2004	
	Land and		Land and	
	buildings	Other	buildings	Other
	£	£	£	£
At 31 December 2005 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:				
Expiring within one year	18,437	-	_	13,993
Expiring between two and five years	-	_	14,750	-
Expiring after five years or more	511,129		425,379	_
	529,566		440,129	13,993

### 21 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Advantage is taken under FRS8 not to disclose transactions with other group companies as the company is a wholly owned subsidiary and the consolidated accounts of the group are publicly available at Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff.

### 22 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate parent undertaking is Robinsons Removal Specialists Limited, a company incorporated in England. P J Robinson is the ultimate controlling party.

### 23 PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS

The policy for the recognition of equity dividends was changed during the year in order to comply with FRS 21. Further details are provided in the accounting policies.

	2004 £
Profit and loss account reserve at 1 January 2004:	
Impact of adopting FRS 21 Dividends payable to parent undertaking	(50,000)
	(50,000)
Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2004:	
Impact of adopting FRS 21 Dividends paid to parent undertaking	50,000
Impact on profit and loss account reserve at 31 December 2004	<u>.</u>