#### **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 890252**

# F H HARVEY & SONS (DECORATORS) LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 30 NOVEMBER 2007



# **ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS**

# YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2007

CONTENTS	PAGE
Accountants' report to the directors	1
Abbreviated balance sheet	2
Notes to the abbreviated accounts	4

# ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF F H HARVEY & SONS (DECORATORS) LIMITED

#### YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2007

As described on the balance sheet, the directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the abbreviated accounts for the year ended 30 November 2007, set out on pages 2 to 6

You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 1985

In accordance with your instructions we have compiled these unaudited abbreviated accounts in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and information and explanations supplied to us

528a Haslucks Green Road Majors Green Solihull West Midlands B90 LDS

27 August 2008

WILSON BOTT Chartered Certified Accountants

### **ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET**

#### **30 NOVEMBER 2007**

		2007		2006	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				100.000
Tangible assets			54,080		189,202
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		418,219		175,562	
Cash at bank and in hand		263,652		516,935	
		681,871		692,497	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
within one year		402,125		602,909	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			279,746		89,588
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	LIABIL	ITIES	333,826		278,790
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			7,350		2,300
					276,490
			326,476		270,490
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	3		600		600
Profit and loss account			325,876		275,890
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			326,476		276,490

The Balance sheet continues on the following page
The notes on pages 4 to 6 form part of these abbreviated accounts

#### ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

#### **30 NOVEMBER 2007**

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (1) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (11) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 27 August 2008, and are signed on their behalf by

AJHARVEY

The notes on pages 4 to 6 form part of these abbreviated accounts

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2007

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005)

#### **Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

#### Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Plant and machinery

15% reducing balance basis

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

- 15% reducing balance basis

Motor vehicles

- 25% reducing balance basis

#### **Pension costs**

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2007

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### 2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible	
	Assets £	
COST	-	
At 1 December 2006	250,018	
Additions	19,389	
Disposals	(146,187)	
At 30 November 2007	123,220	
DEPFECIATION		
At 1 December 2006	60,816	
Charge for year	15,484	
On disposals	(7,160)	
At 30 November 2007	69,140	
NET BOOK VALUE		
At 30 November 2007	54,080	
At 30 November 2006	189,202	

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2007

3	SHARE CAPITAL	
v.	SHAKE CALITAL	

Authorised share capital:				
		2007 £		2006 £
3,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each		3,000		3,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2007		2006	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	600	600	600	600