Registration number: 00884739

Trio Tools Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

Robert Whowell & Partners Chartered Accountants Westwood House 78 Loughborough Road Quorn Loughborough Leicestershire LE12 8DX

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Company Information

Directors D. W. Tysoe

L. E. Tysoe

Registered office Unit 62 Horndon Industrial Park

West Horndon Brentwood Essex CM13 3XL

Accountants Robert Whowell & Partners

Chartered Accountants Westwood House 78 Loughborough Road

Quorn

Loughborough Leicestershire LE12 8DX

(Registration number: 00884739) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	131,509	162,139
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	14,230	15,530
Debtors	<u>6</u>	537,621	204,027
Cash at bank and in hand		257,306	493,512
		809,157	713,069
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(115,101)	(112,091)
Net current assets		694,056	600,978
Total assets less current liabilities		825,565	763,117
Provisions for liabilities		(2,595)	(6,500)
Net assets		822,970	756,617
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	5,000	5,000
Capital redemption reserve	_	5,000	5,000
Profit and loss account		812,970	746,617
Total equity		822,970	756,617
The notes on pages 4 to 9 form an integ	gral part of these financ	al statements.	

(Registration number: 00884739) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2019

For the financial year ending 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 4 May 2020 and signed on its behalf by:
D. W. Tysoe
Director
The notes on pages 4 to 9 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Unit 62 Horndon Industrial Park West Horndon Brentwood Essex CM13 3XL

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 4 May 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class Fixtures, fittings and equipment Motor vehicles Plant and machinery

Depreciation method and rate

20% on reducing balance 25% on reducing balance 20% on reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the trade debtors.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in the profit and loss account.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade creditors are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 17 (2018 - 15).

4 Tangible assets

	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Plant and machinery £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 January 2019	24,251	87,400	664,775	776,426
Additions		<u>-</u>	12,518	12,518
At 31 December 2019	24,251	87,400	677,293	788,944
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2019	22,147	21,400	570,740	614,287
Charge for the year	420	21,400	21,328	43,148
At 31 December 2019	22,567	42,800	592,068	657,435
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2019	1,684	44,600	85,225	131,509
At 31 December 2018	2,104	66,000	94,035	162,139

5 Stocks

	2019 £	2018 £
Raw materials, consumables and work in progress	14,230	15,530

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

6 Debtors				
			2019	2018
			£	£
Trade debtors			264,191	190,687
Prepayments			13,430	13,340
Other debtors			260,000	
			537,621	204,027
7 Creditors				
Creditors: amounts falling due within one ye	ear			
			2019	2018
			£	£
Due within one year				
Trade creditors			29,818	21,418
Taxation and social security			77,982	80,543
Accruals and deferred income			7,000	9,329
Other creditors			301	801
			115,101	112,091
8 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
Throwed, called up and raily para saures	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

9 Related party transactions

Summary of transactions with other related parties

During the year the directors received dividends of £98,000.

At the year end the company was owed £260,000 by a company of which one of the directors of Trio Tools Limited is a director.

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