DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010



COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS D S Larsen

B J S Mathews U Quellmann

COMPANY SECRETARY M J Whyte

REGISTERED NUMBER 00883375

REGISTERED OFFICE 2 Eastbourne Terrace

London W2 6LG

AUDITOR Grant Thornton UK LLP

Grant Thornton UK LLP Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants

Grant Thornton House

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Rio Tinto Aluminium Holdings (UK) Limited (the "Company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of Rio Tinto Metals Limited and a member of the Rio Tinto Group (the "Group") The Company is an investment holding company for the Group

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Company's results from year to year are highly sensitive to the timing of dividend flows and of movements in provisions, and do not necessarily reflect the performance of its group undertakings

The Company's directors are of the opinion that there are no meaningful financial or non financial key performance indicators that would be necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the Company's activities

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £2,000 (2009 - £24,187,000)

No interim dividends were paid during the year (2009 - £17,000,000) The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2009 - nil)

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year and to the date of signing were

D S Larsen B J S Mathews U Quellmann

No director had a material interest in any contract or arrangement during the year to which the Company or any subsidiary is or was a party

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company's principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with those of the Group and are not managed separately. The Group's risk factors and policies for financial risk management are also discussed in its 2010. Annual report which does not form part of this report.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Company's future developments are integrated with those of the Group which are discussed in its 2010 Annual report which does not form part of this report

INDEMNITIES AND INSURANCE

The Group has purchased directors' and officers' insurance during the year to indemnify individual directors' and officers' personal legal liability and costs for claims arising out of actions taken in connection with the Group's business

PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors
 are unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any information needed by the Company's auditors in connection with preparing their report and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

AUDITORS

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, Grant Thornton UK LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditors 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf

D S Larsen Secretary

Date 7 July 2011

2 Eastbourne Terrace London W2 6LG

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RIO TINTO ALUMINIUM HOLDINGS (UK)

We have audited the financial statements of Rio Tinto Aluminium Holdings (UK) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010, which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Auditing Practices Board's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RIO TINTO ALUMINIUM HOLDINGS (UK) LIMITED

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Grant Thorston UK UP

Richard Hagley (Senior statutory auditor) for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants London

7 July 2011

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

	Note	2010 £000	2009 £000
INVESTMENT INCOME	1,2	-	24,800
Other operating charges			(590)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	-	24,210
Interest receivable and similar income	5	40	37
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(38)	(60)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		2	24,187
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7		
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	13	2	24,187

All amounts relate to continuing operations

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2010 or 2009 other than those included in the profit and loss account

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

	Note	£000	2010 £000	£000	2009 £000
FIXED ASSETS					
Investments	8		-		-
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	10	7,877		7 837	
CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year	11	(7,037)	_	(6,999)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS	_		840	_	838
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILIT	TIES	_	840	-	838
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			···	-	
Called up share capital	12		1,000		1,000
Profit and loss account	13		(160)		(162)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	14	_	840	=	838

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by λ

D S Larsen Director

Date 7 July 2011

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable UK accounting standards. The directors have reviewed the Company's existing accounting policies and consider that they are suitable. The principal accounting policies have been consistently applied.

The Company is itself a subsidiary company and is exempt from the requirement to prepare group accounts by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006. These financial statements therefore present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

1.2 Cash flow

The Company, being a subsidiary undertaking where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available, is exempt from the requirement to draw up a cash flow statement in accordance with FRS 1

1.3 Investment income

Turnover represents income from investments consisting of subsidiary undertakings and is recognised when the right to receive payment is established. Dividends from subsidiary undertakings registered overseas are presented inclusive of any overseas withholding tax.

1.4 Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment. Investments are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. When a review for impairment is conducted, the recoverable amount is assessed by reference to the net present value of expected future cash flows of the relevant income generating unit or disposal value if higher. The discount rate applied is based upon the Company's weighted average cost of capital, with appropriate adjustment for the risks associated with the relevant unit.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indications exist, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss. After such a reversal, the depreciation charge is adjusted in future years to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

1.5 Taxation

The Company does not pay for, or receive payment for, any group relief claimed from, or surrendered to, other Group companies

Withholding taxes incurred on the receipt of interest and dividends from overseas group companies are presented as part of the taxation charge in the profit and loss account

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.6 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of the retained earnings of an overseas subsidiary, associate or joint venture only to the extent that there is a commitment to remit the earnings

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted

1.7 Currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the Profit and loss account

18 Dividends

Final dividends are recognised when the obligation to make payment is established Interim dividends are recognised when paid

1.9 Interest income/(expense)

Interest income is accounted on an accrual basis. Interest receivable from subsidiary undertakings registered overseas is presented inclusive of any overseas withholding tax.

1.10 Reporting format

The Company acts as an investment holding company, and hence the dividends received from investee companies and any impairment provisions against investments are presented as operating items

2 INVESTMENT INCOME

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom (2009 - Arose within the United Kingdom)

3. OPERATING PROFIT

The auditor's remuneration of £4,570 (2009 - £2,611) is borne by a fellow group undertaking

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

STAFF COST	

The Company has no employees The directors did not receive any remuneration (2009 - £NIL)

5	INTEREST RECEIVABLE		
		2010 £000	2009 £000
	Interest receivable from Group companies	40	37
6	INTEREST PAYABLE		
		2010 £000	2009 £000
	On loans from Group undertakings	38	60
7.	TAXATION		
		2010 £000	2009 £000
	UK corporation tax charge on profit for the year		-
	Factors affecting tax charge for the year		
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2009 - lower than) the star UK of 28% (2009 - 28%). The differences are explained below	ndard rate of corpora	tion tax in the
		2010 £000	2009 £000
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2	24,187
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%)	1	6,772
	Effects of.		
	Non-tax deductible amortisation of goodwill and impairment Dividends from UK companies Other differences leading to a (decrease)/increase in the tax	-	165 (6,944)
	charge	(1)	7
	Current tax charge for the year		-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

7. TAXATION (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Legislation was enacted in March 2011 to reduce the UK statutory corporation tax rate to 26% from 1 April 2011

The March 2011 Budget Statement announced further reductions to the UK statutory corporation tax rate 25% effective 1 April 2012, 24% effective 1 April 2013 and 23% effective 1 April 2014 These changes will have no impact on the financial statements prepared to 31 December 2010

The Company has deferred tax assets of £58,747 (2009 £60,923) arising from losses which have not been recognised in the financial statements due to uncertainty about their recoverability. The effect of the tax rate changes announced in March 2011 would be to reduce the unrecognised deferred tax asset to £50,044.

8. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Investments in subsidiary companies £000
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010	25,690
Impairment	 _
At 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010	25,690
Net book value	
At 31 December 2010	-
At 31 December 2009	-

The principal subsidiaries are shown in Note 9

9 PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Company name	Country	Percentage Shareholding	Description
Rio Tinto Aluminium (UK) Limited	England and Wales	100	Non trading (formerly Aluminium marketing) - Ordinary £1 00
Rio Tinto Commercial Services Limited	England and Wales	100	Non trading (formerly Aluminium marketing) - Ordinary £1 00
Anglesey Aluminium Limited	England and Wales	51	Holding company - Ordinary £1 00

10. DEBTORS

	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	7,877	7,837

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

10 DEBTORS (continued)

The above receivable is interest bearing at a rate of 1 month libor less 0.05% and is repayable on demand

	demand		
11	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
	, and an	2010	2009
		£000	£000
	Amounts owed to Group undertakings	7,037	6,999
	The above payable is interest bearing at one month Libor rate and is pa	yable on demand	
12	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2010	2009
		£000	£000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 1,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	1,000,000 Ordinary strates of £1 each		
13	RESERVES		
			Profit and
			loss account £000
	At 1 January 2010		(162)
	Profit for the year		` 2
	At 31 December 2010		(160)
	At 31 December 2010		
14	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		
	NEODIOLEATION OF INCVENIENT IN CHARLES FOR TOTAL	2010	2009
		£000	£000
	Opening shareholders' funds/(deficit)	838	(6,349)
	Profit for the year Dividends (Note 15)	2	24,187 (17,000)
	Dividends (Note 10)		(11,000)
	Closing shareholders' funds	840	838

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

15 DIVIDENDS

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Ordinary		
Ordinary dividends declared and paid during the year		17,000
	<u> </u>	17,000

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is exempt under FRS 8 from disclosing related party transactions between two or more members of a group, as all subsidiaries which are party to the transactions are wholly owned by the group

17. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate parent undertaking is Rio Tinto Metals Limited. The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Rio Tinto plc, which is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of Rio Tinto plc consolidated financial statements can be obtained from 2 Eastbourne Terrace, London, W2 6LG, or from the Rio Tinto website at www.riotinto.com