

Company No. 880172

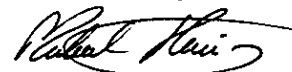
THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
WRITTEN RESOLUTION
OF
ALTAIR FILTER TECHNOLOGY LTD

On 13 December 2013, the following special resolution was duly passed as a written resolution of the Company pursuant to section 288 of the Companies Act 2006 (CA 2006)

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

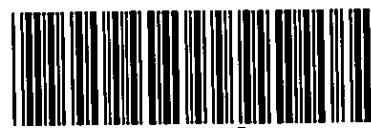
- 1 That the regulations contained in the document attached to these resolutions be approved and adopted as the Company's new articles of association in substitution for and to the exclusion of the existing articles of association (including all the provisions of the Company's memorandum of association deemed to be provisions of the existing Company's articles of association by virtue of section 28 CA 2006)

For and on behalf of



Oakwood Corporate Secretary Limited
Secretary

TUESDAY



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17/12/2013

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COMPANIES HOUSE

Company No. 880172

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
Altair Filter Technology Ltd

(Adopted pursuant to a special resolution passed on 13 December 2013)

1. PRELIMINARY AND INTERPRETATION

1 1 In these Articles, unless the context otherwise requires

Act means the Companies Act 2006,

appointor has the meaning given in article 12 1,

Articles means the Company's articles of association for the time being in force,

business day means any day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in the United Kingdom) on which clearing banks in the City of London are generally open for business,

eligible director means a director who would be entitled to vote on any matter at a meeting of directors (but excluding any director whose vote is not to be counted in respect of the particular matter) and references to "eligible directors" in article 8 of the Model Articles shall be construed accordingly,

Model Articles means the model articles for private companies limited by shares contained in Schedule 1 to the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/3229) as amended prior to the date of the incorporation of the Company, and

partly paid in relation to a share means that part of that share's nominal value or any premium at which it was issued which has not been paid to the Company

1 2 Save as otherwise specifically provided in these Articles, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Model Articles shall have the same meanings in these Articles, subject to which and unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Act shall have the same meanings in these Articles

1 3 Headings in these Articles are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles

- 1 4 A reference in these Articles to an "article" is a reference to the relevant article of these Articles unless expressly provided otherwise
- 1 5 Unless expressly provided otherwise, a reference to a statute, statutory provision or subordinate legislation is a reference to it as it is in force from time to time, taking account of
- (a) any subordinate legislation from time to time made under it, and
 - (b) any amendment or re-enactment and including any statute, statutory provision or subordinate legislation which it amends or re-enacts
- 1 6 Any phrase introduced by the terms "including", "include", "in particular" or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words preceding those terms
- 1 7 A reference to a person includes a reference to an individual, body corporate, association, government, state, agency of state or any undertaking (whether or not having a legal personality and irrespective of the jurisdiction in or under the law of which it was incorporated or exists)
- 1 8 Words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa and words importing a gender include every gender
- 1 9 The Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999 shall not apply to any rights under these Articles
- 1 10 The Model Articles shall apply to the Company, except in so far as they are modified or excluded by these Articles or are otherwise inconsistent with these Articles and, together with these articles they shall constitute the Articles of the Company
- 1 11 The final paragraph of Article 1 of the Model Articles shall not apply to the Company
- 1 12 Articles 8, 11(2) and (3), 14(1) to (4), 17(2), 18, 21, 52 and 53 of the Model Articles shall not apply to the Company
- 1 13 Articles 1, 7, 9(1), 15, 20, 24(2)(c), 26(1), 27(3), 29, 30(4), 31, 36(3), 41(1), 44(2), 44(3) and 45(1) of the Model Articles shall be modified by these Articles

SHARES

2. ISSUE OF SHARES

- 2 1 In accordance with section 567(1) of the Act, sections 561 and 562 of the Act shall not apply to an allotment of equity securities (as defined in section 560(1) of the Act) made by the Company

3. BUYBACK OF OWN SHARES BY COMPANY

3 1 Subject to the Act but without prejudice to any other provision of these Articles, the Company may (by passing a resolution of its members) purchase its own shares with cash up to any amount in a financial year not exceeding the lower of

- (a) £15,000, and
- (b) the value of 5% of the Company's share capital

DIRECTORS

4. DIRECTORS TO TAKE DECISIONS COLLECTIVELY

4 1 Article 7 of the Model Articles shall be amended by

- (a) the insertion of the words "for the time being" at the end of article 7(2)(a), and
- (b) the insertion in article 7(2) of the words "(for so long as he remains the sole director)" after the words "and the director may"

4 2 Without prejudice to the provisions of regulation 7(2), a sole director may take decisions by way of written resolution

5. UNANIMOUS DECISIONS

5 1 A decision of the directors is taken in accordance with this article when all eligible directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter

5 2 Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each eligible director has signed one or more copies of it or to which each eligible director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing

5 3 A decision may not be taken in accordance with this article if the eligible directors would not have formed a quorum at a directors' meeting had the matter been proposed as a resolution at such a meeting

6. CALLING A DIRECTORS' MEETING

6 1 Article 9(1) of the Model Articles shall be amended by

- (a) the insertion of the word "reasonable" after the words "Any director may call a meeting by giving", and
- (b) the insertion of the words "(or such lesser notice as all the directors may agree)" after the words "notice of the meeting"

7. QUORUM FOR DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

- 7 1 Subject to article 7 of the Model Articles (as amended by article 4 1), the quorum for the transaction of business at a meeting of directors is any two eligible directors
- 7 2 For the purposes of any meeting (or part of a meeting) held pursuant to article 9 to authorise a director's conflict, if there is only one eligible director in office other than the conflicted director(s), the quorum for such meeting (or part of a meeting) shall be one eligible director
- 7 3 If the total number of directors in office for the time being is less than the quorum required, the directors must not take any decision other than a decision
- (a) to appoint further directors, or
 - (b) to call a general meeting so as to enable the shareholders to appoint further directors

8. TRANSACTIONS OR OTHER ARRANGEMENTS WITH THE COMPANY

- 8 1 Subject to sections 177(5) and 177(6) and sections 182(5) and 182(6) of the Act and provided he has declared the nature and extent of his interest in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Acts, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in an existing or proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company
- (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the Company or in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested,
 - (b) shall be an eligible director for the purposes of any proposed decision of the directors (or committee of directors) in respect of such contract or proposed contract in which he is interested,
 - (c) shall be entitled to vote at a meeting of directors (or of a committee of the directors) or participate in any unanimous decision, in respect of such contract or proposed contract in which he is interested,
 - (d) may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a director,
 - (e) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to a transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested, and
 - (f) shall not, save as he may otherwise agree, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he (or a person connected with him (as defined in section 252 of the Act)) derives from any such contract, transaction or arrangement or from any such office or employment or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such contract,

transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit nor shall the receipt of any such remuneration or other benefit constitute a breach of his duty under section 176 of the Act

9. DIRECTORS' CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

9 1 For the purposes of section 175 of the Act, the directors shall have the power to authorise, on such terms (including as regards duration and revocation) and subject to such limits or conditions (if any) as they may determine (**Conflict Authorisation**), any matter proposed to them in accordance with these Articles which would, or might, if not so authorised, constitute or give rise to a situation in which a director (a **Relevant Director**) has, or could have, a direct or indirect interest which conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company (a **Conflict Situation**) Any Conflict Authorisation shall extend to any actual or possible conflict of interest which may reasonably be expected to arise out of the Conflict Situation so authorised

9 2 Where directors give a Conflict Authorisation

- (a) the terms of such Conflict Authorisation shall be recorded in writing (but the authorisation shall be effective whether or not the terms are so recorded),
- (b) the directors may revoke or vary such Conflict Authorisation at any time but this will not affect anything done by the Relevant Director prior to such revocation or variation in accordance with the terms of such authorisation, and
- (c) the Relevant Director shall be obliged to act in accordance with any terms, limits or conditions to which such Conflict Authorisation is made subject

9 3 Any terms to which a Conflict Authorisation is made subject (**Conflict Authorisation Terms**) may include (without limitation to article 9 1) provision that

- (a) where the Relevant Director obtains (other than in his capacity as a director of the Company or as its employee or agent or, if the directors so decide, in any other capacity that would otherwise oblige him to disclose it to the Company) information that is confidential to a third party, he will not be obliged to disclose it to the Company or to use it directly or indirectly for the benefit of the Company or in performing his duties as a director of the Company in circumstances where to do so would amount to a breach of a duty of confidence owed to that third party, and/or
- (b) the Relevant Director may (but shall be under no obligation to) absent himself from the discussion of, and/or the making of decisions relating to, the relevant matter (whether at any meeting of the directors or otherwise) and be excused from reviewing documents and information prepared by or for the directors to the extent that they relate to that matter, and/or

- (c) the Relevant Director be excluded from the receipt of documents and information, the participation in discussion and/or the making of decisions (whether at directors meetings or otherwise) related to the relevant matter,

and the Company will not treat anything done (or omitted to be done) by the Relevant Director in accordance with any such provision (or otherwise in accordance with any Conflict Authorisation Terms given under article 9 1) as a breach by him of his duties under sections 172 to 174 CA 2006

9 4 Subject to article 9 5 but without prejudice to article 9 1 to article 9 3, authorisation is given by the members of the Company for the time being on the terms of these articles to each director in respect of any Conflict Situation that exists as at the date of adoption of these articles or that subsequently arises because (in either case) the director is or becomes a shareholder, investor or other participant in, lender to, guarantor, director, officer, manager or employee of, or otherwise in any other way interested or concerned in, any member of the Relevant Group (**Group Conflict Authorisation**) The Conflict Authorisation Terms applicable to the Group Conflict Authorisation (**Group Conflict Authorisation Terms**) are automatically set by this article 9 4 so that the director concerned

- (a) is not obliged to disclose to the Company information that is confidential to a third party obtained by him (other than in his capacity as a director of the Company or as its employee or agent or, if the directors so decide, in any other capacity that would otherwise oblige him to disclose it to the Company) in any situation to which the Group Conflict Authorisation applies, nor to use any such information directly or indirectly for the benefit of the Company or in performing his duties as a director of the Company, in circumstances where to do so would amount to a breach of a duty of confidence owed to that third party, and

- (b) may (but shall be under no obligation to)

- (i) absent himself from the discussions of, and/or the making of decisions,

- (ii) make arrangements not to receive documents and information,

relating to the Conflict Situation concerned,

and the Company will not treat anything done (or omitted to be done) by the director concerned in accordance with the Group Conflict Authorisation Terms as a breach by him of his duties under sections 172 to 174 CA 2006

9 5 A Group Conflict Authorisation given or deemed given under article 9 4 may be revoked, varied or reduced in its scope or effect by special resolution

9 6 In this article 9 **Relevant Group** comprises

- (a) the Company,
- (b) any body corporate which is for the time being a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company,
- (c) any body corporate of which the Company is for the time being a wholly owned subsidiary (Parent), and
- (d) any body corporate (not falling within any preceding paragraph of this definition) which is for the time being a wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent

10. RECORDS OF DECISIONS TO BE KEPT

- 10 1 Article 15 of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "or decision taken by a sole director" after the words "of every unanimous or majority decision taken by the directors "
- 10 2 Where decisions of the directors are taken by electronic means, such decisions shall be recorded by the directors in permanent form, so that they may be read with the naked eye

11. APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

- 11 1 In any case where, as a result of death or bankruptcy, the Company has no shareholders and no directors, the transmittee(s) of the last shareholder to have died or to have a bankruptcy order made against him (as the case may be) have the right, by notice in writing, to appoint a natural person (including a transmittee who is a natural person), who is willing to act and is permitted to do so, to be a director Article 27(3) of the Model Articles shall be modified accordingly
- 11 2 A member or members holding the whole or a majority in nominal value of the issued ordinary share capital for the time being in the Company shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a director or directors either as an additional director or to fill any vacancy and to remove from office any director howsoever appointed Any such appointment or removal shall be effected by an instrument in writing signed by the member or members making the same or in the case of a member being a body corporate signed by one of its directors or other officers on its behalf, and shall take effect upon lodgement at the registered office of the Company or such later date as may be specified in the instrument
- 11 3 Article 18 of the Model Articles shall be amended by the inclusion of a new paragraph (f) and (g) as follows
 - "(f) notification of the director's removal is received by the Company pursuant to Article 11 2,
 - (g) (i) by reason of that person's mental health, a court makes an order which wholly or partly prevents that person from personally exercising any powers or rights which that person would otherwise have, and

- (ii) a majority of the other directors pass a resolution that they believe that the circumstances giving rise to the court order would or might reasonably impair the ability of that person to properly perform any part of his duties as a director "

12. APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

12 1 Any director (**appointor**) may appoint as an alternate any other director, or any other person approved by resolution of the directors, to

- (a) exercise that director's powers, and
- (b) carry out that director's responsibilities,

in relation to the taking of decisions by the directors, in the absence of the alternate's appointor

12 2 Any appointment or removal of an alternate must be effected by notice in writing to the Company signed by the appointor, or in any other manner approved by the directors

12 3 The notice must

- (a) identify the proposed alternate, and
- (b) in the case of a notice of appointment, contain either
 - (i) a statement signed by the proposed alternate that the proposed alternate is willing to act as the alternate of the director giving the notice, or
 - (ii) his consent to act as a director in the form prescribed by the Act

13. RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

13 1 An alternate director may act as alternate director to more than one director and has the same rights in relation to any decision of the directors as the alternate's appointor

13 2 Except as the Articles specify otherwise, alternate directors:

- (a) are deemed for all purposes to be directors,
- (b) are liable for their own acts and omissions,
- (c) are subject to the same restrictions as their appointors, and
- (d) are not deemed to be agents of or for their appointors

and, in particular (without limitation), each alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a member

13 3 A person who is an alternate director but not a director

- (a) may be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present (but only if that person's appointor is not participating),
- (b) may participate in a unanimous decision of the directors (but only if his appointor is an eligible director in relation to that decision, but does not participate), and
- (c) shall not be counted as more than one director for the purposes of articles 13 3(a) and (b)

13 4 A director who is also an alternate director is entitled, in the absence of his appointor, to a separate vote on behalf of his appointor, in addition to his own vote on any decision of the directors (provided that his appointor is an eligible director in relation to that decision), but shall not count as more than one director for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present

13 5 An alternate director may be paid expenses and may be indemnified by the Company to the same extent as his appointor but shall not be entitled to receive any remuneration from the Company for serving as an alternate director except such part of the alternate's appointor's remuneration as the appointor may direct by notice in writing made to the Company

14. TERMINATION OF ALTERNATE DIRECTORSHIP

14 1 An alternate director's appointment as an alternate terminates

- (a) when the alternate's appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the Company in writing specifying when it is to terminate,
- (b) on the occurrence, in relation to the alternate, of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's appointor, would result in the termination of the appointor's appointment as a director,
- (c) on the death of the alternate's appointor, or
- (d) when the alternate's appointor's appointment as a director terminates

15. SECRETARY

15 1 The directors may appoint any person who is willing to act as the secretary for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit and from time to time remove such person and, if the directors so decide, appoint a replacement, in each case by a decision of the directors

16. DIRECTORS' EXPENSES

16 1 Article 20 of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "(including alternate directors) and the secretary" before the words "properly incur"

SHARES AND DISTRIBUTIONS

PARTLY PAID SHARES

17. COMPANY'S LIEN OVER SHARES

17 1 The Company has a lien ("the Company's lien") over every share which is partly paid for any part of—

- (a) that share's nominal value, and
- (b) any premium at which it was issued,

which has not been paid to the Company, and which is payable immediately or at some time in the future, whether or not a call notice has been sent in respect of it

17 2 The lien conferred by article 17 1 shall attach also to fully paid shares, and the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien on all shares, whether fully paid or not, standing registered in the name of any member, whether he is their sole registered holder or is one of two or more joint holders, for all money presently payable by him or his estate to the Company

17 3 The Company's lien over a share—

- (a) takes priority over any third party's interest in that share, and
- (b) extends to any dividend or other money payable by the Company in respect of that share and (if the lien is enforced and the share is sold by the Company) the proceeds of sale of that share

17 4 The directors may at any time decide that a share which is or would otherwise be subject to the Company's lien shall not be subject to it, either wholly or in part

18. ENFORCEMENT OF THE COMPANY'S LIEN

18 1 Subject to the provisions of this article, if—

- (a) a lien enforcement notice has been given in respect of a share, and
- (b) the person to whom the notice was given has failed to comply with it,

the Company may sell that share in such manner as the directors decide

18 2 A lien enforcement notice—

- (a) may only be given in respect of a share which is subject to the Company's lien, in respect of which a sum is payable and the due date for payment of that sum has passed,
- (b) must specify the share concerned,

- (c) must require payment of the sum payable within 14 days of the notice,
- (d) must be addressed either to the holder of the share or to a person entitled to it by reason of the holder's death, bankruptcy or otherwise, and
- (e) must state the Company's intention to sell the share if the notice is not complied with

18 3 Where shares are sold under this article—

- (a) the directors may authorise any person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to the purchaser or a person nominated by the purchaser, and
- (b) the transferee is not bound to see to the application of the consideration, and the transferee's title is not affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the sale

18 4 The net proceeds of any such sale (after payment of the costs of sale and any other costs of enforcing the lien) must be applied—

- (a) first, in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as was payable at the date of the lien enforcement notice,
- (b) second, to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale, but only after the certificate for the shares sold has been surrendered to the Company for cancellation or a suitable indemnity has been given for any lost certificates, and subject to a lien equivalent to the Company's lien over the shares before the sale for any money payable in respect of the shares after the date of the lien enforcement notice

18 5 A statutory declaration by a director or the company secretary that the declarant is a director or the company secretary and that a share has been sold to satisfy the Company's lien on a specified date—

- (a) is conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share, and
- (b) subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by the articles or by law, constitutes a good title to the share

19. CALL NOTICES

19 1 Subject to the articles and the terms on which shares are allotted, the directors may send a notice (a call notice) to a member requiring the member to pay the Company a specified sum of money (a call) which is payable in respect of shares which that member holds at the date when the directors decide to send the call notice

19 2 A call notice—

- (a) may not require a member to pay a call which exceeds the total sum unpaid on that member's shares (whether as to the share's nominal value or any amount payable to the Company by way of premium),
 - (b) must state when and how any call to which it relates it is to be paid, and
 - (c) may permit or require the call to be paid by instalments
- 19 3 A member must comply with the requirements of a call notice, but no member is obliged to pay any call before 14 days have passed since the notice was sent
- 19 4 Before the Company has received any call due under a call notice the directors may—
- (a) revoke it wholly or in part, or
 - (b) specify a later time for payment than is specified in the notice,
- by a further notice in writing to the member in respect of whose shares the call is made

20. LIABILITY TO PAY CALLS

- 20 1 Liability to pay a call is not extinguished or transferred by transferring the shares in respect of which it is required to be paid
- 20 2 Joint holders of a share are jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect of that share
- 20 3 Subject to the terms on which shares are allotted, the directors may, when issuing shares, provide that call notices sent to the holders of those shares may require them—
- (a) to pay calls which are not the same, or
 - (b) to pay calls at different times

21. WHEN CALL NOTICE NEED NOT BE ISSUED

- 21 1 A call notice need not be issued in respect of sums which are specified, in the terms on which a share is issued, as being payable to the Company in respect of that share (whether in respect of nominal value or premium)—
- (a) on allotment,
 - (b) on the occurrence of a particular event, or
 - (c) on a date fixed by or in accordance with the terms of issue
- 21 2 But if the due date for payment of such a sum has passed and it has not been paid, the holder of the share concerned is treated in all respects as having failed to comply with a call notice in

respect of that sum, and is liable to the same consequences as regards the payment of interest and forfeiture

22. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH CALL NOTICE: AUTOMATIC CONSEQUENCES

22 1 If a person is liable to pay a call and fails to do so by the call payment date—

- (a) the directors may issue a notice of intended forfeiture to that person, and
- (b) until the call is paid, that person must pay the Company interest on the call from the call payment date at the relevant rate

22 2 For the purposes of this article—

- (a) the “call payment date” is the time when the call notice states that a call is payable, unless the directors give a notice specifying a later date, in which case the “call payment date” is that later date,
- (b) the “relevant rate” is—
 - (i) the rate fixed by the terms on which the share in respect of which the call is due was allotted,
 - (ii) such other rate as was fixed in the call notice which required payment of the call, or has otherwise been determined by the directors, or
 - (iii) if no rate is fixed in either of these ways, 5 per cent per annum

22 3 The relevant rate must not exceed by more than 5 percentage points the base lending rate most recently set by the Monetary Policy Committee of the Bank of England in connection with its responsibilities under Part 2 of the Bank of England Act 1998(a)

22 4 The directors may waive any obligation to pay interest on a call wholly or in part

23. NOTICE OF INTENDED FORFEITURE

23 1 A notice of intended forfeiture—

- (a) may be sent in respect of any share in respect of which a call has not been paid as required by a call notice,
- (b) must be sent to the holder of that share or to a person entitled to it by reason of the holder’s death, bankruptcy or otherwise,
- (c) must require payment of the call and any accrued interest by a date which is not less than 14 days after the date of the notice,
- (d) must state how the payment is to be made, and

- (e) must state that if the notice is not complied with, the shares in respect of which the call is payable will be liable to be forfeited

24. DIRECTORS' POWER TO FORFEIT SHARES

- 24 1 If a notice of intended forfeiture is not complied with before the date by which payment of the call is required in the notice of intended forfeiture, the directors may decide that any share in respect of which it was given is forfeited, and the forfeiture is to include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture

25. EFFECT OF FORFEITURE

- 25 1 Subject to the articles, the forfeiture of a share extinguishes—

- (a) all interests in that share, and all claims and demands against the Company in respect of it, and
- (b) all other rights and liabilities incidental to the share as between the person whose share it was prior to the forfeiture and the Company

- 25 2 Any share which is forfeited in accordance with the articles—

- (a) is deemed to have been forfeited when the directors decide that it is forfeited,
- (b) is deemed to be the property of the Company, and
- (c) may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of as the directors think fit

- 25 3 If a person's shares have been forfeited—

- (a) the Company must send that person notice that forfeiture has occurred and record it in the register of members,
- (b) that person ceases to be a member in respect of those shares,
- (c) that person must surrender the certificate for the shares forfeited to the Company for cancellation,
- (d) that person remains liable to the Company for all sums payable by that person under the articles at the date of forfeiture in respect of those shares, including any interest (whether accrued before or after the date of forfeiture), and
- (e) the directors may waive payment of such sums wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal

- 25 4 At any time before the Company disposes of a forfeited share, the directors may decide to cancel the forfeiture on payment of all calls and interest due in respect of it and on such other terms as they think fit

26. PROCEDURE FOLLOWING FORFEITURE

- 26 1 If a forfeited share is to be disposed of by being transferred, the Company may receive the consideration for the transfer and the directors may authorise any person to execute the instrument of transfer
- 26 2 A statutory declaration by a director or the company secretary that the declarant is a director or the company secretary and that a share has been forfeited on a specified date—
- (a) is conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share, and
 - (b) subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by the articles or by law, constitutes a good title to the share
- 26 3 A person to whom a forfeited share is transferred is not bound to see to the application of the consideration (if any) nor is that person's title to the share affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the forfeiture or transfer of the share
- 26 4 If the Company sells a forfeited share, the person who held it prior to its forfeiture is entitled to receive from the Company the proceeds of such sale, net of any commission, and excluding any amount which—
- (a) was, or would have become, payable, and
 - (b) had not, when that share was forfeited, been paid by that person in respect of that share,
 - (c) but no interest is payable to such a person in respect of such proceeds and the Company is not required to account for any money earned on them

27. SURRENDER OF SHARES

- 27 1 A member may surrender any share—
- (a) in respect of which the directors may issue a notice of intended forfeiture,
 - (b) which the directors may forfeit, or
 - (c) which has been forfeited
- 27 2 The directors may accept the surrender of any such share
- 27 3 The effect of surrender on a share is the same as the effect of forfeiture on that share

- 27 4 A share which has been surrendered may be dealt with in the same way as a share which has been forfeited

28. SHARE CERTIFICATES

- 28 1 Article 24(2)(c) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the deletion of the words "that the shares are fully paid" and the replacement therefore of the words "the amount or respective amounts paid up on them"

29. SHARE TRANSFERS

- 29 1 Article 26(1) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "and, unless the share is fully paid, by or on behalf of the transferee" after the words "on behalf of the transferor"

30. EXERCISE OF TRANSMITTEES' RIGHTS

- 30 1 Article 29 of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words ", or the name of any person(s) named as the transferee(s) in an instrument of transfer executed under article 28(2)," after the words "the transmittee's name"

31. PAYMENT OF DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS

- 31 1 Article 30(4) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the deletion of the words "each shareholder's holding of shares" and by the replacement therefor with the words "the amounts paid up on the shares"

- 31 2 Articles 31(a) to (d) (inclusive) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the deletion, in each case, of the words "either" and "or as the directors may otherwise decide"

32. AUTHORITY TO CAPITALISE AND APPROPRIATION OF CAPITALISED SUMS

- 32 1 Article 36(3) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words " or towards paying up the amounts, if any, for the time being unpaid on any shares held by them respectively and in" after the words "be applied in"

DECISION MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS

33. ADJOURNMENT

- 33 1 Article 41(1) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the deletion of the words "the chairman of the meeting must adjourn it" and the replacement thereof with the words "the member(s) present (either in person, by proxy or by a duly appointed corporate representative) shall constitute a quorum"

34. POLL VOTES

- 34 1 Article 44(2) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the deletion of sub-paragraphs (c) and (d) and by the insertion of the following as a new sub-paragraph (c) any qualifying person (as defined in section 318 of the Act) present and entitled to vote at the meeting
- 34 2 Article 44(3) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "A demand so withdrawn shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made" as a new paragraph at the end of that article

35. PROXIES

- 35 1 Article 45(1) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "and a proxy notice which is not delivered in such manner shall be invalid, unless the directors, in their discretion, accept the notice at any time before the meeting" as a new paragraph at the end of that article

36. NO VOTING OF SHARES ON WHICH MONEY OWED TO COMPANY

- 36 1 No voting rights attached to a share may be exercised at any general meeting, at any adjournment of it, or on any poll called at or in relation to it, unless all amounts payable to the Company in respect of that share have been paid

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

37. CHANGE OF NAME

- 37 1 The Company may change its name by resolution of the directors and subsequent notification to the Registrar of Companies under section 79 of the Act

38. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION TO BE USED

- 38 1 Any notice, document or other information shall be deemed served on or delivered to the intended recipient.
- (a) if properly addressed and sent by prepaid United Kingdom first class post to an address in the United Kingdom, 24 hours after it was posted,
 - (b) if properly addressed and sent to an address outside the United Kingdom, 48 hours after it was posted,
 - (c) if properly addressed and delivered by hand, when it was given or left at the appropriate address,
 - (d) if properly addressed and sent or supplied by electronic means, one hour after the document or information was sent or supplied, and

- (e) if sent or supplied by means of a website, when the material is first made available on the website or (if later) when the recipient receives (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material is available on the website

For the purposes of this article, no account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a working day

- 38 2 In proving that any notice, document or other information was properly addressed, it shall be sufficient to show that the notice, document or other information was delivered to an address permitted for the purpose by the Act

39. INDEMNITY

- 39 1 Subject to paragraph 39 6, a relevant director of the Company or an associated company shall be indemnified out of the Company's assets against

- (a) any liability incurred by that director in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company or an associated company or a relevant entity,
- (b) any liability incurred by that director in connection with the activities of the Company or an associated company or a relevant entity in its capacity as a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the Act), and
- (c) any other liability incurred by that director as an officer of the Company or an associated company or as a director, officer, employee or agent of a relevant entity

- 39 2 A person who is not a relevant director may be indemnified out of the Company's assets, whether pursuant to

- (a) rights granted pursuant to, or provided by, any provision of the Act or any other provision of law, or
- (b) other rights created by resolution of the directors or by a written agreement providing for such indemnification authorised by any director designated by the directors for such purpose

- 39 3 The Company shall fund a relevant director's expenditure for the purposes permitted under the Act and shall do anything to enable a relevant director to avoid incurring such expenditure as provided in the Act

- 39 4 The Company may fund the expenditure of any person in defending any proceeding for which such person is entitled to be indemnified pursuant to paragraph 39 2 and may do anything to enable such person to avoid incurring such expenditure

- 39 5 No relevant director shall be accountable to the Company or the members for any benefit provided pursuant to this article and the receipt of any such benefit shall not disqualify any person from being or becoming a director of the Company
- 39 6 This article does not authorise any indemnity or funding of any director's expenditure which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Act or by any other provision of law
- 39 7 The rights of a director to be indemnified under paragraph 39 1 or to receive funding under paragraph 39 3 shall be in addition to and without prejudice to any other rights which the relevant director may have to be so indemnified or to have expenditure reimbursed by law or otherwise
- 39 8 The indemnity or funding of expenditure available to a relevant director under this article for a liability incurred by that director shall be reduced to the extent that that director is indemnified or receives funding of expenditure in respect of the same liability from any associated company
- 39 9 In this article a company is an "associated company" of either is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate

40. INSURANCE

- 40 1 The directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any relevant director in respect of any relevant loss
- 40 2 In this article a "relevant loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant director in connection with that director's duties or powers in relation to the Company, any associated company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the Company or associated company