REGISTERED NUMBER: 00876107 (England and Wales)

HANMERE POLYTHENE LIMITED STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020



COMPANIES HOUSE

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COMPANY INFORMATION For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

DIRECTORS:

G R Morris

J Farrell D Lennon

SECRETARY:

J Farrell

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Blackhorse Road Letchworth Hertfordshire

SG6 1HD

REGISTERED NUMBER:

00876107 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Fortus Audit LLP 1 Rushmills Northampton Northamptonshire NN4 7YB

BANKERS:

National Westminster Bank Plc

26 Queensway Stevenage Hertfordshire SG1 1YW

STRATEGIC REPORT For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2020.

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of polythene extrusion and conversion.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The company's tumover increased by £1,718,701 (2019: increased by £268,132) in the year, a 8.8% increase (2019: 1.39%) on the performance in the prior year. Profit before tax has increased to £2,695,247 (2019: £2,253.875).

The operating profit percentage for the year has increased to 14.2% (2019: 12.4%).

During the year the company increased its sales volume both through the acquisition of new customers and increasing its share of business with existing customers. The sales growth was primarily achieved in the UK market.

We have a stable and committed workforce who we encourage to share ideas for improving business processes and opportunities. Costs have been kept under tight control. We confinue our policy of targeted capital investment to improve operational efficiency and increase production.

We are also conscious of our environmental responsibilities and train our staff accordingly.

The company's balance sheet remained strong in the year with net assets standing at £7,146,968 at 31 March 2020 (2019: £8,103,695) and cash balances of £883,459 (2019: £186,890). We are seeking to expand our customer base within the manufacturing industry in the near future to continue the successful growth of the previous year.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

We do not believe there are any significant risks and uncertainties facing our business, other than those normally encountered within our industry.

EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

The company places considerable value on the involvement of its employees and keeps them informed on matters affecting them and on the various factors affecting performance of the company.

It is the company's policy to give full consideration to applications for employment from disabled persons. Opportunities exist for employees of the company who become disabled to continue in their employment or to be trained for other positions within the company.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

In summary the key performance indicators used to monitor business performance are as follows:

- Turnover movement;
- Operating profit percentage; and
- EBITDA movement

STRATEGIC REPORT For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Treasury operations

The company's finance function is responsible for managing the liquidity and interest risks associated with its activities. Its principal instruments are cash balances and a receivables finance facility. In addition the company has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade debtors and trade creditors arising directly from the operations of the business.

Lauidity risk

The company's finance function manages liquidity risk to minimise interest expense, whilst ensuring that the company has sufficient liquid resources to meet the operating need of its business.

interest rate risk

The company is exposed to a risk of interest rate movements on its bank borrowings.

Foreign currency risk

The company trades with other EU companies. To mitigate against foreign currency risk Euro trading is financed as much as possible out of the companies Euro account.

Credit risk

Cash surpluses will be applied to bank loan reduction. Receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and provision is made for doubtful debts where necessary.

COVID-19

The directors have considered the impact of COVID-19 in relation to their risk assessment and impact on the business. In their opinion have taken all reasonable steps to mitigate factors arising, including the consideration of employment sustainability, sourcing of supplies and customer base retention. Such factors are considered by the directors to represent ongoing inherent risk to the business that they will continue to seek to manage including any risks to cashflow and revenue sustainability.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

J Farrell - Directo

ata: MID

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2020.

DIVIDENDS

Interim dividends of £3,500,000 were paid during the year. The directors recommend that no final dividend be paid.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The company will continue to invest in research and development to optimise our production processes and enhance product and service offerings to new and existing customers

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The company plans to continue organic development of existing operations through continued targeted expansion of our customer base.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2019 to the date of this report.

G R Morris J Farrell

D Lennon

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

M J Foreman - resigned 8 July 2019

MMKhan ceased to be a director after 31 March 2020 but prior to the date of this report.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company utilises various financial instruments including loans, cash and items such as trade debtors and trade creditors that arise directly from its operations. The main purpose of these is to raise finance for the company's operations. The existence of these financial instruments exposes the company to a number of financial risks, which are described in more detail in the Strategic Report.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of traud and other irregularities.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Fortus Audit LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

J Farrell - Director

Deta: 1 10/8/

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF HANMERE POLYTHENE UMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hanmere Polythene Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2020 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
 may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis
 of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF HANMERE POLYTHENE LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page four, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Benjomin Young (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Fortus Audit LLP

1 Rushmills Northampton Northamptonshire NN4 7YB

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Date: 27 AUGUST 2020

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

	Notes	2020 £ .	2019 £
TURNOVER	3	21,272,180	19,553,479
Cost of sales		11,261,052	10,643,590
GROSS PROFIT		10,011,128	8.909,889
Administrative expenses		7,160,111	6,479,108
OPERATING PROFIT	5	2,851,017	2.430,781
Interest receivable and similar income		1,238	40
		2,852,255	2,430,821
Interest payable and similar expenses	6	157,008	176,946
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		2,695,247	2,253,875
Tax on profit	7	151,974	99,540
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		2,543,273	2,154,335
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	IE	2,543,273	2,154,335

HANMERE POLYTHENE LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 00876107)

BALANCE SHEET 31 March 2020

	2020		0	2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
IXED ASSETS	9		1,870,000		1,103,698
angible assets	y		1,670,000		1,103,676
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks '	10	1,095,530		1,326,592	
Debtors	11	12,685,831		10,064,445	
Cash at bank and in hand		883,459		186,890	
		14,664,820		11,577,927	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	12	7,323,127		3,133,947	
,			7043400		0.440.000
NET CURRENT ASSETS			7,341,693		8,443,980
OTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			9,211,693		9,547,678
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than					
one year	13		(1,558,890)		(1,086,207)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	17		(505,835)		(357,776)
NET ASSETS			7,146,968		8,103,695
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	18		1,525		1,525
Capital redemption reserve	19		475		475
Retained earnings	19		7,144,968		8,101,695
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			7,146,968		8,103,695

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 25 12 120 100 and were signed on its behalf by:

J Farrell - Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Capital redemption reserve	Total equity £
Balance at 1 April 2018	1,525	5,947,360	475	5,949,360
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	2,154,335	-	2,154,335
Balance at 31 March 2019	1,525	8,101,695	475	8,103,695
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income		(3,500,000) 2,543,273		(3,500,000) 2,543,273
Balance at 31 March 2020	1,525	7,144,968	475	7,146,968

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Hanmere Polythene Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below and have remained unchanged from the previous year, and have also been consistently applied within the same accounts.

There were no material departures from that standard.

Financial Reporting Standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemption in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

• the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows.

Significant judgements and estimates

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The directors do not consider that there are any estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

improvements to property

- Over the term of the lease -7.5 years SL

Plant and machinery

10% on cost
 25% on cost

Motor vehicles
Office equipment

- 12.5% or 20% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. For raw materials, cost is determined on a first in first out basis. For finished goods, cost is determined on a standard cost basis, which includes raw materials and an allocation of overhead costs. Provision is made in respect of obsolete and slow moving stock.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership, control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, and loans from fellow group companies, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deterred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - confinued For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments. In periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

Foreign currencies

Assets and llabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Going concern

The directors have considered the impact of COVID-19 in relation to their assessment of going concern and in their opinion have taken all reasonable steps to mitigate these factors. As at the point of authorising the accounts, and for the foreseeable future, the directors consider the going concern assumption to still be appropriate. The directors acknowledge that given the currently rapidly changing business and social environment, there are likely to be significant unknown factors which may present themselves. Such factors are considered by the directors to represent a general inherent level of risk in relation to the going concern assumption albeit not quantifiable at this time.

3. TURNOVER

The tumover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

	2020 £	2019 £
United Kingdom	19,710,164	18,020,158
European Union	1,562,016	1,533,321
	21,272,180	19,553,479

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

4.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS		
		2020	2019
	Wagner and relation	£ 3,753,273	£ 3,411,082
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	362,861	342,268
	Other pension costs	111,923	71,011
	·	4,228,057	3,824,361
	The average number of employees during the year was as follows:		
	The dyalogo harrise, or shipleyees defining the year was as lettered.	2020	2019
	Production	94	90
	Selling and distribution	12	12
	Administration	6	6
		112	801
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Directors' remuneration	316,004	309,041
	Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes	<u>8,497</u>	8,331
	The number of directors to whom refirement benefits were accruing was as fo	ollows:	
	Money purchase schemes	2	2
	Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:		
		2020	2019
	For all years who also	£ 11 2,226	£ 110,412
	Emoluments etc Pension contributions to money purchase schemes	4,711	110,412
	1 Graid Commodicate to morely potential administration		
5 .	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Other operating leases	128,388	126,542
	Depreciation - owned assets	254,739	190,176
	Profit on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration	(16,063) 9,000	(10,491) 9,000
	Auditors remoneration	====	=====
6.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES		
U.	HIZI PHONE I L. I LANDE LAISE GRANDLIS PLI STORES	2020	2019
		£	£
	Bank loan interest	124,910	116,411
	Bank charges	4,797	4,842 39,693
	Foreign exchange differences Arrangement fees	11,301 16,000	16,000
	Andulgement tees		
		157,008	176.946
	s .		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

Analysis of the tax charge		
The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:	2020 £	2019 £
Current tax:		
UK corporation tax	157,494	72,949
Prior year over provision	(153,579)	
Total current tax	3,915	72,949
Deferred tax	1 48,059	26,591
Tax on profit	151,974	99,540
Profit before tax	£ 2,695,247	£ 2,253,875
		.======
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%)	512,097	428,23
of 19% (2019 - 19%)	512,097	428,236
of 19% (2019 - 19%) Effects of:	•	,,_,
of 19% (2019 - 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,815	1,349
of 19% (2019 - 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes	•	1,349 (10,173
of 19% (2019 - 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,815 (3,286)	1,349 (10,173
of 19% (2019 - 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	1,815 (3,286) (138,677)	1,349 (10,173 (30,134
of 19% (2019 - 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	1,815 (3,286) (138,677) (153,579)	1,349 (10,173 (30,134
of 19% (2019 - 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods Deferred tax movement	1,815 (3,286) (138,677) (153,579)	1,349 (10,173 (30,134 26,59 (124,144
of 19% (2019 - 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods Deferred tax movement Enhanced R&D relief	1,815 (3,286) (138,677) (153,579) 148,059	1,349 (10,173 (30,134 26,59 (124,144 (192,185
of 19% (2019 - 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods Deferred tax movement Enhanced R&D relief Group relief	1,815 (3,286) (138,677) (153,579) 148,059 (214,455)	1,349 (10,173 (30,134 26,59 (124,144 (192,185
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of 19% (2019 - 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods Deferred tax movement Enhanced R&D relief Group relief Total tax charge	1,815 (3,286) (138,677) (153,579) 148,059 (214,455) 151,974	1,345 (10,173 (30,134 26,591 (124,144 (192,185 99,540

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - confinued for The Year Ended 31 March 2020

9.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS					
		Improvements to property £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Office equipment £	Totals £
	COST	L	L	L	L	I,
	At 1 April 2019 Additions Disposals	72,307 -	5,206,090 853,991 {15,000}	157,151 49,986 (38,370)	373,651 49,694 -	5,736,892 1,025,978 (53,370)
	At 31 March 2020	72,307	6,045,081	168,767	423,345	6,709,500
	DEPRECIATION At 1 April 2019 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal	- - -	4,310,733 169,876 (10,063)	99,860 46,893 (38,370)	222,601 37,970	4,633,194 254,739 (48,433)
	At 31 March 2020		4,470,546	108,383	260,571	4,839,500
	NET BOOK WALLE		<u> </u>			
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2020	72,307	1,574,535	60,384	162,774	1,870,000
	At 31 March 2019		895,357	57,291	151,050	1,103,698
0.	STOCKS				2020	2019
	Raw materials Finished goods				£ 622,068 473,462	£ 853,940 472,652
					1,095,530	1,326,592
1.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLIN	C.DUF WITHIN ON	· F YFAR	-		
1.	PEDIORS. AMOUNTS I ALLIN				2020	2019
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group u Other debtors Tax	-			£ 4,978,850 7,300,732 200 203,316 202,733	£ 4,667,307 5,223,614 200 - 173,324
	Prepayments and accrued	income			12,685,831	10,064,445
12.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALL	ING DUE WITHIN C	NE YEAR			
					2020 £	2019 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors				250,000 2,536,578	2,204,284
	Amounts owed to group ui	raenakings			3,500,000 108,244	18,496
	Social security and other to	es			93,116	104,996
	VAT				439,761 184,473	279,358 379,466
	Other creditors Accruals and deferred inc	ome			210.955	147,347
					7,323,127	3,133,947

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

	: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	2020	2019
		£	£
Bank loans	(see note 14)	1,558,890	1,086,207
I. LOANS			
An analysis	of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2020	20.19
	W. J. Williams and the second	£	£
Amounts fa Bank loans	alling due within one year or on demand:	250,000	_
DOI IN TOOLS		====	
Amounts fo	alling due between one and two years:		
Bank loans	- 1-2 years	666,664	-
Amounts fo	alling due between two and five years:		
Bank loans	:- 2-5 years	935,886	1,145,867
Arrangeme	ent fees	(43,660)	(59,660
		892,226 —————	1,086,207
5. LEASING A C	GREEMENTS		
Minimum le	ease payments under non-cancellable operating leases	fall due as follows: 2020	2010
		2020 £	2019
14 841-7			ž .
Within one	year	123,000	£ 123,000
Between o	one and five years	492,000	123,000 492,000
Between o		•	123,000 492,000
Between o	one and five years	492,000	123,000 492,000 451,000
Between o in more tho	one and five years an five years	492,000 328,000	123,000 492,000 451,000
Between o in more that secured be secured by Bank loans	one and five years an five years	492,000 328,000 943,000	123,000 492,000 451,000 1,066,000
6. SECURED D Bank loans and floatin	one and five years on five years DEBTS s above and other loans included in Trueman Holdo	492,000 328,000 943,000 o Limited are secured	123,000 492,000 451,000 1.066,000
Between o in more that 6. SECURED D Bank loans and floatin	one and five years an five years DEBTS Is above and other loans included in Trueman Holdo and charges over the assets of the group.	492,000 328,000 943,000 o Limited are secured	123,000 492,000 451,000 1,066,000
6. SECURED D Bank loans and floatin PROVISION	one and five years an five years DEBTS Is above and other loans included in Trueman Holdo and charges over the assets of the group. NS FOR LIABILITIES	492,000 328,000 943,000 o Limited are secured	123,000 492,000 451,000 1.066,000
SECURED D Bank loans and floatin PROVISION Deferred to	one and five years an five years SEBTS Is above and other loans included in Trueman Holdong charges over the assets of the group. INS FOR LIABILITIES	492,000 328,000 943,000 o Limited are secured	123,000 492,000 451,000 1,066,000 1 against fit 2019
SECURED D Bank loans and floatin PROVISION Deferred to	one and five years an five years SEBTS Is above and other loans included in Trueman Holdong charges over the assets of the group. INS FOR LIABILITIES ax ax atted capital allowances	492,000 328,000 943,000 so Limited are secured	123,000 492,000 451,000 1,066,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - confinued for The Year Ended 31 March 2020

17.	PROVISIONS	FOR LIABILITIES - continued			
	Balance at 1 Charge to Sto	April 2019 atement of Comprehensive Income during) year	Deferred tax £ 103,230 148,059	Other provisions £ 254,546
	Balance at 3	1 March 2020		251,289	254,546
18.	CALLED UP S	HARE CAPITAL			
	Number:	ed and fully paid: Class:	Nominal value:	2020 £.	2019 £
	1,525	Ordinary	£1	1,525	1,525
19.	RESERVES		Retained earnings £	Capital redemption reserve	To†als £
	At 1 April 201 Profit for the y Dividends		8,101,695 2,543,273 (3,500,000)	475	8,102,170 2,543,273 (3,500,000)
	At 31 March	2020	7,144,968	475	7,145,443

20. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company contributes to a group personal pension plan open to current employees who meet the eligibility criteria. It is administered by Scottish Widows on a money purchase basis with individual policies for each member, the company offers and is liable for no guarantees.

The company has a designated stakeholder scheme for those employees who do not meet the eligibility criteria.

The total pension cost for the year was £111,923 (2019: £71,011).

Pension contributions outstanding included in other creditors at 31 March 2020 amounted to £19,321 (2019: £11,647).

21. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

Trueman Holdco Limited is regarded by the directors as being the company's ultimate parent company.

The company is wholly owned by Trueman Parent A Limited, an Intermediate parent company which is wholly owned by Trueman Holdco Limited, a company incorporated in England.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

22.	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS			
		2020	2019	
	Contracted but not provided for in the	£	L	
	financial statements	87.904	68,763	

23. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland, not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

During the year, a total of key management personnel compensation of £324,501 (2019 - £317,371) was paid.

24. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is Chiltern Capital LLP.