Abbreviated accounts

for the year ended 30 April 2003

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27/12/03

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Independent auditors' report to Elcock Reisen Ltd under Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 4 together with the financial statements of Elcock Reisen Ltd for the year ended 30 April 2003 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the registrar of companies and whether the accounts to be delivered are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We have carried out the procedures we considered necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts are properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report did not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985 in respect of the year ended 30 April 2003, and the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 4 are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

Tranter Lowe

Chartered Accountants and

Manter Luce

Registered Auditor

66 High Street

Dawley

Telford

TF4 2HD

Date: 18 Du 2003

Abbreviated balance sheet as at 30 April 2003

		-			
	2003			2002	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		777,805		719,671
Current assets					
Stocks		8,899		7,128	
Debtors		63,416		60,284	
Cash at bank and in hand		6,240		55,193	
		78,555		122,605	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year		(297,656)		(278,235)	
Net current liabilities			(219,101)		(155,630)
Total assets less current					
liabilities			558,704		564,041
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year			(329,276)		(316,541)
Provisions for liabilities					
and charges			(50,200)		(39,000)
Accruals and deferred income			(25,926)	la l	(34,943)
Net assets			153,302		173,557
Capital and reserves			_ 		
Called up share capital	3		500		500
Revaluation reserve	3		96,756		97,804
Profit and loss account			56,046		75,253
			<u> </u>		
Shareholders' funds			153,302		173,557

The abbreviated accounts are prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

The abbreviated accounts were approved by the Board on 1 7 DEC 2003 and signed on its behalf by

J H Prince C
Director

The notes on pages $\bf 3$ to $\bf 4$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2003

1. Accounting policies

1.1. Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective June 2002).

1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year.

1.3. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and buildings

Straight line over Fifty years on the value of the buildings

Coaches and minibuses

10% per annum

Plant and machinery

12.5% per annum 12.5% per annum

Fittings and equipment Cars

20 % per annum

1.4. Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce constant periodic rates of charge on the net obligations outstanding in each period.

1.5. Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

1.6. Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in respect of the tax effect of all timing differences, to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future, at the rates of tax expected to apply when the timing differences reverse.

1.7. Government grants

Grants are credited to deferred revenue. Grants towards capital expenditure are released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful life of the assets. Grants towards revenue expenditure are released to the profit and loss account as the related expenditure is incurred.

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2003

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2.	Fixed assets		Tangible fixed assets
	Cost/revaluation		æ
	At 1 May 2002		960,221
	Additions		220,371
	Disposals		(120,539)
	At 30 April 2003		1,060,053
	Depreciation		
	At 1 May 2002		240,550
	On disposals		(42,501)
	Charge for year		84,199
	At 30 April 2003		282,248
	Net book values		
	At 30 April 2003		777,805
	At 30 April 2002		719,671
•	Channa and tal	2002	2002
3.	Share capital	2003 €	2002 £
	Authorised	T.	æ
	500 Ordinary shares of £1 each	500	500
		===	
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	500 Ordinary shares of £1 each	500	500

4. Ultimate parent undertaking

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is M H Elcock & Son Ltd a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The holding company has given an unlimited guarantee in respect of the company's borrowing.