Registration number: 844362

J. & J. Bannister (Evesham) Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

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Company Information

Directors

H J Owens

T H Owens

Registered office

Newtown Offenham Evesham Worcs WR11 8RZ

Bankers

Lloyds Bank plc Gloucester Ley Court Barnett Way Gloucester GL4 7RT

Auditors

Clement Rabjohns Limited

Registered Auditors and Chartered Accountants

111/113 High Street

Evesham Worcestershire WR11 4XP

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

(Registration number: 844362)
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets		·	
Tangible assets	4	1,317,563	1,667,387
Current assets		•	
Stocks	5	19,854	23,702
Debtors	6	1,351,732	1,295,721
Cash at bank and in hand		208,139	149,500
		1,579,725	1,468,923
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	(1,011,756)	(1,298,396)
Net current assets	•	567,969	170,527
Total assets less current liabilities		1,885,532	1,837,914
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	7	(122,940)	(218,521)
Provisions for liabilities		(129,549)	(124,535)
Net assets		1,633,043	1,494,858
Capital and reserves			_
Called up share capital		3,000	3,000
Profit and loss account		1,630,043	1,491,858
Total equity	٠	1,633,043	1,494,858

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 5 September 2017 and signed on its behalf by:

T H Owens

Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in United Kingdom.

The address of its registered office is:

Newtown

Offenham

Evesham

Worcs

WR11 8RZ

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 5 September 2017.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Summary of disclosure exemptions...

The company has taken advantage of the exemption within FRS 102 from disclosing transactions with other wholly owned members of the group.

Audit report

The Independent Auditors' Report was unqualified. The name of the Senior Statutory Auditor who signed the audit report on 5 September 2017 was Paul Emsley BSc FCA, who signed for and on behalf of Clement Rabjohns Limited.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the respective functional currency of the entity at the rates prevailing on the reporting period date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the initial transaction dates.

Non-monetary items measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Leasehold improvements
Furniture, fittings and equipment
Motor vehicles

Plant and machinery

Depreciation method and rate

10% straight line 15% reducing balance 10-20% straight line

10% straight line or 15-25% reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 76 (2016 - 71).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

4 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Other property, plant and equipment	Total £
Cost or valuation					,
At 1 April 2016	141,828	108,239	3,048,514	297,457	3,596,038
Additions	-	3,240	95,580	-	98,820
Disposals			(893,092)		(893,092)
At 31 March 2017	141,828	111,479	2,251,002	297,457	2,801,766
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2016	51,065	67,807	1,666,485	143,294	1,928,651
Charge for the year	14,183	6,438	363,641	24,844	409,106
Eliminated on disposal			(853,554)		(853,554)
At 31 March 2017	65,248	74,245	1,176,572	168,138	1,484,203
Carrying amount					
At 31 March 2017	<u>76,580</u>	37,234	1,074,430	129,319	1,317,563
At 31 March 2016	90,763	40,432	1,382,029	154,163	1,667,387

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £76,580 (2016 - £90,763) in respect of short leasehold land and buildings.

5 Stocks

Raw materials and consumables	2017 £ 19,854	2016 £ 23,702
Rdw Illaterials and Consumables	17,034	23,702
6 Debtors	•	
	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors Other debtors	1,165,159 186,573	1,222,951 <u>72,770</u>
Total current trade and other debtors	1,351,732	1,295,721

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

7 Creditors

/ Creditors			
	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	8	168,114	225,152
Trade creditors		487,990	672,312
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in		. 42.400	7/ 005
which the company has a participating interest	10	12,400	76,995
Taxation and social security		238,395	221,058
Other creditors		104,857	102,879
		1,011,756	1,298,396
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	8	122,940	218,521
8 Loans and borrowings		2017 £	2016 £
Non-current loans and borrowings			
Finance lease liabilities		122,940	218,521
		2017 £	2016 £
Current loans and borrowings Finance lease liabilities		168,114	225,152
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9 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

The total amount of financial commitments not included in the balance sheet is £1,498,391 (2016 - £875,691).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

10 Related party transactions

Key management compensation

	2017 £	2016 £
Salaries and other short term employee benefits	79,749	58,620
Post-employment benefits	372	305_
	80,121	58,925

11 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Oakfield Farm Products Limited, incorporated in United Kingdom.

These financial statements are available upon request from Newtown, Offenham, Evesham, Worcestershire, WR11 8RZ

The ultimate controlling party is H J Owens.