# REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

### Mark's Club (Charles Street) Limited

Report and Financial Statements

79 Weeks Ended

2 January 2011

Company Number 836906

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# Report and financial statements for the period ended 2 January 2011

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### **Directors**

R A Caring A Chadwyck-Healey J W S Lawrence

### Secretary and registered office

L Copperthwaite, 44 Hay's Mews, London, WIJ 5QB

### Company number

836906

### **Auditors**

BDO LLP, 55 Baker Street, London, W1U 7EU

# Report of the directors for the period ended 2 January 2011

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the period ended 2 January 2011. The comparative period is for the 52 weeks ended 28 June 2009.

### Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 5 and shows the profit for the period

The profit for the period after taxation for the period amounted to £328,418 (28 June 2009 - £242,782)

The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (28 June 2009 - £Nil)

### Principal activity

The principal activity of the company, which has remained unchanged during the period, is the ownership and operation of a proprietary club "Mark's Club"

### **Directors**

The directors of the company during the period were

R A Caring A Chadwyck-Healey J W S Lawrence

### **Directors' responsibilities**

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# Report of the directors for the period ended 2 January 2011 (continued)

### **Auditors**

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP resigned as auditors of the company during the period and BDO LLP were appointed as auditors of the company by the directors BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them as auditors will be proposed at the next annual general meeting

In preparing this directors' report advantage has been taken of the small companies' exemption

On behalf of the Board

J W S Lawrence

Director

30 June 2011

### Independent auditor's report

### TO THE MEMBERS OF MARK'S CLUB (CHARLES STREET) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Mark's Club (Charles Street) Limited for the period ended 2 January 2011 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 2 January 2011 and of its profit for the period then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

### Independent auditor's report (continued)

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

BOO LLP

David Campbell, (senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
London
United Kingdom

30 June 2011

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

# Profit and loss account for the period ended 2 January 2011

	Note	79 weeks ended 2 January 2011 £	52 weeks ended 28 June 2009 £
Turnover	2	3,328,676	2,084,091
Cost of sales		(530,766)	(335,458)
Gross profit		2,797,910	1,748,633
Administrative expenses		(2,324,914)	(1,470, 142)
Operating profit		472,996	278,491
Interest receivable Interest payable	3	18,883 (110)	29,112 (2,140)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4	491,769	305,463
Taxation on profit from ordinary activities	6	(163,351)	(62,681)
Profit on for the financial period	13	328,418	242,782

The operating profit for the period arises from the company's continuing operations. No separate statement of total recognised gains and losses have been dealt with in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 7 to 14 form part of these financial statements

# Balance sheet at 2 January 2011

Company number 836906	Note	2 January 2011 £	2 January 2011 £	28 June 2009 £	28 June 2009 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	7		308,019		463,936
Current assets Stock Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	8 9	95,920 1,668,693 59,617		96,115 1,218,577 26,528	
Creditors. amounts falling due within one year	10	1,824,230 849,613		1,341,220 851,898	
Net current assets	10		974,617		489,322
Provisions for liabilities and charges	11		960		<u>-</u>
Net assets			1,281,676		953,258
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	12 13		280,000 1,001,676		280,000 673,258
Shareholders' funds	14		1,281,676		953,258

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 30 June 2011

J W S Lawrence

Director

The notes on pages 7 to 14 form part of these financial statements

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 2 January 2011

### 1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The following principal accounting policies have been applied

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement as it was a wholly owned subsidiary of MBH Group (UK) Limited for the entire period under review. The company's cash flows are included in the consolidated cash flow statement of MBH Group (UK) Limited.

### Going Concern

As highlighted in note 16, the intermediate parent of the entity is party to a joint loan facility with various related entities (the "Borrowing Group") that is due for renewal in June 2012. Current economic conditions create uncertainty in particular over the availability of bank finance in the foreseeable future.

The Borrowing Group's forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, show that the Borrowing Group should be able to operate within the level of its current facility. The Borrowing Group will open renewal negotiations with the bank in due course and has, at this stage, not sought any written commitment that the facility will be renewed. However, the Borrowing Group has held discussion with its bankers about its future borrowing needs and no matters have been drawn to its attention to suggest that renewal may not be forthcoming on acceptable terms.

In assessing the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements for the period ended 2 January 2011, the directors have taken into consideration detailed cash flow forecasts for the Borrowing Group, and the Borrowing Group's forecast compliance with bank covenants

The Borrowing Group has sufficient financial resources together with an established and cash generative business model, and access to borrowing facilities. As a consequence, the directors believe that the Borrowing Group is well placed to manage its business risks successfully despite the current uncertain economic outlook.

Based on this assessment the directors are confident that the Borrowing Group will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements for the period ended 2 January 2011.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents subscriptions earned and sales to members, net of valued added tax

Subscriptions received are credited to the profit and loss account on an accruals basis. The proportion of subscriptions treated as unearned is carried forward at the balance sheet date and credited to the profit and loss account in the following year. Subscriptions are not repayable under any circumstances.

### Stock

Stocks have been valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 2 January 2011 (continued)

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided on a straight line basis on all fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost over their expected useful lives as follows

Plant and equipment

between three and ten years

Furniture, fixtures and fittings

between five and ten years

#### Deferred taxation

The charge for taxation takes into account taxation deferred as a result of material timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. In general, deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all material timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. However, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be sustainable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred taxation is measured on a non discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

### Leased assets and obligations

Annual rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on an accruals basis

### Pensions

The company contributes to defined contribution pension schemes. The amount charged to the profit and loss account represents contributions payable by the company in respect of the financial period.

#### 2 Turnover

All turnover and the profit before taxation were generated by the company's proprietary club in the United Kingdom

#### 3 Interest receivable

	79 weeks ended 2 January 2011 £	52 weeks ended 28 June 2009 £
Bank interest	193	1,275
Other interest Interest received from related company	18,690	3,098 24,739
	18,883	29,112

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 2 January 2011 (continued)

4	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	79 weeks ended 2 January 2011 £	52 weeks ended 28 June 2009 £
	This has been arrived at after charging	r.	£
	Depreciation of fixed assets Operating lease rentals - property Audit fees	165,574 197,500 3,825	74,100 130,000 4,500
5	Employees	79 weeks ended 2 January 2011 £	52 weeks ended 28 June 2009 £
	Staff costs consist of	~	~
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	962,974 71,192 807	592,228 37,316 1,172
		1,034,973	630,716
	The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the period was	Number	Number
	Catering Administration	33 6	32 6
		39	38

### **Directors remuneration**

The directors did not receive any remuneration for their services during the period (28 June 2009 - £Nil)

### **Pension costs**

The total charge to the profit and loss account in the period in respect of defined contribution pension scheme was £807 (28 June 2009 - £1,172) At 2 January 2011 there were no outstanding contributions (28 June 2009 - £Nil)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 2 January 2011 (continued)

6	Taxation on profit from ordinary activities	79 weeks ended 2 January 2011 £	52 weeks ended 28 June 2009 £
	Current tax  UK corporation tax on profits for the period  Adjustment in respect of previous period  Payment for surrender of losses	- 1,504 160,887	1,286 (7,194) 68,589
	Deferred tax (note 11)	162,391 960	62,681
	Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	163,351	62,681
	Factors affecting tax charge for the period		
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	491,769	305,463
	Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (28 June 2009 - 28%)	137,695	85,530
	Effects of Small companies relief Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Transfer pricing adjustment Capital allowances less than/(in excess) of depreciation Group relief Other	372 7,108 15,151 (160,887) 561	(428) 84 (313) (14,998) (68,589)
	Current tax charge for period	-	1,286

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 2 January 2011 (continued)

7	Tangible assets	Short leasehold property £	Plant and equipment £	Furniture, fixtures and fittings £	Total £
	Cost At 29 June 2009 Additions	63,064	248,803 3,415	896,075 6,243	1,207,942 9,658
	At 2 January 2011	63,064	252,218	902,318	1,217,600
	Depreciation At 29 June 2009 Charge in the period	784 10,500	163,783 41,099	579,440 113,975	744,007 165,574
	At 2 January 2011	11,284	204,882	693,415	909,581
	Net book value At 2 January 2011	51,780	47,336	208,903	308,019
	At 28 June 2009	62,280	85,020	316,635	463,935
8	Stocks			2 January 2011 £	28 June 2009 £
	Wines, spirits, foods, tobacco and crock	kery		95,920	96,115
9	Debtors <sup>,</sup> amounts falling due within	one year		2 January 2011 £	28 June 2009 £
	Trade debtors Amount owed by immediate parent con Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary und Amounts owed by related company Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income			106,705 214,907 319,987 950,000 - 77,094	52,301 115,000 15,023 949,804 - 86,449
				1,668,693	1,218,577

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 2 January 2011 (continued)

10	Creditors: amounts falling due within	one year			
				2 January 2011	28 June 2009
				£	£
	Trade creditors  Amount owed to intermediate parent con	mnany		41,242 160,887	136,692 68,589
	Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary unde			140,560	148,057
	Corporation tax	-		400.046	1,286
	Other taxes and social security Other creditors			109,346 13,841	43,226 18,152
	Accruals			51,918	75,019
	Deferred income			331,819	360,877
				849,613	851,898
11	Provisions for liabilities and charges				£
• •	1 TOVISIONS TO HADMINES AND CHANGES				~
	Deferred taxation - accelerated capital a	llowances			
	At 29 June 2009 Profit and loss charge (note 6)				960
	At 2 January 2011				960
12	Share capital				
	•			ssued and fully pa	
		2 January 2011	28 June 2009	2 January 2011	28 June 2009
		Number	Number	£	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	280,000	280,000	280,000	280,000
40					
13	Statement of movement on reserves				Profit
	-				and loss account £
	At 20 June 2000				670.050
	At 29 June 2009 Retained profit for the period				673,258 328,418
	At 2 January 2011				1,001,676

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 2 January 2011 (continued)

14	Reconciliation of movement in shareholder's funds	79 weeks ended 2 January 2011 £	52 weeks ended 28 June 2009 £
	Profit for the financial period Opening shareholders' funds	328,418 953,258	242,782 710,476
	Closing shareholders' funds	1,281,676	953,258

### 15 Commitments under operating leases

As at 2 January 2011, the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

	Land and buildings 2 January 2011 £	Land and buildings 28 June 2009 £
After five years	130,000	130,000

### 16 Contingent Liabilities

The intermediate parent company of the entity, MBH Group (UK) Limited is party to a joint loan facility with CH Acquisition Limited, Caprice Properties Limited, Caprice Holdings Limited and MBH Putco Limited, who are related parties as described in the financial statements of that entity. The facility is secured by way of fixed and floating charges over the assets of all of the borrowers and their subsidiaries. At 2 January 2011, the total amount outstanding under the facility was £108 25m (2009 £108 35m)

### 17 Parent undertaking and controlling party

Mark Birley Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom is the company's parent undertaking and Makino Limited, a company incorporated in Jersey, is the company's ultimate holding company. R Caring, who owns 100% of the shares in Makino Limited, is the company's ultimate controlling party.

The smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by MBH Group (UK) Limited. A copy of these consolidated accounts may be obtained from the registered office.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 2 January 2011 (continued)

### 18 Related party transactions

The company was a subsidiary of Mark Birley Holdings Limited for the entire period under review. As a result the company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed by Financial Reporting Standard No 8, "Related Party Transactions" not to disclose any transactions with entities that share 100% common ownership and are included in the consolidated financial statements of MBH Group (UK) Limited, the immediate parent undertaking of Mark Birley Holdings Limited

At 2 January 2011 the company was owed £950,000 (28 June 2009 - £949,804) by Caprice Holdings Limited, a company under common control whose results are not included in the consolidated financial statements of MBH Group (UK) Limited This loan balance is interest-bearing and interest receivable for the period was £18,690 (28 June 2009 - £24,739)