

THE COMPANIES ACTS, 1948-81

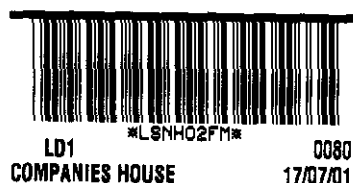
A PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

- OF -

SUPERDRUG STORES LIMITED

1. The name of the Company is "SUPERDRUG STORES LIMITED".
2. The Registered Office of the Company will be situate in England.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are:
 - (a) To carry on business as retailers, wholesalers, manufacturers, importers and exporters of and dealers in all or any of the following, namely: drugs and medicines, proprietary articles, surgical, hospital, laboratory, pharmaceutical, medical, medicinal and chemical goods, foods and provisions, fruit and vegetables, confectionery, cigarettes, tobacco and smokers' requisites, wines, beers and spirits, soft drinks, cosmetics and toilet preparations, furnishings, furniture, electrical, domestic and office appliances of all descriptions, radio and television receivers and accessories, sound recording and reproducing equipment, electrical goods and requisites of all kinds, lamps and lampshades, labour saving contrivances, tools, domestic utensils, motor vehicles and accessories therefor, camping equipment, sports requisites, toys, games, leather goods, travel goods, rubber goods, metal goods, plastic goods, jewellery, stationery, books and periodicals, builders' and decorators' materials, hardware, ironmongery, photographic and optical goods, textiles and fabrics, wool and woollen goods, haberdashery, wearing apparel, wooden goods, fancy goods, and all articles of personal, household or office use or ornament and merchandise generally, whether manufactured or not and as chemists and druggists.
 - (b) To establish agencies for the import, export, distribution and sale of goods and merchandise of all kinds.
 - (c) To carry on any other business of any description which in the opinion of the Board of Directors may be capable of being advantageously carried on in connection with or ancillary to the objects of the Company or any of them.
 - (d) To purchase, sell, exchange, improve, mortgage, charge, rent, let on lease, hire, surrender, license, accept surrenders of and otherwise acquire and deal with any freehold, leasehold or other property, chattels and effects, erect, pull



down, repair, alter, develop or otherwise deal with any building or buildings and adapt the same for the purposes of the Company's business.

- (e) To purchase or otherwise acquire all or any part of the business or assets of any person, firm or company, carrying on or formed to carry on any business which this Company is authorised to carry on or possessed of property suitable to the purposes of this Company, and to pay cash or to issue any shares, stocks, debentures, or debenture stock of this Company as the consideration for such purchase or acquisition and to undertake any liabilities or obligations relating to the business or property so purchased or acquired.
- (f) To subscribe for, take, purchase or otherwise acquire and hold shares or other interests in or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the Company or carrying on any business capable of being carried on so as directly or indirectly to benefit the Company or enhance the value of any of its property and to co-ordinate, finance and manage the businesses and operations of any company in which the Company holds any such interest.
- (g) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licences or concessions which may be capable of being dealt with by the Company, or be deemed to benefit the Company and to grant rights thereout.
- (h) To sell, let, license, develop or otherwise deal with the undertaking, or all or any part of the property or assets of the Company, upon such terms as the Company may approve, with power to accept shares, debentures or securities of, or interests in, any other company.
- (i) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purposes of the Company in or upon such securities and subject to such conditions as may seem expedient.
- (j) To lend money to such persons, upon such terms and with or without security and subject to such conditions as may seem desirable.
- (k) To guarantee the payment of any debentures, debenture stock, bonds, mortgages, charges, obligations, interest, dividends, securities, moneys or shares or the performance of contracts of engagements of any other company or person and to give indemnities and guarantees of all kinds and to enter into partnership or any joint purse arrangement with any person, persons, firm or company.
- (l) To borrow or raise money in such manner as the Company shall think fit, and in particular, by the issue of debentures or debenture stock, charged upon all or any of the Company's property, both present and future, including its uncalled capital, and to re-issue any Debentures at any time paid off.
- (m) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, debentures, warrants, and other negotiable documents.

- (n) To purchase, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire and hold shares, stocks or other interests in, or obligations of any other company or corporation.
- (o) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place any of the shares in the Company's capital or any debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the Company or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the conduct of its business.
- (p) To pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses of or incidental to the formation and registration of the Company and the issue of its capital and debentures including brokerage and commission.
- (q) To promote or aid in the promotion of any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property rights and liabilities of this Company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to advance the interests of this Company.
- (r) To support and subscribe to any charitable or public object and to support and subscribe to any institution, society, or club which may be for the benefit of the Company or its Directors or employees, or may be connected with any town or place where the Company carries on business; to give or award pensions, annuities, gratuities, and superannuation or other allowances or benefits or charitable aid and generally to provide advantages, facilities and services for any persons who are or have been Directors of, or who are or have been employed by, or who are serving or have served the Company, or of any company which is a subsidiary of the Company or the holding company of the Company or a fellow subsidiary of the Company or of the predecessors in business of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company and to the wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants of such persons; to make payments towards insurance; and to set up, establish, support and maintain superannuation and other funds or schemes (whether contributory or non-contributory) for the benefit of any of such persons and of their wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants; and to set up, establish, support and maintain profit sharing or share purchase schemes for the benefit of any of the employees of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company and to lend money to any such employees or to trustees on their behalf to enable any such purchase schemes to be established or maintained.
- (s) To procure the Company to be registered or recognised in any part of the world.
- (t) To distribute any property of the Company in specie among the members.
- (u) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.
- (v) To do all or any of the things or matters aforesaid in any part of the world and ether as principals , agents, contractors or otherwise, and by or through agents,

brokers, sub-contractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others.

The objects set forth in each sub-clause of the Clause shall not be restrictively construed but the widest possible interpretation shall be given thereto, and they shall not, except where the context expressly so requires, be in any way limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other object or objects set forth in such sub-clause or from the terms of any other sub-clause or from the name of the Company. None of such sub-clauses or the object or objects therein specified or the powers thereby conferred shall be deemed subsidiary or ancillary to the objects or powers mentioned in any other sub-clause, but the Company shall have as full a power to exercise all or any of the objects conferred by and provided in each of the said sub-clauses as if each sub-clause contained the objects of a separate company. The word "company" in this clause, except where used in reference to the Company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or unincorporated and whether domiciled in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.

4. The liability of the members is limited.
5. The share capital of the Company is £96,944 divided into 48,472 'A' Ordinary Shares of £1 each and 48,472 'B' Ordinary Shares of £1 each.*

* On 10 February 1983 the Share Capital of the Company was increased to £4,500,000 divided into 45,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 10p each.

SUPERDRUG STORES LIMITED

**Articles of Association as at
13 July 2001**



FRESHFIELDS BRUCKHAUS DERINGER

THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

A PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
of
Superdrug Stores Limited

(Adopted by special resolution
passed on 17 January 1992)
(Amended by special resolution passed on 13 July 2001)

1. PRELIMINARY

Table A

1.1 Subject as otherwise provided herein, the regulations in Table A in the Companies (Tables A-F) Regulations 1985 as amended prior to the adoption of the articles (**Table A**) shall apply to the company to the exclusion of any other regulations which would fall to constitute the company's articles of association pursuant to section 8(2) of the Act.

1.2 The following provisions of Table A shall not apply to the company:

- (a) in regulation 1, the definitions of *the articles*, *executed* and *the seal*;
- (b) regulation 2;
- (c) in regulation 38, the final sentence;
- (d) regulation 54;
- (e) regulations 60 and 61;
- (f) in regulation 62:
 - (i) the words *not less than 48 hours* in sub-paragraph (a);
 - (ii) the words *not less than 24 hours* in sub-paragraph (b);
- (g) regulation 72;
- (h) regulation 88;

- (i) regulations 93 to 98 inclusive;
- (j) regulation 112;
- (k) regulation 115;
- (l) regulation 118.

Interpretation

2.1 In the articles, except where the subject or context otherwise requires, the words defined in the first column of the following table shall bear the meanings set opposite them respectively in the second column.

<i>The articles</i>	These articles of association, incorporating Table A (as applicable to the company), as altered from time to time by special resolution
<i>Director</i>	A director of the company
<i>The directors</i>	The directors or any of them acting as the board of directors of the company
<i>Dividend</i>	Dividend or bonus
<i>Member</i>	A member of the company
<i>Paid</i>	Paid or credited as paid
<i>The seal</i>	The common seal of the company and includes any official seal kept by the company by virtue of sections 39 or 40 of the Act

References to a document being executed include references to its being executed under hand or under seal or by any other method.

References to writing include references to any visible substitute for writing and to anything partly in one form and partly in another form.

Words denoting the singular number include the plural number and vice versa; words denoting the masculine gender include the feminine gender; and words denoting persons include corporations.

Subject to the final paragraph of regulation 1 of Table A (as applicable to the company), references to any provision of any enactment or of any subordinate legislation (as defined by section 21(1) of the Interpretation Act 1978) include any modification or re-enactment of that provision for the time being in force.

Headings are inserted for convenience only and do not affect the construction of the articles.

2.2 In the articles, (a) powers of delegation shall not be restrictively construed but the widest interpretation shall be given thereto; (b) the words ***directors*** in the context

of the exercise of any power contained in the articles includes any committee consisting of one or more directors, any director holding executive office and any local or divisional board, manager or agent of the company to which or, as the case may be, to whom the power in question has been delegated; (c) no power of delegation shall be limited by the existence or, except where expressly provided by the terms of delegation, the exercise of that or any other power of delegation; and (d) except where expressly provided by the terms of delegation, the delegation of a power shall not exclude the concurrent exercise of that power by any other body or person who is for the time being authorised to exercise it under the articles or under another delegation of the power.

3. SHARE CAPITAL

Share capital 3.1 The share capital of the Company upon adoption of the articles is £4,500,000, divided into 45,000,000 Ordinary shares of 10 pence each.

Shares with special rights 3.2 Subject to the provisions of the Act and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares or class of shares, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions as the company may by ordinary resolution determine or, subject to and in default of such determination, as the directors shall determine.

Allotment 3.3 Subject to the provisions of the Act relating to authority, pre-emption rights or otherwise and of any resolution of the company in general meeting passed pursuant thereto, and, in the case of redeemable shares, to the provisions of regulation 3 of Table A (as applicable to the company), all unissued shares for the time being in the capital of the company shall be at the disposal of the directors, and the directors may (subject as aforesaid) allot (with or without conferring a right of renunciation), grant options over, or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, on such terms and conditions, and at such times as it thinks fit.

4. NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

To whom notice must be given 4.1 At the end of regulation 38 of Table A (as applicable to the company) there shall be added the following sentence:

“Subject to the provisions of the articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares, the notice shall be given to all the Members and to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member, but need not be given to the directors in their capacity as such.”

5. PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

Effectiveness of special and extraordinary resolutions 5.1 Where for any purpose an ordinary resolution of the company is required, a special or extraordinary resolution shall also be effective and where for any purpose an extraordinary resolution is required a special resolution shall also be effective.

6. VOTES OF MEMBERS

Right to vote 6.1 Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares, on a show of hands every member who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote and on a poll

every member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every share of which be in the holder.

7. PROXIES AND REPRESENTATIVES OF BODIES CORPORATE

- Appointment of proxy** 7.1 An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or his attorney or, if the appointor is a corporation, either under its common seal or the hand of a duly authorised officer, attorney or other person authorised to sign it.
- Form of proxy** 7.2 Instruments of proxy shall be in any usual form or in any other form which the directors may approve.
- Validity of form of proxy** 7.3 The instrument of proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to vote on any amendment of a resolution put to the meeting for which it is given as the proxy thinks fit. The instrument of proxy shall, unless the contrary is stated therein, be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates.
- Proxies of body corporate** 7.4 For so long as the company is a subsidiary, any director or secretary of a body corporate which is a member of the company (each such person being hereafter referred to as a *Qualifying Representative*) shall be recognised as the proxy of that body corporate unless the body corporate has delivered to the company in relation to the meeting a valid instrument of proxy which has not been revoked. If more than one Qualifying Representative of a body corporate is present at any meeting of the company, such persons shall agree between them who shall act as proxy for the body corporate. In default of their promptly so agreeing, the Chairman of the meeting shall direct which person shall act as proxy of the body corporate and his decision shall be final. All acts done by a Qualifying Representative who acts as proxy pursuant to the provisions of this article shall, notwithstanding that it afterwards be discovered that there was a defect in his appointment or that he was disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or that he was not authorised by the body corporate to do the act in question, be as valid as if such Qualifying Representative had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to hold the relevant office and had been duly authorised to do the act in question.

8. ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- Alternates representing more than one director** 8.1 At the end of regulation 66 of Table A (as applicable to the company) there shall be added the following sentence:
- “A director or any other person approved pursuant to regulation 65 of Table A (as applicable to the company) may act as alternate director to represent more than one director, and an alternate director shall be entitled at meetings of the directors or any committee of the directors in one vote for every director whom he represents in addition to his own vote (if any) as a director, but he shall count as only one for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present.
- Termination of appointment** 8.2 At the end of regulation 67 of Table A (as applicable to the company) there shall be added the following sentence:

“The appointment of an alternate director shall also determine automatically on the happening of any event which, if he were a director, would cause him to vacate his office as director.”

Mode of
appointment
and removal

8.3 The words “or in any other manner approved by the directors” in regulation 68 of Table A (as applicable to the company) shall be deleted and the following shall be added to that regulation:

“and shall take effect in accordance with the terms of the notice, subject to any approval required by regulation 65 of Table A (as applicable to the company), on receipt of such notice at the registered office of the company”.

9. DELEGATION OF POWERS OF THE DIRECTORS

Committees of
the directors

9.1 The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors. The directors may also delegate to any director holding any executive office such of their powers as the directors consider desirable to be exercised by him. Any such delegation shall, in the absence of express provision to the contrary in the terms of delegation, be deemed to include authority to sub-delegate to one or more directors (whether or not acting as a committee) or to any employee or agent of the company all or any of the powers delegated and may be made subject to such conditions as the directors may specify and may be revoked or altered. Subject to any conditions imposed by the directors, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying.

Local boards,
etc.

9.2 The board may establish local or divisional boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the company, either in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of the local or divisional boards, or any managers or agents, and may fix their remuneration. The board may delegate to any local or divisional board, manager or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in or exercisable by the board, with power to sub-delegate, and may authorise the members of any local or divisional board, or any of them, to fill any vacancies and to act notwithstanding vacancies. Any appointment or delegation made pursuant to this article may be made upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the board may decide and the board may remove any person so appointed and may revoke or vary the delegation but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of the revocation or variation shall be affected by it.

Offices
including the
title “director”

9.3 The directors may appoint any person to any office or employment having a designation or title including the word “director” or attach to any existing office or employment with the company such a designation or title and may terminate any such appointment or the use of any such designation or title. The inclusion of the word “director” in the designation or title of any such office or employment shall not imply that the holder is a director of the company, nor shall the holder thereby be empowered in any respect to act as, or be deemed to be, a director of the company for any of the purposes of the articles.

10. APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

Appointment and removal by Kingfisher plc

10.1 While the company is a subsidiary, Kingfisher plc (a Company registered in England with registered number 1664812) may appoint any person to be a director or remove any director from office. Every such appointment or removal shall be in writing and signed by or on behalf of the said company and shall take effect upon receipt at the registered office of the company or by the secretary.

Appointment by the directors

10.2 While the company is a subsidiary, the directors shall have power to appoint any person to be a director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing directors, subject to any maximum for the time being in force, and subject to regulation 81 of Table A (as applicable to the company), any director so appointed shall hold office until he is removed pursuant to article 10.1.

Retirement by rotation

10.3 While the company is a subsidiary, regulations 73 to 80 (inclusive) shall not apply to the company and all references elsewhere in Table A (as applicable to the company) to retirement by rotation shall be modified accordingly.

Disqualification

10.4 At the end of regulation 81 of Table A (as applicable to the company) there shall be added the following sub-paragraph:

“; or

- (f) he is requested to resign in writing by not less than three quarters of the other directors. In calculating the number of directors who are required to make such a request to the director, (i) there shall be excluded any alternate director appointed by him acting in his capacity as such; and (ii) a director and any alternate director appointed by him and acting in his capacity as such shall constitute a single director for this purpose, so that the signature of either shall be sufficient”.

11. DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS

Exercise by company of voting rights

11.1 The directors may exercise the voting power conferred by the shares in any body corporate held or owned by the company in such manner in all respects as they think fit (including the exercise thereof in favour of any resolution appointing any or all of them directors of such body corporate, or voting or providing for the payment or giving of remuneration or other benefits to the directors of such body corporate).

Notification of interests

11.2 At the end of regulation 86 of Table A (as applicable to the company) there shall be added the following sub-paragraph:

“; and:

- (c) a director shall not in any circumstances be required to disclose to the directors that he is a director or other officer or, or employed by, or interested in shares or other securities of, any body corporate which is the ultimate holding company of the company or is a subsidiary of such ultimate holding company”.

12. GRATUITIES, PENSIONS AND INSURANCE

Insurance

12.1 Without prejudice to the provisions of article 34, the directors shall have the power to purchase and maintain insurance for or for the benefit of any persons who are or were at any time directors, officers, or employees of the company, or of any other company which is its holding company or in which the company or such holding company has any interest whether direct or indirect or which is in any way allied to or associated with the company, or of any subsidiary undertaking of the company or any such other company, or who are or were at any time trustees of any pension fund in which employees of the company or any such other company or subsidiary undertaking are interested, including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) insurance against any liability incurred by such persons in respect of any act or omission, in the actual or purported execution or discharge of their duties or in the exercise or purported exercise of their powers or otherwise in relation to their duties, powers or offices in relation to the company or any such other company, subsidiary undertaking or pension fund.

Directors not liable to account

12.2 Without prejudice to the generality of regulation 85 of Table A (as applicable to the company), no director or former director shall be accountable to the company or the members for any benefit provided pursuant to this article and the receipt of any such benefit shall not disqualify any person from being or becoming a director of the company.

Section 719 of the Act

12.3 Pursuant to section 719 of the Act, the directors are hereby authorised to make such provision as may seem appropriate for the benefit of any persons employed or formerly employed by the company or any of its subsidiaries in connection with the cessation or the transfer of the whole or part of the undertaking of the company or any subsidiary. Any such provision shall be made by a resolution of the directors in accordance with the said section.

13. PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

Convening meetings

13.1 Subject to the provisions of the articles, the directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. A director may, and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors. Notice of a meeting of the directors shall be deemed to be properly given to a director if it is given to him personally or by word of mouth or sent in writing to him at his last known address or any other address given by him to the company for this purpose. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting to a director who is absent from the United Kingdom. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. Any director may waive notice of a meeting and any such waiver may be retrospective.

Resolutions in writing

13.2 A resolution in writing signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the directors or of a committee of the directors (not being less than the number of directors required to form a quorum of the directors) shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors or (as the case may be) a committee of the directors duly convened and held and for this purpose:

- (a) a resolution may consist of several documents to the same effect each signed by one or more directors;
- (b) a resolution signed by an alternate director need not also be signed by his appointor; and
- (c) a resolution signed by a director who has appointed an alternate director need not also be signed by the alternate director in that capacity.

Meetings by
telephone etc.

13.3 Without prejudice to the first sentence of article 23, a meeting of the directors or of a committee of the directors may consist of a conference between directors who are not all in one place, but of whom each is able (directly or by telephonic communication) to speak to each of the others, and to be heard by each of the others simultaneously. A director taking part in such a conference shall be deemed to be present in person at the meeting and shall be entitled to vote or be counted in a quorum accordingly. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating in the conference is assembled, or, if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting then is. The word *meeting* in the articles shall be construed accordingly.

Directors power
to vote on
contracts in
which they are
interested

13.4 A director may vote at any meeting of the directors or of a committee of the directors on any resolution concerning a transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is interested, or concerning any other matter in which the company is interested, notwithstanding that he is interested in that transaction, arrangement or matter or has in relation to it a duty which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the company.

14. SEAL

Official seal for
abroad

14.1 The company may exercise the powers conferred by Section 39 of the Act with regard to having an official seal for use abroad.

15. DEEDS

Execution by
company under
hand

15.1 Where the Act so permits, any instrument signed with the authority of a resolution of the directors or a committee of the directors by one director and the secretary or by two directors and expressed to be executed by the company as a deed shall have the same effect as if executed under the seal, provided that no instrument which makes it clear on its face that it is intended by the persons making it to have effect as a deed shall be signed without the authority of its directors.

Delivery of
deeds

15.2 A document which is executed by the company as a deed shall not be deemed to be delivered by the company solely as a result of its having been executed by the company.

16. CERTIFICATION

Certified copies

16.1 Any director or the secretary or any person appointed by the directors for the purpose shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the company and any resolutions passed by the company or the holders of any class of

shares of the company or the director or any committee of the directors, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts. A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or the minutes of or an extract from the minutes of a meeting of the company or the holders of any class of shares of the company or of the directors or any committee of the directors that is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that such minutes or extract is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting.

17. RECORD DATES

Record dates for dividends etc.

17.1 Notwithstanding any other provision of the articles, the company or the directors may fix any date as the record date for any dividend, distribution, allotment or issue, and such record date may be on, or at any time before or after any date on which the dividend, distribution, allotment or issue is declared, paid or made.

18. NOTICES

Method of giving notice

18.1 The company may serve or deliver any notice or other document on or to a member either personally or by sending it by post or in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his registered address or by leaving it at that address or by sending it by facsimile transmission to the member at the last telephone number (if any) which the member has given the company for this purpose. In the case of joint holders of a share, all notices or other documents shall be served on or delivered to the joint holder whose name stands first in the register of members in respect of the joint holding and any notice or other document so served or delivered shall be deemed for all purposes sufficient service on or delivery to all the joint holders. A member whose registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address. But otherwise:

- (a) no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the company;
- (b) without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, any notice of a general meeting of the company which is in fact given or purports to be given to such members shall be ignored for the purpose of determining the validity of the proceedings at such general meeting.

When notices by post deemed given

18.2 Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. A notice sent by post shall be deemed given:

- (a) if sent by first class post from an address in the United Kingdom or another country to another address in the United Kingdom or, as the case may be, that other country, on the day following that on which the envelope containing it was posted;

- (b) if sent by airmail from an address in the United Kingdom to an address outside the United Kingdom, on the day following that on which the envelope containing it was posted; and
- (c) in any other case, on the fifth day following that on which the envelope containing it was posted.

When other
notices deemed
given

18.3 A notice left at the registered address of a member or sent by facsimile transmission to a member at the last telephone number (if any) which the member has given the company for this purpose shall be deemed given at the time the notice is received.

19. INDEMNITY

Indemnity to
directors,
officers etc.

19.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act, but without prejudice to an indemnity to which a director may otherwise be entitled, every director or other officer of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him at the execution or discharge of his duties or the exercise of his powers or otherwise in relation thereto, including (but without limitation) any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgement is given in his favour (or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part) or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the court from liability for negligence, default breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the company