Directors' report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 May 2004

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Company information

Directors W. L. Paulin Resigned - 03/07/2003

 C. J. Francis
 Resigned - 03/07/2003

 F. W. Ross
 Resigned - 13/07/2004

 Corroban Ltd
 Appointed - 13/07/2004

Appointed - 13/07/2004
Resigned - 01/06/2005

Hadenbury Ltd Appointed - 13/07/2004

Resigned - 01/06/2005

Bestbray Ltd Appointed - 13/07/2004

Resigned - 01/06/2005

D.M. Paulin Appointed - 01/06/2005

Secretary Hadenbury Ltd Appointed - 13/07/2004

Resigned - 01/06/2005

D.S. Watkinson Appointed - 01/06/2005

Company number 786405

Registered office Pembroke House

11 Northlands Pavement

Pitsea

Basildon Essex SS13 3DX

Auditors Friend Boyden Accountancy Services Limited

Pembroke House

11 Northlands Pavement

Pitsea

Basildon Essex SS13 3DX

Business address Bellshill Road

Uddingston Glasgow G71 6NP

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Directors' report for the year ended 31 May 2004

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2004.

Principal activity and review of the business

The principal activity of the company throughout the year continued to be the manufacture of temperature controls.

The directors consider the profit achieved during the year and the company's financial position at the end of the year to be satisfactory.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 5 - 6.

The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

Post balance sheet events

On the 1st June 2005 the entire share capital of the company was acquired by Tayclyde Ltd.

Future developments

The directors do not envisage any major change in the conduct of the business over the next twelve months.

Research and development

Applied research and development work continues to be directed towards the introduction of new and improved products, the application of new technology to reduce unit and operating costs and to improve service to customers.

Ordinary shares

Directors and their interests

The directors who served during the year and their interests in the company are as stated below:

		31/05/04	01/06/03 or date of appointment
W. L. Paulin	Resigned - 03/07/2003	-	-
C. J. Francis	Resigned - 03/07/2003	-	-
F. W. Ross	Resigned - 13/07/2004	-	-
Corroban Ltd	Appointed - 03/07/2003, Resigned - 01/06/2005	-	-
Hadenbury Ltd	Appointed - 03/07/2003, Resigned - 01/06/2005	-	-

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the companyand of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing these the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

Directors' report for the year ended 31 May 2004

- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. He are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

Director

In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that Friend Boyden Accountancy Services Limited be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

This report was approved by the Board on 8th July 2005 and signed on its behalf by

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Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of Sunvic Controls Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Sunvic Controls Limited for the year ended 31 May 2004 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of Sunvic Controls Limited continued

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 May 2004 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Friend Boyden Accountancy Services Limited

Chartered Certified Accountants and

Registered auditors

Date: 8th July 2005

Pembroke House

11 Northlands Pavement

Pitsea

Basildon Essex

SS13 3DX

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 May 2004

Continuing operations

	Notes	2004 £	2003 £
Turnover	2	6,635,765	6,455,989
Cost of sales		(5,358,023)	(5,265,004)
Gross profit		1,277,742	1,190,985
Distribution costs Administrative expenses Other operating income		(615,753) (462,907) 138,002	(461,508) (405,881) 100,380
Operating profit	3	337,084	423,976
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(150,779)	(147,331)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		186,305	276,645
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(76,242)	(12,870)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		110,063	263,775
Transfer from revaluation reserve		237	237
Retained profit for the year Retained profit brought forward		110,300 1,824,675	264,012 1,560,663
Retained profit carried forward		1,934,975	1,824,675

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit or loss for the above two financial years.

Profit and loss account continued for the year ended 31 May 2004

Note of historical cost profits and losses

Profit on ordinary		
activities before taxation	186,305	276,645
Difference between an historical cost		
depreciation charge and the actual		
depreciation charge of the year		
calculated on the revalued amount	237	237
		
Historical cost profit on ordinary		
activities before taxation	186,542	276,882
	=	
Historic cost profit for the year		
retained after taxation and dividends	110,537	264,249
	====	

Balance sheet as at 31 May 2004

		2004		2003	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	8		175,000		235,000
Tangible assets	9		1,537,314		1,696,641
			1,712,314		1,931,641
Current assets					
Stocks	10	795,765		855,017	
Debtors	11	2,870,301		1,916,565	
Cash at bank and in hand		128,428		109,328	
		3,794,494		2,880,910	
Creditors: amounts falling		(0.000.010)		(2 1 - 2 - 2 · 2 · 2 · 2 · 2 · 2 · 2 · 2 · 2	
due within one year	12	(2,863,816)		(2,172,733)	
Net current assets			930,678		708,177
Total assets less current					
liabilities			2,642,992		2,639,818
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	13		(87,973)		(174,862)
Provisions for liabilities					
and charges	14		(21,000)		(41,000)
Net assets			2,534,019		2,423,956
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	16		100		100
Revaluation reserve	17		598,944		599,181
Profit and loss account	17		1,934,975		1,824,675
Equity shareholders' funds	18		2,534,019		2,423,956

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 8th July 2005 and signed on its behalf by

D.M. Paulii

Director

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2004

1. Accounting policies

1.1. Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets.

The company has consistently applied all relevant accounting standards.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year.

1.3. Goodwill

Acquired goodwill is written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated useful economic life of 5 years.

1.4. Research and development

Research expenditure is written off to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred.

Research expenditure is written off to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred. Development expenditure is written off in the same year unless the directors are satisfied as to the technical, commercial and financial viability of individual projects. In this situation, the expenditure is deferred and amortised over the period from which the company is expected to benefit.

1.5. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and buildings

straight line over forty years

Plant and machinery

on a straight line basis over three to ten years

Fixtures, fittings

and equipment

on a straight line basis over three to ten years

Motor vehicles

- on a straight line basis over three years or the term of the lease

Freehold land is not depreciated.

1.6. Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce constant periodic rates of charge on the net obligations outstanding in each period.

1.7. Stock and work in progress

Stock and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Costs includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2004

..... continued

1.8. Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution pension plans are charged to the profit and loss account as payable.

1.9. Deferred taxation

The charge for taxation takes into account taxation deferred as a result of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. In general, deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. However, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. In accordance with FRS19, deferred tax is not recognised on revaluation gains. Deferred taxation is measured on a non-discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences reverse, based on the tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

1.10. Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at the accounting date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the date of the transactions. All differences are taken to the Profit and Loss account.

1.11. Government grants

Grants are credited to deferred revenue. Grants towards capital expenditure are released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful life of the assets. Grants towards revenue expenditure are released to the profit and loss account as the related expenditure is incurred.

2. Turnover

	2004	2003
Geographical market		
UK	5,873,092	5,765,161
Europe	446,683	299,188
Rest of the World	315,990	391,640
	6,635,765	6,455,989

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2004

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3.	Operating profit	2004 £	2003 £
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation and other amounts written off intangible assets	60,000	60,000
	Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible assets	174,138	185,410
	Auditors' remuneration	11,000	6,000
	Government grants	3,000	3,000
ı		***	
4.	Interest payable and similar charges	2004	2003
	II'm made to the second	£	£
	Hire purchase interest	29,507	44,529
	Factoring interest	121,272	102,802
		150,779	147,331
5.	Employees		
	Number of employees	2004	2003
	The average monthly numbers of employees		
	(including the directors) during the year were:		
	Production	99	97
	Selling and Distribution	5	10
	Administration	9	9
		112	117
		<u>113</u>	116
	Employment costs	2004	2003
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	1,791,593	1,746,671
	Social security costs	161,405	150,063
	Other pension costs	34,507	40,754
		1,987,505	1,937,488

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2004

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5.1.	Directors' emoluments	2004	2003
		£	£
	Remuneration and other emoluments	-	62,912
	Pension contributions	-	1,658
			64,570
		Number	Number
	Number of directors to whom retirement benefits		
	are accruing under a money purchase scheme	1	1

6. Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme in respect of the employees. The scheme and its assets are held by independent managers. The pension charge represents contributions due from the company and amounted to £34,507 (2003 - £40,754).

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2004

..... continued

7. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

2004	2003
I.	£
96,242	25,870
96,242	25,870
(20,000)	(13,000)
(20,000)	(13,000)
76,242	12,870
	96,242 96,242 (20,000) (20,000)

Factors affecting tax charge for period

The tax assessed for the period is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30 per cent). The differences are explained below:

	2004 £	2003 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	186,305	276,645
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation		
tax in the UK of 30% (31 May 2003: 30%)	55,892	82,994
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	18,596	582
Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	21,754	33,944
Income not taxable	-	(91,650)
Current tax charge for period	96,242	25,870

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2004

..... continued

8.	Intangible fixed assets					
					Goodwill £	Total £
	Cost At 1 June 2003				300,000	300,000
	At 31 May 2004				300,000	300,000
	Provision for diminution in value At 1 June 2003 Charge for year				65,000 60,000	65,000 60,000
	At 31 May 2004				125,000	125,000
	Net book values At 31 May 2004				175,000	175,000
	At 31 May 2003				235,000	235,000
9.	Tangible fixed assets	Land and buildings freehold	machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	Cost/revaluation	£	£	£	£	£
	At 1 June 2003 Additions	1,385,960	1,537,838 13,649		348,035	4,201,231 14,811
	At 31 May 2004	1,385,960	1,551,487	930,560	348,035	4,216,042
	Depreciation At 1 June 2003 Charge for the year	32,864 18,932		•	238,771 46,951	2,504,590 174,138
	At 31 May 2004	51,796	1,434,570	906,640	285,722	2,678,728
	Net book values At 31 May 2004	1,334,164	116,917	23,920	62,313	1,537,314

Freehold land amounting to £628,653 (2003: £628,653) is not depreciated.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2004

..... continued

Included above are assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts as follows:

	20	004	2003	
Asset description	Net book value £	Depreciation charge	Net book value £	Depreciation charge
Plant and machinery	31,392	2 77,184	108,576	65,004
Motor vehicles	62,313	46,951	109,264	64,685
	93,705	124,135	217,840	129,689

Tangible fixed assets included at a valuation would have been included on a historical cost basis at:

	2004	2003	
	£	£	
Cost	662,800	662,800	
Depreciation	325,080	308,885	
Net book value	337,720	353,915	

The freehold land and buildings were valued at £985,960 by GVA Grimley an independent firm of Chartered Surveyors as at 28th April 2001, on an open market existing use basis. The directors are not aware of any material change in value since the date of valuation. This valuation does not include the addition of £400,000 in the year ended 31st May 2003.

10.	Stocks	2004	2003
		£	£
	Raw materials and consumables	507,646	665,045
	Work in progress	567	2,000
		508,213	667,045
	Finished goods and goods for resale	287,552	187,972
		795,765	855,017

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2004

..... continued

11.	Debtors	2004 £	2003 £
	Trade debtors	1,432,849	1,247,226
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,300,113	531,989
	Other debtors	35,416	47,731
	Prepayments and accrued income	101,923	89,619
		2,870,301	1,916,565

As at 31st May 2004 the factored debts amounted to £1,432,849 (2003: £1,215,242). The amount owed by group undertakings of £1,300,113 was repaid on 30th November 2004 by a dividend to Croftacre Holdings Ltd.

12.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2004 £	2003 £
	Factoring account	1,164,812	929,540
	Net obligations under finance leases		
	and hire purchase contracts	92,906	128,789
	Trade creditors	1,193,133	909,940
	Amounts owed to group undertaking	-	9,042
	Corporation tax	122,112	25,870
	Other taxes and social security costs	204,396	93,244
	Other creditors	29,986	28,272
	Accruals and deferred income	56,471	48,036
		2,863,816	2,172,733

Some suppliers include in their conditions of sale a clause under which they reserve title to goods supplied until they are paid. These goods are included in stock. The amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free and have no specified terms of repayments. The finance leases and hire purchase contracts are secured on the assets concerned. The factoring account is secured by a charge over the book debts.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2004

..... continued

13.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2004 £	2003 £
	Accruals and deferred income Net obligations under finance leases	56,219	59,219
	and hire purchase contracts	31,754	115,643
		87,973	174,862

The finance leases and hire purchase contracts are secured on the assets concerned.

Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Repayable within one year	113,162	154,401
Repayable between one and five years	39,402	138,708
	152,564	293,109
Finance charges and interest allocated		
to future accounting periods	(27,904)	(48,677)
	124,660	244,432

14. Provisions for liabilities and charges

	Deferred taxation			
	(Note 15)	Total		
	£	£		
At 1 June 2003	41,000	41,000		
Movements in the year	20,000	20,000		
At 31 May 2004	21,000	21,000		

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2004

..... continued

15.	Provision for deferred taxation		2004 £	2003 £
	Accelerated capital allowances		21,000	41,000
	Provision at 1 June 2003 Deferred tax charge in profit and loss account Provision at 31 May 2004		41,000 (20,000) 21,000	
16.	Share capital		2004 £	2003 £
	Authorised			
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each		100	====
	Allotted, called up and fully paid			
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each		100	100
17.	Equity Reserves	Revaluation	Profit and loss	
		reserve	account	Total
		£	£	£
	At 1 June 2003	599,181	1,824,675	2,423,856
	Transfer of realised profit	(237)	-	(237)
	Retained profit for the year	` ,	110,300	110,300
	At 31 May 2004	598,944	1,934,975	2,533,919

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2004

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18.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2004 £	2003 £
		æ	*
	Profit for the year	110,300	264,012
	Other recognised gains or losses	(237)	(237)
	Net addition to shareholders' funds	110,063	263,775
	Opening shareholders' funds	2,423,956	2,160,181
	Closing shareholders' funds	2,534,019	2,423,956

19. Related party transactions

During the year the company was a wholly owned subsidary undertaking of Croftacre Holdings Ltd and in accordance with FRS 8 "Related party disclosures", the company is not required to disclose transactions with other members of the group.

20. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling interest

As at 1st June 2005, Tayclyde Ltd is the company's ultimate parent company. Mr D.M. Paulin is the company's ultimate controlling party due to holding 100% of the shares in Tayclyde Ltd.

21. Post balance sheet events

On the 1st June 2005 the entire share capital of the company was acquired by Tayclyde Ltd.