#### **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 773331**

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2010



#### **STEWART & CO**

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor Knoll House, Knoll Road Camberley, Surrey GU15 3SY

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

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#### THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

The director has pleasure in presenting his report and the financial statements of the group for the year ended 31 December 2010

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the group during the year was that of design, manufacturer and distribution of professional cleaning equipment and there has been no change during the year

The trading year of 2010 has proven to be more difficult than 2009 and looking forward, with the Government austerity measures beginning to bite, 2011 might well be even more difficult. Many of our customers (the schools, the hospitals, county councils) are directly affected by budget reductions and the increasing inflation in the cost of living also plays a major part in reducing spendable income in retail terms.

In conjunction with a difficult sales environment, which keeps pricing keen, there are also unprecedented increases in the cost of plastics directly related to oil prices but, equally, in other basic materials such as steel, copper, etc all of which are primary commodities within our manufacturing facilities. If the current trend continues we would expect the price of plastics and steel to increase yet further

New products developed in 2010 will be introduced to the market during the first half of 2011 but, due to the economic climate, may not make a serious contribution to turnover until 2012

I think we must all realise that we need to see an improved level of buoyancy in the UK so that we can trade our way upwards. Until that happens, however, margins will remain under pressure

On the positive side the overseas business now constitutes 40% of our annual sales and, as we are well established in most markets, we would expect positive growth in this respect

Our total worldwide manufacturing facility is based in Chard where we have maintained employment levels at the existing number of 700 Employee relationships remain strong with excellent communications at all levels both at home and abroad

#### RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £3,462,000 The director has not recommended a dividend

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company does not use any financial instruments to hedge its risks associated with price, credit, liquidity or cash flow

#### DIRECTOR

The director who served the company during the year was as follows

Mr C R Duncan

#### THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT (continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

#### DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the director is required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group will continue in business

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the group's and company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the director is aware

- · there is no relevant audit information of which the group's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all steps that he ought to have taken to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

#### **DISABLED EMPLOYEES**

It is the group's policy to consider applications for employment from disabled people on the same basis as other potential employees. Ability and aptitude are the determining factors in the selection, training, career development and promotion of all employees. If an employee becomes disabled during the period of employment the group will, if necessary and to the extent possible, retrain the employee for duties suited to that employee's abilities following disablement.

#### **EMPLOYEE INVOLVEMENT**

The group involves employees in the business in various ways Regular meetings are held between managers and the Union Representatives of staff to discuss any issues arising and the Health and Safety Committee liaises with staff Furthermore, wages are based on a productivity scheme, which involves disclosure to staff of sales performance

#### THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT (continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

#### **AUDITOR**

Stewart & Co are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006

Registered office Knoll House Knoll Road Camberley Surrey GU15 3SY Signed by order of the director

Mr. Wound

MR S WHITLOCK Company Secretary

Approved by the director on 16 August 2011

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDER OF NUMATIC INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

We have audited the group and parent company financial statements ("the financial statements") of Numatic International Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's shareholder, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholder those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholder as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTOR AND AUDITOR

As explained more fully in the Director's Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and the parent company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

#### **OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of the group's profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### EMPHASIS OF MATTER - POSSIBLE OUTCOME OF LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not qualified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in note 19 to the financial statements concerning the possible outcome of legal proceedings, alleging the misappropriation of assets owned by Numatic International SA, a wholly owned subsidiary incorporated in France, where the company is the claimant. The ultimate outcome of the matter cannot presently be determined and full provision has been made for the assets in in question in the financial statements.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDER OF NUMATIC INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

#### OPINION ON OTHER MATTERS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Director's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

#### MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Knoll House, Knoll Road Camberley, Surrey GU15 3SY

16 August 2011

DAVID HARTLEY FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of STEWART & CO Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

#### **PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT**

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

	Note	2010 £000	2009 £000
GROUP TURNOVER	2	105,362	98,190
Cost of sales		70,269	63,354
GROSS PROFIT		35,093	34,836
Distribution costs		2,735	2,472
Administrative expenses		28,157	27,244
Other operating income	3	(1,159)	(147)
OPERATING PROFIT	4	5,360	5,267
Attributable to		e eaa	5 271
Operating profit before exceptional items  Exceptional items	4	5,577 (217)	5,271 (4)
		5,360	5,267
Interest receivable and similar income	7	71	167
Interest payable and similar charges	8	(417)	(427)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	(	5,014	5,007
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	9	1,552	1,634
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	10	3,462	3,373

All of the activities of the group are classed as continuing

The company has taken advantage of section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 not to publish its own Profit and Loss Account

# NUMATIC INTERNATIONAL LIMITED GROUP STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Profit for the financial year	2000	2000
attributable to the shareholder of the parent company	3,462	3,373
Actuarial gain/(loss) in respect of defined benefit pension scheme	1,216	(787)
Deferred tax in respect of defined benefit pension scheme	(328)	220
	4,350	2,806
Exchange differences on retranslation of net assets of subsidiary		
undertakings	226	108
Total gains and losses recognised since the last annual report	4,576	2,914

#### **GROUP BALANCE SHEET**

#### **31 DECEMBER 2010**

		2010		2009
	Note	£000	£000	£000
FIXED ASSETS				
Intangible assets	11		427	314
Tangible assets	12		29,614	29,373
			30,041	29,687
CURRENT ASSETS				
Stocks	14	16,788		14,667
Debtors	15	17,768		19,112
Cash at bank		8,296		6,725
		42,852		40,504
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one				
year	16	20,194		24,607
NET CURRENT ASSETS			22,658	15,897
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	ES		52,699	45,584
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more				
than one year	17		5,972	2,078
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES				
Deferred taxation	18		126	132
Other provisions	19		2,329	2,208
NET ASSETS EXCLUDING PENSION LIABIL	ITY		44,272	41,166
Defined benefit pension scheme liability	20		(3,276)	(4,734)
NET ASSETS INCLUDING PENSION LIABILI	TY		40,996	36,432
			<del></del>	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	24		5,000	5,000
Profit and loss account	25		35,996	31,432
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS	26		40,996	36,432

These financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 16 August 2011

MR C R DUNCAN

The notes on pages 11 to 29 form part of these financial statements

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### **31 DECEMBER 2010**

		2010	ſ	2009
	Note	£000	£000	£000
FIXED ASSETS				
Intangible assets	11		113	115
Tangible assets	12		24,556	24,487
Investments	13		7,545	7,545
			32,214	32,147
CURRENT ASSETS				
Stocks	14	11,725		9,539
Debtors	15	20,574		21,551
Cash at bank		7,345		6,274
		39,644		37,364
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one				01.050
year	16	17,426		21,852
NET CURRENT ASSETS			22,218	15,512
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	ES		54,432	47,659
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more				
than one year	17		4,002	_
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES				
Deferred taxation	18		126	132
NET ASSETS EXCLUDING PENSION LIABIL	ITY		50,304	47,527
Defined benefit pension scheme liability	20		(3,276)	(4,734)
NET ASSETS INCLUDING PENSION LIABIL.	ITY		47,028	42,793
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	24		5,000	5,000
Profit and loss account	25		42,028	37,793
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS			47,028	42,793

These financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 16 August 2011

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MR C R DUNCAN

Company Registration Number 773331

The notes on pages 11 to 29 form part of these financial statements

#### **GROUP CASH FLOW CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

	2010		2010	2009
	Note	£000	£000	£000
NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING				
ACTIVITIES	27		5,762	8,879
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND				
SERVICING OF FINANCE	27		(398)	(407)
TAXATION	27		(1,203)	(1,592)
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND FINANCIAL				
INVESTMENT	27		(2,773)	(2,823)
CASH INFLOW BEFORE FINANCING			1,388	4,057
			-,	,
FINANCING	27		340	1,048
INCREASE IN CASH	27		1,728	5,105
TITOTON EL CANOLI			-,, 20	<del>2,100</del>

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the company and all group undertakings. These are adjusted, where appropriate, to conform to group accounting policies. Acquisitions are accounted for under the acquisition method and goodwill on consolidation is capitalised and written off over five years from the year of acquisition. The results of companies acquired or disposed of are included in the profit and loss account after or up to the date that control passes respectively. As a consolidated profit and loss account is published, a separate profit and loss account for the parent company is omitted from the group financial statements by virtue of section 408 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

#### Research and development

Research and development expenditure is written off in the year in which it is incurred

#### Goodwill

Positive purchased goodwill arising on acquisitions is capitalised, classified as an asset on the Balance Sheet and amortised over its estimated useful life up to a maximum of 15 years. This length of time is presumed to be the maximum useful life of purchased goodwill because it is difficult to make projections beyond this period. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following each acquisition and subsequently as and when necessary if circumstances emerge that indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Goodwill

5 or 15 years

Patents

- Between 10 and 20 years straight line

#### Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Freehold Property

- 2% per annum straight line (France 15 years)

Plant & Machinery

On a straight line monthly basis over the first 6 years to 10% of cost, thereafter its value in use is reassessed on an annual basis and 20% reducing balance (France over 5 and 10 years straight line)

Computer Equipment

 On a straight line basis over the first 3 years to 10% of cost, thereafter its value in use is reassessed on an annual basis (France between 3 and 5 years straight line)

Motor Vehicles

20%-33% per annum straight line

Tooling

On a straight line monthly basis over 4 to 10 years

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

#### Work in progress

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

#### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The group operates a defined benefit pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the group

Current service costs, past service costs and gains and losses on settlements and curtailments are charged to the profit and loss account. Past service costs are recognised over the vesting period or immediately if the benefits have vested. When a settlement (eliminating all obligations for benefits already accrued) or a curtailment (reducing future obligations as a result of a material reduction in the scheme membership or a reduction in future entitlement) occurs, the obligation and related plan assets are re-measured using current actuarial assumptions and the resultant gain or loss is recognised in the profit and loss account during the period in which the settlement or curtailment occurs.

The interest cost and the expected return on assets are shown as a net amount in the profit and loss account as other finance costs or income. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the statement of total recognised gains and losses.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Pension scheme assets are valued at fair value at the balance sheet date. Fair value is based on market price information and in the case of quoted securities is the published bid price. Pension scheme liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method and are discounted to their present value using a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent currency and term to the scheme liabilities. Pension scheme deficits are recognised in full on the balance sheet, net of related deferred tax.

The overseas subsidiary undertakings make contributions (where applicable) on behalf of their employees into private funds, contributions to these schemes are charged to the profit and loss account as they are incurred

The parent undertaking also operates a defined contribution self-administered scheme for directors, contributions to this scheme are charged to the profit and loss account as they are incurred

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost, provision is made for impairment where there is felt to be a permanent diminution in value of the underlying net assets

#### 2. TURNOVER

The turnover for the year was derived from the group's principal activity. In the opinion of the director all geographical markets are supplied under similar terms conditions and prices, and the products supplied form one class of business. Inter group trading is eliminated on consolidation. The director considers that any further disclosure in terms of turnover analysis would be commercially sensitive and therefore prejudicial to the group.

#### 3. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Rent receivable	74	36
Other operating income	1,085	111
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	1,159	147

#### 4. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting)

	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Amortisation of intangible assets	60	58
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	2,258	2,444
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(25)	(36)
Operating lease costs		
- Plant and equipment	298	282
Net profit on foreign currency translation	(39)	(16)
Auditor's remuneration - audit of the financial statements	55	55
Auditor's remuneration - other fees	93	119
Provision for losses in Numatic International SA	217	4

#### OPERATING PROFIT (continued)

Stewart & Co

Auditor's remuneration - audit of the financial statements	2010 £000 	2009 £000 55
Overseas auditors		
Auditor's remuneration - other fees	2010 £000	2009 £000
- Local statutory audit of subsidiary	93	119
PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES		
The average number of staff employed by the group during the fi	nancial vear amount	ed to

#### 5.

The average number of staff employed by the group during the financial year amounted to

	2010	2009
	No	No
Number of production staff	623	612
Number of administrative staff	215	215
	838	827
The aggregate payroll costs of the above were	2010	2000
	2010 £000	2009 £000
Wages and salaries	24,884	22,980
Social security costs	1,616	1,548
Other pension costs	1,777	1,903
	28,277	26,431

Other pension costs are amounts charged to operating profit and do not include amounts credited to finance income (see note 7) and amounts recognised in the statement of recognised gains and losses

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

#### 6. DIRECTOR'S REMUNERATION

The director's aggregate remuneration in respect of qualifying services were

	Remuneration receivable	2010 £000 740	2009 £000 823
7.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
	Bank interest receivable Net finance income in respect of defined benefit pension schemes	2010 £000 19 52 71	2009 £000 20 147 167
8.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
	Other similar charges payable	2010 £000 417	2009 £000 <u>427</u>
9.	TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	(a) Analysis of charge in the year		
	Current tax	2010 £000	2009 £000
	UK Taxation In respect of the year		
	UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year at 28% (2009 - 28%)	1,241	1,369
	Foreign tax Current tax on income for the year	84	103
	Total current tax	1,325	1,472
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	227	162
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	1,552	1,634

## NUMATIC INTERNATIONAL LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

#### 9. TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (continued)

#### (b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%)

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	5,014	5,007
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax	1,404	1,402
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	86	97
Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	1	72
Overseas taxation	84	103
Tax adjustment for overseas subsidiaries	(23)	32
Tax adjustment for pension costs under FRS17	(227)	(234)
Total current tax (note 9(a))	1,325	1,472

#### 10. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS OF THE PARENT COMPANY

The profit dealt with in the financial statements of the parent company was £3,360,000 (2009 - £3,588,000)

#### 11. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group	Goodwill £000	Patents £000	Total £000
COST			
At 1 January 2010	855	147	1,002
Additions	165	13	178
Disposals	(513)	_	(513)
Exchange adjustments	(31)	2	(29)
At 31 December 2010	476	162	638
AMORTISATION			
At 1 January 2010	673	15	688
Charge for the year	51	9	60
On disposals	(513)	_	(513)
Exchange adjustments	(24)	_	(24)
At 31 December 2010	187	24	211
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 December 2010	289	138	427
At 31 December 2009	182	132	314

#### 11. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (continued)

Company	Patents £000
COST	
At 1 January 2010	130
Additions	6
At 31 December 2010	136
AMORTISATION	
At 1 January 2010	15
Charge for the year	8
At 31 December 2010	23
ACOL December 2010	<u>~</u>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2010	113
At 31 December 2009	115
At 31 December 2009	113

#### 12. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group	Freehold Property £000	Plant & Machinery £000	Fixtures & Fittings £000	Motor Vehicles £000	Tooling £000	Total £000
COST						
At 1 Jan 2010	26,970	9,637	3,352	589	5,292	45,840
Additions	38	665	396	170	1,456	2,725
Disposals	_	(259)	(537)	(163)	(26)	(985)
Exchange						
adjustments	(173)	(22)	23	(12)	(3)	(187)
At 31 Dec 2010	26,835	10,021	3,234	584	6,719	47,393
DEPRECIATION						
At 1 Jan 2010	3,743	6,362	2,421	376	3,565	16,467
Charge for the						
year	542	774	394	90	458	2,258
On disposals	_	(204)	(535)	(137)	(4)	(880)
Exchange						
adjustments	(32)	(12)	(2)	<u>(19)</u>	(1)	(66)
At 31 Dec 2010	4,253	6,920	2,278	310	4,018	17,779
NET BOOK VALU	UE					
At 31 Dec 2010	22,582	3,101	956	274	2,701	29,614
At 31 Dec 2009	23,227	3,275	931	213	1,727	29,373

## NUMATIC INTERNATIONAL LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

#### 12. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (continued)

Company	Freehold Property £000		Fixtures & Fittings £000	Motor Vehicles £000	Tooling £000	Total £000
COST						
At 1 Jan 2010	22,148	8,892	2,504	54	5,213	38,811
Additions	6	397	290	_	1,157	1,850
Disposals	_	_	(455)		(15)	(470)
At 31 Dec 2010	22,154	9,289	2,339	54	6,355	40,191
DEPRECIATION						
At 1 Jan 2010 Charge for the	2,823	6,014	1,929	40	3,518	14,324
year	416	638	262	3	452	1,771
On disposals	-	-	(456)	-	(4)	(460)
At 31 Dec 2010	3,239	6,652	1,735	43	3,966	15,635
NET BOOK VALI	UE					
At 31 Dec 2010	18,915	2,637	604	11	2,389	24,556
At 31 Dec 2009	19,325	2,878	575	14	1,695	24,487

#### 13. INVESTMENTS

Company	Group companies £000
COST At 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010	7,545
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2010 and 31 December 2009	7,545

	Country of incorporation		Proportion of voting rights and shares held	Nature of business
Subsidiary undertaki	ngs			
All held by the compar	ıy			
Numatic		Ordinary		
International SA	France	shares	100%	Sales and distribution
Numatic		Ordinary		
International GmbH	Germany	shares	100%	Sales and distribution
Numatic		Ordinary		
International B V	Holland	shares	100%	Sales and distribution
Numatic				
International		Ordinary		
(Proprietary) Ltd	South Africa	shares	100%	Sales and distribution
Numatic				
International		Ordinary		
Schweiz AG	Switzerland	shares	100%	Sales and distribution

It must be emphasised that in aggregate the value of the investments in Numatic International SA, Numatic International BV, Numatic International (Proprietary) Ltd and Numatic International Schweiz AG are disproportionate to their current asset value by £7,448,000 It is the company's policy to fully capitalise start up costs, working capital requirements and wherever possible the provision of freehold premises. All subsidiaries are held for the long term and are expected, if they are not already, to provide a meaningful return on the capital employed Furthermore the current asset values of the subsidiary undertakings do not include internally generated goodwill. Accordingly no impairments have been made

All subsidiary undertakings are involved in the sale and distribution of group and associated products

All subsidiary undertakings are included in the consolidated accounts

#### 14. STOCKS

	Group		Company	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Raw materials	8,280	6,782	8,280	6,782
Work in progress	944	680	944	680
Finished goods	7,534	7,175	2,471	2,047
Small tools	30	30	30	30
	16,788	14,667	11,725	9,539

#### 15. DEBTORS

	Group		Compa	ny
	2010 £000	2009 £000	2010 £000	2009 £000
Trade debtors	14,224	15,144	9,223	9,981
Amounts owed by group undertakings	_	~	10,924	11,166
Other debtors	3,036	3,367	4	4
Deferred taxation (Note 18)	22	29	_	_
Prepayments and accrued income	486	572	423	400
	17,768	19,112	20,574	21,551

#### 16 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Company	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Bank loans and overdrafts	5,200	8,911	4,402	8,091
Trade creditors	8,259	9,448	7,659	8,804
Other creditors including taxation				
Corporation tax	804	683	791	669
Other taxation	827	868	674	749
Other creditors	788	770	_	_
Accruals and deferred income	4,316	3,927	3,900	3,539
	20,194	24,607	17,426	21,852

#### 17. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	Grou	Group		ny
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Bank loans	5,972	2,078	4,002	_

#### 18. DEFERRED TAXATION

The movement in the deferred taxation provision during the year was

		Company	
2010		2010	2009
0	£000	£000	£000
103	165	132	204
_1	(62)	<u>(6)</u>	(72)
104	103	126	132
	103 1 1	010 2009 00 £000 103 165 1 (62)	010 2009 2010 00 £000 £000 103 165 132 1 (62) (6)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

#### 18. DEFERRED TAXATION (continued)

The group's provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of

Group	20	10	2009	
·	Provided £000	Unprovided £000	Provided £000	Unprovided £000
Excess of taxation allowances over depreciation on fixed assets	126	-	132	-
Other timing differences	(22)	_ <del>_</del>	(29)	
	104		103	

The company's provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of

Company	20	2010		2009	
	Provided £000	Unprovided £000	Provided £000	Unprovided £000	
Excess of taxation allowances over depreciation on fixed assets	126	<u>-</u>	132		

#### 19. OTHER PROVISIONS

	Group		Company	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	€000	£000	£000	£000
Other provisions	2,329	2,208		

During 2009 irregular activities by former management were identified in Numatic International SA, a wholly owned subsidiary incorporated in France, and there are currently legal proceedings in progress alleging the misappropriation of the subsidiary's assets, where the company is the claimant. The value of the assets that the company is trying to recover stands at £2,525,000, for which full provision was made in the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008. This figure consists of several transactions covering the two periods preceding this date. The amounts included in these financial statements in respect of this subsidiary are a £165,000 loss (2009 £134,000 profit) and £1,935,000 net liabilities (2009 £1,835,000 net liabilities)

#### 20 PENSIONS AND OTHER POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The group operates a number of pension schemes for its employees

#### Defined benefit pension scheme (company only)

Employees contribute 7% of salary (2009 6%) with the balance of required contributions being met by the company (23 3% of pensionable salaries at the balance sheet date) An actuary reviews the assets and liabilities of the scheme on a triennial basis for funding purposes, the last valuation being as at 1st April 2009 Interim valuations will continue to be performed at the end of each accounting year for the purposes of FRS 17 disclosures

The actuarial assessment considers the assets and liabilities at the date of calculation and forecasts assets and liabilities in the future according to a set of assumptions, the most important of which are the rate of return on the assets and the rate of increase in remuneration and pensions

At the date of the last full valuation in 2009, the actuarial valuation of the assets was £18,745,000 and of the liabilities £31,354,000, representing a shortfall of £12,609,000 and a funding level of 60%. This underfunding is being reduced by adjusting the employer's contribution to 23 3% of pensionable salaries for the year to 31st December 2009 and thereafter.

The position will be reviewed at the next actuarial valuation, which should have an effective date not more than three years from the date of the latest valuation

The amounts recognised in the profit and loss account are as follows		
	2010 £000	2009 £000
Amounts credited to operating profit	2000	2000
Current service cost	(851)	(765)
Total operating credit	(851)	(765)
Amounts included in other finance income		
Expected return on scheme assets	1,848	1,611
Interest on scheme liabilities	(1,900)	(1,758)
Other finance income	(52)	(147)
Total credit to the profit and loss account	(903)	(912)
The total operating credit is recognised in the following line items in the	e profit and los	s account

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Cost of sales	(903)	(912)
Total operating credit	(903)	(912)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

#### 20. PENSIONS AND OTHER POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Other finance income is included in the profit and loss account within interest receivable and similar income

Actuarial gains of £1,216 (2009 £(787)) have been recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows

Present value of unfunded obligations Related deferred tax asset	2010 £000 (4,550) 1,274	2009 £000 (6,575) 1,841
Net pension liability	(3,276)	(4,734)
Changes in the present value of the defined benefit oblig	gation scheme are as follows	
	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Opening defined benefit obligation	33,042	27,129
Current service cost	851	765
Interest on scheme liabilities	1,900	1,758
Actuarial loss	1,266	4,312
Contributions by scheme participants	509	450
Benefits paid	(790)	(1,372)
Closing defined benefit obligation	36,778	33,042

The defined benefit obligation may be analysed between wholly unfunded and wholly or partly funded schemes as follows

Funded Unfunded	2010 £000 32,228 4,550	2009 £000 26,467 6,575
	36,778	33,042
Changes in the fair value of scheme assets are as follows		
	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Opening fair value of scheme assets	26,467	20,505
Expected return on scheme assets	1,848	1,611
Contributions by scheme participants	509	450
Actuarial gain	2,482	3,525
Benefits paid	(790)	(1,372)
Other	1,712	1,748
Closing fair value of scheme assets	32,228	26,467

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

#### 20. PENSIONS AND OTHER POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)

The fair value of the major categories of scheme assets as a percentage of total scheme assets are as follows

			201	10	2009
				%	%
European equities			•	78.00	79 00
European bonds				15.00	14 00
Property				7.00	7 00
The principal actuarial assumptions as at t	he balance she	eet date we	re		
			201	10	2009
				%	%
Discount rate				5.40	5 70
Expected return on scheme assets				6.10	6 80
Rate of increase in salaries				4.40	4 60
Rate of increase in pensions in payment				3.30	3 40
Inflation				3.40	3 60
Amounts for the current and previous four	r periods are a	s follows			
	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Defined benefit obligation	(36,778)	(33,042)	(27,129)	(29,500)	(29,825)
Fair value of scheme assets	32,228	26,467	20,505	24,691	22,475
Deficit in the scheme	(4,550)	(6,575)	(6,624)	(4,809)	(7,350)

#### Other pension schemes

The parent undertaking operates a defined contribution self-administered scheme for its directors from which the sole director is accruing benefits. No contributions were made by the parent company to this scheme during this year and the previous year

The overseas subsidiary undertakings make contributions into employees' personal pension schemes

#### Total pension costs

The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the group to the funds and amounted to £1,777,000 (2009 £1,903,000), including contributions payable by overseas subsidiary undertakings

All contributions deducted from employees and payable by the employer have been paid to the UK schemes

### NUMATIC INTERNATIONAL LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

#### 21. SECURITY

Bank borrowings covering the bank treasury loan and the overdraft facility are secured by specific legal charges over freehold land and property

There is a letter of comfort in place from the parent undertaking, in respect of any bank borrowings of Chalon UK Limited, a company also owned and controlled by Mr C R Duncan, the sole director

There is also security given by the parent undertaking in respect of the bank borrowings of Numatic International SA

#### 22. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 2010 the group had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

Group	20	10	2009		
·	Land and buildings Other items £000 £000		Land and buildings £000	Other items £000	
Operating leases which expire					
Within 1 year	267	180	222	207	
Within 2 to 5 years	1,238	643	975	683	
After more than 5 years	829	-	1,016	-	
	2,334	823	2,213	890	

#### 23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company was under the control of Mr C R Duncan throughout the current and previous year Mr C R Duncan is the director and sole shareholder

During the year the company was invoiced by Chalon UK Limited, a company also owned and controlled by Mr C R Duncan, £250,000 (2009 nil) regarding marketing and consultancy

#### 24 SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

			2010 £000	2009 £000
5,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each			5,000	5,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2010		2009	
	No	£000	No	£000
5,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	5,000,000	5,000	5,000,000	5,000

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

#### 25 RESERVES

Group	Profit and loss
	account £000
Balance brought forward	31,432
Profit for the year	3,462
Exchange differences on retranslation of net assets of subsidiary undertakings	226
Defined benefit pension scheme	876
Balance carried forward	35,996
Company	Profit and loss
	account
	£000
Balance brought forward	37,793
Profit for the year	3,360
Defined benefit pension scheme	875
Balance carried forward	42,028

#### 26. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS

	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Profit for the financial year	3,462	3,373
Defined benefit pension scheme	876	(567)
Exchange differences on retranslation of net assets of subsidiary		
undertakings	226	108
Net addition to shareholder's funds	4,564	2,914
Opening shareholder's funds	36,432	33,518
Closing shareholder's funds	40,996	36,432

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

#### 27. NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

### RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Operating profit	5,360	5,267
Amortisation	60	5,267
Depreciation	2,258	2,444
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(25)	(36)
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(2,121)	522
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	1,337	(1,003)
(Decrease)/increase in creditors	(823)	2,055
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	121	(234)
Exchange differences arising on consolidation	226	109
Exchange rate adjustments on fixed assets	126	386
FRS17 adjustment reversal	(757)	(689)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	5,762	8,879
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCI	Ξ	
	2010	2009
Interest account	£000 19	£000 20
Interest received Interest paid	(417)	(427)
•	`—	· —
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance	(398)	(407)
TAXATION	_	_
	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Taxation	(1,203)	(1,592)
CARITAL EVENDITURE		
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE		
	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Payments to acquire intangible fixed assets	(178)	(64)
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets	(2,725)	(2,914)
Receipts from sale of fixed assets	130	155
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure	(2,773)	(2,823)

#### 27. NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued)

#### **FINANCING**

To a contract of the contract		2010 £000	2009 £000
Increase in bank loans		340	1,048
Net cash inflow from financing		340	1,048
RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO	MOVEMENT	IN NET DEB	Γ
	2010		2009
Increase in cash in the period	£000 1,728	£000	£000 5,105
Net cash (inflow) from bank loans	(340)		(1,048)
		1,388	4,057
Change in not dabt		<del></del>	4,057
Change in net debt		1,388	4,037
Net debt at 1 January 2010		(4,264)	(8,321)
Net debt at 31 December 2010		$(\overline{2,876})$	(4,264)
ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT			
	At 1 Jan 2010	Cook flows	At 31 Dec 2010
	£000	£000	£000
Net cash			
Cash in hand and at bank	6,725	1,571	8,296
Overdrafts	(5,357)	157	(5,200)
	1,368	1,728	3,096
Debt			
Debt due within 1 year	(3,554)	3,554	_
Debt due after 1 year	(2,078)	(3,894)	(5,972)
	(5,632)	(340)	(5,972)
Net debt	(4,264)	1,388	(2,876)