REGISTERED NUMBER: 00773278 (England and Wales)

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2019

FOR

STREET COUNTY (SECURITIES) LIMITED

L8ZP49H5 LD3 27/02/2020 #59 COMPANIES HOUSE

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STREET COUNTY (SECURITIES) LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2019

DIRECTORS:

P J French A M Munday R H McCullough

SECRETARY:

A M Munday

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Suite 2

West Hill House West Hill Epsom Surrey KT19 8JD

REGISTERED NUMBER:

00773278 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Hartley Fowler LLP Statutory Auditors Chartered Accountants 4th Floor Tuition House 27-37 St George's Road Wimbledon

London SW19 4EU

BALANCE SHEET 31 MAY 2019

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Investment property	4		10,400	,	10,400
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors	5	11		11	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	6	12,602		10,767	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(12,591)		(10,756)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			(2,191)		(356)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	8		200		200
Fair value reserve Retained earnings	9 9		(54) (2,337)	·	(54) (502)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(2,191)		(356)

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Comprehensive Income has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 26 February 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

A M Munday - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2019

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Street County (Securities) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), which have been applied consistently.

Significant judgements and estimates

Accounting policies which have a significant bearing on the reported financial position and results of the company may require subjective or complex judgements.

The principal on-going area of judgement is the investment property valuation where the director's opinion of fair value based on experience, yield analysis and comparison with similar properties has been obtained at each reporting date.

Deferred tax is directly and indirectly impacted by the estimation uncertainty arising within the investment property valuation through the timing difference that exists between the valuation and the tax base cost of the properties and if relevant, the March 1982 property valuation is also utilised in arriving at the tax base cost for certain of the investment properties.

Turnover

Turnover represents rents receivable and other income net of VAT.

Revenue is recognised with reference to time as the period of rental progresses so that the amount of revenue reflects the actual right to consideration by reference to the period of rental covered. Rent not billed is included in debtors and payments on account, rent received in excess of the relevant amount of revenue is deferred to future periods to which it relates and included in deferred income within creditors.

Investment property

Investment property is shown at most recent valuation. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising from changes in fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivables or payables within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Impairment

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indication that the asset may be impaired at each balance sheet date. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, or the asset's cash generating unit, is estimated and compared to the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss is a revaluation decrease.

Going Concern

Due to the ongoing support of the company's fellow group undertaking the directors believe that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, which assumes that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

If the company were unable to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, adjustments would be necessary to reduce the balance sheet value of assets to their recoverable amounts, and to provide for further liabilities that might arise, and to reclassify fixed assets and long term liabilities as current assets and liabilities.

Total

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 3 (2018 - 3).

4. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

FAIR VALUE	£
At 1 June 2018 and 31 May 2019	10,400
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 May 2019	10,400
At 31 May 2018	10,400
Fair value at 31 May 2019 is represented by:	
Valuation in 2009 Valuation in 2010 Valuation in 2014 Valuation in 2015 Valuation in 2016 Valuation in 2017	£ 5,000 (5,000) 18,200 1,800 21,726 (31,326) 10,400
	10,400

If investment property had not been revalued it would have been included at the following historical cost:

			2019	2018
	•	•	£	£
Cost			10,465	10,465

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2019

4.	INVESTMENT	F PROPERTY - continued			
	Investment pro	operties were valued to fair value or	31 May 2019 by the directors.		
5.	DEBTORS: AI	MOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN	ONE YEAR	2019	2018
	Other debtors			£ 11	<u>11</u>
6.	CREDITORS:	AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITH	IN ONE YEAR	2019 £	2018 £
i	Amounts owed Other creditors	l to group undertakings s		10,346 2,256	8,511 2,256
		•		12,602	10,767
7.	DEFERRED T	AX			£
	Balance at 1 Ju	une 2018			(11)
	Balance at 31	May 2019			
8.	CALLED UP S	HARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issued Number:	d and fully paid: Class:	Nominal value:	2019 £	2018 £
	100 100	Ordinary Deferred	£1 £1	100 100	100 100
	100	belefied		200	200
9.	RESERVES				
		·	Retained earnings £	Fair value reserve £	Totals £
	At 1 June 2018 Deficit for the		(502) (1,835)	(54) -	(556) (1,835)
	At 31 May 2019	9	(2,337)	(54)	(2,391)

10. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Report of the Auditors was unqualified.

Jonathan Askew (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Hartley Fowler LLP

11. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year the company paid management charges of £47 to Renatus Property Management Limited (2018 - £43), a connected company, for services rendered.

The amount payable to Renatus Property Management Limited is shown under creditors and amounts to £10,346 (2018 - £8,511). No interest is payable on the balance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2019

12. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

At the balance sheet date, the company was a wholly controlled subsidiary of The Street Family Group of Companies (Holdings) Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The ultimate parent company is The Street Family Group of Companies Limited, a company incorporated in Jersey which is controlled by a discretionary trust.