Registered number: 00764797

APPLE CORPS LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Y O Lennon

O T Harrison B V Grakal L V Eastman S O Lennon

Company secretary J V Jones

Registered number 00764797

Registered office 27 Ovington Square

London SW3 1LJ

Independent auditors Sopher + Co LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

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GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

Introduction

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 January 2022.

Business review

The Group continues to exploit audio, visual and ancillary activities mainly relating to The Beatles. Group turnover has increased from £19.6 million to £58.4 million. Group profit for the year before taxation increased to £11.7 million (2021 - £2.9 million). Group net assets have increased to £24.6 million (2020 - £15.8 million).

The Group's annual results are impacted by audio and/or audio-visual releases in a financial year and the year to 31 January 2022 benefitted from the release of the Get Back documentary. The show in Las Vegas re-opened in late 2021 with the consequent impact on joint ventures' turnover.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The directors consider that the principal risks and uncertainties faced by the group relate to the general state of the worldwide entertainment industry and the protection of copyrights.

The directors confirm that, in accordance with the Companies Act 2006, they have considered and reviewed the provisions relating to the financial risk management and polices of the Group. As a result of the review, the directors have concluded that the Group will be able to continue funding its activities through its cash reserves, retained profits and cash flows from ongoing activities.

Financial key performance indicators

The directors consider turnover, profit, cash reserves and net assets to be the key performance indicators for the Group.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

J V Jones

Secretary

Date: 12 October 2022

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2022.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £9,515,429 (2021 - £2,309,714).

Ordinary dividends of £800,000 (2021 - £5,000,000) were declared and paid during the year. The directors do not recommend a final dividend.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were as follows:

Y O Lennon
O T Harrison
J L Eastman (resigned 28 July 2022)
B V Grakal
S O Lennon

L V Eastman was appointed a director on 28 July 2022.

Future developments

The Group will continue to develop opportunities relating to its principal business activities.

Directors and officers' liability insurance

The Group maintains directors' and officers' liability insurance which gives appropriate cover for any legal action brought against its directors in respect of liabilities incurred as a result of their office, to the extent permitted by law. This insurance cover applied throughout the financial year ended 31 January 2022 and through to the date of this report.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, Sopher + Co LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditors 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

J V Jones

Secretary

Date: 12 October 2022

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group and of the profit or loss of the Group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and the Group and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF APPLE CORPS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Apple Corps Limited (the 'parent Company') and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') for the year ended 31 January 2022, which comprise the Group Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Group and Company Statements of Financial Position, the Group Statement of Cash Flows, the Group and Company Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the parent Company's affairs as at 31 January 2022 and of the Group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF APPLE CORPS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group Strategic Report and Directors' Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Group and the parent Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report or the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent Company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the parent Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF APPLE CORPS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Group financial statements

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the Group and the Company through discussions with directors and other management, and from our commercial knowledge and experience of the audio and visual sector;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the Group and the Company, including the Companies Act 2006, taxation legislation and data protection, anti-bribery, employment, environmental and health and safety legislation;
- · we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the Group and the Company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud;
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- · understanding the design of the Group and the Company's remuneration policies.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- · performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias;
 and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims; and

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF APPLE CORPS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

reviewing correspondence with HMRC, relevant regulators and the Company's legal advisors.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' Report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Stephen Iseman FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Sopher + Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors

5 Elstree Gate Elstree Way Borehamwood Hertfordshire WD6 1JD

12 October 2022

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Turnover	14010	~	4
Group and share of joint ventures' turnover		66,212,260	23,373,856
Less: share of joint ventures' turnover		(7,812,532)	(3,792,243)
Group turnover		58,399,728	19,581,613
Cost of sales		(22,272,827)	-
Gross profit		36,126,901	1 9,581,613
Administrative expenses		(26,271,188)	(18,811,046)
Other operating income	5	1,127,800	1,220,600
Operating profit	6	10,983,513	1,991,167
Share of loss of joint ventures		(84,616)	(87,233)
Share of profit of associates		758,713	936,185
Total operating profit		11,657,610	2,840,119
Interest receivable and similar income	10	46,026	25,636
Profit before taxation		11,703,636	2,865,755
Tax on profit	11	(2,188,207)	(556,041)
Profit for the financial year		9,515,429	2,309,714
Currency translation differences		26,053	(45,161)
Total comprehensive income for the year		9,541,482	2,264,553

The notes on pages 13 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

APPLE CORPS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:00764797

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 JANUARY 2022

	Note		2022 £		2021 £
Fixed assets			_		_
Intangible assets	13		-		-
Tangible assets	14		1,528,615		1,591,632
Fixed asset investments	15		1,305,421		1,483,419
			2,834,036		3,075,051
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	16	7,658,158		7,855,779	
Bank and cash balances		49,614,785		23,774,292	
		57,272,943		31,630,071	
Current liabilities					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	17	(35,335,895)		(18,673,507)	
Net current assets			21,937,048		12,956,564
Total assets less current liabilities			24,771,084		16,031,615
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred taxation	18		(217,538)		(219,551)
Net assets			24,553,546		15,812,064
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	19		100		100
Profit and loss account			24,553,446		15,811,964
			24,553,546		15,812,064

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

B V Grakal

Director

Date: 12 October 2022

APPLE CORPS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:00764797

COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 JANUARY 2022

	Note		2022 £		2021 £
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	13		-		-
Tangible assets	14		1,528,615		1,591,632
Investments	15		321,854		321,854
			1,850,469		1,913,486
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	16	6,893,800		7,485,620	
Bank and cash balances		47,887,202		22,902,166	
		54,781,002		30,387,786	
Current liabilities					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	17	(33,588,622)		(17,195,992)	
Net current assets			21,192,380		13,191,794
Net assets			23,042,849		15,105,280
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	19		100		100
Profit and loss account			23,042,749		15,105,180
			23,042,849		15,105,280

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

B V Grakal

Director

Date: 12 October 2022

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account	Total equity £
At 1 February 2020	100	18,547,411	18,547,511
Profit for the year	-	2,309,714	2,309,714
Currency translation differences	-	(45,161)	(45,161)
Dividends: Equity capital	-	(5,000,000)	(5,000,000)
At 1 February 2021	100	15,811,964	15,812,064
Profit for the year	-	9,515,429	9,515,429
Currency translation differences	-	26,053	26,053
Dividends: Equity capital	-	(800,000)	(800,000)
At 31 January 2022	100	24,553,446	24,553,546

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

	Called up share capital	account	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 February 2020	100	17,761,689	17,761,789
Profit for the year	-	2,343,491	2,343,491
Dividends: Equity capital	-	(5,000,000)	(5,000,000)
A. 4.5.1	400	45.405.400	45.405.000
At 1 February 2021	100	15,105,180	15,105,280
Profit for the year	-	8,737,569	8,737,569
Dividends: Equity capital	-	(800,000)	(800,000)
At 31 January 2022	100	23,042,749	23,042,849

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

	2022 £	2021
Cash flows from operating activities	£	£
Profit for the financial year	9,515,429	2,309,714
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of tangible assets	72,063	70,771
Interest received	(46,026)	(25,636)
Taxation charge	2,188,207	556,041
Decrease in debtors	79,899	1,405,155
Increase in creditors	16,026,791	6,735,156
Share of loss of joint ventures	84,616	87,233
Share of profit of associates	(758,713)	(936,185)
Corporation tax paid	(1,295,927)	(738,843)
Foreign exchange	(446,391)	1,514,531
Net cash generated from operating activities	25,419,948	10,977,937
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(9,046)	(12,346)
Interest received	46,026	25,636
Dividends from associates	720,400	832,000
Net cash from investing activities	757,380	845,290
Cash flows from financing activities		
Dividends paid	(800,000)	(5,000,000)
Net cash used in financing activities	(800,000)	(5,000,000)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	25,377,328	6,823,227
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	23,774,292	18,497,542
Foreign exchange gains and losses	463,165	(1,546,477)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	49,614,785	23,774,292
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year comprise:		
Cash at bank and in hand	49,614,785	23,774,292
	49,614,785	23,774,292

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

1. General information

Apple Corps Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in England and Wales with its registered office address at 27 Ovington Square, London, SW3 1LJ.

The Group's principal activities during the year continued to be the exploitation of the audio, visual and ancillary activities relating to The Beatles.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland, and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires group management to exercise judgment in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Basis of consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of Apple Corps Limited and its subsidiary undertakings, drawn up to 31 January each year. No company Statement of Comprehensive Income is presented for Apple Corps Limited as permitted by section 408 of the Companies Act 2006.

Entities in which the Group holds an interest on a long-term basis and are jointly controlled by the Group and one or more other ventures under a contractual agreement are treated as joint ventures.

Entities other than subsidiary undertakings or joint ventures, in which the Group has a participating interest and over whose operating and financial policies the Group exercises a significant influence are treated as associates.

2.3 Associates and joint ventures

In the Group financial statements, interests in associated undertakings and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under this method an equity investment is initially recognised at the transaction price (including transaction costs) and is subsequently adjusted to reflect the investor's share of the profit or loss, other comprehensive income and equity of the investee. The Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income includes the Group's share of the operating results, interest, pre-tax results and attributable taxation of such undertakings applying accounting policies consistent with those of the Group. In the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, the interests in associated undertakings and joint ventures are shown as the Group's share of the identifiable net assets.

2.4 Investments

In the parent Company financial statements investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are accounted for at cost.

The carrying values of fixed asset investments are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Intangible assets

Intangible fixed assets acquired separately from a business are capitalised at cost. They are amortised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful life.

The carrying value of intangible fixed assets is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full year following acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

2.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings - over 50 years

Fixtures, fittings and equipment - over 4 years

Website costs - over 3 years

Freehold land is not depreciated. The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

2.7 Royalty income

Royalty income is accounted for on an accruals basis. Royalty audit claims are not booked as income until amounts arising from such claims are received by the group.

2.8 Returns

No provision is made for any reduction in royalties in subsequent periods as a result of the return of products sold in respect of which royalties would normally have been accounted for during the year. Any reductions are accounted for as a deduction from turnover in subsequent periods.

2.9 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at the transaction price, less any impairment.

2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on sufficient notice agreed in advance.

2.11 Financial instruments

The Group only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.12 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

2.13 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Group's functional and presentational currency is £ Sterling.

Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the Statement of Financial Position date. All differences are taken to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The financial statements of overseas subsidiary undertakings and joint ventures are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the Statement of Financial Position date. The exchange differences arising on the retranslation of opening net assets are recognised in other comprehensive income. All other translation differences are taken to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

2.14 Dividends

Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

2.15 Current and deferred taxation

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Group operates and generates income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the Statement of Financial Position date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less, tax with the following exceptions:

- provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the Statement of Financial Position date, dividends have been accrued as receivable; and
- deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the Statement of Financial Position date.

2.16 Operating leases: the Group as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.17 Affiliated Undertakings

In the financial statements, companies are described as affiliated to Apple Corps Limited if:

- (i) they have the same shareholders or ultimate shareholders as Apple Corps Limited; or
- (ii) the company is owned by one or more of the shareholders of Apple Corps Limited.

2.18 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company contributes to a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.19 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Group a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Group becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the reporting date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of Financial Position.

3. Significant judgements and estimates

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have made judgments to determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the Group's investments. This involved estimation of future cash flows expected to be generated by these investments and the selection of appropriate discount rates in order to calculate the net present value of those cash flows.

4. Group turnover

Turnover represents income derived from the Group's continuing ordinary activities, stated net of value added tax, and is accounted for on an accruals basis.

It is the opinion of the directors that, in view of the nature of the Group's business, the markets in which it operates do not differ substantially from each other and are, therefore, treated as one market for the purposes of disclosing the particulars of turnover in these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

5.	Other operating income		
		2022 £	2021
		1,127,800	£ 1,220,600
	Administration fees receivable	1,127,800	1,220,000
6.	Operating profit		
	This is stated after charging:		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Exchange differences	(523,943)	1,535,634
	Other operating lease rentals	<u>501</u>	899
7.	Auditors' remuneration		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Fees Payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:		_
	Audit-related assurance services	35,000	35,000
	Taxation compliance services	73,620	73,620
		108,620	108,620
			<u> </u>
8.	Directors' remuneration		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Fees	800,000	800,000
	Other emoluments	117,284	60,574
		917,284	860,574
			·

The highest paid director received remuneration of £229,321 (2021 - £215,143).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

9.	Employees				
	Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as followers	lows:			
				Group 2022 £	Group 2021 £
	Wages and salaries			2,944,719	2,616,568
	Social security costs			305,912	265,935
	Cost of defined contribution scheme			32,753	31,672
			=	3,283,384	2,914,175
	The average monthly number of employees, including the	e directors, during the ye	ear was as folk	ows:	
		Group 2022 No.	Group 2021 No.	Company 2022 No.	Company 2021 No.
		15	15	15	15
	Administration				
10.	Interest receivable				
				2022	2021
				£	£
	Bank interest receivable			35,683	24,934
	Other interest			10,343	702
			_	46,026	25,636
			_		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

		2022 £	2021 £
	Corporation tax	4	L
	Current tax on profits for the year	2,212,208	548,149
	Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(1,800)	(731
	Double taxation relief	(11,535)	(8,499
	Foreign tax		
	Foreign tax on income for the year	(23,087)	46,877
	Foreign tax in respect of prior periods	19,505	-
,	Total current tax	2,195,291	585,796
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	(7,084)	(29,755
	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	2,188,207	556,041
	Factors affecting tax charge for the year		
	Factors affecting tax charge for the year The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021 - higher than) the standard rate of corpora 19%). The differences are explained below:	tion tax in the UK of	19% (2021 -
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021 - higher than) the standard rate of corpora	2022	2021
-	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021 - higher than) the standard rate of corpora		
-	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021 - higher than) the standard rate of corpora 19%). The differences are explained below:	2022 £	2021 £ 2,865,755
-	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021 - higher than) the standard rate of corporal 19%). The differences are explained below: Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of	2022 £ 	2021 £
-	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021 - higher than) the standard rate of corpora 19%). The differences are explained below: Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%)	2022 £ 	2021 £ 2,865,755 544,493
- 1 1	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021 - higher than) the standard rate of corporal 19%). The differences are explained below: Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%) Effects of:	2022 £ 11,703,636 2,223,691	2021 £ 2,865,755 544,493 21,079
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021 - higher than) the standard rate of corporation 19%). The differences are explained below: Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2022 £ 11,703,636 = 2,223,691	2021 £ 2,865,755 544,493 21,079 16,188
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021 - higher than) the standard rate of corporal 19%). The differences are explained below: Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation for year in excess of capital allowances	2022 £ 11,703,636 2,223,691 7,662 18,096	2021 £ 2,865,755 544,493 21,079 16,188 4,529
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021 - higher than) the standard rate of corporar 19%). The differences are explained below: Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation for year in excess of capital allowances Overseas tax rate (less)/greater than the UK rate	2022 £ 11,703,636 2,223,691 7,662 18,096 (3,285)	2021 £ 2,865,755 544,493 21,079 16,188 4,529 (731
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021 - higher than) the standard rate of corporation 19%). The differences are explained below: Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation for year in excess of capital allowances Overseas tax rate (less)/greater than the UK rate Prior year (under)/over provision	2022 £ 11,703,636 2,223,691 7,662 18,096 (3,285) 17,705	2021 £ 2,865,755

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

12. Parent company profit for the year

The parent Company has taken advantage of section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not included its own Statement of Comprehensive Income in these financial statements. The parent Company's profit for the year was £8,737,569 (2021 - £2,343,491).

13. Intangible assets

Group and Company

	Trademarks
	£
Cost	
At 1 February 2021	518,068
At 31 January 2022	518,068
Amortisation	
At 1 February 2021	518,068
At 31 January 2022	518,068
Net book value	
At 31 January 2022	
At 31 January 2021	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

14. Tangible fixed assets

Group and Company

	Freehold property	Fixtures and fittings	Other fixed assets	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 February 2021	2,309,558	301,167	30,518	2,641,243
Additions	-	9,046	-	9,046
At 31 January 2022	2,309,558	310,213	30,518	2,650,289
Depreciation				
At 1 February 2021	777,795	241,298	30,518	1,049,611
Charge for the year on owned assets	36,092	35,971		72,063
At 31 January 2022	813,887	277,269	30,518	1,121,674
Net book value				
At 31 January 2022	1,495,671	32,944	<u> </u>	1,528,615
At 31 January 2021	1,531,763	59,869	<u> </u>	1,591,632

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

15. Fixed asset investments

Group

	Investments in associates	Investments in joint ventures	Total £
	£	Z.	£
Cost			
At 1 February 2021	956,452	526,967	1,483,419
Foreign exchange movement	-	12,174	12, 17 4
Dividends received	(720,400)	-	(720,400)
Share of profit/(loss)	614,844	(84,616)	530,228
At 31 January 2022	850,896	454,525	1,305,421
Net book value			
At 31 January 2022	850,896	454,525	1,305,421
At 31 January 2021	956,452	526,967	1,483,419

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

Company			
	Investments in subsidiary companies	Investments in associates	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 February 2021	150,156	171,700	321,856
At 31 January 2022	150,156	171,700	321,856
Impairment			
At 1 February 2021	2	-	2
At 31 January 2022	2		2
Net book value			
At 31 January 2022	150,154	171,700	321,854
At 31 January 2021	150,154	171,700	321,854

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

Subsidiary undertakings and participating interests

The following were direct subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Registered office	Principal activity	Holding
Apple Corps Inc.	USA	Intermediate holding company	100 %
Apple Show Inc.	USA	Intermediate holding company	100 %
Python Music Limited	UK	Dormant	100 %
Apple Films Production Limited	UK	Film Production	100 %

All shareholdings are ordinary shares or common stock.

Indirect subsidiary undertakings

The following were indirect subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Registered office	Principal activity	Holding
Apple Records Inc. (California)	USA	Exploitation of musical copyrights	100 %
Apple Records Inc. (New York)	USA	Dormant	100 %
Apple Music Publishing Company Inc.	USA	Dormant	100 %
Apple Films Inc.	USA	Exploitation of film copyrights	

Associates

The following were associates of the Company:

Name	Principal activity	Class of shares	Holding
Maclen (Music) Limited+	Holding company	'C' ordinary shares	20 %
Maclen Joint Limited+	Exploitation of music rights	Ordinary shares	″ 20 %
Subafilms Limited+	Marketing, production and distribution of films	Ordinary shares	23.9 %

Maclen Joint Limited is held by an associated undertaking.

+ Year ended 31 December 2021

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

Joint ventures

The following were joint ventures of the Company:

Name	Registered office	Principal activity	Holding
The Cirque Apple Creation Partnership+		Creation of musical performances	50 %
Cirque Apple Las Vegas, L.L.C.*+	USA	Producing and presenting live shows	50 %

⁺ Year ended 31 December 2021

The address of The Cirque Apple Creation Partnership is 27 Ovington Square, London SW3 1LJ.

The principal place of business of Cirque Apple Las Vegas, L.L.C. is 1151 Grier Drive, Suite C, Las Vegas, Nevada 89119, USA.

16. Debtors

	Group 2022 £	Group 2021 £	Company 2022 £	Company 2021 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	•	1,165	3,193,137
Amounts owed by joint ventures and associated undertakings	703,194	658,083	447,620	519,833
Other debtors	449,073	919,067	149,796	288,617
Prepayments and accrued income	6,505,891	6,278,629	6,295,219	3,484,033
	7,658,158	7,855,779	6,893,800	7,485,620

17. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	Group	Group	Company	Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£	£	£	£
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-	2,610,044	703
Amounts owed to associated undertakings	1,057,971	1,078,037	25,332	45,398
Amounts owed to affiliated undertakings	366,257	361,429	-	-
Corporation tax	638,598	-	692,908	-
Other taxation and social security	46,375	43,773	46,375	43,773
Accruals and deferred income	33,226,694	17,190,268	30,213,963	17,106,118
	35,335,895	18,673,507	33,588,622	<u>17,195,992</u>

^{*} Held by a subsidiary undertaking.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

18. Deferred taxation

At beginning of year
Released to profit or loss
Foreign exchange movement

At end of year

Group

	~
2	219,551
	(7,084)
	5,071
2	217,538

2022

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	217,538	219,551

19. Share capital

	2022 £	2021 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid	_	_
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

20. Contingent liabilities

The Group and Company are involved in various disputes in the ordinary course of business and, as at 31 January 2022, the directors are of the opinion that none of the claims or disputes of which they are aware will result in a material loss to the Group or Company.

21. Pension commitments

The Company contributes to a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £32,753 (2021 - £31,672).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

22. Related party transactions

Amounts charged to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income include aggregate fees of £5,307,750 each (2021 - £3,162,500) payable to the beneficial shareholders (Sir JP McCartney, Sir R Starkey, Mrs YO Lennon and Mrs OT Harrison) and their related companies in connection with the provision of promotional services and name and likeness rights. At the Statement of Financial Position date, the Group owed £15,693,400 (2021 - £4,762,400) to the shareholders and their related companies.

During the year, the Company paid dividends of £200,000 (2021 - £1,250,000) to Mrs Y O Lennon, a director of the Company.

23. Key management compensation

During the year, the Company paid compensation of £2,507,906 (2021 - £2,235,969) to its key management personnel.

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