Report and Financial Statements

17 month period ended 31 December 2012



04/06/2013 **COMPANIES HOUSE**

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 17 MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

CONTENTS	Page
Officers and professional advisers	1
Directors' report	2
Directors' responsibilities statement	4
Independent auditor's report	6
Profit and loss account	7
Statement of total recognised gains and losses	7
Balance sheet	8
Notes to the financial statements	0

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 17 MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

W J Rusga

(Chairman)

S F Riddell

(Vice Chairman)

N Tweddle

(Managing Director)

C G Conyers

Sir Simon Day

D A Greenwell

M D Horne

Lady A B Wakeham

G Rance

D J Q Greenweli

C J Billingham

D Mitchell (Appointed 11th April 2013)

SECRETARY

C G Conyers

REGISTERED OFFICE

Planet Place

Kıllıngworth

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE12 6DY

BANKERS

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc

31 Grey Street

Newcastle upon Tyne

NEI 6ES

SOLICITORS

Dickinson Dees LLP

St Ann's Wharf

112 Quayside

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE99 1SB

AUDITOR

Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditor

Newcastle upon Tyne

NEI 2HF

DIRECTORS' REPORT

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2012

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Godfrey Syrett (Holdings) Limited

The principal activities of the group are the design, manufacture and sale of office and educational furniture in the UK. There have not been any significant changes in the group's principal activities in the period under review and the directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any major changes in the group's activities in the medium to long term future

While the office furniture market continues to be very competitive the directors are pleased to report that the group has been able to grow sales pro rata by 5% and improve gross margin to 24 5%. Distribution costs increased on the previous year due almost entirely to the impact of a particularly difficult contract which was successfully completed during the period but disguised the improvements delivered by bringing the transport function in house

Taking the above into consideration, net operating margin reduced to 7 8% and with broadly unchanged administrative costs the resulting pro rata operating profit was maintained with the previous period

The Directors view management of working capital as critical to success and long term future viability. Calculated by comparing the sum of stock and debtors as a percentage of pro rata revenue, the directors are pleased to report that this has reduced from 29 0% to 26 2% with improved credit control contributing to the improvement. Raw material and work in progress were generally stable over the period and management are confident that this improvement will be maintained.

The group continues to invest in product design and development of new products and during the period successfully launched several new ranges. The directors regard such investment as an essential factor in its continuing success in the medium and longer term.

The balance sheet on page 7 of the financial statements shows the group's financial position at the year end There have been no significant events since the date of the balance sheet

There have been no significant events since the date of the balance sheet

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Competitive pressure in the UK and risk of non-payment are the major continuing risks for the business. Wherever possible the business tries to differentiate from its competitors by providing added value services to its customers, a one stop shop service and by maintaining strong relationships with customers.

By focusing on working capital management the company has established significant financial resources and also has additional unutilised overdraft facilities. Previously the business reported that there had been a change in the customer mix with the business being less exposed to the public sector however to counter the increased exposure to the risk of possible non-payment the business continues to insure all main debts.

Current trading is strong and coupled with a solid order book and a robust prospect pipeline the directors believe that the business is well placed to manage its business risks despite the current economic uncertainty

All sales are made within the UK and there is minimal foreign exchange exposure. However, the company does import some product from the Far East and where necessary minimises exchange risk by entering into currency forward contracts.

There is no interest rate exposure

The directors have a strong expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern bases in preparing the annual report and accounts. Further detail is set out in note 1 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FUTURE PROSPECTS

It is essential that the business is not dependant on any one sector or customer. With the GSE (Godfrey Syrett Education) division now established, sales of residential furniture hitting target and the sales of office furniture operating across several market sectors the dependency on a particular sector is minimised. The prospect pipeline for the GSE Division remains encouraging and we envisage that this will provide strong growth opportunities over the next few years.

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES

The company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the year and remain in force at the date of this report

DIVIDENDS AND TRANSFERS TO RESERVES

The results for the year are shown in the profit and loss account on page 6

During the period the total dividends paid were £31 45 per ordinary share (2011 £20 368) After dividend, a reduction in shareholders' funds of £368,461 has been transferred out of reserves (2011 reduction in shareholders' funds of £163,558 transferred out of reserves)

DIRECTORS

The directors who served throughout the year and since were as follows

D A Greenwell

Sir Simon Day

Lady A B Wakeham

C G Conyers

W J Rusga

S F Riddell

G Rance

N Tweddle

M D Horne

D J Q Greenwell

(Appointed 10 October 2011)

C J Billingham

(Appointed 26 January 2012)

AUDITOR

Each of the persons who are a director of the company as at the date of this report, confirms that

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- b) each director has taken all reasonable steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of S418 of the Companies Act 2006

Deloitte LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office as auditor and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

C G Conyers Director

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Date 25 18 April 2013

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures
 disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF GODFREY SYRETT LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Godfrey Syrett Limited for the 17 month period ended 31 December 2012 which comprise of the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of total recognised gains and losses and the related notes 1 to 24. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its profit for the 17 month period then ended,
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

David Williamson FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Newcastle upon Tyne, UK

Date 8th May 2013

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT 17 month period ended 31 December 2012

	Notes	17 month period ended 31 December 2012 £	Year ended 31 July 2011 £
TURNOVER Cost of sales	2	37,564,056 (28,416,996)	25,099,496 (19,199,013)
Gross Profit		9,147,060	5,900,483
Distribution costs		(6,234,713)	(3,762,831)
Administrative expenses		(1,760,280)	(1,256,696)
		(7,994,993)	(5,019,527)
OPERATING PROFIT		1,152,067	880,956
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	3 4	5,451 (77,393)	19,460 (22,719)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	5	1,080,125	877,697
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	(249,119)	(257,085)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	10, 20	831,006	620,612

All the above results derive from continuing activities in the United Kingdom

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

There are no recognised gains and losses for the current period or preceding financial year other than as stated in the profit and loss account

BALANCE SHEET At 31 December 2012

Notes	ecember 2012 £	31 July 2011 £
FIXED ASSETS		
Intangible assets	10,000	10,000
Tangible assets 12 1,	746,161	1,709,348
Investments 13	109,008	109,008
·	865,169	1,828,356
CURRENT ASSETS		
	238,470	2,152,362
	733,016	5,460,444
Cash at bank and in hand	15,432	184,167
6,	986,918	7,796,973
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year 16 (4,	654,751)	(4,989,532)
NET CURRENT ASSETS 2,	332,167	2,807,441
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES 4,	197,336	4,635,797
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more		
	861,670)	(1,861,670)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES 18	<u>-</u>	(70,000)
NET ASSETS 2,	335,666	2,704,127
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		
Called up share capital 19	38,500	38,500
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	297,166	2,665,627
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 10 2,	335,666	2,704,127

The financial statements of Godfrey Syrett Limited, registered number 751094 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25th April 2013.

C G Conyers Director

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. A summary of principal accounting policies adopted is set out below. All have been applied consistently throughout the current period and prior year.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention

Going concern

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development,

performance and position are set out in the Directors Report on page 2

The company's forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, show that the company should be able to operate within the level of its resources. The banking facility was subject to renewal at the end of March 2013, and the bank have offered renewal terms which have been accepted by the company

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern bases in preparing the annual report and accounts

Basis of consolidation

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare and deliver consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of the directors the company is eligible for this exemption on the grounds that it is a subsidiary undertaking

Accordingly these financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not as a group. They are included in the consolidated financial statements of Godfrey Syrett (Holdings) Limited, a company registered in England and Wales (see note 24).

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods supplied by the company net of trade discounts and value added tax. Turnover is recognised when goods are received by the customer. Where payments are received from customers in advance of services provided, the amounts are recorded as Deferred Income and included as part of Creditors due within one year.

Intangible assets - Licenses

Licenses are included at cost and are not amortised where the company retains the rights for an indefinite renewal of the legal right

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided on assets, on a reducing balance or straight line basis at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold land

No depreciation

Freehold buildings

2%

Plant and machinery

15%

Fixtures and fittings

between 15% and 50%

Motor vehicles

25%

Stock

Stock and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

Cost includes all direct expenditure and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less all further costs to completion and all relevant marketing, selling and distribution costs.

Leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to profit and loss in equal amounts over the lease term

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available to subsidiary undertakings in FRS1 (revised 1996) "Cash Flow Statements" not to disclose a cash flow statement or associated notes

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax balances are non-discounted

2. TURNOVER

All turnover and pre-tax profits originate in the United Kingdom All net assets are located in the United Kingdom

The directors believe that all turnover is in one business segment

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

		17 month period ended 31 December 2012 £	Year ended 31 July 2011 £
	Bank interest	5,451	19,460
4.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		17 month period ended 31 December 2012 £	Year ended 31 July 2011 £
	Bank overdraft charges	77,393	22,719
5.	PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		
		17 month period ended 31 December 2012 £	Year ended 31 July 2011 £
	This is stated after charging	_	_
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets owned Rentals under operating leases	263,325	147,779
	Other operating leases The analysis of auditor's remuneration is as follows	256,157	187,249
	,	17 month period ended 31 December 2012 £	Year ended 31 July 2011 £
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's statutory accounts	18,500	18,500
	Total audit fees	18,500	18,500
	Fees payable to the company's auditor in respect of tax services	3,300	3,300
	Total non-audit fees	3,300	3,300

6. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

17 month period ended 31 December 2012 £	
Emoluments 575,548	342,128
Pension contributions 31,160	22,000
606,708	364,128
Emoluments of highest paid director	
Emoluments 144,073	97,524
Pension contributions 25,500	18,000
169,573	115,524

Two directors are a member of the defined contribution pension scheme (2011 two)

7. STAFF COSTS AND EMPLOYEES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS)

	17 month period ended 31 December 2012 £	Year ended 31 July 2011 £
Wages and salaries	8,708,824	5,934,939
Social security costs	961,863	571,198
Other pension costs (note 22)	24,667	26,061
	9,695,354	6,532,198
The average weekly number of employees during the period/year was		
	No.	No.
Office and management	38	38
Production and sales	170	157
	208	195

8. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

a) Analysis of charge in the period/year

Current tax	17 month period ended 31 December 2012 £	Year ended 31 July 2011 £
United Kingdom Corporation tax at 24 94% (2011 27 33%) based		
on the profit for the year	265,521	272,163
Adjustments in respect of prior year	6,066	(9,493)
Deferred tax	271,587	262,670
Timing differences, origination and reversal	(2,243)	(13,105)
Adjustment in respect of prior years	(22,729)	7,075
Effect of changes in tax rate	2,504	445
	(22,468)	(5,585)
Total tax on profit on ordinary activities	249,119	257,085
b) Factors affecting tax charge for the current period/year		
	17 month period ended 31 December 2012 £	Year ended 31 July 2011 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	period ended 31 December 2012	31 July 2011
Profit on ordinary activities before tax Tax at 24 94% (2011 27 33%) thereon	period ended 31 December 2012 £	31 July 2011 £
Tax at 24 94% (2011 27 33%) thereon Effects of	period ended 31 December 2012 £ 1,080,125	31 July 2011 £ 877,697
Tax at 24 94% (2011 27 33%) thereon	period ended 31 December 2012 £ 1,080,125	31 July 2011 £ 877,697
Tax at 24 94% (2011 27 33%) thereon Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	period ended 31 December 2012 £ 1,080,125 269,386	31 July 2011 £ 877,697 239,875
Tax at 24 94% (2011 27 33%) thereon Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Change in tax rate	period ended 31 December 2012 £ 1,080,125 269,386	31 July 2011 £ 877,697 239,875
Tax at 24 94% (2011 27 33%) thereon Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Change in tax rate Adjustments in respect of prior years	period ended 31 December 2012 £ 1,080,125 269,386	31 July 2011 £ 877,697 239,875 7,955 33,132
Tax at 24 94% (2011 27 33%) thereon Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Change in tax rate	period ended 31 December 2012 £ 1,080,125 269,386 6,645 4,834 (2,592)	31 July 2011 £ 877,697 239,875 7,955 33,132 (7,919)

The Finance Act 2012, which provides for a reduction in the main rate of UK corporation tax to 23% effective from 1 April 2013 was enacted on 17 July 2012. As this rate was substantively enacted prior to 31 December 2012, it has been reflected in the deferred tax asset at 31 December 2012.

The UK Government has also indicated that it intends to enact further reductions in the main tax rate to 21% from 1 April 2014 and 20% from 1 April 2015. These changes to the main tax rate have not been substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date, and, therefore, are not included in these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9 DIVIDENDS PAID AND PROPOSED

		2012 £	2011 £
	Ordinary Shares	~	•
	Interim paid - £22 87 per ordinary share (2011 £31 55)	1,199,467	784,170
10	STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES		
			Profit and loss account
	At 1 August 2011 Profit for the 17 month period Dividends paid		2,665,627 831,006 (1,199,467)
	At 31 December 2012		2,297,166
11.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS		
			Licenses £
	Cost At 1 August 2011 & 31 December 2012		10,000

12. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Freehold land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and Fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
1,369,137	2,102,021	749,180	62,925	4,283,263
30,112	148,492	87,284	34,250	300,138
1,399,249	2,250,513	836,464	97,175	4,583,401
144,000	1,755,536	613,441	60,938	2,573,915
18,326	168,602	68,211	8,186	263,325
162,326	1,924,138	681,652	69,124	2,837,240
1,236,923	326,375	154,812	28,051	1,746,161
1,225,137	346,485	135,739	1,987	1,709,348
	1,369,137 30,112 1,399,249 144,000 18,326 162,326	land and buildings £ 2,102,021 30,112 148,492 1,399,249 2,250,513 144,000 1,755,536 18,326 168,602 1,236,923 326,375	land and buildings Plant and machinery and Fittings 1,369,137 2,102,021 749,180 30,112 148,492 87,284 1,399,249 2,250,513 836,464 144,000 1,755,536 613,441 18,326 168,602 68,211 162,326 1,924,138 681,652 1,236,923 326,375 154,812	land and buildings Plant and machinery and fittings Motor vehicles 1,369,137 2,102,021 749,180 62,925 30,112 148,492 87,284 34,250 1,399,249 2,250,513 836,464 97,175 144,000 1,755,536 613,441 60,938 18,326 168,602 68,211 8,186 162,326 1,924,138 681,652 69,124 1,236,923 326,375 154,812 28,051

Included in freehold land and buildings is land at cost of £504,223 (2011 £504,223) that is not depreciated

13. INVESTMENTS HELD AS FIXED ASSETS

Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less any provision for impairment

	At 31 December 2012	At 31 July 2011
	£	£
Shares in subsidiaries at cost	109,008	109,008

The following are wholly owned subsidiaries of Godfrey Syrett Limited

Company name	Activity
Peal Furniture (Durham) Limited	Dormant
Lodge Contracts (1984) Limited	Dormant
Vinyl Master (Northumbria) Limited	Dormant
Hillfield Securities (Wembley) Limited	Dormant
Peal Equipment Limited	Dormant
Herlacross Limited	Dormant
Martock Investments Limited	Dormant

The principal business address for the above companies is Planet Place, Killingworth, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, NE12 6DY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14.	STOCK

14. STOCK		
	At 31 December 2012 £	At 31 July 2011 £
Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	906,449 132,509 1,199,512	851,193 134,515 1,166,654
	2,238,470	2,152,362
15. DEBTORS		
	At 31 December 2012 £	At 31 July 2011
Trade debtors Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income Deferred tax assets	4,462,208 20,172 221,789 28,847	5,350,795 40,800 62,470 6,379
	4,733,016	5,460,444
Deferred taxation		
	At 31 December 2012 £	At 31 July 2011 £
Movement in period/year		
Opening asset Credit to profit and loss account	6,379 22,468	794 5,585
Closing asset	28,847	6,379
The amount of deferred tax provided in the financial statements is as follows		
	At 31 December 2012 £	At 31 July 2011 £
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Short term timing differences	3,515 25,332	(1,134) 7,513
	28,847	6,379

16. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

At 31 December 2012 £	At 31 July 2011 £
694,708	•
•	2,861,537
	272,162
370,981	916,961
-	73,401
663,015	865,471
4,654,751	4,989,532
	December 2012 £ 694,708 2,654,461 271,586 370,981 663,015

Bank overdrafts are secured by a fixed and floating charge on the company's assets

17. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	At 31 December 2012 £	At 31 July 2011 £
Amount owed to parent undertaking Amount owed to subsidiary undertakings	35,527 1,826,143	35,527 1,826,143
	1,861,670	1,861,670

The amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free and are repayable after more than one year

18. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	Other £
At 1 August 2011 Utilised	(70,000) 70,000
At 31 December 2012	-

Other provisions reflected an estimate of obligations relating to the company's premises

19. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

19.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL				
				At 31 December 2012 £	At 31 July 2011 £
	Called up, allotted and fully paid 38,500 Ordinary shares of £1 each			38,500	38,500
	•				
20.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS	IN SHAREHOLD	ERS' FUNDS		
				At 31 December 2012 £	At 31 July 2011 £
	Profit for the financial year			831,006	620,612
	Dividends paid and proposed			(1,199,467)	(784,170)
	Net reduction in shareholders' funds			(368,461)	(163,558)
	Opening shareholders' funds			2,704,127	2,867,685
	Closing shareholders' funds			2,335,666	2,704,127
21.	FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS				
	Annual commitments under non-cancellable	operating leases ar	e as follows		
		Land and buildings 2012 £	Other 2012 £	Land and buildings 2011	Other 2011 £
	Leases which expire				
	Within one year	750	123,751	1,542	35,620
	Within two to five years		213,533	-	77,027
		750	337,284	1,542	112,647

22. PENSION SCHEMES

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme The assets of the scheme are invested and held separately from those of the company

In addition the company operates three other minor schemes where defined contributions are paid to insurance companies. The payments made were £24,667 in the period (2011 £26,061)

23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the period the company incurred management charges from Genner Trust Limited, a company of which Lady Wakeham is a director, amounting to £164,840 (2011 £203,475) At the financial period end £Nil (2011 £Nil) was due to Genner Trust Limited

Included within other debtors is an amount of £19,187 (2011 £40,800) due from Godfrey Syrett (Holdings) Limited Pension Fund During the period the company made pension payments of £6,773 (2011 £45,772) on behalf of the pension fund, and had receipts of £28,386 (2011 £41,900) from the pension fund All transactions are at arm's length

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available in Financial Reporting Standard No 8 "Related Party Disclosures", not to disclose transactions with entities that are part of the same group

24. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling entity is Godfrey Syrett (Holdings) Limited, a company registered in England and Wales Godfrey Syrett (Holdings) Limited is the smallest and largest group which includes the company and for which consolidated financial statements are prepared

Copies of the consolidated financial statements of Godfrey Syrett (Holdings) Limited may be obtained from the Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ