# ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021



#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** 

Mark Gardiner

Robert Grant Thomas Weldon

**Company secretary** 

Sinead Martin

Registered number

00734421

Registered office

20 Vauxhall Bridge Road

London SW1V 2SA

Independent auditor

**KPMG LLP** 

15 Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5GL

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#### STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### Introduction

The directors present their Strategic Report for Penguin Random House Limited ("the Company" or "PRHL") for the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### **Principal activities**

The Company acts as the intermediate holding company for entities under the Penguin Random House Group, except for those entities within the United States of America. The principal activity of the Company's subsidiaries continues to be publishing, warehousing and the distribution of books. The Company is also the holding company for several dormant entities.

#### Review of the business

The results and financial position of the Company are set out in the attached financial statements. As a result of higher dividends received the Company made a profit for the financial year of £ 194,560,939 (2020 - loss £ 5,714,683).

#### Financial key performance indicators

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the Company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using KPI's is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The Company is subject to risk management procedures and an annual risk assessment implemented by the ultimate parent Company, Bertelsmann SE & Co. KGaA. The Company's key risk consists of falling portfolio valuations and a lack of exit opportunities with its investments, resulting in the need to impair the carrying value of these investments. These risks are addressed through a standardized investment process and continuous monitoring of investments' performance by management. Another principal risk of the Company is that of potential mistakes when selecting investments and allocating investment funds. This risk is limited by means of strict investment criteria and processes. Integration processes are monitored by management on an ongoing basis to ensure the expected levels of costs and synergies materialize.

#### COVID-19

The safety of our employees is a major concern for us and the Company has implemented a comprehensive program of employee safety management and communication through each developing stage in the fight against this global pandemic. We follow governmental advice on safe working conditions and good business practice.

The directors of the Company do not see COVID-19 impacting their view that the Company will continue to operate as a going concern through 2022 and the foreseeable future.

#### STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### Directors' statement of compliance with duty to promote the success of the Company

The Directors of the Company must act in accordance with a set of general duties, as detailed in section 172 of the UK Companies Act 2006, summarised as follows:

'A director of a Company must act in the way they consider, in good faith, would be most likely to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of its shareholders as a whole and, in doing so have regard (amongst other matters) to:

- the likely consequences of any decisions in the long-term;
- the interest of the Company's employees;
- the need to foster the Company's business relationships with suppliers, customers and others;
- the impact of the Company's operations on the community and environment;
- the desirability of the Company maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct; and
- the need to act fairly as between the shareholders of the Company.

The directors fulfil these duties as follows:

#### The interest of the Company's employees

The board recognises that employees are central to the long-term success of the Company. The Company systematically provides employees with information on matters of concern to them, consulting them or their representatives regularly, so that their views can be taken into account when making decisions that are likely to affect their interests. Employee involvement in the Company is encouraged, as achieving a common awareness on the part of all employees of the financial and economic factors affecting the Company plays a major role in maintaining its prosperity. The Company encourages the involvement of employees by means of regular meetings with staff and staff representatives to keep them informed of the Company's progress. The Company is committed to employment policies, which follow best practice, based on equal opportunities for all employees, irrespective of sex, race, colour, disability or sexual orientation.

#### Business relationships with suppliers, customers and others

The directors appreciate the importance of fostering business relationships with key stakeholders, such as customers and suppliers, and focus on the maintenance and growth of these relationships in their decision-making and strategic planning. The Company employs dedicated relationship managers to foster these relationships which also ensures the board has a high degree of visibility to take stakeholder considerations into account.

#### Community and environment

The Company's approach is to use its position of strength to ensure it is an asset to the communities and people with which it interacts. The board ensures significant consideration is given to the impact of the Company's operations on the community and environment in their decision-making. The Company strives to create positive change in reducing the environmental impact of its businesses and to meet the highest level of health and safety and environmental standards, whilst maintaining effective and continuing business practices.

#### STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### PRH Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting Disclosure 2021

UK Greenhouse gas emissions and energy use data for the period 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021. The previous year 2020 have been included to demonstrate Penguin Random House's commitment to reducing their energy use and greenhouse gas emissions.

**Energy Consumption -** Green Electricity – PRH made the decision to purchase electricity from Renewable Resources from October 2018 onwards.

	2020	2021
Total Energy Consumption kWh	10,962,570	9,994,580
Total Electricity Procurement		5,314,610
kWh	5,959,860	
Percentage "Green Electricity".	100%	100%
Total Heat Procurement in kWh	4,809,220	4,446,640
Primary Energy Consumption in	193,490	233,330
kWh		

#### In 2021

- Penguin Random House UK Facilities replace end of life lighting with LED lights as standard practice reducing usage year on year.
- Installed Solar PV panels on the roof of one of the Distribution Centres. This is predicted to provide 13.5% of that site's total electricity usage.
- Due to the Covid 19 Virus Penguin Random House employee travel and commuting increased slightly but was still not as high as in pre pandemic years.
- There are noticeably higher emissions in scope 3 in 2021, this is due to higher CO2 factors for paper suppliers, distribution packaging, and transport.

#### **Targets**

Penguin Random House UK is committed to managing environmental issues effectively across our entire value chain. We have set three key targets for the future. The details of these are outlined in the PRH Sustainability Policy:

### https://www.penguin.co.uk/content/dam/company-pages/sustainabilityhub/Spring 21 Penguin Sustainability Policy.pdf

- **Zero by 30:** reduce our carbon footprint to become climate neutral in our direct operations by 2021, and in our wider supply chain by 2030
- Sustainable sourcing: ensure 100% of our paper and other core materials are ethically and sustainably sourced
- Content: use the power of our brand, books and authors to amplify the climate emergency and encourage positive behaviour change

# STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# PRH Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting Disclosure 2021 (continued)

Site related emissions	unit	2020n	2021	D
Scope 1 Stationary Fuels	t CO2e	21	32	52%
Scope 1 Refrigerant Losses	t CO2e	141	36	-74%
Scope 2 Electricity	t CO2e	-	-	-
Scope 2 Heat	t CO2e	982	1,178	20%
Total	t CO2e	1,144	1,246	9%

Employee related emissions	unit	2020n	2021	D
Scope 1 Mobile Fuels	t CO2e	32	33	3%
Scope 3 Business Travel	t CO2e	55	82	49%
Scope 3 Employee Commuting	t CO2e	1,018	1,413	39%
Scope 3 IT Devices	t CO2e	499	229	-54%
Scope 3 Office Paper	t CO2e	43	37	-14%
Total	t CO2e	1,647	1,794	9%

Product related emissions	unit	2020n	2021	D
Scope 3 Paper Manufacture	t CO2e	14,412	21,284	48%
Scope 3 Printers / Print Materials	t CO2e	11,163	14,059	26%
Scope 3 CD/DVD Manufacturing	t CO2e	-	65	-
Scope 3 Warehouse Services	t CO2e	<u>-</u>	461	-
Scope 3 Transport	t CO2e	5,832	9,278	59%
Paper Mill to Printer	t CO2e	2,365	3,645	54%
Other Materials to Printer	t CO2e	-	-	
Printer to Warehouse	t CO2e	2,114	4,070	92%
Distribution (Delivery & Returns)	t CO2e	1,353	1,563	16%
Scope 3 Packaging & Transport				
Materials	t CO2e		785	_ <b>-</b>
Scope 3 Video Production	t CO2e	-	_	_
Total before consolidation	t CO2e	31,407	45,932	46%

Other Scope 3 Emissions	unit	2020n	2021	D
Scope 3 Waste	t CO2e	83	168	102%
Scope 3 Energy related emissions	t CO2e	125	151	21%
Scope 3 End of Life (product				-1%
waste)	t CO2e	900	889	-170
Total	t CO2e	1,108	1,208	9%
Total Emissions	t CO2e	35,306	50,180	42%

# STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### PRH Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting Disclosure 2021 (continued)

Total Emissions	unit	2020n	2021	D
Scope 1	t CO2e	194	101	-48%
Scope 2	t CO2e	982	1,178	20%
thereof heat	t CO2e	982	1,178	20%
Scope 3	t CO2e	34,131	48,901	43%
Sum S1+S2+S3	t CO2e	35,306	50.181	42%

Intensity Ratio	Unit	2020	2021	D	
Tonnes of CO2e per £M Revenue	t CO2e	63.99	96.87	51%	

### **Reporting Methodology**

We have followed the UK BEIS (Department Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy) 2019 guidance. The energy and emission figures provided are taken from Bertelsmann's "Green Screen", this a Bertelsmann owned internal recording application used by all companies within the Bertelsmann Group including Penguin Random House UK. All conversions are completed using government guidance ratios and the scopes 1, 2 and 3 are as outlined by BEIS guidance pages 50 and 51.

# STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### **Shareholders**

The board recognises the importance of regular and open dialogue with the shareholders and the need to ensure the strategy and goals of the Company are effectively communicated to them. Feedback on these plans and objectives is welcomed by the directors and major business decisions are made closely and with the approval of the shareholders.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

Mark Gardiner

Director

Date: 6 July 2022

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £194,560,939 (2020 - loss £5,714,683).

No dividends were paid during the year (2020 - none).

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors consider to be appropriate given the following considerations.

The directors considered the operating nature of the entity and consider that the Company will have sufficient funds through funding from its ultimate parent Bertelsmann SE & Co. KGaA to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period.

Those forecasts are dependent on Bertelsmann SE & Co. KGaA not seeking repayment of the amounts currently due to the group and providing additional financial support during that period. Bertelsmann SE & Co. KGaA has indicated its intention to continue to make available such funds as are needed by the Company, and that it does not intend to seek repayment of the amounts due at the balance sheet date, for the period covered by the forecasts. As with any Company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

Consequently, the directors are confident that the Company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial.

Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in Note 2 to the financial statements.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year were:

Mark Gardiner Robert Grant Thomas Weldon

#### **Future developments**

The directors do not anticipate any significant changes in the activities of the Company.

#### Financial instruments

It is the Company's policy to implement financial risk management objectives and policies, for each major type of forecasted transaction for which hedge accounting is used. The directors consider the entity's exposure to price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk as not significant.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

#### **Auditor**

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, KPMG LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditor 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

Mark Gardiner

Director

Date: 6 July 2022

20 Vauxhall Bridge Road

London SW1V 2SA

#### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PENGUIN RANDOM HOUSE LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of PENGUIN RANDOM HOUSE LIMITED ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account and Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 2.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the Company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

#### Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the directors' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty
  related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's
  ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the Company will continue in operation.

#### Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations - ability to detect

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included enquiring of directors and inspection of policy documentation as to the Penguin Random House Limited's ("PRHL") policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud that apply to this group

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PENGUIN RANDOM HOUSE LIMITED

company as well as enquiring whether the directors have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.

As required by auditing standards, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because there are no revenue transactions. We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We performed procedures including identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included those posted by specific users, those posted including specific words in their descriptions and those posted to unusual accounts.

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement related to compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussion with the directors (as required by auditing standards), and discussed with the directors the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

The company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies legislation), distributable profits legislation and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

This company is not subject to other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements.

Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

#### Strategic report and directors' report

The directors are responsible for the strategic report and the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the strategic report and the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- · we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PENGUIN RANDOM HOUSE LIMITED

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

#### Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities

#### The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

David Arnold (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5GL

7 July 2022

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Administrative expenses		(201,670)	(479,800)
Operating loss	4	(201,670)	(479,800)
Income from shares in group undertakings	6	271,936,679	105,947
Amounts written off investments	7	(59,963,000)	(5,573,117)
Gain recognised on disposal of investments		-	9,937,695
Interest receivable and similar income	8	454,956	17,935,026
Interest payable and similar expenses	9 .	(19,252,896)	(29,427,498)
Profit/(loss) before tax		192,974,069	(7,501,747)
Tax on profit/(loss)	. 10	1,586,870	1,787,064
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		194,560,939	(5,714,683)

#### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

		Note	2021 £	2020 £
Profit/(loss) for the financial year			194,560,939	(5,714,683)
Other comprehensive income	•			
Total comprehensive income for the year	•		194,560,939	(5,714,683)

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2021 or 2020 other than those included in the profit and loss account.

# PENGUIN RANDOM HOUSE LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 00734421

#### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note		2021 £	,	2020 £
Fixed assets	•				
Investments	11		642,171,289		702,134,289
		. <i>'</i>	642,171,289		702,134,289
Current assets				•	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	12	122,035,034		3,701,478	
Cash at bank and in hand		•		1,717,132	
Sp. St. Communication of the C		122,035,034		5,418,610	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(20,677,095)		(158,584,610)	•
Net current assets/(liabilities)			101,357,939		(153,166,000
Total assets less current liabilities			743,529,228		548,968,289
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14		(200,446,190)	,	(200,446,190)
Net assets			543,083,038		348,522,099
Capital and reserves		·			
Called up share capital	1	16	75,400,000	D .	75,400,000
Share premium account	1	7	20,400,54	6	20,400,546
Profit and loss account	1	17	447,282,492	2	252,721,553
	•	•	543,083,03	- 8	348,522,099
				=	

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

**Mark Gardiner** 

Director

Date: 6 July 2022

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Called up share capital £	Share premium account £	Profit and loss account £	Total equity
At 1 January 2020	75,400,000	20,400,546	258,436,236	354,236,782
Comprehensive income for the year Loss for the year	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(5,714,683)	(5,714,683)
At 1 January 2021	75,400,000	20,400,546	252,721,553	348,522,099
Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year	-	-	194,560,939	194,560,939
At 31 December 2021	75,400,000	20,400,546	447,282,492	543,083,038

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 1. General information

Penguin Random House Limited is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in the United Kingdom. Its registered office and principal place of business at 31 December 2021 was 20 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London, SW1V 2SA.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.39 to 11.48A;
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.27, 12.29(a), 12.29(b) and 12.29A;
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Bertelsmann SE & Co KGaA as at 31 December 2021 and these financial statements may be obtained from Bertelsmann SE & Co KGaA, Corporate Communications, Carl Bertelsmann Strasse 270, Postfach 111, D-33311 Gütersloh, Germany.

#### 2.3 Exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements

The Company is a parent Company that is also a subsidiary included in the consolidated financial statements of its immediate parent undertaking established under the law of an EEA state and is therefore exempt from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.4 Going concern

The directors have considered the operating nature of the entity and expectations for future trading for a period of 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. It indicates that, taking account of reasonably possible downsides, the Company will have sufficient funds through funding from its ultimate parent Bertelsmann SE & Co. KGaA to realise its assets and settle its liabilities in the ordinary course of business for that period.

This is dependent upon Bertelsmann SE & Co. KGaA providing the required funding through this period through the cash pooling arrangement. Bertelsmann SE & Co. KGaA has indicated its intention to continue to make available such funds as are needed by the Company. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

Given the dependency on the Ultimate Parent the directors have also considered the work carried out by Group management in relation to the Group's going concern assessment focussing on cash flow, liquidity position and the ability of the Group to meet known and potential liabilities and concluded that having analysed the impact of COVID 19, the Group has sufficient headroom and will be able to provide support to the Company.

#### 2.5 Foreign currency translation

#### Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Profit and Loss Account within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss within 'other operating income'.

#### 2.6 Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.7 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

#### 2.8 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are stated at cost less a provision made for impairment. Investments are tested for a triggering event and reflect changes in circumstances that indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable at each balance sheet date. For the purposes of assessing the impairment of investments, the Company performs discounted cash flows to compare the carrying amount of the investment value to the equity value. The Company uses budgeted profits, projected cash flows and weighted average cost of capital in order to determine whether any impairment is required. If the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to be lower than the carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount.

If an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the revised carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior periods. A reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account

#### 2.9 Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including debtors, cash and bank balances, are initially recognised at transaction price and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit and loss account.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit and loss account.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

#### 2.10 Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished. This occurs when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.11 Derivative financial instruments

The Company has chosen to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments, selecting the option to apply the recognition and measurement provisions of IAS 39 (as adopted for use in the EU) and the disclosure requirements of FRS 102.

A derivative financial instrument is initially recognised at its fair value, which is usually the transaction price, on the date the contract is entered into and is subsequently carried at its fair value.

Fair value changes on derivatives that are not designated or do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised in the profit and loss account when the changes arise.

#### **Currency Forwards**

The Company has entered into currency forwards against highly probable forecasted transactions in foreign currencies. Transactions in foreign currency are converted to sterling at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the balance sheet. Any differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

#### Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities

The fair values of currency forwards are determined using actively quoted forward exchange rates.

#### 3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates, underlying assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable and relevant under the circumstances.

Key accounting estimates and assumptions

(i) Impairment of Investments

Investments in subsidiary companies are held at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The Company tests annually whether investments have suffered any impairment, with the carrying amount being written down for any impairment highlighted.

The key estimates and assumptions for the Company in respect of the impairment of investments are the budgeted profits, projected cash flows and weighted average cost of capital used in order to determine whether any impairment is required. See note 11 for the carrying amount of investments and associated provision.

#### 4. Operating loss

The operating loss is stated after charging:

	2021 £	2020 £
Auditors' remuneration - statutory audit	39,330	39,330

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 5. Employees and directors

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2020 - £NIL).

The emoluments of the directors are paid by subsidiary companies. Directors' services to the Company are of a non-executive nature and their emoluments are deemed to be wholly attributable to their services to the subsidiary company that employs them. Accordingly, there are no (2020: none) emoluments in respect of the directors.

#### 6. Income from shares in group undertakings

Dividends receivable from unlisted investments:

•		2021 £	2020 £
	Penguin Books Benelux BV	•	105,947
	The Random House Group Limited	200,000,000	-
	Penguin Books Limited	70,000,000	
	Editora Schwarcz S.A	1,936,679	-
		271,936,679	105,947
7.	Amounts written off investments		
•	Amounts written on investments	0004	
		. 2021 . £	. 2020 £
	The Random House Group Limited	59,963,000	-
	Penguin Books Singapore Pte.Ltd	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	568,117
	Editora Schwarcz S.A	-	4,483,000
	Penguin Books (SA) Pty Ltd	•	522,000
		59,963,000	5,573,117

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Interest receivable from group companies	8.	Interest receivable and similar income		
Gain on foreign exchange   300,042   1,256,954   Gain on derivatives   130,206   1,256,954   Gain on derivatives   - 13,752,946     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   13,402,159     10,402,159				2020 £
Gain on foreign exchange   300,042   1,256,954   Gain on derivatives   130,206   1,256,954   Gain on derivatives   - 13,752,946     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   17,935,026     454,956   13,402,159     10,402,159		Interest receivable from group companies	24 708	2 925 126
Other interest receivable Gain on derivatives				2,320,720
9. Interest payable and similar expenses    2021   2020   f.			•	1.256.954
9. Interest payable and similar expenses    2021		•	-	13,752,946
9. Interest payable and similar expenses    2021			454,956	17,935,026
Loss on foreign exchange Loss on foreign exchange Interest on loans from group undertakings Other interest payable Interest on loans from shareholders Interest on loans from				
Loss on foreign exchange Loss on foreign exchange Interest on loans from group undertakings Other interest payable Interest on loans from shareholders Interest on loans from				
Loss on foreign exchange Interest on loans from group undertakings Other interest payable Interest on loans from shareholders Interest on	9.	Interest payable and similar expenses		
Interest on loans from group undertakings				2020 £
Interest on loans from group undertakings Other interest payable Interest on loans from shareholders I		Loss on foreign exchange	-	13,402,159
Other interest payable   5,647,043   1,805,597   Interest on loans from shareholders   6,414,278   6,516,718   Loss on derivatives   4,774,495   -		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,417,080	7,703,024
Loss on derivatives 4,774,495 - 19,252,896 29,427,498 201 2020 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £			5,647,043	1,805,597
10. Taxation  2021 2020 £ Corporation tax  Current tax on profits for the year Adjustments in respect of previous periods  Corporation tax  (1,628,737) (1,985,271 Adjustments in respect of previous periods  (1,586,870) (1,821,185  Foreign tax  Foreign tax on income for the year  - 34,121  - 34,121		Interest on loans from shareholders	6,414,278	6,516,718
10. Taxation  2021 2020 £ £  Corporation tax  Current tax on profits for the year Adjustments in respect of previous periods  41,867 164,086  (1,586,870) (1,821,185)  Foreign tax  Foreign tax on income for the year - 34,121		Loss on derivatives	4,774,495	<del>.</del>
2021   2020   E   E			19,252,896	29,427,498
2021   2020   E   E			•	
Corporation tax  Current tax on profits for the year Adjustments in respect of previous periods  Current tax on profits for the year Adjustments in respect of previous periods  (1,586,870) (1,821,185)  Foreign tax  Foreign tax on income for the year  - 34,121	10.	Taxation	: :	
Corporation tax       (1,628,737)       (1,985,271)         Adjustments in respect of previous periods       41,867       164,086         (1,586,870)       (1,821,185)         Foreign tax       -       34,121         -       34,121			2021	2020
Current tax on profits for the year       (1,628,737)       (1,985,271         Adjustments in respect of previous periods       41,867       164,086         Foreign tax         Foreign tax on income for the year       - 34,121         - 34,121			£	£
Adjustments in respect of previous periods  (1,586,870)  Foreign tax  Foreign tax on income for the year  - 34,121		Corporation tax		
Foreign tax  Foreign tax on income for the year - 34,121  - 34,121		Current tax on profits for the year	(1,628,737)	(1,985,271)
Foreign tax  Foreign tax on income for the year  - 34,121  - 34,121		Adjustments in respect of previous periods	41,867	164,086
Foreign tax on income for the year - 34,121 - 34,121			(1,586,870)	(1,821,185)
- 34,121	٠	Foreign tax		
		Foreign tax on income for the year	-	34,121
				34 191
Total current tax (1,586,870) (1,787,064)			<del>-</del>	
		Total current tax	(1,586,870)	(1,787,064)

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 10. Taxation (continued)

The current year tax charge represents corporation tax payable and amounts payable to/receivable from fellow UK subsidiaries of the Bertelsmann group in respect of group relief.

#### Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2020 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2021 £	2020 £
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	192,974,069	(7,501,747)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)  Effects of:	36,665,073	(1,425,332)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	13,374,159	1,354,802
Withholding tax not creditable	-	27,672
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	41,867	164,086
Non-taxable income	(51,667,969) ·	(1,908,292)
Total tax charge for the year	(1,586,870)	(1,787,064)

#### Factors that may affect future tax charges

An increase in the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 25% (effective 1 April 2023) was substantively enacted on 24 May 2021. This will increase the company's future current tax charge accordingly.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 11. Fixed asset investments

Cost or valuation       800,513,409         At 31 December 2021       800,513,409         Impairment         At 1 January 2021       98,379,120         Charge for the period       59,963,000         At 31 December 2021       158,342,120         Net book value         At 31 December 2021       642,171,289         At 31 December 2020       702,134,289		Investments in subsidiary companies £
At 31 December 2021       800,513,409         Impairment       38,379,120         At 1 January 2021       98,379,120         Charge for the period       59,963,000         At 31 December 2021       158,342,120         Net book value       642,171,289	•	
Impairment At 1 January 2021 98,379,120 Charge for the period 59,963,000 At 31 December 2021 158,342,120  Net book value At 31 December 2021 642,171,289	At 1 January 2021	800,513,409
At 1 January 2021 Charge for the period 59,963,000  At 31 December 2021  Net book value  At 31 December 2021  642,171,289	At 31 December 2021	800,513,409
Charge for the period       59,963,000         At 31 December 2021       158,342,120         Net book value       642,171,289		
At 31 December 2021  Net book value  At 31 December 2021  642,171,289		
Net book value  At 31 December 2021 642,171,289	Charge for the period	
At 31 December 2021 642,171,289	At 31 December 2021	158,342,120
At 31 December 2021 642,171,289		
	Net book value	
At 31 December 2020 702.134.289	At 31 December 2021	642,171,289
	At 31 December 2020	702,134,289

An impairment test was carried out in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102. The carrying amount and recoverable amount of each investment has been compared to ascertain if impairment is required. Please refer to note 7 for impairment charges recognised during the year. The impairment charge of £59,963,000 relates to a decline in the recoverable amount, linked to the disposal of PRH Grupo Editorial S.A on 17 February 2021 by Random House Group Limited, a subsidiary undertaking.

#### Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Registered office	Principal activity	Class of shares	Holding
Dorling Kindersley Limited	One Embassy Gardens, 8 Viaduct Gardens, London, SW11 7BW	Book Publishing	Ordinary	100%
Dorling Kindersley Publishing Private Limited	7th Floor, Infinity Tower C, DLF Cyber City, Gurgaon, India, 122 002, Harvana	Book Publishing	Ordinary	100%
Hugo's Language Books Limited	One Embassy Gardens, 8 Viaduct Gardens, London, SW11 7BW	Dormant Entity	Ordinary	100%

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 11. Fixed asset investments (continued)

# Subsidiary undertakings (continued)

Name	Registered office	Principal activity	Class of shares	Holding
Penguin Australia Pty Limited	707 Collins St, Melbourne, Australia, 3008	Book Publishing	Ordinary	100%
Penguin Books Limited	20 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London, United Kingdom, SW1V 2SA	Book Publishing	Ordinary	, 100%
Penguin Random House SEA Pte.Ltd	30 Raffles Place, 11-00 Chevron House, Singapore, 048622	Book Publishing	Ordinary	100%
Penguin Group (Hongkong) Limited	Suite 3313, Tower One, Times Square, 1 Matheson Street, Causeway Bay, HK	Holding Company	Ordinary	100%
Penguin Random House India Private Limited	7th Floor, Infinity Tower C, DLF Cyber City, Gurgaon, India, 122 002, Haryana	Book Publishing	Ordinary	100%
Penguin Random House Korea LLC	7th Floor, AIA Tower, 16 Tongil-ro-2-gil, Jung-gu, Seoul	Book Publishing	Ordinary	100%
The Random House Group Limited	20 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London, United Kingdom, SW1V 2SA	Book Publishing	Ordińary	100%
Flaname 0 Limited	20 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London, United Kingdom, SW1V 2SA	Real Estate	Ordinary	100%
Flaname 1 Limited	20 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London, United Kingdom, SW1V 2SA	Real Estate	Ordinary	100%
Flaname 2 Limited	20 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London, United Kingdom, SW1V 2SA	Real Estate	Ordinary	.100%
Flaname 3 Limited	20 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London, United Kingdom, SW1V 2SA	Real Estate	Ordinary	100%
Flaname 4 Limited '	20 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London, United Kingdom, SW1V 2SA	Real Estate	Ordinary	100%
Flaname 5 Limited	20 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London, United Kingdom, SW1V 2SA	Real Estate	Ordinary	100%
Flaname 6 Limited	20 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London, United Kingdom, SW1V 2SA	Real Estate	Ordinary .	100%
Flaname 7 Limited	20 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London, United Kingdom, SW1V 2SA	Real Estate	Ordinary	100%

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 11. Fixed asset investments (continued)

# Subsidiary undertakings (continued)

Name	Registered office	Principal activity	Class of shares	Holding
Flaname 8 Limited	20 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London, United Kingdom, SW1V 2SA	Real Estate	Ordinary	100%
Little Tiger Group Limited	20 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London, United Kingdom, SW1V 2SA	Holding Company	Ordinary	100%
Editora Schwarcz S.A	Rua Bandeira Paulista, 702, Suite 11/3, 04532- 002, São Paulo, Brazil	Book Publishing	Ordinary	70%

# Associate undertakings

The following were associate undertakings of the Company:

Name	Registered office	Principal activity	Class of shares	Holding
	Rosebank Office Park, Block D, 181 Jan Smuts Avenue, Parktown North			
Penguin Random House South Africa (Pty) Limited	Johannesburg, SouthAfrica, 2193	Book Publishing	Ordinary	47 %

### 12. Debtors .

	2021 £	2020 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	118,433,442	320,181
Other debtors	1,972,855	1,396,027
Group relief receivable	1,628,737	1,985,270
•	122,035,034	3,701,478
•	, <del></del>	

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 12. Debtors (continued)

Amounts owed by group undertakings are, unless noted below, unsecured, repayable on demand and incur interest. The balance relates to funds owed to the Company under cash pooling agreements with Bertelsmann UK Limited and Penguin Random House Korea LLC. At the balance sheet date Bertelsmann UK Limited owed £118,126,509 (2020: payable £147,678,136) and Penguin Random House Korea LLC owed £306,933 (2020: £320,180). The average interest rate received on any cash pooling receivables during the year was 0.05% (2020: 2.89%).

Included in other debtors are dividends receivable of £898,896 (2020: nil) and loan balances receivable of £1,448,101 (2020: £1,396,027). Interest is charged on the loan balance at a rate of 1.50% (2020: 1.50%).

#### 13. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

2021 £	2020 . £
1,613,086	149,537,080
13,334,491	7,412,948
5,729,518	1,634,582
20,677,095	158,584,610
	£ 1,613,086 13,334,491 5,729,518

Unless noted below, amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, repayable on demand and incur interest. Included in amounts owed to group undertakings at the balance sheet date is interest payable to Bertelsmann Business Support S.a.r.l. of £1,599,176 (2020: £1,599,176). There are no cash pooling balances payable at the balance sheet date (2020: £147,706,573). The average interest rate incurred on any cash pooling payables during the year was 2.79% (2020: 0.26%).

Included in other creditors is a put option liability of £13,310,436 (2020: £7,412,948) for the future purchase of the remaining 30% share capital in Editora Schwarcz S.A.

Also included in other creditors are derivative liabilities of £24,055 (2020: níl). See note 15 for details of derivative financial instruments at the balance sheet date.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 14. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

		2021 £	2020 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	,	200,446,190	200,446,190
·		200,446,190	200,446,190

Amounts owed to group undertakings consists of a loan from Bertelsmann Business Support S.a r.l., a subsidiary of the Company's ultimate parent Company, Bertelsmann SE & Co. KGaA. The loan has a maturity date of 3 April 2023 and incurs interest at a rate of 3.20% (2020:3.20%) per annum. Any funding required by the Company at the date of maturity to settle the liability will be provided under the cash pooling arrangements in place with the parent company, Bertelsmann UK Limited.

#### 15. Financial instruments

2021 £	2020 £
Financial assets	~
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss 1,972,855	1,396,027
Financial assets measured at amortised cost 118,433,442	320,181
120,406,297	1,716,208
Financial liabilities	
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss 13,334,491	7,412,948
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost 7,342,604 1	151,171,662
20,677,095	158,584,610

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise of other debtors.

Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise of other creditors.

### **Derivative financial instruments**

The Company enters into forward foreign currency contracts with Bertelsmann SE & Co KGaA to mitigate the exchange rate risk for certain foreign currency receivables and payables. At 31 December 2021 the Company was committed to sell BRL 10,500,000 and receive a fixed sterling amount on maturity of the contract within one month of the year end (2020: no outstanding contracts at year end).

The forward currency contracts are measured at fair value which is determined using valuation techniques that utilise observable inputs. The company has no interest rate derivative financial instruments (2020: none).

See notes 8 and 9 for details of gains and losses made on derivative financial instruments during the year.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 16. Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid	2021 £	2020 £
56,550,000 (2020 - 56,550,000) Ordinary A shares of £1.00 each 18,850,000 (2020 - 18,850,000) Ordinary B shares of £1.00 each	56,550,000 18,850,000	56,550,000 18,850,000
	75,400,000	75,400,000

There are two classes of ordinary shares, A shares and B shares. As at 31 December 2021 there were 56,550,000 (2020: 56,550,000) A shares of £1 each and 18,850,000 (2020: 18,850,000) B shares of £1 each allotted, called up and fully paid. The A and B shares vote together as a single class. There are no restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayment of capital.

#### 17. Reserves

#### Share premium account

The share premium account is used to record the premium on shares issued.

#### Profit and loss account

This account includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses. All reserves in respect of profit and loss are distributable reserves.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 18. Related party transactions

The Company's immediate parent Company is Bertelsmann UK Limited.

The Company's ultimate parent Company is Bertelsmann SE & Co KGaA, which is incorporated in Germany, copies of whose consolidated financial statements (the smallest and largest groups of undertakings in which the Company is consolidated) can be obtained from:

Bertelsmann SE & Co KGaA Corporate Communications Carl Bertelsmann Strasse 270 Postfach 111 D-33311 Gütersloh Germany

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption, under the terms of FRS 102, not to disclose related party transactions with companies that are wholly owned within the Bertelsmann Group.

During the year the Company entered into the following transactions with related parties not wholly owned within the Bertelsmann Group. The following entities are all subsidiaries within the Bertelsmann Group.

	2021 £	2020 £
Income from shares in group undertakings		•
Editora Schwarcz S.A	1,936,679	. <b>-</b>
Dividend amounts receivable at balance sheet date  Editora Schwarcz S.A	524,754	_