Registered number: 00726838

# **ABEL PROPERTIES LIMITED**

UNAUDITED

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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# ABEL PROPERTIES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:00726838

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Note		2016 £		2015 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		299,415		274,581
Investment property	5		2,580,000		2,580,000
			2,879,415		2,854,581
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6	758,033		847,737	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	2,061,735		2,050,686	
Cash at bank and in hand	7	423,084		164,087	
		3,242,852		3,062,510	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(289,481)		(205,778)	
Net current assets			2,953,371		2,856,732
Total assets less current liabilities			5,832,786		5,711,313
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(850,355)		(946,733,
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax		(64,451)		(19, 116)	
			(64,451)		(19,116,
Net assets			4,917,980	•	4,745,464
Capital and reserves		·		•	
Called up share capital			16,375		16,375
Share premium account			9,867		9,867
Revaluation reserve			382,543		395,904
Profit and loss account			4,509,195		4,323,318
		•	4,917,980	•	4,745,464

# ABEL PROPERTIES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:00726838

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the profit and loss account in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 23 5 5 207

A N Abel Director P M LeGrice

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 1. General information

Abel Properties Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England, registration number 00726838. The registered office is Neaton Business Park (North), Norwich Road, Watton, Thetford, Norfolk, IP25 6JB.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

This is the first year in which the financial statements have been prepared under FRS 102 Section 1A. Information on the impact of the first time adoption of FRS 102 is given in note 14.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before turnover is recognised:

Rental income arising on investment properties is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term on an on-going basis.

#### 2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model, other than investment properties, are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant & machinery

- 10% reducing balance

Fixtures & fittings

- 25% reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Profit and loss account.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.4 Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value, determined annually by a combination of the directors and external valuers. This is derived from the current market rents and investment property yields for comparable real estate, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. No depreciation is provided. Changes in fair value are recognised in the Profit and loss account.

#### 2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### 2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 2.7 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

# 2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.9 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Profit and loss account over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

# 2.10 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

## 2.11 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Profit and loss account using the effective interest method.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.12 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and loss account, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 0 (2015 - 0).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

4.	Tangible fixed assets			
		Plant & machinery £	Fixtures & fittings	Total £
	Cost or valuation			
	At 1 January 2016	322,049	15,160	337,209
	Additions	44,578	17,126	61,704
	At 31 December 2016	366,627	32,286	398,913
	Depreciation			
	At 1 January 2016	51,829	10,799	62,628
	Charge for the period on owned assets	31,492	5,378	36,870
	At 31 December 2016	83,321	16,177	99,498
	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2016	283,306	16,109	299,415
	At 31 December 2015	270,220	4,361	274,581
5.	Investment property			
				Freehold investment property £
	Valuation			
	At 1 January 2016			2,580,000
	Additions at cost			13,361
	Surplus on revaluation			(13,361)
	At 31 December 2016			2,580,000

The 2016 valuations were made by the directors with reference to reports by qualified chartered surveyors, on a current market basis.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

 6.	Debtors	,	<u> </u>
0.	Deptors		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Due after more than one year	<del>-</del>	~
	Other debtors	758,033	847,737
		758,033	847,737
		2016 £	2015 £
	Due within one year	_	
	Trade debtors	38,375	27, 135
	Other debtors	1,992,792	1,986,910
	Prepayments and accrued income	30,568	36,641
		2,061,735	2,050,686
7.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	423,084	164,087
		423,084	164,087
3.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Bank loans	92,840	89,027
	Trade creditors	147,475	16,863
	Other taxation and social security	402	2,267
	Other creditors	-	47,617
	Accruals and deferred income	48,764	50,004
		289,481	205,778
		<del></del> :	

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

# 9. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2016 £	2015 £
Bank loans	850,355	946,733
	850,355	946,733

#### **Secured loans**

The bank loan is secured by way of a first legal charge over the company's freehold property.

#### 10. Loans

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Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	2016 £	2015 £
Amounts falling due within one year		
Bank loans	92,840	89,027
	92,840	89,027
Amounts falling due 1-2 years		
Bank loans	850,355	946,733
	850,355	946,733
	943,195	1,035,760

#### 11. Contingent liabilities

The company has an Omnibus Guarantee and set-off agreement in favour of Lloyd's TSB Bank plc with Abel Homes Limited, an associated company, secured on the company's assets. The overdraft and loans of Abel Homes Limited at 31 December 2016 were £3,705,395 (2015: £2,044,503).

# 12. Related party transactions

At the year end £Nil (2015: £47,617) is included in creditors in respect of the directors loan account payable to A N Abel. No interest has been paid in respect of the directors loan.

During the year, the company was repaid £Nil (2015: £121,766) by Abel Energy Limited. At the year end, £Nil (2015: £Nil) remained outstanding. No interest is charged upon this amount.

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# **ABEL PROPERTIES LIMITED**

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

# 13. Post balance sheet events

After the year end the company has paid dividends of £18,737.

# 14. First time adoption of FRS 102

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.