

Liquidator's Statement of  
Receipts and Payments  
Pursuant to Section 192 of  
The Insolvency Act 1986

# S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

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Company Number

721665
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Name of Company

Woolley & Thorpe Limited
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I / We  
Rodger Colin John Taylor  
8 Princes Parade  
Liverpool  
L3 1QH

Ian Oakley-Smith  
Hill House  
Richmond Hill  
Bournemouth  
BH2 6HR

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and  
payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed *RCJ Taylor*Date 18 April 2007

KPMG LLP  
8 Princes Parade  
Liverpool  
L3 1QH

Ref W615440/SPC/JRH/MD

Insolvency

TUESDAY



# Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company	Woolley & Thorpe Limited
Company Registered Number	721665
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up	Creditors
Date of commencement of winding up	01 October 1993
Date to which this statement is brought down	31 March 2007
Name and Address of Liquidator	
Rodger Colin John Taylor 8 Princes Parade Liverpool L3 1QH	Ian Oakley-Smith Hill House Richmond Hill Bournemouth BH2 6HR

## NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

### Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

### Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

### Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend etc. actually paid must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend etc. payable to each creditor or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.

Liquidator's statement of account  
under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
22/11/2006	HM Customs & Excise	Brought Forward	212,586 64
		VAT Receivable	1,293 87
Carried Forward			213,880 51

NOTE: No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

Disbursements			
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought Forward	177,058 20
01/10/2006	DTI Maintenance fee	DTI Fee	20 00
14/11/2006	TMP Worldwide Limited	Public Notices	316 58
14/11/2006	TMP Worldwide Limited	VAT Receivable	55 40
14/11/2006	DTI	DTI Cheque Fees	0 80
22/11/2006	PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP	Liquidators Fees	3,200 00
22/11/2006	PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP	VAT Receivable	607 08
22/11/2006	DTI	DTI Cheque Fees	0 80
22/11/2006	Pricewaterhouse Coopers Llp	Liquidators Outlays	269 03
22/11/2006	KPMG LLP	Liquidators Fees	3,200 00
22/11/2006	KPMG LLP 1R91285393	VAT Receivable	560 00
22/11/2006	DTI	DTI Cheque Fees	0 15
01/01/2007	DTI Maintenance fee	DTI Fee	20 00
29/03/2007	Various Creditors	Trade & Expense Creditors	28,300 78
29/03/2007	DTI Payment Fee	DTI Cheque Fees	47 20
Carried Forward			213,656 02

NOTE: No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

## Analysis of balance

Total realisations		£	213,880 51
Total disbursements			213,656 02
	Balance £		224 49
This balance is made up as follows			
1	Cash in hands of liquidator		0 00
2	Balance at bank		0 00
3	Amount in Insolvency Services Account		224 49
4	Amounts invested by liquidator	£	0 00
	Less The cost of investments realised		0 00
	Balance		0 00
5	Accrued Items		0 00
	Total Balance as shown above		224 49

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

## The Liquidator should also state -

- (1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up
- |   |            |
|---|------------|
|   | £          |
| Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges) | 153,000 00 |
| Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors  | 0 00       |
| Floating charge holders   | 0 00       |
| Preferential creditors  | 0 00       |
| Unsecured creditors   | 500,762 00 |
- (2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -
- |   |           |
|---|-----------|
| Paid up in cash                           | 10,000 00 |
| Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash | 0 00      |
- (3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)
- None
- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded
- Closing procedures
- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed
- Expected to be within 3-6 months