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BEARWOOD CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED

REPORTS AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 1999



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REGISTERED NUMBER: 709846

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report and the accounts for the 11 months ended 31 March 1999.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The company is principally engaged in merger broking, and associated management consultancy services.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A summary of the results of the period's trading is given on page 4 of the accounts.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the period after taxation was £103,014. The directors recommend that no dividend be paid and that the profit of £103,014 be added to reserves.

DIRECTORS DURING THE PERIOD

The directors of the company during the period were as follows:-

L J Austen

P J Coleman - appointed 30 October 1998 T W Godfray - resigned 30 October 1998

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

Neither director had a disclosable interest in shares at 31 March 1999 or 30 April 1998.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those accounts directors are required to:-

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- follow applicable accounting standards, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued)

YEAR 2000 COMPLIANCE

As is well known, many computer and digital storage systems express dates using only the last two digits of the year and will thus require modification or replacement to accommodate the Year 2000 and beyond in order to avoid malfunctions and resulting widespread commercial disruption. This is a complex and pervasive issue. The operation of our business depends not only on our own computer systems, but also to some degree on those of our suppliers and customers. This could expose us to further risk in the event that there is a failure by other parties to remedy their own Year 2000 issues.

We have considered the impact on our business and have taken steps to ensure that our computer systems are Year 2000 compliant. We have also considered our reliance on the systems of our suppliers and customers. Given the complexity of the problem, it is not possible for any organisation to guarantee that no Year 2000 problems will remain, because at least some level of failure may still occur. We believe we will have the resources to deal promptly with significant failures or issues that might arise. The cost of ensuring our systems are Year 2000 compliant, was negligible.

AUDITORS

On I January 1999, the auditors, Lyon Pilcher, changed their name to BDO Stoy Hayward. In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing the re-appointment of BDO Stoy Hayward as auditors to the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

25 June 1999

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS
TO THE MEMBERS OF BEARWOOD CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED

We have audited the accounts on pages 5 to 12 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention

and the accounting policies set out on page 7.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As described on page 2, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts. It is our

responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those accounts and to report our opinion

to you.

BASIS OF OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An

audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts.

It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements by the directors in the preparation

of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances,

consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered

necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free

from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming an opinion we

also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

OPINION

In our opinion, the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at 31 March 1999

and of the profit for the period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies

Act 1985.

BDO STOY HAYWARD

REGISTERED AUDITORS

Boo Stong Haymand

Southampton

30 Jue 1999

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PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 1999

	Notes	11 Months to 31 March 1999 £	Year to 30 April 1998 £
TURNOVER	1	326,610	307,066
Net operating expenses		337,838	210,187
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT	2	(11,228)	96,879
Other operating income	5	149,621	338
Interest receivable	6	9,262	5,210
PROFIT on ordinary activities before taxation		147,655	102,427
Taxation	7	44,641	29,691
PROFIT for the period	14	£103,014	£72,736
			-

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

All recognised gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.

A separate movement on shareholders' funds statement is not provided as there are no changes for the current or previous year other than the profit on ordinary activities after taxation within the profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 1999

	Notes	31 March 1999 £	30 April 1998 £
FIXED ASSETS			~
Tangible assets	8	29,430	10,962
Investments	9	3,000	3,000
		32,430	13,962
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors Unlisted investments Cash at bank and in hand	10 11	32,985 637 478,481	18,360 637 352,143
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	12	512,103	371,140
NET CURRENT ASSETS	12	197,697 ————————————————————————————————————	141,280 ————————————————————————————————————
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		£346,836	£243,822
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital - equity Share premium account	13	9,900 35,100	9,900 35,100
Profit and loss account	14	301,836	198,822
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		£346,836	£243,822

The accounts were approved by the Board of Directors on 25 June 1999 and are signed on its behalf by:

DIRECTOR

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

The accounts are prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting.

Turnover

Turnover represents the value of services provided, excluding value added tax.

Tangible Fixed Assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less depreciation.

Depreciation

The cost of fixed assets is written off on the straight line basis over their expected useful lives as follows:-

Fixtures and fittings
Motor vehicles
Computer equipment

5 years

4 years

1 year

Investments

Investments are stated at cost, less amounts written off.

Foreign Currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is provided in respect of the tax effect of all timing differences, to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future, at the rates of tax expected to apply when the timing differences reverse.

Pension Costs

Contributions payable to staff personal pension schemes are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they are related.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 1999

1. TURNOVER AND PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

Turnover and profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation is derived from the company's principal activities undertaken in the United Kingdom.

2.	OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)
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	Operating profit/(less) is stated for 1 1 1/2 1/2 1/2	1999	1998
	Operating profit/(loss) is stated after charging/(crediting):	£	£
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	7,090	6,264
	Staff costs (Note 3)	248,359	143,057
	Auditors' remuneration - audit	5,400	4,000
	- non audit	3,556	350
	Exchange (gain)/loss	(3,540)	3,249
	Profit on disposal of motor vehicle	(5,854)	,
	Provision against investment		1,000
3.	STAFF COSTS		-
٠.		1999	1998
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	218,011	127,728
	Social security costs	22,408	12,469
	Other pension costs	7,940	2,860
		60.40.050	
		£248,359	£143,057
	Average number of employees during the year	5	3
	grand of the property and your	<u> </u>	3
4.	DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS		
••	SINDS TONS EMISDOWENTS	1999	1998
	The remuneration (including pension contributions)	2,,,,	1770
	paid to directors was:-	£94,053	£92,154
	Fees and other emoluments disclosed above (excluding pension contributions) include amounts paid to:-		
	The Chairman	£Nil	£Nil
			
	The highest paid director	£91,053	£89,294
		·	

During the year, the company also paid £6,500 (1998: £3,500) to Mandate Services Limited, a company controlled by Mr T W Godfray, in respect of services provided by that company. This amount is not included in the table above.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

5.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME		
		1999 £	1998 £
	Other income Dividends received	149,604 17	303 35
		£149,621	£338
6.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE		
		1999	1998
	Bank interest receivable	£9,262	£5,210
7.	TAXATION		
	The tax charge in the profit and loss account is made up as follows:-	1999 £ .	1998 £
	UK Corporation tax In respect of prior years	45,000 (359)	34,000 (4,309)
		£44,641	£29,691

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Motor vehicles £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
	COST			
	At 1 May 1998 Additions Disposals	25,076 29,770 (25,076)	6,914 5,184 -	31,990 34,954 (25,076)
	At 31 March 1999	29,770	12,098	41,868
		Motor vehicles £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 May 1998 Provided Eliminated on disposal	14,114 6,528 (15,680)	6,914 562	21,028 7,090 (15,680)
	At 31 March 1999	4,962	7,476	12,438
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 30 April 1999	£24,808	£4,622	£29,430
	At 30 April 1998	£10,962	£-	£10,962
9.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENT			
			Freehold land held for investment	
	At 1 May 1998 and 31 March 1999		£3,000	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

10.	DEBTORS	1999 £	1998 £
	Amount due from group company Trade debtors and prepayments	573 32,412	18,360
		£32,985	£18,360
11.	UNLISTED INVESTMENTS		
		1999 £	1998 £
	Cost	1,637	1,637
	Provision	(1,000)	(1,000)
	Net book value	£637	£637
12.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
	and within the year	1999	1998
		£	£
	Trade creditors	2,314	_
	Amounts due to group companies	58,000	58,000
	Social security and other taxes	40,647	17,789
	Accruals	51,736	31,491
	Corporation tax	45,000	34,000
		£197,697	£141,280
13.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
		1999	1998
	Authorised	£	£
	410,000 ordinary shares of 10p each	41.000	41.000
	9,000 ordinary deferred shares of £1 each	41,000 9,000	41,000 9,000
	•		9,000 ———
		£50,000	£50,000
	Allotted, issued and fully paid		
	9,000 ordinary shares of 10p each	900	900
	9,000 ordinary deferred shares of £1 each	9,000	9,000
		£9,900	£9,900
		<u> </u>	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

14. PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	1999 £	1998 £
At 1 May 1998 Retained profit/(loss) for the year	198,822 103,014	126,086 72,736
	-71	
At 31 March 1999	£301,836	£198,822

15. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company does not operate a company pension scheme but contributes 5% of salary towards an individual's personal pension scheme.

The pension cost charge represents contributions paid by the company and amounted to £7,940 (1998: £2,860).

16. HOLDING COMPANY

The immediate holding company is Belize Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate holding company is BHI Corporation Inc, a company incorporated in Belize.