# Caledonian Property Investments Limited Directors' report and financial statements 31 December 2012

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# **Directors**

J D Burns

N Q George

S P Silver

D G Silverman

P M Williams

D M A Wisniewski

# Secretary and registered office

T J Kite 25 Savile Row London

W1S 2ER

# Company number

669923

# **Auditor**

**BDO LLP** 

55 Baker Street

London

W1U 7EU

#### **Directors' report**

# Principal activities and future developments

The Company is a property investment company. The directors foresee no material change in the nature of the Company's activities.

#### Financial review and dividends

The results for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 4. The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend (2011 £nil)

#### Charitable donations and political contributions

There were no charitable donations or political contributions in the year (2011 £nil)

#### Directors

The directors who held office during the year were as follows

J D Burns

N Q George

S P Silver

D G Silverman

P M Williams

D M A Wisniewski

#### Disclosure of information to the auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information

## **Business review exemption**

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 and section 417(1) of the Companies Act 2006

# Auditor

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office. Under the Companies Act 2006 section 487(2) they will be automatically re-appointed as auditor 28 days after these accounts are sent to the members, unless the members exercise their rights under the Companies Act 2006 to prevent their re-appointment.

#### Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will
  continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the board

Secretary 25 Savile Row London W1S 2ER

21 June 2013

#### Independent auditor's report to the members of Caledonian Property Investments Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Caledonian Property Investments Limited for the year ended 31 December 2012 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the note of historical cost profits and losses and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate">www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate</a>

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its profit for the year then
  ended.
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the directors' report in accordance with the small companies' regime

BDO LLP
Richard Kelly (senior

Richard Kelly (senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
London
United Kingdom

21 June 2013

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

#### Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2012 2011 2012 Note £ 4,451,886 4,490,262 3 Net property income (23, 235)(23,835)Administrative expenses 4,467,027 4,428,051 Operating profit 861,071 Profit on disposal of investment properties 611,453 1,412,128 Interest receivable and similar income 6 (1,551,311) (1,325,012)Interest payable and similar charges 5,188,915 3,714,492 8 Profit on ordinary activities before and after taxation

All amounts relate to continuing activities
The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements

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Balance sheet at 31 December 2012

at 31 December 2012	Note	2012 £	2011 £
Non-current assets Tangible assets	9	eA 022 892	90 946 400
Debtors falling due after more than one year	10	60,922,882 1,183,717	80,816,409 1,744,264
Other assets	10	1, 103,717	14
Command annuals	<del>-</del>	62,106,613	82,560,687
Current assets Cash at bank and in hand		67,281	31,840
Debtors falling due within one year	10	38,583,038	17,399,433
	_	38,650,319	17,431,273
Current liabilities Creditors falling due within one year	11	(31,142,188)	(31,348,575)
Net current assets/(liabilities)	_	7,508,131	(13,917,302)
Net assets	_	69,614,744	68,643,385
Capital and reserves	=		
Called up share capital	12	50,000	50,000
Revaluation reserve	13	27,522,710	39,182,620
Profit and loss account	13	42,042,034	29,410,765
Equity shareholders' funds	_	69,614,744	68,643,385
	-		

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 21 June 2013 and were signed on its behalf by

N Q George

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements

# Statement of total recognised gains and losses

for the year ended 31 December 2012

2012 £	2011 £
5,188,915 (4,217,556)	3,714,492 512,777
971,359	4,227,269
2012 £	2011 £
5,188,915 7,442,354	3,714,492
12,631,269	3,714,492
12,631,269	3,714,492
	£ 5,188,915 (4,217,556)  971,359  2012 £ 5,188,915 7,442,354  12,631,269

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements

#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules, as modified by the revaluation of properties and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006

Under FRS 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that its ultimate parent undertaking includes the Company in its own published consolidated financial statements

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Net rental income

Rental income is recognised on an accruals basis. Rent increases arising from rent reviews are recognised as income when, either such reviews have been settled with tenants or, based on estimates, it is reasonable to assume they will be received

#### Operating lease incentives

Operating lease incentives include rent free periods, reduced rent periods and other incentives (such as contributions towards fitting out costs) given to lessees on entering into lease agreements

In accordance with UITF Abstract 28 'Operating Lease Incentives', rent receivable in the period from lease commencement to the earlier of the first rent review to the prevailing market rate and the lease end date, is spread evenly over that period. The cost of the other incentives is spread on a straight-line basis over the same period.

#### Investment properties

Tangible assets consist solely of investment properties, including those that are undergoing development, and as defined by SSAP 19, are revalued annually by independent valuers and are included in the balance sheet on the basis of market value less the UITF 28 lease incentive debtor. The aggregate surplus or deficit arising from such revaluation is transferred to the revaluation reserve. However, if on an individual property, a deficit arising from a valuation below cost is expected to be permanent, it is charged to the profit and loss account with any subsequent reversal being credited to the same.

#### Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19

#### Interest and other outgoings on property developments

Interest and other outgoings on vacant properties prior to redevelopment are treated as expenditure and written off in the profit and loss account as incurred. Interest is capitalised on development projects at the average cost of borrowings for the Group during the period.

# 3. Net property income

	2012 £	2011 £
Gross rental income Property outgoings less amounts recovered from tenants	4,559,525 (69,263)	5,031,431 (579,545)
	4,490,262	4,451,886
4 Administrative expenses	<del></del>	
	2012 £	2011 £
Administrative expenses include	-	_
Depreciation	-	13
5. Operating profit		
Audit fees are paid by Derwent London plc		
The Company does not have any employees (2011 nil) and there were no direct	ctors' emoluments (2011 £n	ıl)
6 Interest receivable and similar income		
	2012 £	2011 £
Intercompany interest Short term deposits	1,412,002 126	609,942 1,511
	1,412,128	611,453
7. Interest payable and similar charges		
	2012 £	2011 £
Intercompany interest payable Other	1,550,621 690	1,324,132 880
	1,551,311	1,325,012
	<del></del>	

# 8 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

There is no tax charge for the year (2011 £nil)

# Factors affecting the tax for the year

The current tax charge for the period is lower (2011 lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below

	2012	2011 £
Current tax reconciliation	£	L,
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5 400 045	0.744.400
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	5,188,915 	3,714,492
Current tax at 24 5% (2011 26 5%)	1,271,284	984,340
Effects of		
Differences between expenses and deductions for tax purposes	(17,258)	(31,598)
REIT exempt income	(559,358)	(658,969)
Group relief claimed not paid	(345,940)	(162,030)
Transfer pricing adjustment	(137,765)	(131,743)
REIT exempt disposal	(210,963)	-
	<u></u>	
Current tax charge for the year	-	-

### 9 Tangible Assets

# **Investment Properties**

	Freehold £
Valuation Market value at 1 January 2012 Capital expenditure Disposals Revaluation	83,199,000 79,027 (15,755,000) (4,746,027)
Market value at 31 December 2012 Amount included in prepayments under UITF 28	62,777,000 (1,854,118)
At 31 December 2012	60,922,882
Valuation	<del></del>
Market value at 1 January 2011 Capital expenditure Revaluation	81,999,000 560,672 639,328
Market value at 31 December 2011 Amount included in prepayments under UITF 28	83,199,000 (2,382,591)
At 31 December 2011	80,816,409
Historical cost of revalued assets	£
At 31 December 2012	33,400,173
At 31 December 2011	41,633,790

The investment properties were revalued at 31 December 2012 by external valuers, CBRE Limited, on the basis of fair value in accordance with the RICS Valuation — Professional Standard (2012) The valuers' opinion was primarily derived using comparable recent market transactions on arm's length terms

Properties with a value of £62,777,000 (2011 £81,200,000) are secured against borrowings of fellow group undertakings

# 10 Debtors

	2012 £	2011 £
Falling due within one year		
Amounts due from group undertakings	37,871,954	15,114,533
Trade debtors	38,519	1,641,606
Other debtors	37	-
Prepayments and accrued income	672,528	643,294
	38,583,038	17,399,433
	2012	2011
	£	£
Falling due after more than one year		
Prepayments and accrued income	1,183,717	1,744,264
11 Creditors		
	2012	2011
	£	£
Falling due within one year		
Amounts owed to group undertakings	30,536,206	28,910,216
Taxation and social security	197,798	520,993
Trade creditors	2,213	9,758
Other creditors	7	6,406
Accruals and deferred income	405,964	1,901,202
	31,142,188	31,348,575
12 Cailed up share capital		
	2012	2011
	£	£
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
		<del></del>

#### 13 Reserves

	Profit and loss account £	Revaluation reserve £
At 1 January 2012 Profit for the financial year Deficit on revaluation of investment properties Release of deficit on disposal of investment properties UITF 28 Adjustment	29,410,765 5,188,915 - 7,442,354 -	39,182,620 - (4,746,027) (7,442,354) 528,471
At 31 December 2012	42,042,034	27,522,710
14 Reconciliation of movements in equity shareholders' funds		
	2012 £	2011 £
Profit for the financial year Other recognised gains and losses relating to the year	5,188,915 (4,217,556)	3,714,492 512,777
Net movement in shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	971,359 68,643,385	4,227,269 64,416,116
Closing shareholders' funds	69,614,744	68,643,385

# 15 Related party transactions

As a wholly owned subsidiary of Derwent London plc the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 "Related party disclosures" and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group

## 16 Contingent liabilities

The company is party to cross guarantees securing the bank loans of certain other group companies. At 31 December 2012, the maximum liability that could arise from the guarantees amounted to £48,932,719 (2011 £247,968,160)

# 17. Parent company

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is Derwent Valley Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales

The Company's ultimate parent company is Derwent London plc, a company incorporated in England and Wales, whose registered office is at 25 Savile Row, London, W1S 2ER Copies of the consolidated group accounts can be obtained from this address