Registered number: 00640145

## **BRYANTS NURSERIES LIMITED**

## **UNAUDITED**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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# BRYANTS NURSERIES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 00640145

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# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Note	£	2020 £	£	2019 £
Fixed assets				•	
Tangible assets	4		775,490		843,396
Current assets				•	•
Stocks 1 1 2	5	169,494		370,665	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6 .	551,182	•	466,465	The state of the s
Cash at bank and in hand	7	1,015,679		258,289	
			-	1.005.110	
to the second		1,736,355		1,095,419	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(432,799)		(255,811)	
Net current assets	.:		1,303,556		839,608
Total assets less current liabilities			2,079,046	-	1,683,004
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(237,500)		-
Provisions for liabilities	•	• •			•
Deferred tax	11	(143,000)		(155,000)	
		· <u>.                                    </u>	(143,000)		(155,000)
Net assets		•	1,698,546	-	1,528,004
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		255,000	•	255,000
Capital redemption reserve			130,000		130,000
Profit and loss account			1,313,546		1,143,004
		•	1,698,546	-	1,528,004

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## BRYANTS NURSERIES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 00640145

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the Statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

30-09-2021

R J Bryant Director

The notes on pages 3 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 1. General information

Bryants Nurseries Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Water Lane, Bovingdon, Hemel Hempstead, Hertfordshire, HP3 0NA.

The company specialises in growing and wholesaling of flowers and plants.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold:
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

#### Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

Turnover is recognised at the point when goods and services are provided to customers.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing and straight line balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following bases:

Freehold buildings Other fixed assets - 15% reducing balance

- 10% - 25% reducing balance or 33.3% straight

line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

No depreciation is provided on freehold land of £Nil (2019 - £Nil).

#### 2.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of comprehensive income.

### 2.5 Operating leases: the Company as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is credited to the Statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Amounts paid and payable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised as a reduction to income over the lease term on a straight line basis, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern over which the lessor's benefit from the leased asset is diminished.

### 2.6 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.9 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

#### 2.10 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### 2.11 Government grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to the Statement of comprehensive income at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income in the same period as the related expenditure.

#### 2.12 Pensions

## Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of comprehensive income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

#### 2.13 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income in the year in which they are incurred.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.14 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of financial position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

#### 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was 22 (2019 - 20)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

## 4. Tangible fixed assets

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en e		Freehold land and buildings	Other fixed assets	Total
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		£	L	<b>Z</b> .
Cost		-		
At 1 January 2020		423,293	2,901,849	3,325,142
Additions		-	33,755	33,755
At 31 December 2020		423,293	2,935,604	3,358,897
		••		· · · · ·
Depreciation		,		
At 1 January 2020		290,059	2,191,687	2,481,746
Charge for the year on own	ed assets	19,866	81,795	101,661
At 31 December 2020	enter en	309,925	2,273,482	2,583,407
Net book value	<ul> <li>All the state of t</li></ul>			
At 31 December 2020		113,368	662,122	775,490
At 31 December 2019		133,234	710,162	843,396

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

5.	Stocks	P	
		2020 £	2019 £
,	Plant stocks	169,494	370,665
		169,494	370,665
		·	. •
6.	Debtors		
		2020 £	2019 £
,	Trade debtors	175,865	164,892
. · · · .	Amounts owed by group undertakings	303,948	260,072
****	Other debtors	71,369	28,630
	Prepayments and accrued income	-	12,871
		551,182	466,465
7.	Cash and cash equivalents		
	ousin una ouem oquinarente		*
•		2020 £	2019 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	1,015,679	258,289
		1,015,679	258,289

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Bank loans	12,500	-
	Trade creditors	265,967	89,368
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	34,200	47,585
	Corporation tax	67,806	31,600
	Other taxation and social security	-	18,614
	Other creditors	35,986	52,289
	Accruals and deferred income	16,340	16,355
		432,799	255,811
9.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
٠.		2020 £	2019 £
	Bank loans	237,500	-
,		237,500	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

10.	Loans		
	Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Amounts falling due within one year	L	£
*	Bank loans	12,500	-
		12,500	
	Amounts falling due 1-2 years	<del></del>	
	Bank loans	50,000	-
		50,000	<u>-</u>
	Amounts falling due 2-5 years		
,	Bank loans	150,000	-
		150,000	-
	Amounts falling due after more than 5 years		
4"	Bank loans	37,500	· -
		37,500	-
		250,000	-
11.	Deferred taxation		
		2020 £	2019 £
	At beginning of year	155,000	123,000
	(Credited) / charged to the Statement of comprehensive income	(12,000)	32,000
	At end of year	143,000	155,000

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

## 11. Deferred taxation (continued)

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

	2020 £	2019 £
Accelerated capital allowances	143,000	155,000
	143,000	155,000

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 12. Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid	2020 £	2019 £
127,500 Ordinary A shares of £1 each 102,000 Ordinary B shares of £1 each 25,500 Ordinary C shares of £1 each	127,500 102,000 25,500	127,500 102;000 25,500
	255,000	255,000

The Ordinary A £1 shares, Ordinary B £1 shares and Ordinary C £1 shares are separate classes of shares for the purpose of declaring dividends but rank pari passu in all other respects.

#### 13. Pension commitments

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £12,321 (2019 - £10,463). At the year end there were accrued contributions of £1,486 (2019 - £289).

#### 14. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2020 the Company had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	2020 £	2019 £
Not later than 1 year	11,659	8,742
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	-	11,659
	11,659	20,401

#### 15. Transactions with directors

Included within other debtors is an amount of £19,492 (2019 - £17,708) due from a director. The maximum outstanding during the year was £19,492. No interest is accruing on this loan.

Included within other debtors is an amount of £Nil (2019 - £3,002) due from a former director. The maximum outstanding during the year was £3,502. No interest is accruing on this loan.

Included within other debtors is an amount of £44,000 (2019 - £7,920) due from a director. The maximum outstanding during the year was £44,000. No interest is accruing on this loan.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

## 16. Related party transactions

In accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A, the company has not disclosed transactions with related parties, which, in the opinion of the directors, were concluded under normal market conditions or with wholly owned members of the group.

Included within other creditors is an amount of £30,998 (2019 - £52,000) due to a director of the company. No interest is accruing and there are no repayment terms.

### 17. Controlling party

The immediate and ultimate parent undertaking of the company is Bryants Nurseries Holdings Limited. R J Bryant is the ultimate controlling party by virtue of his shareholding in the parent company.