SAGA GROUP LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS 31 JANUARY 1996



Company Registration Number: 638891

SAGA GROUP LIMITED Directors' Report

Directors

R M De Haan

(Chairman)

T B Bull A R Deacon P C De Haan M E Hatch

Dr. O McDonald

(appointed 24.6.95)

S J Waugh

Secretary

P C De Haan

Registered Office: The Saga Building, Middelburg Square, Folkestone, Kent CT20 1AZ

The directors submit their report together with the audited accounts of the Group for the year ended 31 January 1996.

Principal activities and review of business developments

The Group's principal activity consists of the provision of services, to people in or approaching retirement, primarily in the form of inclusive holidays and financial services.

The past year has been an excellent one for the group with profitability achieving record levels. Significant sales growth has been achieved in the group's core businesses and the directors anticipate further strong growth in the year to 31 January 1997.

Subsequent events and future developments

The directors anticipate that 1996/97 will see a continuation of the Group's long term strategy of developing its core businesses.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year before taxation amounts to £10,818,000. A dividend totalling £5,750,000 has been paid to Saga Leisure Limited. After taxation and dividend the retained profit of £1,248,000 has been added to reserves.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were those listed above. Messrs ME Hatch and TB Bull retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. Dr. O McDonald was appointed to the board on the 24 June 1995; she retires and, being eligible, offers herself for election.

Directors' Interests

As Messrs R M De Haan and P C De Haan are directors of the ultimate parent undertaking, their interests are set out in the accounts of that company. A R Deacon and M E Hatch are directors of the ultimate parent undertaking and have no interest in the shares of the company or the ultimate parent undertaking. T B Bull, Dr. O McDonald and S J Waugh have no interest in the shares of the company or the ultimate parent undertaking.

It is the company's policy to maintain indemnity insurance for directors and officers.

SAGA GROUP LIMITED Directors' report continued

Donations

During the year charitable donations in the UK amounted to £125,000. No political donations were made.

Employee involvement

During the year the Group has maintained the practice of keeping employees informed about current activities and progress by various methods. Employee participation and involvement is encouraged.

Employment of disabled persons

It is the policy of the Group to develop a working environment and to offer terms and conditions of service to enable disabled persons, with the appropriate skills and qualifications, equal opportunities to seek and maintain employment with the Group. We shall retain in employment, whenever practicable, employees who become disabled and in line with our general Group policy we shall give all such employees equal consideration for training and career development to enable them to fulfil their promotion potential within the Group.

Auditors

Ernst & Young have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution proposing their re-appointment will be submitted at the annual general meeting.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Directors are required by law to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group and of the profit of the Group for the year.

The Directors confirm that the accounting policies are appropriate to the Group's business and have been applied consistently. In preparing the accounts for the year, the Directors have made reasonable and prudent judgements, have ensured that applicable accounting standards have been followed and confirm that it is appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis.

The Directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records, for safeguarding the Group's assets and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Saga Building Middelburg Square Folkestone, Kent CT20 1AZ

Peter De Haan Secretary 9th May 1996

By Order of the Board

Consolidated profit and loss account

For the year ended 31 January 1996

	Note	1996 £'000	1995 £'000
Turnover	2	188,728	153,645
Cost of sales		(123,790)	(102,636)
Gross profit		64,938	51,009
Administrative and marketing expenses		(58,160)	(44,290)
Net investment income	4	4,040	2,897
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	5	10,818	9,616
Taxation	9	(3,820)	(3,060)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	10	6,998	6,556
Dividend		(5,750)	(5,450)
Retained profit for the year	23	1,248	1,106

Consolidated Balance Sheet

As	at 3	1 Janu	ıary 1	996
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As at 31 January 1996		1996	1995
	Note	£'000	£'000
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	11	13,483	12,661
Current assets			
Investments	13	64,179	49,816
Stock	15	960	1,186
Debtors	16	30,245	23,731
Cash at bank and in hand	14	2,078	2,066
		97,462	76,799
Creditors - amounts falling due within one year	17	90,985	70,827
		6,477	5,972
Net current assets		0,477	3,712
Total assets less current liabilities		19,960	18,633
Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year	18	1,175	1,262
Provisions for liabilities	20	293	116
and charges	20	18,492	17,255
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	22	3,617	3,617
Share premium account	23	84	84
Revaluation reserve	23	3,619	3,701
Currency equalisation account	23	391	402
Profit and loss account	23	10,781	9,451
Equity shareholders' funds		18,492	17,255

R M De Haar

P C De Haan

9th May 1996

Company Balance Sheet

As at 31 January 1996

	NT 4.	1996 £'000	1995 £'000
Fixed assets	Note	1000	£000
			0.510
Tangible assets	11	10,844	9,719
Investment in subsidiaries	12	16,496	14,011
		27,340	23,730
Current assets			
Debtors	16	2,453	1,583
Creditors			
- amounts falling due within one year	17	10,605	7,565
Net current liabilities		(8,152)	(5,982)
Total assets less current liabilities	- 	19,188	17,748
Creditors	18	805	583
- amounts falling due after more than one year	10	000	702
		18,383	17,165
Capital and reserves		 ;	
Called up share capital	22	3,617	3,617
Share premium account	23	84	84
Revaluation reserve	23	13,931	12,862
Currency equalisation account	23	391	402
Profit and loss account	23	360	200
Equity shareholders' funds		18,383	17,165

R M De Haan

) Directors

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9th May 1996

For the year ended 31 January 1996

Statement of total recognised gains and losses		
<i>y y</i>	1996	1995
	£'000	£'000
Profit for the year after taxation Exchange differences arising on foreign currency	6,998	6,556
net investments in overseas subsidiaries	(11)	85
_	6,987	6,641
Total recognised gains	0,987	0,041
Note of historical cost profits and losses	1996 £'000	1995 £'000
Profit for the year before taxation	10,818	9,616
Difference between historical cost depreciation		
charge and actual charge	82	82_
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation	10,900	9,698
Historical cost profit retained after taxation and dividends	1,330	1,188
Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds	1996 £'000	1995 £'000
Total recognised gains	6,987	6,641
Dividends paid	(5,750)	(5,450)
Dividondo para	1,237	1,191
Shareholders' funds brought forward	17,255	16,064
Shareholders' funds carried forward	18,492	17,255

Notes on the Accounts

1 Accounting Policies

a Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention, modified by the revaluation of certain freehold properties and investments in subsidiaries, and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

h Basis of consolidation

The consolidated accounts incorporate the accounts of the Company and each of its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 January 1996.

c Accounting for subsidiary companies

The Company adopts the equity method of accounting for the results of its subsidiaries.

d Turnover

Turnover from tour operations is recognised upon departure date. Commission income from insurers is recognised at the commencement of the period of risk. Additional commissions from insurers may be earned dependent upon the underwriting results of the business insured. The income is recognised when the results of this business can be determined reasonably.

e Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation less amounts written off. The cost or valuation of fixed assets is depreciated by equal instalments over their expected useful lives. The rates of depreciation are as follows:

Land and buildings

Land nil

Buildings 2% per annum Related fittings 10% per annum

Leasehold properties over the period of the lease

Computers

Hardware and software 20% to 33 1/3% per annum

Plant and other equipment 10% to 20% per annum

Computer development costs are capitalised and are depreciated at between 20% and 33 1/3% per annum from the time that the particular development becomes fully functional.

f Leased assets

Assets held under finance lease arrangements are capitalised and depreciated over their useful lives. The capital element of the related rental obligation is included in creditors. The interest element of rental obligations is charged to profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge. Rentals in respect of operating leases are charged to profit as incurred.

g Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Notes on the Accounts continued

h Advance receipts

All booking fees and balance payments for holidays with starting dates after the year end and insurance premiums received which relate to insurance policies issued after the year end, are treated as receipts in advance at the balance sheet date and are separately disclosed within creditors.

i Deferred expenditure

Expenditure on brochures, advertising and promotional initiatives, which relates to the following year's trading is carried forward at the balance sheet date so that this expenditure is matched with the relevant year's income.

j Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation, using the liability method on all material timing differences, which are not expected to continue in the foreseeable future.

k Foreign currencies

Exchange differences arising in respect of revenue transactions for the year are included in the profit and loss account. Assets and liabilities existing at balance sheet date are translated at year end rates except where covered by forward contracts where the contract rate is used.

The accounts of overseas subsidiaries have been translated using the net investment method. Under the net investment method the balance sheets have been translated at year end rates and the profit and loss accounts at weighted average rates for the year except where the net results are covered by forward exchange contracts. Resultant translation differences are taken to reserves and are matched with realised profits or losses arising from forward foreign currency contracts entered into to provide a currency hedge against the effect of changes in the rates of exchange on the value of the net investment in the overseas subsidiaries.

1 Goodwill

Goodwill which is established as a result of a purchase of a business is either written off to reserves or amortised in accordance with the directors' best estimate of its useful economic life.

m Pension benefits

Annual contributions are made to the UK defined benefit pension scheme on the advice of actuaries for funding of retirement benefits in order to build up reserves for participating employees during the employee's working life to pay to the employee or dependent a pension after retirement. The costs of providing these benefits are charged to the profit and loss account on a regular basis. Overseas subsidiaries make provisions for pensions in accordance with local law and practice.

2 Turnover

Turnover, which all arises from continuing businesses, comprises sales to third parties, net of value added tax, and commissions receivable from insurers.

Notes on the Accounts continued

3	Analysis of turnover and	l
	profits	

profits	Tu	nover	Contrib to pr	
·.	1996 £'000	1995 £'000	1996 £'000	1995 £'000
Tour operations and other services	188,728	153,645	10,818	9,616
United Kingdom United States	142,214 46,514	110,695 42,950		
	188,728	153,645		

The accounts do not contain details of profits and net assets by geographical area as, in the opinion of the Directors, disclosure of such information would be seriously prejudicial to the interests of the Group. The Group's turnover and profits are derived from the provision of services to people in or approaching retirement.

4	Net investment income	1996	1995	
	-	£'000	£'000	
	Interest on deposits	4,408	3,022	
	Other investment income	8	4	
	Interest received from parent undertaking	29	89	
		4,445	3,115	
	Bank and other interest payable	(11)	(3)	
	Prompt payment discounts allowed to customers	(249)	(131)	
	Finance lease interest	(145)	(84)	
		4,040	2,897	
5	Profit before taxation is stated after charging	1996	1995	
		£'000	£'000	
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	2,247	1,574	
	Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	-	3	
	Hire of equipment	550	533	
	Auditors' remuneration - audit	102	110	
	- other services (UK)	60	14	

Emoluments of directors of the Company (Note 6)

Property lease charges

921

740

819

739

Notes on the Accounts continued

Average number of persons employed

6	Emoluments of directors	1996	1995
		£'000	£'000
	Fees	94	78
	Remuneration	766	677
	Pensions to former directors	61	64
		921	819
	The emoluments, excluding pension contributions, of directors	of the Compa	ny were:
		1996	1995
		£	£
	Chairman and highest paid director	237,070	234,251
	Other directors in scale: £ 10,001 to £ 15,000 £ 30,001 to £ 35,000 £ 35,001 to £ 40,000	Number 1 - 1	Number - 1
	£ 40,001 to £ 45,001	-	1
	£ 45,001 to £ 50,001	1	-
	£ 95,001 to £100,000	-	1
	£120,001 to £125,000	•	1
	£135,001 to £140,000	1	-
	£155,001 to £160,000	1	- .
	£160,001 to £165,000	-	1
	£165,001 to £170,000	1.	-
7	Staff costs (excluding directors emoluments)	1996 £'000	1995 £'000
	Wages and salaries	18,775	14,822
	Social security costs	1,357	1,072
	Other pension costs	774	538
		20,906	16,432

1,399

1,238

Notes on the Accounts continued

8 Pension costs

The Group operates a defined benefit pension scheme in the UK and a defined contribution scheme overseas. The pension cost in the UK was £782,000 and £71,000 overseas.

In the UK an actuarial valuation of assets and liabilities of the scheme is carried out triennially by external professional actuaries to determine the financial position of the scheme and to enable the Group to determine the contributions to be made to the scheme. The scheme's funds are held independently of the group's assets.

The actuaries have confirmed that, on the basis of the actuarial assumptions and methods used, the scheme's assets at 1 December 1995 fully covered its liabilities based on the current salary levels and service to the valuation date.

The most recent valuation was conducted as at 1 December 1995 at which date the market value of the scheme assets was £8,058,000. This valuation was prepared using the projected unit method and showed that the level of funding was 89%. The actuaries recommended future contributions of 15% of pensionable salary of which 1.1% represents the amount expected to be necessary to achieve a funding level of 100%. The main financial assumptions used in the valuation were that the rate of return on the investments be 9% per annum, that the rate of salary growth be 7.5% per annum and that the guaranteed rate of pension increase be 5% per annum.

9	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	1996 £'000	1995 £'000
	The charge/(credit) based on the profit for the year comprises:		
	UK corporation tax @ 33%	2,522	2,271
	Group relief @33%	624	726
	Overseas taxes	509	134
	Adjustments relating to prior years	(10)	(16)
	Deferred tax	3,645 175	3,115 (55)
	•	3,820	3,060

10 Profit for the financial year

Of the profit after taxation for the financial year, £5,829,000 (1995 £5,356,000) has been dealt with in the accounts of the Company. The directors have taken advantage of the exemption given by the Companies Act 1985 Section 230 in not publishing separately a Company Profit and Loss Account.

SAGA GROUP LIMITED Notes on the Accounts continued

11 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and		Plant and other	
Group	buildings £'000	Computers £'000	equipment £'000	Total £'000
Cost or valuation:		40.010	2.065	00.000
At 31 January 1995	8,707	10,318	3,865	22,890 132
Exchange adjustments	-	101	31 1,273	3,046
Additions Disposals	737	1,036	1,275	
At 31 January 1996	9,444	11,455	5,169	26,068
Depreciation: At 31 January 1995	1,345	6,866	2,018	10,229
Exchange adjustments	-	90	19	109
Charge for year	194	1,480	573	2,247
Disposals	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
At 31 January 1996 Net book amounts	1,539	8,436	2,610	12,585
At 31 January 1996	7,905	3,019	2,559	13,483
Net book amounts At 31 January 1995	7,362	3,452	1,847	12,661
Company				
Cost or valuation:				
At 31 January 1995	8,707	5,340	2,806	16,853
Additions	737	460	912	2,109
Disposals	-	-	-	
At 31 January 1996	9,444	5,800	3,718	18,962
Depreciation:				
At 31 January 1995	1,345	4,397	1,392	7,134
Charge for year	194	353	437	984
Disposals			-	_
At 31 January 1996	1,539	4,750	1,829	8,118
Net book amounts At 31 January 1996	7,905	1,050	1,889	10,844
Net book amounts				
At 31 January 1995	7,362	943	1,414	9,719

Land and buildings consists of freehold properties and short leasehold properties. Short leasehold comprises cost of £75,000 and accumulated depreciation of £75,000 at 31 January 1996.

Notes on the Accounts continued

As at 31 January 1996 the directors have contracted for £NIL (1995 - £772,000) future capital expenditure and have authorised, but not contracted for, future capital expenditure amounting to £143,000 (1995 - £259,000)

On 5 April, 1990 The Saga Building, one of the company's freehold properties, was revalued at £5,300,000 by a firm of Chartered Surveyors on an open market existing use basis. Depreciation on the revaluation uplift amounted to £82,080 during the year. Included in land and buildings are amounts in respect of land, with an original cost of £2,547,000 which have not been depreciated.

With the exception of certain land and buildings, all tangible fixed assets are stated at historic cost. The historic cost of land and buildings is as follows:

	Group £'000	Company £'000
Cost	5,339	5,339
Aggregate depreciation	1,053	1,053
Net book amount 31 January 1996	4,286	4,286
Net book amount 31 January 1995	3,661	3,661

The net book amount of tangible fixed assets includes £2,239,000 (1995 - £2,239,000) for the Group and £1,246,000 for the Company (1995 - £926,000) in respect of assets held under finance leases. Depreciation for the year on these assets was £624,000 (1995 - £489,000) for the Group and £317,000 for the Company (1995 - £234,000).

12	Investment in subsidiary undertakings	1996 £'000	1995 £'000
	Cost		
	At 31 January 1995	7,980	5,961
	Additions	1,100	2,019
		9,080	7,980
	Revaluation		
	Balance brought forward	6,031	5,091
	Adjustments for the year	1,385	940
		7,416	6,031
	Net book amount at 31 January 1996	16,496	14,011

The shares in all directly owned subsidiaries are subject to a legal charge in favour of the principal bankers of Saga Leisure Limited, the parent undertaking.

Notes on the Accounts continued

12 Investment in subsidiary undertakings continued

Main operating subsidiary undertakings of Saga Group Limited all of which are wholly owned:

	Ownou.				
		Country of	Nature of		
		incorporation	Business		
		or registration			
	Saga Holidays Limited	England	Tour operation	ng	
	Inter-Church Travel Limited	England	Tour operation	ng	
	Saga Publishing Limited	England	Publishing	_	
	Saga Services Limited	England	•		
	MetroMail Limited	England	Mail process	ing	
	Saga International Holidays Limited	USA	Tour operation	ng	
13	Current asset investments	31st J	anuary 1996	31st Ja	anuary 1995
		Group	Company	Group	Company
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Deposits with financial institutions and local authorities -				. -
	Held in trust	32,200		21,842	
	Other	31,979	_	27,974	-
		64,179	_	49,816	-

Holiday monies received by the group's U.K. tour operating businesses from customers in advance of holiday departure dates, are paid directly into independently controlled trusts. The monies remain in trust until the tour operating companies have fulfilled their obligations to the customer. (See also, the footnote to note 17).

Group deposits amounting to £22,906,000 (1995 - £5,665,000) have maturity dates in excess of one year. Although these investments could be realised at short notice it is anticipated that they will be held until maturity.

14 Cash at bank and in hand		31st January 1996		31st Ja	31st January 1995	
		Group £'000	Company £'000	Group £'000	Company £'000	
	Held in trust (see note 13) Other	1,074 1,004	-	1,067 999	<u>-</u>	
		2,078		2,066	-	
15	Stock	1996		1995		
		£'000		£'000		
	Stock	960		1,186		

Stock comprises housing units held for resale and land held for development.

Notes on the Accounts continued

16	Debtors	31st Ja	anuary 1996	31st Ja	anuary 1995
		Group	Company	Group	Company
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Trade debtors	10,944	808	8,812	68
	Other debtors	2,324	242	1,846	214
	Prepayments and deferred expenditure	16,835	1,403	12,795	1,301
	Taxation recoverable	142		278_	
		30,245	2,453	23,731	1,583
17	Creditors	31st Ja	anuary 1996	31st Ja	anuary 1995
	- amounts falling due within one year	Group	Company	Group	Company
	•	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Bank overdraft	2,852	408	467	142
	Advance receipts (see footnote below)	39,462	-	25,181	-
	Trade creditors	31,572	402	29,055	1,364
	Due to parent undertaking	3,567	3,567	2,181	2,181
	Due to subsidiary undertakings	-	3,970	-	2,180
	Corporate taxation	- 2,216	-	2,270	-
	Other taxation and social security	677	_	578	67
	Other creditors	983	290	1,105	544
	Accruals and deferred income	8,883	1,525	8,934	- 506
	Leasing	<u>773</u>	443	1,056	581
		90,985	10,605	70,827	7,565

Of the amount included in advance receipts, £28,476,000 (1995 - £17,181,000) relates to advance customer holiday deposits which are held in trust, as explained in note 13.

18	Creditors	31st Ja	31st January 1996		anuary 1995
	- amounts falling due after more than one year	Group	Company	Group	Company
	•	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Leasing	1,175	805	1,262	583

19 Obligations under finance leases

The capital amounts due under finance lease obligations are as follows:

	31st January 1996		31st January 1995	
	Group £'000	Company £'000	Group £'000	Company £'000
Within one year	773	443	1,056	581
Within two to five years	1,175	805	1,262	583
	1,948	1,248	2,318	1,164

Notes on the Accounts continued

20	Provision for liabilities and charges	31st Ja	31st January 1996		31st January 1995	
	Deferred taxation	Group £'000	Company £'000	Group £'000	Company £'000	
	Balance at beginning of year	116	-	177	-	
	Charge/(credit) for the year Exchange adjustment	175 2	-	(55) (6)	-	
	Balance at end of year	293	-	116		

The major components of the provision for deferred taxation are:

	31st January 1996		31st January 1995	
	Group	Company	Group	Company
Accelerated capital allowances Other short term timing differences	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	43	-	116	-
	250	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
	293	-	116	

At 31 January 1996 the full potential liability for deferred tax of the Group was £534,000 (1995 - £330,000) and of the Company £NIL (1995 - £NIL).

The above figures exclude deferred tax on capital gains which would arise if freehold properties or investments in subsidiaries were sold at their revalued amounts as it is the intention that such assets will be retained for use in the business.

21 Lease commitments

Operating leases

The annual commitment under non-cancellable operating leases is as follows:

	31st January 1996		31st January 1995	
	Group	Company	Group	Company
Land and buildings	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Leases expiring:				
Within 1 year	47	47	79	35
Within 2 to 5 years	183	183	118	118
Thereafter	747	51	727	72
	977	281	924	225
Plant & machinery				
Leases expiring:-				
Within 1 year	58	54	124	124
Within 2 to 5 years	399	385	425	285
Thereafter	5			
	462	439	549	409

Notes on the Accounts continued

22	Called up share capital	1996	1995
		£'000	£'000
	Authorised 27,000,000 Ordinary shares of 20p each	5,400	5,400
	Allotted and fully paid 18,086,076 Ordinary shares of 20p each	3,617	3,617

23 Reserves

Group	Share Premium Account £'000	Revaluation Reserve £'000	Currency Equalisation Account £'000	Profit and Loss Account £'000
At 31 January 1995	84	3,701	402	9,451
Currency fluctuations	-	-	(11)	
Depreciation transfer	-	(82)	-	82
Retained profit	-		-	1,248
At 31 January 1996	84	3,619	391	10,781
Company				
At.31 January 1995	84	12,862	402	200
Currency fluctuations	-	-	(11)	-
Depreciation transfer	-	(82)	-	82
Revaluation of investment in subsidiaries	-	1,151	-	-
Retained profit		. <u> </u>	- <u>-</u>	78
At 31 January 1996	84	13,931	391	360

24 Contingent liabilities

At 31 January 1996 there were contingent liabilities under counter indemnities given to the Company's bankers in respect of financial bonds and other guarantees amounting to £1,743,000 (1995 - £1,757,400). The company is party to a guarantee in favour of the principal bankers of Saga Leisure Limited, as security for the borrowings of that company. The amount subject to guarantee at 31 January 1996 was £15 million.

25 Ultimate parent undertaking

The ultimate parent undertaking is Saga Leisure Limited which is incorporated in England. The accounts of the company have been included in the consolidated accounts of Saga Leisure Limited.

Report of the Auditors to the Members of Saga Group Limited

We have audited the accounts on pages 3 to 17 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified by the revaluation of certain freehold properties and investments in subsidiaries, and on the basis of the accounting policies set out on pages 7 and 8.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2, the group's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those accounts and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group as at 31 January 1996 and of the profit for the group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

EMBT & Young Ernst & Young

Chartered Accountants

Registered Auditor

London

22 May 1996