DENMAR HOLDINGS LIMITED FILLETED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 JUNE 2022

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COMPANIES HOUSE

BALANCE SHEET

30 JUNE 2022

		2022		2021
	Note	£	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS				
Stocks		35,347		35,347
Debtors	5	25,329		24,691
Cash at bank and in hand		6,180		7,615
		66,856		67,653
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one				
year	6	(1,552)		(1,861)
NET CURRENT ASSETS			65,304	65,792
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	S		65,304	65,792
NET ASSETS			65,304	65,792
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital			100	100
Capital redemption reserve			5,539	5,539
Profit and loss account			59,665	60,153
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS			65,304	65,792

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the profit and loss account has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 June 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12 December 2023, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

MR VOLUCK

Director

Company registration number: 00625000

The notes on pages 2 to 4 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Side Entrance, 123 Clapton Common, London, E5 9AB.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Judgements made by the directors in the application of these accounting policies that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are as follows:

(i) Property valuation

The valuation of the company's investment property is inherently subjective, depending on many factors including the nature of the property, its location and expected future net rental values, market yields and comparable market transactions. Therefore, the valuation is subject to a degree of uncertainty and is made on the basis of assumptions which may not prove to be accurate, particularly in periods of difficult market or economic conditions.

(ii) Trade and other debtors

Management uses details of the age of trade and other debtors and the status of any disputes together with external evidence of the credit status of the counterparty in making judgements concerning any need to impair the carrying value.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Stocks

Stock is comprised of freehold and leasehold properties held for trading and is included in the financial statements at the lower of cost and estimated net realisable value.

Acquisitions and disposals of properties

Acquisitions and disposals are considered to have taken place at the date of legal completion and are included in the financial statements accordingly.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost unless they are classified as receivable within one year in which case they are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be received net of impairment.

Financial liabilities that are classified as payable within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid.

4. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to Nil (2021: Nil).

5. DEBTORS

	2022	2021
	£	£
Other debtors	25,329	24,691

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

6. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Corporation tax	62	225
Other creditors	1,490	1,636
	1,552	1,861

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Included in other debtors are amounts totalling £24,120 (2021: £24,120) due from associated undertakings with common directors.

8. PARENT COMPANY AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The parent company is Clapton Tovim Limited (a charity), a company incorporated in England and Wales.