

**Prescott-Thomas Limited****Registered number:**

00600075

**Balance Sheet****as at 30 June 2018**

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Intangible assets	3	5,000	7,500
Tangible assets	4	10,718	14,290
		<u>15,718</u>	<u>21,790</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks		39,226	43,030
Debtors	5	1,378,566	1,289,049
Cash at bank and in hand		4,309	3,770
		<u>1,422,101</u>	<u>1,335,849</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	6	(1,316,060)	(1,184,907)
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>106,041</u>	<u>150,942</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u><b>£121,759</b></u>	<u><b>£172,732</b></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		10,000	10,000
Profit and loss account		111,759	162,732
<b>Shareholders' funds</b>		<u><b>£121,759</b></u>	<u><b>£172,732</b></u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

P THOMAS

Director

Approved by the board on 27 November 2018



**Prescott-Thomas Limited**  
**Notes to the Accounts**  
**for the year ended 30 June 2018**

**1 Accounting policies**

***Basis of preparation***

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102 as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard. The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

***Turnover***

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

***Intangible fixed assets***

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

***Tangible fixed assets***

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Motor Vehicles	25% reducing balance
Plant and machinery	25% reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	25% reducing balance

***Stocks***

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

***Debtors***

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

***Creditors***

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans

and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

### ***Taxation***

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

### ***Provisions***

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

### ***Leased assets***

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

### ***Pensions***

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees	2018 Number	2017 Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>90</u>	<u>98</u>
3 Intangible fixed assets		£
Goodwill:		
Cost		

At 1 July 2017	132,500
At 30 June 2018	<b>£132,500</b>

#### Amortisation

At 1 July 2017	125,000
Provided during the year	2,500
At 30 June 2018	<b>£127,500</b>

#### Net book value

At 30 June 2018	<b>£5,000</b>
At 30 June 2017	<b>£7,500</b>

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

## 4 Tangible fixed assets

	Fixtures & fittings £	Plant and machinery etc £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
<b>Cost</b>				
At 1 July 2017	195,003	208,865	23,015	426,883
At 30 June 2018	<b>£195,003</b>	<b>£208,865</b>	<b>£23,015</b>	<b>£426,883</b>
<b>Depreciation</b>				
At 1 July 2017	184,614	205,925	22,054	412,593
Charge for the year	2,597	735	240	3,572
At 30 June 2018	<b>£187,211</b>	<b>£206,660</b>	<b>£22,294</b>	<b>£416,165</b>
<b>Net book value</b>				
At 30 June 2018	<b>£7,792</b>	<b>£2,205</b>	<b>£721</b>	<b>£10,718</b>
At 30 June 2017	<b>£10,389</b>	<b>£2,940</b>	<b>£961</b>	<b>£14,290</b>

## 5 Debtors

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors	1,161,287	1,090,580
Other debtors	217,279	198,469
	<b>£1,378,566</b>	<b>£1,289,049</b>

## 6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018 £	2017 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	139,820	97,616

Trade creditors	984,831	985,157
Corporation tax	2,174	4,756
Other taxes and social security costs	7,446	-
Other creditors	181,789	97,378
	<b><u>£1,316,060</u></b>	<b><u>£1,184,907</u></b>

## 7 Other information

Prescott-Thomas Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

239 Bullsmoor Lane

Enfield

MIDDLESEX

EN1 4SB

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