Company Number 594783

A.A. BRAMALL (LEEDS) LIMITED REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31ST MARCH 2010

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REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2010

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THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2010

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31st March 2010

Principal activities

The main activity of the company during the year consisted principally of property letting

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows

M Bramall

S Bramall

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

Registered office Provident House 51 Wardwick Derby DE1 1HN Signed by order of the directors

M Bramall Company Secretary

Approved by the directors on 21st December 2010

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF A.A. BRAMALL (LEEDS) LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2010

We have audited the financial statements of A A Bramall (Leeds) Limited for the year ended 31st March 2010 on pages 3 to 8 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008) (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities)

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Section 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/UKNP

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st March 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice
 applicable to Smaller Entities, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements and the directors' report in accordance with the small companies regime.

A SMITH (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of

LINGS

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

Provident House 51 Wardwick Derby DE1 1HN

21st December 2010

A.A. BRAMALL (LEEDS) LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Turnover		156,400	156,400
Administrative expenses		(41,008)	(29,510)
Operating profit	2	115,392	126,890
Interest receivable		1	1,655
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		115,393	128,545
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	(22,403)	(24,727)
Profit for the financial year		92,990	103,818

A statement of the movement on reserves is set out in note 12

BALANCE SHEET

31ST MARCH 2010

Fixed assets Investments 6 1,850,000 1,850,0	
Investments	
Investments 6 1,850,000 1,850,0)00
Current assets	
Debtors 7 88,343 966,8	₹56
Cash at bank 146,774 107,2	
${235,117}$ ${1,074,1}$	09
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year 8 (59,867) (91,8	
Net current assets 175,250 982,2	260
Total assets less current liabilities 2,025,250 2,832,2	260
Provisions for liabilities	
Deferred taxation 9 (10,350) (10,3	50)
2,014,900 2,821,9	10
Caribal and manner	
Capital and reserves	-40
Called-up equity share capital 11 89,540 89,5 Revaluation reserve 12 1,175,552 1,175,5	
Profit and loss account 12 1,173,332	
Shareholders' funds $\underline{2,014,900}$ $\underline{2,821,9}$	10

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 21st December 2010, and are signed on their behalf by

M Bramall

S Bramall

Company Registration Number 594783

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2010

1. Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

The preceding period financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards. Apart from a reduction in disclosure requirements, the adoption of the Financial Reporting Standards for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008) this year has not resulted in any material effect on the financial statements in the current or preceding financial period.

Turnover

Turnover, which excludes value added tax, represents rents receivable by the company in the ordinary course of business

Investment properties

Investment property is revalued annually at its open market value in accordance with FRSSE (effective April 2008). The surplus or deficit on revaluation is transferred to a revaluation reserve except where the deficit reduces the property below its historical cost, in which case it is taken to the profit and loss account

No depreciation is provided on investment property which is a departure from the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act). In the opinion of the directors such property is held primarily for investment potential and so current value is of more relevance. The provisions of the FRSSE (effective April 2008) in respect of investment property have therefore been adopted in order to give a true and fair view. If this departure from the Act had not been made, the results for the year would have been reduced by a depreciation charge which has not been quantified.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date which are expected to result in an obligation to pay more tax in future periods, or a right to pay less tax in future periods

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets and on previous gains rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned

Deferred tax is measured at the undiscounted average tax rates expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after charging

	2010 £	2009 £
Auditor's remuneration	2,650	2,500
Management charges	36,000	24,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2010

Directors' emoluments 3.

Pension benefits accruing to directors arise from contributions made by, and disclosed in, the financial statements of the parent company

4. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

Analysis of charge in the year

	Analysis of charge in the year		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Current tax		
	UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year	22,403	24,727
	Amount paid to parent company in respect of group relief Reduction in previous year's tax charge due to group relief claimed	3,727 (3,727)	
	Total current tax	22,403	24,727
5.	Dividends		
	Equity dividends		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Paid		
	Equity dividends on ordinary shares of £1 each	900,000	
	Proposed after the year end (not recognised as a liability)		
	Equity dividends on ordinary shares of £1 each		900,000
6	Investments		
			Freehold
			Investment
			Property

£

Cost or valuation

At 1st April 2009 and 31st March 2010

1,850,000

Net book value

At 31st March 2010 and 31st March 2009

1,850,000

The freehold investment property was valued by Lambert Smith Hampton, Chartered Surveyors on the basis of its open market value at 14th November 2007 The directors do not consider the value to have changed significantly by 31st March 2010

The historic cost of the investment property at 31st March 2010 is £816,947

7 **Debtors**

2010 £	2009 £
_	39,100
88,343	926,803
	953
88,343	966,856
	88,343 ————

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2010

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2010 £	2009 £
Trade creditors	_	7,303
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	18,970
Corporation tax	18,403	24,246
Accruals and deferred income	41,464	41,330
	59,867	91,849

9. Deferred taxation

The balance of the deferred taxation provision throughout the year was £10,350

The provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of

	2010		2009	
	Provided £	Unprovided £	Provided £	Unprovided £
Accelerated capital allowances	10,350	_	10,350	
Other timing differences	_	214,000		223,000

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Unprovided deferred tax in respect of other timing differences represents the potential chargeable gain arising if the investment property were disposed of This potential chargeable gain includes £164,721 of chargeable gain previously rolled over into the base cost of investment property

10. Contingencies

In March 2010 the company received health related compensation claims in respect of two former employees. These claims are currently being handled by the company's insurers. No liability has been admitted by the company and at this stage it is too early to predict what the likely outcome of these claims will be and on this basis no provision has been made in these financial statements.

11. Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2010		2009	
	Number	£	Number	£
89,540 Ordinary shares of £1 each	89,540	89,540	89,540	89,540

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2010

12. Reserves

	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account £
Balance brought forward Profit for the year Equity dividends	1,175,552 - -	1,556,818 92,990 (900,000)
Balance carried forward	1,175,552	749,808

13. Ultimate parent company and related parties

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of A A Bramall Holdings Limited (a company controlled by its directors) The directors regard A A Bramall Holdings Limited as the ultimate parent undertaking

The company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions provided by the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008) on the basis that consolidated group financial statements are filed by A A Bramall Holdings Limited with the Registrar of Companies