A.A. BRAMALL (LEEDS) LIMITED REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31ST MARCH 2007

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REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2007

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31st March 2007

Principal activities and business review

The main activity of the company during the year consisted principally of trading in non-ferrous scrap metals and property letting

As noted in last year's directors' report, a contract to sell the company's scrap metal trading business was completed on 31st July 2006 and metal trading ceased on 30th September 2006 Metal trading during the period benefited from strong metal prices as reflected by the level of monetary turnover

The freehold property has been retained by the company for investment purposes and was let during the year. This activity now comprises the principal activity of the company

The disposal of the scrap metal operations has resulted in an exceptional profit during the year

The directors have identified the following key performance indicators of the business

Metal sales for the year amounted to £9,655,939 (2006 - £11,705,247) and generated a gross margin of 8 86% (2006 - 9 91%)

The directors consider this year's results and the year end financial position to be excellent

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £1,056,408 Particulars of dividends paid are detailed in note 10 to the financial statements

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The company has adopted a risk management policy in which the directors recognise the level of risk acceptable to the company Risks arising from activities are identified and prioritised. Appropriate mitigation or treatment strategies to manage, transfer and avoid risks are in place. Risks and mitigation strategies are subject to review at regular intervals to determine that the nature of those risks has not changed and that mitigation strategies remain appropriate and operational. The directors receive periodic reports of the risk management process.

Identifiable risk areas include

Maintaining a safe working environment for employees,

The safeguarding and efficient use of assets,

Management of human resources,

Ensuring the company complies with its environmental obligations,

Achieving established objectives and goals,

The reliability and integrity of financial and operational information,

Compliance with internal policies and procedures,

Compliance with laws and regulations, and

Changes in internal and external environments

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows

Mrs J Bramall

M Bramall

S Bramall

G Thorpe

(Resigned 30th September 2006)

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2007

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,

make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,

prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware

there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and

the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

Auditor

A resolution to re-appoint Lings as auditor for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985

Registered office Provident House 51 Wardwick Derby DE1 1HN Signed by order of the directors

M Bramall Company Secretary

Approved by the directors on 13th March 2008

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF A.A. BRAMALL (LEEDS) LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2007

We have audited the financial statements of A A Bramall (Leeds) Limited for the year ended 31st March 2007 on pages 4 to 15, which have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out on pages 7 to 8

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st March 2007 and of its profit for the year then ended,

the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and

the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

Provident House 51 Wardwick Derby DE1 1HN LINGS Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

13th March 2008

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2007

	Note	2007 £	2006 £
Turnover	2		
Continuing operations		106,052	_
Discontinued operations		9,655,939	11,705,247
		9,761,991	11,705,247
Cost of sales	3	(8,805,813)	(10,545,818)
Gross profit		956,178	1,159,429
Net operating expenses	3	(901,711)	(1,037,979)
Operating profit:	4		
Continuing operations		90,334	_
Discontinued operations		(35,867)	121,450
		54,467	121,450
Profit on disposal of discontinued operations	7	1,400,104	_
Interest payable	8	(8,563)	(3,822)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		1,446,008	117,628
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	9	(389,600)	(42,228)
Profit for the financial year		1,056,408	75,400

A statement of the movement on reserves is set out in note 20

A.A. BRAMALL (LEEDS) LIMITED STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

Draft for the Smanned voor	2007 £	2006 £
Profit for the financial year attributable to the shareholders	1,056,408	75,400
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of Freehold Investment Property	1,125,552	_
Total gains and losses recognised since the last annual report	2,181,960	75,400

BALANCE SHEET

31ST MARCH 2007

	Note	2007 £	2006 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	11	_	779,077
Investments	12	1,800,000	
		1,800,000	779,077
Current assets			
Stocks	13		302,020
Debtors	14	1,138,871	2,002,361
Cash at bank and in hand		86,306	67,949
		1,225,177	2,372,330
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	15	(507,033)	(1,594,109)
Net current assets		718,144	778,221
Total assets less current liabilities		2,518,144	1,557,298
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	16	_	(18,514)
		2,518,144	1,538,784
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred taxation	18	(56,500)	(59,100)
		2,461,644	1,479,684
Capital and reserves			
Called-up equity share capital	19	89,540	89,540
Revaluation reserve	20	1,125,552	-
Profit and loss account	20	1,246,552	1,390,144
Shareholders' funds	21	2,461,644	1,479,684

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 13th Maich 2008, and are signed on their behalf by

M Bramall

S Bramall

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2007

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exception not to prepare a cash flow statement on the basis that the parent company's group financial statements include a consolidated cash flow statement dealing with the cash flows external to the group

Turnover

Turnover, which excludes value added tax, represents the value of goods and services supplied by the company in the ordinary course of business

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at original cost less accumulated depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost, less estimated residual value, of all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land over their expected useful lives

The rates generally applicable are

Plant and machinery	25%
Motor vehicles	20%
Fixtures and fittings	10%-20%
Freehold buildings	2%

Freehold buildings have not been depreciated following their reallocation to investments during the year

Freehold land is not depreciated

Investment properties

Investment property is shown at open market value. The surplus or deficit arising from the annual revaluation is transferred to the investment revaluation reserve unless a deficit, or its reversal is expected to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss for the year.

This is in accordance with the Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No 19 which, unlike the Companies Act 1985, does not require depreciation of investment property. Investment property is held for its investment potential and not for use by the company and so its current value is of prime importance. The departure from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 is required in order to give a true and fair view.

Stocks

Stocks of non-ferrous metals are valued at average buying price, which is not materially different from the lower of cost and net realisable value

Finance lease and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under these agreements are recorded in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and as an obligation to pay future instalments in accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No 21 Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods using sum of digits method

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2007

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Pensions

The company subscribes to a number of pension schemes the assets of which are held separately from those of the company

Defined contribution schemes

including the group death in service scheme and group personal pension scheme

Contributions falling due for the year are charged to the profit and loss account

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date which are expected to result in an obligation to pay more tax in future periods, or a right to pay less tax in future periods

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax is measured at the undiscounted average tax rates expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. Turnover

The turnover and operating profit are attributable to the principal activities of the company

An analysis of turnover is given below

	2007 £	2006 £
Scrap metal: United Kingdom	9,655,939	11,599,004
Europe	-	106,243
	9,655,939	11,705,247
Rental income:		
United Kingdom	106,052	_
	9,761,991	11,705,247

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3.	Analysis of cost of sales and net operating expenses			
		Continuing operations	Discontinued operations £	Total £
	Year ended 31st March 2007	_		-
	Cost of sales	5,092	8,800,721	8,805,813
	Distribution costs	-	62,664	62,664
	Administrative expenses	11,096	828,933	840,029
	Other operating income	(470)	(512)	(982)
	Net operating expenses	10,626	891,085	901,711
	Year ended 31st March 2006			
	Cost of sales		10,545,818	10,545,818
	Distribution costs		170,326	170,326
	Administrative expenses		868,381	868,381
	Other operating income		(728)	(728)
	Net operating expenses		1,037,979	1,037,979
4.	Operating profit			
	Operating profit is stated after charging			
			2007	2006
			£	£
	Depreciation of fixed assets		11,562	39,789
	Auditor's remuneration		8,000	8,000
	Operating lease costs		202	1 456
	Plant and equipment		303	1,456
	Management charges		688,846	600,890

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2007

5	Particulars	of employees

The average number of staff employed by the company during the financial year amounted to

		2007 Number	2006 Number
	Office staff	1	2
	Directors	3	4
	Other	4	12
		8	18
	The aggregate payroll costs of the above were		
		2007 £	2006 £
	Wages and salaries	111,352	311,945
	Social security costs	9,540	31,614
	Other pension costs	31,388	39,969
		152,280	383,528
6.	Directors' emoluments		
	The directors' aggregate emoluments in respect of qualifying services were		
		2007 £	2006 £
	Aggregate emoluments	20,923	57,128
	Value of company pension contributions to money purchase schemes	30,690	37,767
		51,613	94,895

Pension benefits accrued to one director in the year under a money purchase scheme. In addition, other directors of the company have pension benefits accruing to them resulting from contributions made by, and disclosed in, the financial statements of the parent company.

7. Profit on disposal of discontinued operations

		2007 £	2006 £
	Disposal of discontinued operations Profit on sale of the scrap metal business	1,400,104	
8.	Interest payable		
		2007 £	2006 £
	Bank overdraft interest Finance lease and hire purchase charges	6,534 2,029	926 2,896
		8,563	3,822

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2007

9.	Tax on	profit on	ordinary	activities
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(a) Analysis of charge in the year

	2007 £	2006 £
Current tax		
In respect of the year		
UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year	392,200	19,788
Total current tax	392,200	19,788
Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences	(2,600)	22,440
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	389,600	42,228

Current tax includes £382,700 (2006 - £nil) relating to the sale of the scrap metal business

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

Equity dividends on ordinary shares of £1 each

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The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006 - 30%)

	2007 £	2006 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	1,446,008	117,628
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax	433,802	35,288
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,528	177
Capital allowances for the period less than/(in excess of) depreciation	2,810	(658)
Tax losses utilised	_	(7,010)
Gains relieved from tax	(37,485)	_
Marginal rate relief	(5,380)	(10,934)
Income not taxable	(75)	(75)
Other	(3,000)	3,000
Total current tax (note 9(a))	392,200	19,788
Dividends		
Equity dividends	2007	2006
	£	£
Paid		

1,200,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2007

11.	Tangible fixed assets					
		Freehold Property £	Plant and Machinery £	Fixtures and Fittings £	Motor Vehicles £	Total £
	Cost or valuation At 1 April 2006 Disposals Transfers	816,947 - (816,947)	305,537 (305,537) —	7,893 (7,893) —	197,430 (197,430) —	1,327,807 (510,860) (816,947)
	At 31 March 2007		_	_	_	_
	Depreciation At 1 April 2006 Charge for the year On disposals Transfers	138,486 4,013 - (142,499)	268,418 3,094 (271,512)	6,664 157 (6,821)	135,162 4,298 (139,460)	548,730 11,562 (417,793) (142,499)
	At 31 March 2007		-			
	Net book value At 31 March 2007	_	_	_	-	-
	At 31 March 2006	678,461	37,119	1,229	67,268	779,077
12.	Investments					Freehold Investment Property £
	Cost or valuation Revaluation Transfer in at net book value					1,125,552 674,448
	At 31 March 2007					1,800,000
	Net book value At 31 March 2007					1,800,000
	At 31 March 2006					

The freehold investment property was valued by Lambert Smith Hampton, Chartered Surveyors on the basis of its open market value at 4th August 2005. The directors do not consider the value of this property to have changed significantly since that date.

The historic cost of the investment property at 31 March 2007 is £816,947

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13	Stocks		
		2007	2006
		£	£
	Goods for resale	_	301,197
	Stocks not for resale		823
			302,020
14.	Debtors		
		2007	2006
		£	£
	Trade debtors	_	34,811
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,135,522	1,550,788
	Other debtors	3,349	351,149
	Prepayments and accrued income		65,613
		1,138,871	2,002,361
15	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2007	2006
		£	£
	Bank overdraft	_	1,077,270
	Trade creditors	23,829	77,393
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	30,305	335,253
	Corporation tax Finance lease and hire purchase contracts	384 488	19,788
	Accruals and deferred income	68,411	17,637 66,768
		507,033	1,594,109
16.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2007	2006
		£	£
	Finance lease and hire purchase contracts (all repayable within five years)	_	18,514
17	Pensions		
		2007	2006
		£	£
	Company contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	31,388	39,969
		- 1	
18.	Deferred taxation		
	The movement in the deferred taxation provision during the year was		
		2007	
		£	
	Provision brought forward	59,100	
	Profit and loss account movement arising during the year	(2,600)	
	Provision carried forward	56,500	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2007

18. Deferred taxation (continued)

The provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of

	2007		2006	
	Provided £	Unprovided £	Provided £	Unprovided £
Accelerated capital allowances	56,500	_	59,100	_
Other timing differences		261,213		

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Unprovided deferred tax in respect of other timing differences represents the potential chargeable gain arising if the investment property were disposed of This potential chargeable gain includes £164,721 of chargeable gain previously rolled over into the base cost of investment property

19. Share capital

Authorised share capital:

			2007 £	2006 £
200,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each			200,000	200,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2007		2006	
	Number	£	Number	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	89,540	89,540	89,540	89,540
Reserves		ъ.		e. 11

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	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account
	£	£
Balance brought forward	_	1,390,144
Profit for the year	_	1,056,408
Equity dividends	_	(1,200,000)
Other gains and losses		
- Revaluation of fixed assets	1,125,552	
Balance carried forward	1,125,552	1,246,552
		

21. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2007 £	2006 £
Profit for the financial year	1,056,408	75,400
Other net recognised gains and losses	1,125,552	_
Equity dividends	(1,200,000)	
Net addition to shareholders' funds	981,960	75,400
Opening shareholders' funds	1,479,684	1,404,284
Closing shareholders' funds	2,461,644	1,479,684

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2007

22. Ultimate parent company and related parties

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of A A Bramall Holdings Limited (a company controlled by its directors) The directors regard A A Bramall Holdings Limited as the ultimate parent undertaking

The company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions provided by Financial Reporting Standard 8 on the basis that consolidated financial statements are filed by A A Bramall Holdings Limited with the Registrar of Companies