COSTAIN INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

REGISTERED NUMBER: 563275

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 DECEMBER 2008

KPMG Audit Plc Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor LONDON

TUESDAY



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COSTAIN INTERNATIONAL LIMITED REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS For the year ended 31 December 2008

BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company is civil engineering overseas but it is not seeking further work.

The results for the year are set out in the Profit & Loss Account on page 4.

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend for the year (2007: £nil).

DIRECTORS

The directors of the company and those who held office during the year were as follows:

A Wyllie A O Bickerstaff

E Panayiotou *

N J Critchlow

A J Handford

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' Report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

Pursuant to a shareholders' resolution, the company is not obliged to re-appoint its auditors annually and KPMG Audit Plc will therefore continue in office.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

CLIVE L FRANKS SECRETARY

22 April 2009

REGISTERED OFFICE Costain House, Vanwall Business Park, Maidenhead, Berkshire SL6 4UB

^{*} resignation date 28th February 2009

COSTAIN INTERNATIONAL LIMITED STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2008

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practices).

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF COSTAIN INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

For the year ended 31 December 2008

We have audited the financial statements of Costain International Limited for the year ended 31 December 2008, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 2, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Director's Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted
 Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2008 and of its loss for
 the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985;
 and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

KPMG Audit Plc

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

Komes Andib Pla

LONDON

April 2009

COSTAIN INTERNATIONAL LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For the year ended 31 December 2008

	Notes	2008 £	2007 £
Turnover	1	-	-
Cost of sales		(6,063)	68
Gross (loss)/profit Administrative expenses		(6,063) (4,311)	68 (6,963)
Operating loss	_	(10,374)	(6,895)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	2	(10,374)	(6,895)
Taxation	4	-	-
Loss for the financial year	8	(10,374)	(6,895)

There were no recognised gains nor losses other than the loss for the year and the preceding year.

The above results are all derived from continuing operations.

THE NOTES ON PAGES 6 TO 8 FORM PART OF THESE ACCOUNTS.

COSTAIN INTERNATIONAL LIMITED BALANCE SHEET As at 31 December 2008

Notes 5	2008 £ 5,626,831 10,473 5,637,304	2007 £ 5,626,831 7,570 5,634,401
-	5,637,304	5,634,401
- - 6	5,637,304	5,634,401
-6		
6	(610,271)	(596,994)
	, , ,	(000,004)
-	5,027,033	5,037,407
_		
7	1,800,100	1,800,100
8	3,226,933	3,237,307
9	5,027,033	5,037,407
	8 -	8 3,226,933

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 22 April 2009 and were signed on its behalf by:

A Wyllie

....Director

THE NOTES ON PAGES 6 TO 8 FORM PART OF THESE ACCOUNTS

COSTAIN INTERNATIONAL LIMITED NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS For the year ended 31 December 2008

1. Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items, which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards and under the historical cost convention.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1, the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that the ultimate parent company includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements.

TURNOVER

Turnover represents the value of work carried out during the year on long-term contracts.

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies have been translated into sterling at year end exchange rates. Exchange differences on such items and on transactions completed in the ordinary course of business are dealt with in the profit on ordinary activities. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction.

TAXATION

Deferred taxation has been recognised as a liability or asset, except as otherwise required by FRS 19 'Deferred Tax', if transactions have occurred at the balance sheet date that give rise to an obligation to pay more taxation in future, or a right to pay less taxation in future. An asset is not recognised to the extent that the transfer of economic benefit in future is uncertain. Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised have not been discounted.

2. Loss on ordinary activities before taxation

Loss on ordinary activities is stated after charging:	2008 £	2007 £
Exchange movements on foreign currency	6,063	(68)

No emoluments were paid to the directors of the company during the year (2007: £nil). There were no staff employed during the year (2007: nil).

3. Auditors' remuneration

	2008 £	2007 £
Fees for the audit of the company	2,000	2,000

There are no fees paid to KPMG Audit Plc for services other than the statutory audit of the company. The audit fee was borne by another group company.

COSTAIN INTERNATIONAL LIMITED NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS continued For the year ended 31 December 2008

Tax reconciliation:	4.	Taxation		
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation (10,374) (6,895) Tax at 28.5% (2007: 30%) 2.957 2.069 Group relief free of charge Exchange difference on realignment of opening balances (40,108) 1,808 Total current tax		Tax reconciliation:		
Group relief free of charge 37,151 (3,877)		Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		
5. Debtors Amounts falling due within one year: Amounts owing by group undertakings 6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Amounts owing to parent and group undertakings Accruals and deferred income 7. Share capital 2008 and 2007 Authorised fully paid for fully paid		Group relief free of charge	37,151	(3,877)
Amounts falling due within one year: Amounts owing by group undertakings 5,626,831 5,626,831 5,626,831 5,626,831 6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Amounts falling due within one year Amounts falling due within one year Amounts owing to parent and group undertakings Accruals and deferred income 7. Share capital 2008 and 2007 Authorised fully paid £ £ £ Cordinary shares of £1 each 1,800,100 1,800,100 8. Profit and loss account Profit and loss account Profit and loss for the financial year (10,374)		Total current tax	-	-
Amounts falling due within one year: Amounts owing by group undertakings 5,626,831 5,626,831 5,626,831 5,626,831 6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Amounts falling due within one year Amounts owing to parent and group undertakings Accruals and deferred income 7. Share capital 2008 2007 £ £ £ Amounts owing to parent and group undertakings Accruals and deferred income 30,626 610,271 596,994 7. Share capital 2008 and 2007 Authorised Issued and fully paid £ £ £ Cordinary shares of £1 each 1,800,100 1,800,100 8. Profit and loss account Profit and loss £ At 1 January 2008 Loss for the financial year (10,374)	5.	Debtors		
6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Amounts falling due within one year Amounts owing to parent and group undertakings Accruals and deferred income 7. Share capital 2008		Amounts falling due within one year:		
Amounts falling due within one year Amounts owing to parent and group undertakings Accruals and deferred income 579,645 30,626 20,125 610,271 596,994 7. Share capital 2008 and 2007 Authorised Issued and fully paid £ £ Ordinary shares of £1 each 1,800,100 1,800,100 8. Profit and loss account Profit and loss for the financial year At 1 January 2008 Loss for the financial year Amounts falling due within one year £ £ £ Profit and loss £ 3,237,307 (10,374)		Amounts owing by group undertakings	5,626,831	5,626,831
Amounts falling due within one year Amounts owing to parent and group undertakings Accruals and deferred income 579,645 576,869 30,626 20,125 610,271 596,994 7. Share capital 2008 and 2007 Authorised Issued and fully paid £ £ Ordinary shares of £1 each 1,800,100 1,800,100 8. Profit and loss account Profit and loss £ At 1 January 2008 Loss for the financial year £ £ £ £ Amounts owing to parent and group undertakings 579,645 576,869 30,626 20,125 610,271 596,994 Profit and loss and 2007 Authorised Issued and fully paid £ £ £ £ At 1 January 2008 3,237,307 (10,374)	6.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
Amounts owing to parent and group undertakings				
Accruals and deferred income 30,626 20,125 610,271 596,994 7. Share capital 2008 and 2007 Authorised Issued and fully paid £ £ Ordinary shares of £1 each 1,800,100 1,800,100 8. Profit and loss account Profit and loss £ At 1 January 2008 Loss for the financial year (10,374)		Amounts falling due within one year	£	£
7. Share capital 2008 and 2007 Authorised Issued and fully paid £ £ Ordinary shares of £1 each				
2008 and 2007 Authorised Issued and fully paid £ £ Ordinary shares of £1 each 1,800,100 1,800,100 8. Profit and loss account Profit and loss £ At 1 January 2008 Loss for the financial year 2008 and 2007 Authorised Issued and fully paid £ £ (1,800,100 1,800,100 1,800,100 1,800,100 1,800,100 1,800,100 1,800,100 1,800,100			610,271	596,994
Authorised Issued and fully paid £ Ordinary shares of £1 each 1,800,100 1,800,100 8. Profit and loss account Profit and loss £ At 1 January 2008 Loss for the financial year Authorised Issued and fully paid £ 1,800,100 1,800,100 3,237,307 (10,374)	7.	Share capital		
Authorised Issued and fully paid £ Ordinary shares of £1 each 1,800,100 1,800,100 8. Profit and loss account Profit and loss £ At 1 January 2008 Loss for the financial year Authorised Issued and fully paid £ 1,800,100 1,800,100 3,237,307 (10,374)			2008 ar	nd 2007
Ordinary shares of £1 each 1,800,100 1,800,100 8. Profit and loss account Profit and loss £ At 1 January 2008 Loss for the financial year 1,800,100 1,800,100 1,800,100 1,800,100 1,800,100 1,800,100 1,800,100 1,800,100 1,800,100			Authorised	Issued and fully paid
At 1 January 2008 At 1 January 2008 Loss for the financial year At 1 January 2008 3,237,307 (10,374)		Ordinary shares of £1 each		
loss	8.	Profit and loss account		
Loss for the financial year (10,374)			loss	
At 31 December 2008 3,226,933				
		At 31 December 2008	3,226,933	

9. Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds

	2008 £	2007 £
Loss for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds	(10,374) 5,037,407	(6,895) 5,044,302
Closing shareholders' funds	5,027,033	5,037,407

10. Contingent liabilities

The company has entered into cross guarantees together with the ultimate parent company and certain fellow group undertakings for overdraft facilities made available to the group. At 31 December 2008, these liabilities amounted to £nil (2007: £nil).

There are also contingent liabilities in respect of performance bonds and other undertakings entered into in the ordinary course of business.

11. Related party transactions

The company is exempt under Financial Reporting Standard 8 from the requirement to disclose related party transactions with other group companies on the basis that it is a wholly owned subsidiary of the ultimate parent company, Costain Group PLC.

12. Ultimate parent company

The largest and the smallest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up is that of the ultimate parent company, Costain Group PLC, a company registered in England and Wales.

Copies of the group financial statements of Costain Group PLC may be obtained from the registered office of the company, Costain House, Vanwall Business Park, Maidenhead, Berkshire SL6 4UB.