Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2012

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2012

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company is the sale and after sales support of special purpose surface cleansing vehicles and equipment. The product range includes environmental (street cleansing and moving vehicles and equipment) and winter maintenance vehicles for snow clearance, salt spreading and de-icing for both roads and airports.

BUSINESS REVIEW

In the year to 31 December 2012 the company made a profit on ordinary activities before taxation of £1,567k compared to a profit on ordinary activities before taxation of £1,608k in the year to 31 December 2011 Within the results for the year to 31 December 2011 the company incurred a non-operating exceptional item of £253k (see Note 6 and below) on the disposal of freehold property

Operations

The company operates in 3 principal markets, Winter Maintenance equipment, specialist Airport products and Environmental products

In the Winter Maintenance market the company continued to enjoy strong sales to contractors, hire companies and local authorities

In the Airport market the company continued to grow market share including the supply of specialist Airport Sweeping and Snow Clearance equipment to the Ministry of Defence. In addition Airport Sweeping, Snow Clearance and Runway De-icing vehicles were delivered to a number of UK commercial airports. Turnover in this market was reduced compared to the exceptional levels of 2011.

In the Environmental equipment market the company's sales showed a significant improvement on 2011 in a market which continued to be depressed due to the UK economic downturn. Local authorities in particular were constrained as to their purchases of capital equipment. In spite of this the company enjoyed strong sales in the final quarter to achieve a market share of 31% for the year.

The company also operates in the After Sales (parts & service) market for all 3 areas above. Sales and activity in its After Sales division increased during 2012. The company believes that this market segment will increase following the strong sales of capital products in recent years and the possibility of diversification into other product areas. This activity includes agreements for "in service support" until 2026 with the Ministry of Defence allowing the company to provide long term support to these specialist vehicles.

The gross margin achieved across the whole business was 27 3% for the year ended 31 December 2012 compared to 22 7% in the year to 31 December 2011

Non operating exceptional item

During the year to 31 December 2011 the company sold the freehold of two light industrial units previously held as investment properties at a loss

Key Performance Indicators

The Board monitors the company's performance in a number of ways including key performance indicators. The key financial performance indicators together with the information for 2012 and 2011 are as follows (these exclude the exceptional items mentioned above)

2012	2011
22,875	28,608
6,241	6,500
27 3%	22 7%
1,604	1,891
7 0%	6 6%
58	58
	22,875 6,241 27 3% 1,604 7 0%

DIRECTORS' REPORT

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Competition risk

The markets in which the company operates are competitive with few manufacturers

The company's share of the Winter Maintenance equipment market continues to develop and the increased installed base of equipment provides increased After Sales opportunities. The company believes its technical approach, as adopted by a number of high profile customers, and innovative marketing including the Total Lifetime Care concept, differentiates its product in this market.

In the Airport market where the company faces competition from a few specialist suppliers, it has achieved considerable sales growth and market share in the last 3 years with significant sales to both the Ministry of Defence and many commercial airport operators

In the Environmental market, where the company's customers are predominantly local authorities, hire companies and contractors operating on behalf of local authorities, it is considered important for the company to maintain its leadership in the compact sweeper segment

Foreign currency risk

The company's cost of sale is predominantly denominated in euro. Sterling enjoyed a modest improvement against the euro during 2012 which contributed part of the company's increased margin during the year.

Credit risk

Debtors at the year end were from various companies including many government funded institutions. The history of bad debts is minimal and the company continually monitors its debtor balances.

Liquidity risk

The company has no 3rd party debt except the availability of an unsecured overdraft arrangement with its bankers

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results for the year are shown in the profit and loss account on page 7

The directors have proposed a final dividend of £200,000 (2011 - £200,000) This is subject to approval by Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting and has not been included as a liability in these financial statements

GOING CONCERN

The directors have prepared projected budgets and cash flow information for the period ending 31 December 2013 Based on these, and the agreed overdraft facility which is due for renewal on 28 February 2014, the directors have an expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and the company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully despite the current uncertain economic outlook. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year were

H Landeweerd

T Schenkirsch

P A Diver

(Retired 30 September 2012)

EMPLOYEE INVOLVEMENT

Communication with employees is effected through the company Intranet, newsletters, information bulletins and employee meetings. Meetings include all management staff and as many of the workforce as is reasonably practicable and enable senior management to update employees on company progress and discuss various matters of mutual interest. Promotion of the Total Lifetime Care ethos will figure largely during 2013

DIRECTORS' REPORT

AUDITOR

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this annual report confirms that

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditor and a resolution to reappoint them as auditor will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

H Landeweerd

Director

27 March 2013

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AEBI SCHMIDT UK LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Aebi Schmidt UK Limited for the year ended 31 December 2012 which comprise the profit and loss account, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 19 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice,
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AEBI SCHMIDT UK LIMITED (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

William Crane (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Cambridge, United Kingdom

2 April 2013

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 2012

	Note	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
TURNOVER	2	22,875	28,608
Cost of sales		(16,634)	(22,108)
Gross profit		6,241	6,500
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		(930) (3,707)	(917) (3,692)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	1,604	1,891
Non operating exceptional item Interest receivable and similar income	6	- 18	(253) 12
Interest payable and similar charges Other finance charges in respect of pensions	5	(6) (49)	(12) (30)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		1,567	1,608
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(477)	(223)
RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	15	1,090	1,385

All activities derive from continuing operations

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES Year ended 31 December 2012

Teal chaca 51 Becomber 2012	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Profit for the financial year Actuarial loss recognised in the pension scheme during the year (note 18)	1,090 (691)	1,385 (314)
Deferred tax relating to defined benefit pension scheme	105	63
Current tax credit relating to defined benefit pension scheme	64	
Total recognised gains and losses for the year	568	1,134

BALANCE SHEET 31 December 2012

	Note	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	9	326	235
Tanglore assets			
CURRENT ASSETS		1.404	
Stocks Debtors	10 11	1,406	1,820
Due within one year	11	6,026	4,905
Due after more than one year		357	357
Cash at bank and in hand		786	1,079
		8,575	8,161
CREDITORS. amounts falling due			
within one year	12	(4,834)	(5,054)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		3,741	3,107
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		4,067	3,342
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	13	(10)	(1)
NET ASSETS EXCLUDING NET			
PENSION LIABILITY		4,057	3,341
NET PENSION LIABILITY	18	(1,147)	(799)
NET ASSETS INCLUDING NET PENSION LIABILITY		2,910	2,542
			,
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	14	2,000	2,000
Profit and loss account	15	910	542
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	16	2,910	2,542

The financial statements of Aebi Schmidt UK Limited, registered number 557725, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on $27\,$ March 2013.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Handeweerd

Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention

Under FRS 1 the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that the parent undertaking, Aebi Schmidt Holding AG includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Aebi Schmidt Holding AG, the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group (or investees of the group qualifying as related parties). The consolidated financial statements of Aebi Schmidt Holding AG, within which this company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 19.

Going concern

The company meets its working capital requirements from trading income. The directors have prepared budgets for the period ending 31 December 2013. These projections assess the company's ability to operate within revenue income generated with no capital injections.

The directors acknowledge the company is trading in uncertain economic conditions, although it is their belief that the company is well positioned to meet its business objectives. However there is a risk that the commercial conditions could see the company requiring increased working capital requirements in the short term.

The company has an agreed unsecured overdraft facility of £250,000 which is due for renewal on 28 February 2014, however in the event that the available cash resources, including the overdraft facility are not sufficient to meet the expected working capital requirements of the company in the period under review, the directors will put in place a cost control strategy

Based on the above the directors have concluded that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, even if significant reductions of its planned revenues in the next 12 months occur, and that it is appropriate to prepare financial statements on a going concern basis

Fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows

Between 5 and 10 years

Commercial and sweeping vehicles

5 years

Office equipment

Plant and machinery

Between 3 and 5 years

Fixtures and fittings

Between 3 and 10 years

Leasehold improvements

The period of the lease

Foreign exchange

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates ruling at that date. Translation differences arising are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

Leases

Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and the outstanding future lease obligations are shown in creditors. Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

The company also operates a pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. This scheme was closed to new members in February 2003 and closed to future accrual of benefits for existing members on 31 March 2009 (see note 18). The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

Pension scheme assets are measured using market values Pension scheme liabilities are measured using a projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liability

The pension scheme deficit is recognised in full. The movement in the scheme deficit is split between operating charges, finance items and, in the statement of total recognised gains and losses, actuarial gains and losses.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In determining the cost of raw materials, consumables and goods purchased for resale, the weighted average purchase price is used. For work in progress and finished goods cost is taken as production cost which includes an appropriate proportion of attributable overheads.

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences, which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Dividends

Dividends are accounted for in accordance with FRS 21 "Events after the balance sheet date"

2. TURNOVER

Turnover, which is stated net of value added tax and discounts, represents amounts invoiced to third parties Turnover, all of which arises in the United Kingdom, is attributable to the principal activities of the company. The turnover attributable to each of the company's geographical markets is as follows

	2012 £'000	£'000
United Kingdom Other EC countries	22,723 152	26,507 2,101
	22,875	28,608

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2012

3.	OPERATING PROFIT		
J.	OF ELECTING FROM	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
	Operating profit is stated after charging. Depreciation of owned assets Loss on sale of fixed asset	51	39 184
	Operating leases Other assets The analysis of auditor's remuneration is as follows	150	128
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's annual accounts Fees payable to the company's auditor for other services	6	14 6
4.	INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES		
		2012 £'000	2011 £'000
	Directors' emoluments Emoluments (excluding pension contributions)	175	222
	No directors were members of a defined benefit pension scheme during the year or p	receding year	
		No.	No.
	Average number of persons employed Sales and distribution Administration	53 5	53 5
		58	58
	Staff costs during the year	£'000	£'000
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension costs	1,979 263 74	2,066 214 74
		2,316	2,354
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		2012 £'000	2011 £'000
	On group balances On bank loans, overdrafts and other loans	5	12
		6	12

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2012

6. NON OPERATING EXCEPTIONAL ITEM

During 2011 the company sold two investment properties at a loss on sale of £212k. The company also incurred costs relating to this sale of £41k.

7 TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Current taxation	2 000	2 000
United Kingdom corporation tax based on the result for the year at		
24 5% (2011 - 26 5%)	378	167
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	66	<u>-</u>
	444	167
Deferred taxation		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	9	23
Deferred tax on pension liability	-	33
Effect of change of tax rates	24	
	33	56
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	477	223

Factors affecting tax charge for the year:

The tax assessed for the year differs from that resulting from applying the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 24 5% (2011 - 26 5%) The differences are explained below

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,567	1,608
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at standard rate	384	426
Factors affecting charge for the year		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	3	(12)
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(9)	(25)
Utilisation of tax losses	•	(271)
Other timing differences	-	49
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	66	
Total actual amount of current tax	444	167
		_

In March 2012, the UK Government announced a reduction in the standard rate of UK corporation tax to 24% effective 1 April 2012 and to 23% effective 1 April 2013. These rate reductions became substantively enacted in March 2012 and July 2012 respectively

In December 2012, the UK Government also proposed to further reduce the standard rate of UK corporation tax to 21% effective 1 April 2014, but this change has not been substantively enacted

The effect of these tax rate reductions on the deferred tax balance will be accounted for in the period in which the tax rate reductions are substantively enacted

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2012

8 DIVIDENDS

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Proposed dividend for the year ended 31 December 2012 of 10p	200	200
(2011 - £10p) per ordinary share	200	200

The proposed final dividend is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting and has not been included as a liability in these financial statements

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Leasehold improve- ments £'000	Plant, machinery and vehicles £'000	Office equipment, fixtures and fittings	Total £'000
Cost				
At 1 January 2012	198	14	263	475
Additions in the year	61	57	24	142
Disposals in the year			(34)	(34)
At 31 December 2012	259	71	253	583
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2011	16	4	220	240
Charge for the year	22	7	22	51
Disposals in the year	-	-	(34)	(34)
At 31 December 2012	38	11	208	257
Net book value				
At 31 December 2012	221	60	45	326
At 31 December 2011	182	10	43	235
				

10. STOCKS

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Finished goods and goods for resale	1,406	1,820

There is no material difference between the balance sheet value of stock and their replacement value

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2012

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11.	131	CR.	\mathbf{r}	RS

11.	DEBTORS		
		2012 £'000	2011 £'000
	Amounts falling due within one year Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings	2,928 2,971	4,727 61
	Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	6 121	109
		6,026	4,905
	Amounts falling due after more than one year Other debtors	357	357
		6,383	5,262
12.	CREDITORS. AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2012	2011
		£'000	£'000
	Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Accruals and deferred income	787 800 380 1,959 908	2,054 1,386 167 775 672
		4,834	5,054
13.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES		
	Deferred taxation		£'000
	At beginning of year Charge to profit and loss account		1 9
	At the end of year		10
	The amounts of deferred taxation provided in the accounts are as follows		
		Provided 2012 £'000	Provided 2011 £'000
	Depreciation in deficit of capital allowances Short term timing differences	15 (5)	6 (5)
	onor term timing unterences	10	1

In addition to the deferred tax asset in note 18, there is an unrecognised deferred tax asset of £108,918 (2011 - £117,995) relating to capital losses

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2012

14	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
		2012 £'000	2011 £'000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 2,000,000 (2011 - 2,000,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	2,000	2,000
15.	RESERVES		
			Profit and loss account £'000
	At 1 January 2012 Profit for the financial year Actuarial loss recognised in the pension scheme during the year Deferred tax relating to actuarial loss Current tax credit in statement of total recognised gains and losses Dividends paid		542 1,090 (691) 105 64 (200)
	At 31 December 2012		910
		2012 £'000	2011 £'000
	Profit and loss reserve excluding pension liability Pension liability	2,057 (1,147)	1,341 (799)
	Profit and loss reserve	910	542
16	PECONOLI I TION OF MONTHENES DI SUA PENOL PERSI ENDIDE		
16.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
	Profit for the financial year Actuarial loss recognised in the pension scheme during the year Deferred tax relating to actuarial loss Current tax credit in statement of total recognised gains and losses Dividends paid	1,090 (691) 105 64 (200)	1,385 (314) 63
	Net increase in shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	368 2,542	1,134 1,408
	Closing shareholders' funds	2,910	2,542

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2012

17. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2012 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

	Land an	Land and buildings	
	2012	2011	
	£'000	£'000	
Operating leases which expire			
After five years	150	150	
•			

18. PENSION SCHEME

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension charge for the period represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to £74,000 (2011 - £74,000)

There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at either the beginning or end of the financial year

The company also operates the Schmidt Group Pension Scheme, a funded defined benefit scheme, providing benefits based on final pensionable pay

The contributions are determined by a qualified actuary on the basis of triennial valuations using the projected unit method. The most recent valuation of this group scheme was at 31 May 2011

The scheme closed to new members in February 2003 and closed to future accrual of benefits for existing members on 31 March 2009. The scheme currently has a funding shortfall. The trustees and the company have agreed that recovery plan contributions of £160,000 per annum will be paid by the company from 1 January 2009. During 2012 an additional contribution of £150,000 was paid by the company, making a total amount of £310,000 paid into the scheme during the year. The funding shortfall is expected to be eliminated in 8 years.

The valuation at 31 May 2011 has been updated by the actuary on an FRS 17 basis as at 31 December 2012. The major assumptions used in this valuation were

	31 December 2012	31 December 2011	31 December 2010
Rate of increase in salaries	n/a	n/a	n/a
Pension increase in pensions in payment and deferred pensions	2 80%	2 90%	3 40%
Discount rate applied to scheme liabilities	4 25%	4 55%	5 30%
Inflation assumption	2 80%	2 90%	3 40%

The assumptions used by the actuary are chosen from a range of possible actuarial assumptions which, due to the timescale covered, may not necessarily be borne out in practice

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2012

18. PENSION SCHEME (continued)

Scheme assets

The fair value of the scheme's assets, which are not intended to be realised in the short term and may be subject to significant change before they are realised, and the present value of the scheme's liabilities, which are derived from cash flow projections over long periods and thus inherently uncertain, were

	31 December 2012 £'000	31 December 2011 £'000	31 December 2010 £'000
Equities Bonds Other	1,551 29	1,370 7	2,473 766 244
Diversified growth funds	2,181	1,940	-
Present value of scheme liabilities	3,761 (5,270)	3,317 (4,396)	3,483 (4,378)
Deficit in the scheme - Pension liability Related deferred tax asset	(1,509) 362	(1,079) 280	(895) 251
Net pension liability	(1,147)	(799)	(644)
	Long term rate of return at 31 December 2012	Long term rate of return at 31 December 2011	Long term rate of return at 31 December 2010
Equities Bonds Property Other Diversified growth funds	n/a 3 85% n/a 0 50% 4 55%	n/a 4 35% n/a 0 50%	7 10% 4 00% 6 60% 0 50%
Movement in deficit during the year			
	31 December 2012 £'000	31 December 2011 £'000	31 December 2010 £'000
Deficit in scheme at beginning of year Employer contributions Charge to other financial income Actuarial (loss) gain Actuarial loss, prior period adjustment	(1,079) 310 (49) (59) (632)	(895) 160 (30) (314)	(1,090) 160 (40) 75
Deficit in the scheme at end of year	(1,509)	(1,079)	(895)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2012

18. PENSION SCHEME (continued)

During the year it came to the attention of the directors, via the Trustees of the Scheme, that changes to the benefit provisions under the Rules of the Scheme made in 1997 and 1999 had not been validly effected by deed at the appropriate times. Although the changes had been properly communicated to members and the Scheme administered and funded on the changed basis, the changes had not been effected by deed.

Both the Trustees of the Schmidt Group Pension Scheme and the directors of the company took legal advice which stated that any changes to the Rules had to be effected by deed and no deed seeking to implement the changes was executed until May 2003. As a result, the Trustees and Company have concluded that additional benefits are due to members of the Scheme. The additional cost of these is disclosed earlier in this note as an Actuarial loss, prior period adjustment.

Analysis of other pension costs charged in arriving at operating profit

Current service cost 5 55 Analysis of the amounts included in other finance costs 31 32 32 32 32 </th <th></th> <th>31 December 2012 £'000</th> <th>31 December 2011 £'000</th> <th>31 December 2010 £'000</th> <th>31 December 2009 £'000</th> <th>31 December 2008 £'000</th>		31 December 2012 £'000	31 December 2011 £'000	31 December 2010 £'000	31 December 2009 £'000	31 December 2008 £'000
Street	Current service cost	-	-	•	5	55
December 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 200	Analysis of the amounts included in ot	her finance co	ests			
148 198 194 148 199 194 148 199 194 148 199 194 148 199 194 148 199 194		December 2012	December 2011	December 2010	December 2009	December 2008
National Color	assets					
National Process Street	Net charge	(49)	(30)	(40)	(72)	(18)
December December	History of experience gains and losses					
scheme assets (£'000) 178 (359) 236 345 (827) Percentage of scheme assets 4 7% 11% 6 8% 11% 32% Experience gains and losses arising on liabilities (£'000) (690) 233 - - 22 Percentage of the present value of scheme's liabilities 13 1% 5 3% - - 0 6% Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of scheme liabilities (£'000) (179) (188) (161) (457) 307 (£'000) Percentage of the present value of scheme's liabilities 3 4% 4 3% 3 7% 10 8% 11 8% Actuarial (loss) gain recognised in STRGL (691) (314) 75 (112) (498)		December 2012	December 2011	December 2010	December 2009	December 2008
Percentage of the present value of scheme's liabilities	scheme assets (£'000)					
Scheme's habilities 13 1% 5 3% 0 6% Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of scheme habilities (179) (188) (161) (457) 307 (£'000) Percentage of the present value of scheme's habilities 3 4% 4 3% 3 7% 10 8% 11 8% Actuarial (loss) gain recognised in STRGL (691) (314) 75 (112) (498)	liabilities (£'000)	(690)	233	-	-	22
present value of scheme habilities (179) (188) (161) (457) 307 (£'000) Percentage of the present value of scheme's habilities 3 4% 4 3% 3 7% 10 8% 11 8% Actuarial (loss) gain recognised in STRGL (691) (314) 75 (112) (498)		13 1%	5 3%	-	-	0 6%
scheme's liabilities 3 4% 4 3% 3 7% 10 8% 11 8% Actuarial (loss) gain recognised in STRGL (691) (314) 75 (112) (498)	present value of scheme liabilities (£'000)	(179)	(188)	(161)	(457)	307
STRGL (691) (314) 75 (112) (498)		3 4%	4 3%	3 7%	10 8%	11 8%
As a percentage of scheme liabilities (13 1%) (7 1%) 1 7% (2 7%) (13 6%)		(691)	(314)	75	(112)	(498)
	As a percentage of scheme liabilities	(13 1%)	(7 1%)	1 7%	(2 7%)	(13 6%)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2012

19. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate parent company and ultimate parent company is Aebi Schmidt Holding AG, a company incorporated in Switzerland which owns 100% of the company

The smallest and largest group of which the company is a member for which group accounts are drawn up is that headed by Aebi Schmidt Holding AG, copies of which may be obtained from Zürcherstrasse 310, 8500 Frauenfeld, Switzerland