Company Registration No 00553823 (England and Wales)

COURTENAY INVESTMENTS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2011

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors L J Osband

R A S Osband S Hillman M J Main

G Davies (alternate director)

P M E Osband

Secretary M P Smith

Company number 00553823

Registered office Royal Geographical Society Building

1 Kensington Gore

London SW7 2AR

Auditors Gerald Edelman

25 Harley Street

London W1G 9BR

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2011

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2011

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year continued to be that of property investment

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 5

No dividends were paid during the year

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 February 2010

E Osband

(Resigned 2 July 2010)

L J Osband

R A S Osband

S Hillman

M J Main

G Davies (alternate director)

P M E Osband

2011	2010
£	£
-	6.000
	£

Auditors

In accordance with the company's articles, a resolution proposing that Gerald Edelman be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2011

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. The directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies

By order of the board

M P Smith Secretary

3 August 2011

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF COURTENAY INVESTMENTS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Courtenay Investments Limited for the year ended 31 January 2011 set out on pages 5 to 13. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on pages 1 - 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 January 2011 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF COURTENAY INVESTMENTS LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or

N Summer (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Gerald Edelman

3 August 2011

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

25 Harley Street London W1G 9BR

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2011

	Notes	2011 £	2010 £
Rents receivable		2,665,531	2,446,930
Other property income		-	35,000
Property expenses		(721,240)	(860,072)
Gross profit		1,944,291	1,586,858
Administrative expenses Other operating income		(1,940,990) 50,000	(1,954,946) 105,000
Operating profit/(loss)	3	53,301	(228,088)
Other interest receivable and similar income		1,138	2,012
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		54,439	(226,076)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	4	(12,867)	
Profit/(loss) for the year	10	41,572	(226,076)

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2011

	 :,	
	2011 £	2010 £
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	41,572	(226,076)
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of properties	24,072,199	
Total recognised gains and losses relating to	24,113,771	(226,076)
the year		

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 JANUARY 2011

		2	011	20	010
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		31,486,874		7,426,674
Current assets					
Debtors	6	5,447,977		6,160,966	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,043,567		269,335	
		6,491,544		6,430,301	
Creditors amounts falling due within					
one year	7	(718,138)		(710,466)	
Net current assets			5,773,406		5,719,835
Total assets less current liabilities			37,260,280		13,146,509
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9		719,250		719,250
Revaluation reserve	10		24,072,199		-
Other reserves	10		6,888,777		6,888,777
Profit and loss account	10		5,580,054		5,538,482
Shareholders' funds	11		37,260,280		13,146,509

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 3 August 2011

R A S Osband

Director

Company Registration No 00553823

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2011

1 Accounting policies

11 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of freehold and long leasehold investment properties

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a small company

1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

13 Rent receivable

Rent receivable represents amounts receivable from third parties, arising from the principal activity carried out in the United Kingdom

1 4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets other than freehold and long leasehold properties are stated at cost or valuation less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows.

Computer equipment

33 33% per annum on cost

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

25% per annum on cost

Freehold and long leasehold investment properties are shown at their open market values

Although this accounting policy is in accordance with the applicable accounting standard SSAP19, Accounting for Investment Properties, it is a departure from the general requirement of the Companies Act 2006 for all tangible assets to be depreciated in the opinion of the directors, compliance with the standard is necessary for the financial statements to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount of this which might otherwise have been changed cannot be separately identified or quantified.

15 Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term

16 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

17 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

No provision is made for the potential liability to the taxation which would arise in the event of the realisation of the investment properties held at the balance sheet date at the amount at which they are stated in the financial statements. If the investment properties were disposed of, the taxation liability could amount to approximately £1,095,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2011

2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom

3	Operating profit/(loss)	2011 £	2010 £
	Operating profit/(loss) is stated after charging	-	~
	Amortisation of reverse lease premium	33,300	33,300
	Depreciation of tangible assets	21,346	22,905
	Operating lease rentals	48,763	48,689
	Auditors' remuneration	75,7 55	.5,555
	- Statutory audit	29,963	30,467
	- Tax compliance	1,000	1,000
			
4	Taxation	2011	2010
		£	£
	Domestic current year tax		
	U K corporation tax	12,867	
	Total current tax	12,867	
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	54,439 ————	(226,076)
	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard		
	rate of UK corporation tax of 28 00% (2010 - 28 00%)	15,243 	(63,301)
	Effects of		
	Non deductible expenses	15,580	(16,047)
	Capital allowances	(12,547)	16,758
	Group relief	•	67,640
	Other tax adjustments	(5,409)	(5,050)
		(2,376)	63,301
	Current tax charge for the year	12,867	

The company has a potential liability to deferred taxation of approximately £95,000 arising from a possible future reversal of the flat conversion allowance on sale of the converted property

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2011

5	Tangible fixed assets	Freehold investment properties	Long leasehold investment properties	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost and valuation				
	At 1 February 2010	7,289,984	77,817	139,733	7,507,534
	Additions	-	-	9,347	9,347
	Revaluation	23,445,016	627,183		24,072,199
	At 31 January 2011	30,735,000	705,000	149,080	31,589,080
	Depreciation				
	At 1 February 2010	-	-	80,860	80,860
	Charge for the year	-		21,346 ———	21,346
	At 31 January 2011			102,206	102,206
	Net book value				
	At 31 January 2011	30,735,000	705,000	46,874	31,486,874
	At 31 January 2010	7,289,984	77,817	58,873	7,426,674
				=====	

The company's investment properties properties were valued by the directors on an open market basis as at 31 January 2011 (2010 At cost), by reference to informal advice taken from a firm of Chartered Surveyors. The historical cost of the properties as at 31 January 2011 was approximately £7,368,000

6	Debtors	2011	2010
		£	£
	Trade debtors	31,239	70,040
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	5,263,249	5,961,712
	Other debtors	100,438	-
	Prepayments and accrued income	53,051	129,214
		5,447,977	6,160,966

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2011

7	Creditors amounts falling due within one year	2011	2010
	•	£	£
	Trade creditors	21,671	-
	Corporation tax	12,867	-
	Other taxes and social security costs	99,947	63,361
	Other creditors	8,854	11,275
	Accruals and deferred income	574,799	635,830
		718,138	710,466
			

8 Pension and other post-retirement benefit commitments Defined contribution

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund.

2010

2011

		£	£
	Contributions payable by the company for the year	10,417	12,563
9	Share capital	2011 £	2010 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 719,250 Ordinary shares of £1 each	719,250	719,250

10 Statement of movements on reserves

	Revaluation reserve	Other reserves	Profit and loss account
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 February 2010 Profit for the year		6,888,777 -	5,538,482 41,572
Revaluation during the year	24,072,199		
Balance at 31 January 2011	24,072,199	6,888,777	5,580,054

Other reserves represent accumulated surpluses realised on sales of properties which, in accordance with the Articles of Association, are credited to a non-distributable reserve

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2011

11	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2011 £	2010 £
	Profit/(Loss) for the financial year Other recognised gains and losses	41,572 24,072,199	(226,076)
	Net addition to/(depletion in) shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	24,113,771 13,146,509	(226,076) 13,372,585
	Closing shareholders' funds	37,260,280	13,146,509
12	Financial commitments		
12	At 31 January 2011 the company was committed to making the foliocancellable operating leases in the year to 31 January 2012	owing payments	s under non-
		Land a 2011	ınd buildings 2010
	Operating leases which expire	2011 £	2010 £
	Between two and five years	11,625	11,625
	In over five years	30,764	30,764
		42,389	42,389
13	Capital commitments	2011	2010
	At 31 January 2011 the company had capital commitments as follows	£	£
	Contracted for but not provided in the financial statements		40,000
14	Directors' remuneration	2011 £	2010 £
	Remuneration for qualifying services	1,280,786	1,394,576
	Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes	4,188	12,563
		1,284,974	1,407,139
	Remuneration disclosed above include the following amounts paid to the highest paid director		
	riightost paid director		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2011

15 Employees

Number of employees

The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the vear was

yeai was	2011 Number	2010 Number
Administration	13	13
Employment costs	2011 £	2010 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs	1,572,062 205,210	1,588,897 201,148
Other pension costs	10,417 ————————————————————————————————————	12,563

16 Control

The ultimate holding company is Courtenay Trust Limited

17 Related party transactions

Included within other income are management fees of £50,000 (2010 - £105,000) receivable from either related companies or from companies under common control

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard Number 8 from the requirement to disclose transactions with group companies on the grounds that consolidated financial statements are prepared by the ultimate parent company

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY EXPENSES AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2011

2011	2010
£	£
30,764	30,764
22,542	100,422
(10,934)	28,184
48,628	220,072
-	13,258
114,245	63,588
320,033	203,110
17,386	99,458
125,276	47,916
33,300	33,300
20,000	20,000
721,240	860,072
	194,321
	1,394,576
	201,148
	12,563
	-
	4,600
3,500	3,500
47,952	47,510
17,999	17,925
1,786	963
203	-
10,551	6,796
4,091	3,612
5,936	5,766
1,000	1,181
30,963	31,467
10,687	17,297
1,250	2,005
380	-
-	6,000
3,907	811
1,346	2,905
1,940,990	1,954,946
	£ 30,764 22,542 (10,934) 48,628 114,245 320,033 17,386 125,276 33,300 20,000