A company limited by guarantee and not having a share capital

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

Of

THE BRITISH EDITORIAL SOCIETY OF BONE AND JOINT SURGERY (the Society)

Passed on 2019

The following resolution was duly passed as a special resolution by way of written resolution under Chapter 2 of Part 13 of the Companies Act 2006

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

That, conditional upon obtaining the consent of the Charity Commission pursuant to section 198 of the Charities Act 2011, the articles of association of the Society be amended by deleting article 5 and replacing it with the following new article 5:

- "5 The income and property of the Society shall be applied solely towards the promotion of the Objects and no part shall be paid or transferred directly or indirectly, by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise by way of profit, to Members and no Trustee or Connected Person shall be appointed to any office of the Society paid by salary or fees or receive any remuneration or other benefit in money or money's worth at the expense of the Society: Provided that nothing in this document shall prevent (and the Society hereby specifically authorises) any payment or provision in good faith by the Society:
- 5.1 of the usual charges for business done by any Trustee or Connected Person engaged in a profession or business when instructed by the Trustees to act in a professional or business capacity on its behalf and subject to the conditions in sections 185 and 186 of the Charities Act 2011:
- 5.2 of interest on money lent by any Member or Trustee or Connected Person at a reasonable and proper rate which must be not more than the Bank of England bank rate (also known as the base rate);
- 5.3 of fees, remuneration or other benefit in money or money's worth to any company of which a Trustee or Connected Person may also be a member holding not more than 1/100th part of the issued capital of that company;
- 5.4 of reasonable and proper rent for premises demised or let by any member of the Society or a Trustee or Connected Person;
- 5.5 to any Trustee or Connected Person of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses;
- 5.6 of reasonable and proper premiums in respect of trustee indemnity insurance, effected in accordance with Article 4.18 above;
- 5.7 of a benefit to a Member, officer or servant who is not a Trustee in the capacity of a beneficiary of the Society; or
- 5.8 subject to the consent of the Members where required under the CA 2006, of any other direct or indirect benefit to a Trustee or Connected Person which has been authorised by the Charity Commission;

and none of the above arrangements or transactions shall constitute a breach by a Trustee of his duty under section 175 of the CA 2006."

Director (Chairman)

Date: 3 87 May 2019

MONDAY

A18 01/07/2019

COMPANIES HOUSE

#356

Company Number: 00522061

A company limited by guarantee and not having a share capital SPECIAL RESOLUTION

of

THE BRITISH EDITORIAL SOCIETY OF BONE AND JOINT SURGERY (the "Society")

The following resolution was duly passed as a special resolution an Annual General Meeting of the Society on Friday 31 May 2019.

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

"That, conditional upon obtaining the consent of the Charity Commission to those amendments which constitute "regulated alterations" for the purposes of section 198 of the Charities Act 2011, the draft regulations produced to the AGM be adopted as the articles of association of the Society in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the existing articles of association, including those provisions of the memorandum of association which since 1 October 2009 have been deemed to be part of the articles of association of the Society pursuant to section 28 of the Companies Act 2006"

Director

Date

A18 COMPANIES HOUSE

A COMPANY NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

THE BRITISH EDITORIAL SOCIETY OF BONE AND JOINT SURGERY

Adopted by Special Resolutions passed on 31 May 2019

INTERPRETATION

1 In these Articles:

1.1 The following words shall have the following meaning:-

"the Articles" means these Articles of Association of the

Society;

"AGM" means the Annual General Meeting of the

Society;

"Auditor" means a person appointed to conduct an

examination and verification of the Society's accounts and includes a reporting accountant

appointed in accordance with the Statutes;

"BOA" means the organisation known as the British

Orthopaedic Association (or such other

organisation as replaces it);

"CA 2006" means the Companies Act 2006;

"Chairman" means the chairman of the Council appointed

from time to time;

"Charity Commission" means the Charity Commission for England and

Wales (or such other organisation as replaces it or is given authority to act as regulator for

charities in England and Wales);

"Clear Days" in relation to the period of a notice means the

period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;

"Companies Acts" means the Companies Acts (as defined in section

2 of the Companies Act 2006) in so far as they

apply to the Society.

"Connected Person" means a person connected with a Trustee as set

out in section 118 of the Charities Act 2011;

"the Council" means the board of trustees of the Society who

are directors of the Society for the purposes of the Companies Act and the charity trustees for the purposes of Section 177 of the Charities Act

2011;

"Editorial Boards" Means the editorial boards of the three

publications referred to in Article 3.1;

"Electronic Communication"

means the same as in the CA 2006;

"Electronic Form"

has the meaning in section 1168(3) of the CA

2006;

"Executed"

includes any mode of execution;

"Hard Copy"

has the meaning in section 1168(2) of the CA

2006;

"Members"

means those members of the Society having the

right to vote at general meetings of the Society;

"the Memorandum"

means the Memorandum of Association of the

Society:

"Model Articles"

means the model articles for private companies limited by guarantee contained in Schedule 2 of The Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2009/3229) as amended prior to the date of

adoption of these Articles;

"Month"

means a calendar month;

"Office"

means the registered office of the Society;

"Secretary"

means the Company Secretary of the Society or any other person appointed to perform the duties of the Company Secretary of the Society;

"the Society"

means the above-named company;

"Statutes"

means the Companies Acts and every other statute, statutory instrument, regulation or order for the time being in force concerning companies registered under the Companies Acts;

"Trustee"

means a member of the Council;

"the United Kingdom"

means Great Britain and Northern Ireland (excluding the Isle of Man and the Channel

Islands).

1.2 Any reference to:

1.2.1 a statute or statutory provision includes a reference to the statute or statutory provision as modified or re-enacted or both from time to time, and to any subordinate legislation made under it;

- 1.2.2 the singular includes the plural and vice versa and the masculine includes the feminine and the neuter genders and vice versa; and
- **1.2.3** a *person* includes natural persons, firms, partnerships, companies, corporations, associations, organisations, governments, states, government or state agencies, local authorities, public bodies, foundations and trusts (in each case whether or not having separate legal personality);
- 1.3 Subject to the preceding provisions of this Article and unless the context requires otherwise, words or expressions defined in the Statutes (but excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force on the date on which these Articles become binding on the Society) shall bear the same meaning in the Articles.

APPLICATION OF MODEL ARTICLES

2 The Model Articles shall not apply to the Society and are hereby excluded in their entirety.

OBJECTS OF THE SOCIETY

- The objects ("the Objects") for which the Society is established are for the advancement of education in, and the improvement in the practice of, orthopaedics and allied branches of surgery together with the diffusion of such knowledge throughout the world, and with a view thereto:
- 3.1 To print, electronically produce or reproduce, publish, procure the publication of and circulate journals called or intended to be called "The Bone & Joint Journal", "Bone & Joint Research" and "Bone & Joint 360" and such other publications as may be appropriate for the promotion of the objects of the Society.
- **3.2** To provide for the delivery and holding of lectures, demonstrations, exhibitions, classes and conferences.

POWER OF THE SOCIETY

- 4 In furtherance of the Objects but not otherwise the Society may exercise the following powers:
- 4.1 to make grants and loans upon such terms and conditions (if any) as to interest, repayment, security or otherwise and to guarantee money or to use the assets of the Society as security for the performance of contracts entered into by any person as may be thought fit for or towards charitable purposes in any way connected with or calculated to further the Objects;
- **4.2** to organise meetings, lectures, conferences, broadcasts, courses of instruction or other activities;
- 4.3 to provide or procure the provision of counselling and guidance;
- **4.4** to promote or carry out research and to publish and distribute the useful results of such research;
- 4.5 to produce or help others to publish and distribute material in any form that may be deemed desirable for the promotion of the Objects or for the purpose of informing contributors and others of the needs or progress of the Society;
- 4.6 to purchase, acquire and obtain interests in the copyright of or the right to perform, publish or show any material which can be used or adapted for the Objects;

- 4.7 to accept gifts on any terms;
- 4.8 to raise funds for the Society;
- 4.9 to carry out trade in so far as either the trade is exercised in the course of carrying out the Objects or the trade is temporary and ancillary to the carrying out of the Objects or is otherwise permissible for a charity by law;
- 4.10 to operate bank accounts in the name of the Society;
- 4.11 to acquire any property of any kind situated anywhere in the world for investment purposes whether involving liabilities or producing income or not and to appoint and pay professional investment managers who are authorised to carry on the requisite regulated activities under the provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and otherwise delegate the management of investments to proper and competent persons;
- 4.12 to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property together with any rights or privileges which the Society may think necessary;
- 4.13 to maintain, manage, construct and alter any buildings or erections and to equip and fit out any property and buildings for use and to make planning applications, applications for consent under by-laws or building regulations and other like applications;
- 4.14 subject to any restrictions imposed by law, to exchange, sell, let, mortgage, charge, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise deal with all or any of the property or assets of the Society;
- 4.15 subject to any restrictions imposed by law, to borrow or raise money for the purposes of the Society on such terms and on such security (if any) as the Trustees may think fit;
- 4.16 to employ, engage or retain the services of such persons as the Trustees think may be necessary or desirable on such terms as the Trustees think fit and to make all reasonable provisions for the payment of pensions and superannuation to employees, their families and other dependents;
- 4.17 to appoint any person to hold any property as nominee for the Society and to pay any such nominee reasonable and proper remuneration for acting as such:
- 4.18 to pay the cost of any premium in respect of any insurance or indemnity to cover liability of the Council or any Trustee or any other officer (other than the Auditor) of the Society which by virtue of any rule of law would otherwise attach to them, in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust of which they may be guilty in relation to the Society provided that any such insurance or indemnity shall not extend to any claim arising from criminal or wilful or deliberate neglect or default on the part of that person and provided also that any such insurance shall not extend to the costs of an unsuccessful defence to a criminal prosecution brought against that person in their capacity as a Trustee or officer of the Society;
- 4.19 to establish or support charitable trusts and to act as trustees of any charitable trust whether established by the Society or otherwise;

- 4.20 to establish or promote the establishment of any company or other corporate body;
- 4.21 to establish and own in whole or in part any society or other entity;
- **4.22** to co-operate with any person operating in furtherance of the Objects or similar charitable purposes;
- 4.23 to amalgamate with, acquire the assets of or in any other way to merge with any person (other than a natural person) which is charitable at law and has objects the same or similar to the Objects;
- **4.24** to do all such other lawful things as shall be expedient in the interests of the Society.
- The income and property of the Society shall be applied solely towards the promotion of the Objects and no part shall be paid or transferred directly or indirectly, by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise by way of profit, to Members and no Trustee or Connected Person shall be appointed to any office of the Society paid by salary or fees or receive any remuneration or other benefit in money or money's worth at the expense of the Society:
 - Provided that nothing in this document shall prevent (and the Society hereby specifically authorises) any payment or provision in good faith by the Society:
- of the usual charges for business done by any Trustee or Connected Person engaged in a profession or business when instructed by the Trustees to act in a professional or business capacity on its behalf and subject to the conditions in, sections 185 and 186 of the Charities Act 2011;
- 5.2 of interest on money lent by any Member or Trustee or Connected Person at a reasonable and proper rate which must be not more than the Bank of England bank rate (also known as the base rate);
- of fees, remuneration or other benefit in money or money's worth to any company of which a Trustee or Connected Person may also be a member holding not more than 1/100th part of the issued capital of that company;
- 5.4 of reasonable and proper rent for premises demised or let by any member of the Society or a Trustee or Connected Person;
- 5.5 to any Trustee or Connected Person of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses;
- of reasonable and proper premiums in respect of trustee indemnity insurance, effected in accordance with Article 4.18 above;
- 5.7 of a benefit to a Member, officer or servant who is not a Trustee in the capacity of a beneficiary of the Society; or
- 5.8 subject to the consent of the Members where required under the CA 2006, of any other direct or indirect benefit to a Trustee or Connected Person which has been authorised by the Charity Commission;
 - and none of the above arrangements or transactions shall constitute a breach by a Trustee of his duty under section 175 of the CA 2006.

LIABILITY OF CHARITY MEMBERS

6 The liability of the Members is limited to a sum not exceeding £1.00.

PROCEDURE FOR CHANGE OF NAME

7 The Society may change its name by a resolution of the Council.

MEMBERSHIP

- **8** The Society must maintain a register of Members.
- **9** The Members shall be those persons who are from time to time members of the Editorial Board of The Bone and Joint Journal.
- The Council may from time to time resolve upon the creation of other classes of members (including honorary members) provided that the rights of such other classes of members do not extend to voting at general meetings. Such categories of membership may be called by such names and have such rights, privileges, duties and obligations (except the right to vote at general meetings) as may be specified in the resolution.
- 11 Every person appointed as a Member shall provide written consent to be a Member.
- 12 Membership shall not be transferrable and a Member shall cease to be a Member if:
- **12.1** the Member concerned ceases to be a member of the Editorial Board of The Bone and Joint Journal.
- 12.2 gives written notice of resignation to the Society;
- 12.3 his registration as a medical practitioner is suspended by the General Medical Council (or in the case of overseas members or members who are not medical practitioners, by their equivalent professional body) or is disqualified under the Charities Act 2011 from acting as a charity trustee;
- 12.4 Is removed from membership by resolution of the Council on the grounds that in their reasonable opinion the Member's continued membership is harmful to the Society (but only after notifying the Member in writing and considering any written representations put forward by the Member concerned);
- 12.5 becomes bankrupt or enters into any arrangement or composition with his creditors.

GENERAL MEETINGS

- The Society shall hold an AGM each year in addition to any other general meeting in that year and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it; not more than 15 months shall elapse between the date of one AGM and that of the next. The AGM shall be held at such times and places as the Council shall determine.
- General meetings may be called on the requisition of the Members pursuant to the provisions of the Statutes, or by the Council. If there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient Trustees to convene a general meeting, any Trustee or any Member may convene a general meeting.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

- All general meetings shall be called by at least 14 clear days' notice but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed by a majority in number of Members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting being a majority together holding not less than 90% of the total voting rights.
- The notice shall specify the date, time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. The notice shall be given to all Members, Trustees and the Auditor.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- No business other than the appointment of the chairman of the meeting shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present. Six persons present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a Member shall constitute a quorum.
- If a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, or if during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such time and place as the chairman of the meeting may determine.
- The Chairman, if any, of the Council or in his absence some other Trustee nominated by the Council shall preside as chairman of the meeting, but if neither the Chairman nor such Trustee (if any) be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the Trustees present shall elect one of their number to be chairman of the meeting and, if there is only one Trustee present and willing to act, he shall be chairman of the meeting.
- The chairman of the meeting may, with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days' notice shall be given in any manner in which notice of a meeting may lawfully be given specifying the date, time and place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Otherwise it shall not be necessary to give any such notice.
- A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless, before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands, a poll is duly demanded. Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, a poll may be demanded:
- 21.1 by the chairman of the meeting; or
- 21.2 by at least two Members present in person or by proxy and having the right to vote at the meeting.
- Unless a poll is duly demanded, a declaration by the chairman of the meeting that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority, and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.

- The demand for a poll may be withdrawn, before the poll is taken, but only with the consent of the chairman of the meeting. The withdrawal of a demand for a poll shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand for the poll was made.
- A poll shall be taken as the chairman of the meeting directs and he may appoint scrutineers (who need not be Members) and fix a time and place for declaring the results of the poll. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll is demanded.
- A poll demanded on the election of a chairman of the meeting or on a question of adjournment shall be taken immediately. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either immediately or at such time and place as the chairman of the meeting directs. The demand for a poll shall not prevent continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll is demanded. If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the results of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.
- In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he may have.
- At the absolute discretion of the Council and subject to notification being given to the Society, a person entitled to be present at a general meeting may participate by means of electronic communications whereby all persons participating in the meeting can understand and communicate with each other and participation in a meeting in this manner shall be deemed to constitute presence in person at such meeting. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where it is convened to be held or where the largest group of those participating is assembled, or if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting is. The word "meeting" in these Articles shall be construed accordingly

WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS

- A resolution in writing agreed by a simple majority (or in the case of a special resolution by a majority of not less than 75%) of the Members who would have been entitled to vote upon it had it been proposed at a general meeting shall be effective provided that a copy of the proposed resolution has been circulated to every eligible Member and a simple majority (or in the case of a special resolution a majority of not less than 75%) of Members has signified agreement to the resolution in an authenticated document which has been received at the registered office within the period of 28 days beginning with the circulation date. A resolution in writing may comprise several copies to which one or more Members have signified their agreement.
- 29 Neither a resolution removing a Trustee before the expiration of his period of office nor a resolution removing an auditor before the expiration of his term of office can be passed as a written resolution.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

- 30 Subject to Articles 26 and 31, every Member shall have one vote.
- No Member shall debate or vote (whether in person or by proxy) on any matter in which he is personally interested without the permission of the majority of the persons present and voting.
- Any Member entitled to attend and vote at any meeting of the Society shall be entitled to appoint another person (whether a Member or not) as his proxy to attend and to speak and to vote (by show of hands or poll) at a general meeting instead of him.
- The appointment of a proxy and any document necessary to show the validity of, or otherwise relating to, the appointment of a proxy shall be in such form as the Council may in their absolute discretion direct and shall:
- in the case of an appointment in hard copy form, be delivered personally or by post to the Office not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which it relates; or
- 33.2 in the case of an appointment in electronic form, be received at an address specified by or on behalf of the Society for the purpose of receiving documents or information in electronic form:
 - **33.2.1** in, or by way of note to, the notice convening the meeting;
 - **33.2.2** in any form of proxy sent by or on behalf of the Society in relation to the meeting; or
 - 33.2.3 in any invitation in electronic form to appoint a proxy issued by or on behalf of the Society in relation to the meeting,
 - not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates; or
- 33.3 in the case of a poll which is taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded, be delivered or received as aforesaid not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; or
- in the case of a poll which is not taken at the meeting at which it is demanded but is taken not more than 48 hours after it was demanded, be delivered in hard copy form to the Chairman or to the Secretary or to any Trustee at the meeting at which the poll was demanded,
 - and in calculating the periods referred to in this Article 33, no account is to be taken of any part of a day which is not a working day.
- In default of delivery or receipt in accordance with Article 33, the instrument of proxy shall be invalid and no instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of 12 months from the date of its execution.
- An instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.
- No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not

disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

A vote cast or a poll demanded by a proxy shall not be rendered invalid by reason of the death or mental disorder of the appointor or by the termination or revocation of the proxy or the authority under which the proxy was executed unless notice of such shall have been received by the Society not later than the latest time at which the proxy would need to have been delivered to or received by the Society in order to be valid for use whether to vote in person or on a poll at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used to which it relates. Such notice of termination shall be made either by means of an instrument in hard copy form, delivered to the Office or in electronic form received at the address (if any) specified by or on behalf of the Society in accordance with Article 33, regardless of whether any relevant proxy appointment was effected by means of an instrument in hard copy or electronic form.

THE COUNCIL

- 38 There shall be at least five Trustees being
- 38.1 One ex officio Trustee ("the Ex Officio Trustee");
- 38.2 Four elected trustees ("the Elected Trustees"); and
- 38.3 Not more than two Trustees who shall be appointed by a resolution of the Council ("the Co-opted Trustees") and who shall hold office for a term not exceeding three years.
 - **38.3.1** A Co-opted Trustee may be re-appointed for a further term not exceeding three years.
 - **38.3.2** No Co-opted Trustee may serve for more than three successive terms of office.
- The Ex Officio Trustee shall be the President of the BOA from time to time. If the President of the BOA is unable to attend meetings of the Council then he may invite the President-Elect or other officio of the BOA to attend in his place but the President-Elect or other officio shall not be entitled to vote at any meetings of the Council and shall not be counted in the quorum of the meeting.
- 40 The Elected Trustees shall be elected pursuant to the provisions of Article 48.
- Those individuals who have been appointed as Trustees at the time of adoption of these Articles shall continue to serve as Trustees until their respective terms of office expire and shall be eligible to be re-appointed to serve a further term or terms of office in accordance with these Articles.
- 42 Except to the extent permitted by the Articles, no Trustee shall take or hold any interest in property belonging to the Society or receive remuneration or be interested otherwise than as a Trustee in any other contract to which the Society is a party.
- The Trustees may be paid all reasonable travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of the Council (or its committees or sub-committees) or general meetings or otherwise in

connection with the discharge of their duties.

POWERS OF THE COUNCIL

- The business of the Society shall be managed by the Council who may exercise all the powers of the Society and do on behalf of the Society all such acts as may be exercised and done by the Society unless they are subject to any restrictions imposed by the Companies Act, the Articles or any special resolution of the Members. No alteration to the Articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the Council which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. A meeting of the Council at which a quorum is present may exercise all the powers exercisable by the Council.
- The Council may, by power of attorney or otherwise, appoint any person to be the agent of the Society for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine.
- The Council shall have power from time to time to make, repeal and alter rules or regulations for the proper conduct and management of the Society, any committee and any other matters arising under the Articles.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF ELECTED TRUSTEES

- 47 At the next AGM following adoption of these Articles and at every subsequent AGM Elected Trustees who have served for a continuous term of three years shall retire from office but shall be eligible to be elected for a further term.
- **47.1** Subject to Article 47.2 no Elected Trustee may serve for more than three successive terms of office.
- 47.2 An Elected Trustee who has been appointed as Chairman of the Council may remain as a Trustee after the end of his third term of office while he is Chairman.
- 48 All elections to membership of Council shall be conducted on the following basis:
- 48.1 notices of elections shall be issued to all Members; and
- **48.2** the notices of election shall be issued by direction of Council not less than eight weeks before each AGM.
- 48.3 Each notice shall:
 - **48.3.1** specify the names of the Trustees whose retirement gives rise to the vacancies in respect of which the election is to take place;
 - 48.3.2 invite nominations for candidates to fill these vacancies;
 - **48.3.3** contain such other particulars as shall be prescribed by Council.
- **48.4** Each nomination form shall relate to one candidate only and shall contain such particulars as shall be prescribed by Council including a declaration signed by the candidate of his willingness to serve if elected as a Trustee.
- **48.5** To be eligible for election candidates must be a member of the Editorial Board of The Bone and Joint Journal and nominated by at least two Members.
- **48.6** In cases where the number of valid nominations does not exceed the number of vacancies all candidates shall be elected without any further procedure.
- 48.7 If the number of candidates nominated for election shall exceed the number of

vacancies, the Secretary shall not less than 21 days before the AGM send to each voting member:

- **48.7.1** the names of the candidates in alphabetical order; and
- **48.7.2** a statement that each candidate is a member eligible for election;
- **48.8** The term of office of a candidate elected at the AGM shall commence on the first day of January following the date of the AGM at which he is elected.
- **48.9** The Council may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Trustee to fill a vacancy amongst the Elected Trustees. A Trustee so appointed shall hold office only until the next following AGM. If not reappointed at such AGM he shall vacate office at the conclusion thereof.

DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF TRUSTEES

- 49 A Trustee shall cease to hold office if:
- 49.1 he ceases to be a Trustee by virtue of any provision in the Statutes or is disqualified from acting as a Trustee by virtue of section 178 of the Charities Act 2011 or is otherwise prohibited by law from being a Trustee;
- **49.2** His registration as a medical practitioner is suspended by the General Medical Council (or in the case of overseas members or members who are not medical practitioners, by their equivalent professional body);
- **49.3** a registered medical practitioner who is treating that person gives a written opinion to the Society stating that that person has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a director and may remain so for more than three months;
- 49.4 he resigns his office by notice to the Society (but only if, pursuant to Article 52, a quorum of Trustees will remain in office when the notice or resignation is to take effect);
- 49.5 he is removed from office by way of a resolution of not less than 75% of the Trustees entitled to attend and vote at a Council meeting;
- **49.6** he is absent without the permission of the Council from all their meetings held within a period of six months and that the Council resolve that his office be vacated;

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COUNCIL

- Subject to the provision of the Articles, the Council may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their proceedings as they think fit. Two Trustees may, and the Secretary at the request of two Trustees shall, call a meeting of the Council. Notice of a Council meeting shall be deemed to be properly given to a Trustee if it is given to him personally or by word of mouth or sent to him in hard copy form at his last known address or any other address given by him to the Society for this purpose or sent in electronic form to him at an address given by him to the Society for this purpose.
- Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.
- The quorum for the transaction of the business of the Council may be fixed by the Council but unless otherwise determined three shall be a quorum.

- The Council may act notwithstanding any vacancies but, if the number of Trustees is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing Trustees may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting.
- The Chairman shall preside at every meeting of Council at which he is present. If there is no Trustee holding that office, or if the Trustee holding it is unwilling to preside or is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the Trustees present may appoint one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
- The Council may delegate any of its powers or the implementation of any of its resolutions to any committee provided that:
- 55.1 the resolution making that delegation shall specify those who shall serve or be asked to serve on such committee (although the resolution may allow the committee to co-opt persons up to a specified number);
- **55.2** the composition of any such committee shall be entirely in the discretion of the Council and may comprise such of their number (if any) as the resolution may specify; and
- 55.3 the deliberations of any such committee shall be reported regularly to the Council and any resolution passed or decision taken by any such committee shall be reported forthwith to the Council and for that purpose every committee shall appoint a secretary.
- Pursuant to the power in Article 55 the Council may establish Editorial Boards for each of the Society's publications referred to in Article 3.1. The terms of reference for each of the Editorial Boards shall contain the procedures for the appointment and removal of members of the Editorial Boards, including as to the eligibility of those to be appointed, and their roles and responsibilities.
- All acts done by a meeting of the Council, or a committee shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was a defect in the appointment of any Trustee or member of the committee or that any of them were disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Trustee or a member of the committee (as the case may be) and had been entitled to vote.
- Instead of taking a decision at a meeting of the Trustees, a decision of the Trustees can be taken when all eligible Trustees indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter provided that the eligible Trustees taking such a decision would have formed a quorum had a meeting of the Trustees been held. Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, copies of which have been signed by each eligible Trustee or to which each eligible Trustee has otherwise indicated agreement in writing (including email). Otherwise, such a decision must be recorded in writing and signed by the Chairman to confirm that agreement of all eligible Trustees has been obtained. References in this Article to "eligible Trustees" are to Trustees who would have been entitled to vote on the matter had it been proposed as a resolution at a Trustees' meeting.
- Trustees and members of any committee may participate in or hold a meeting of the Council or any committee (as the case may be) by means of telephone, televisual,

electronic or virtual communications so that all persons participating in the meeting can be identified by the Chairman and can understand and communicate with each other simultaneously. Participation by such means shall be deemed to constitute presence in person and business so transacted shall be effective for all purposes as that of a meeting of the Council or a committee (as the case may be) duly convened and held with such persons physically present.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

- A Trustee must declare the nature and extent of any interest direct or indirect, whether personal or by virtue of a duty of loyalty or otherwise, which that Trustee has in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Society before that transaction or arrangement is entered into or which the Trustee has in any existing transaction or arrangement already entered into by the Society which has not been previously declared. That Trustee shall provide sufficient information to the other Trustees to enable them to properly debate the matter and shall be absent from that part of the meeting at which the matter is discussed and shall not be counted in the quorum for that part of the meeting and shall have no vote on the matter.
- In accordance with the requirements set out in Articles 62 to 64.2 inclusive, the Trustees may authorise any matter proposed to them by any Trustee which would, if not authorised, constitute a breach of the duty to avoid conflicts of interests under section 175 of the CA 2006 ('Conflict').
- Any authorisation under Article 61 will be effective only if:
- 62.1 the matter in question shall have been proposed by any Trustee for consideration at a meeting of Trustees in the same way that any other matter may be proposed to the Trustees under the provisions of these Articles or in such other manner as the Trustees may determine;
- any requirement as to the quorum at the meeting of the Trustees at which the matter is considered is met without counting the Trustee in question and the Trustee concerned shall be absent from that part of the meeting at which the matter is discussed;
- 62.3 the matter was agreed to without his voting or would have been agreed to if his vote had not been counted; and
- **62.4** the Trustees, other than the Trustee concerned, consider that it is in the interests of the Society to authorise the Conflict.
- Any authorisation of a Conflict under Article 61 may (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently):
- **63.1** extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may reasonably be expected to arise out of the Conflict so authorised;
- 63.2 be subject to such terms and for such duration, or impose such limits or conditions as the Trustees may in their absolute discretion determine; and
- 63.3 be terminated or varied by the Trustees at any time. This will not affect anything done by the Trustee prior to such termination or variation in accordance with the terms of the authorisation.
- 64 In authorising a Conflict the Trustees may decide (whether at the time of giving the

- authorisation or subsequently) that if a Trustee has obtained any information through his involvement in the Conflict otherwise than as a Trustee of the Society and in respect of which he owes a duty of confidentiality to another person the Trustee is under no obligation to:
- **64.1** disclose such information to the Trustees or to any Trustee or other officer or employee of the Society; nor
- 64.2 use or apply any such information in performing his duties as a Trustee, where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence.
- **65** Where the Trustees authorise a Conflict:
- **65.1** the Trustee will be obliged to conduct himself in accordance with any terms imposed by the Trustees in relation to the Conflict;
- 65.2 the Trustee will not infringe any duty he owes to the Society by virtue of sections 171 to 177 of the CA 2006 provided he acts in accordance with such terms, limits and conditions (if any) as the Trustees impose in respect of its authorisation; and
- 65.3 neither the Trustee nor any Connected Person may receive any direct or indirect benefit as a result of the authorised Conflict other than a benefit which is authorised under Article Error! Reference source not found.

OFFICERS

- The Council shall appoint from amongst the Elected Trustees a Chairman, a Treasurer and a Secretary ("the Officers").
- 66.1 The Officers shall be appointed for a term of three years and any such appointment may be made for the purpose of discharging such duties and upon such terms as the Council determines and the Council may dismiss any officer so appointed.
- 66.2 No person shall be appointed as Chairman unless he has first served at least one three year term of office as a Trustee unless the Council resolve by a majority of not less than 75% that he should be appointed without first having served as a Trustee for one three year term.

MINUTES

- The Council shall ensure that minutes are kept for a minimum of ten years (or such other period as the Statutes require:
- 67.1 of all appointments of officers made by the Council; and
- 67.2 of all proceedings at meetings of the Society and of the Council and of committees and sub-committees of the Council including the names of those present at such meetings.

BANK ACCOUNTS

Any bank account in which any part of the assets of the Society is deposited shall indicate the name of the Society.

ACCOUNTS

Accounting records sufficient to show and explain the transactions and assets and liabilities of the Society and otherwise complying with the Statutes shall be kept at

the Office or such other place within the United Kingdom as the Council thinks fit.

Subject to the requirements of the Statutes, the Society may at a general meeting impose reasonable restrictions as to the time and manner at and in which the books and accounts of the Society may be inspected by Members and subject to those restrictions the books and accounts shall be opened to inspection by Members at all reasonable times during usual business hours.

INDEPENDENT EXAMINATION AND AUDIT

71 The Council shall comply with their obligations under the Charities Act 2011 and the Statutes with regard to the independent examination or audit of accounts and if required by the Statutes shall appoint an Auditor whose duties shall be regulated in accordance with the Charities Act 2011 or the Statutes.

ANNUAL REPORT AND ANNUAL RETURN

72 The Council shall comply with their obligations under the Charities Act 2011 with regard to the preparation of an annual report and an annual return and their transmission to the Charity Commission.

NOTICES

- Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these Articles, any notice or other document or information sent or supplied by or to the Society (whether authorised or required to be sent or supplied by the Statutes or otherwise) to or by a Member, or to or by any person entitled to enjoy or exercise all or any specified rights of a member in relation to the Society, may be sent or supplied in any way in which the CA 2006 provides for documents or information to be sent or supplied by or to the Society for the purposes of the Statutes.
- Subject to first obtaining consent of Members, the Society may supply any document or information to the Members via a website.
- A notice or other document or information sent by a Member in electronic form shall not be treated as received by the Society if it is rejected by computer virus protection arrangements.
- A Member present in person at any meeting of the Society shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where necessary, of the purposes for which it was called.
- Any notice, document or other information shall be deemed served on or delivered to the intended recipient:
- 77.1 if properly addressed and sent by prepaid United Kingdom first class post to an address in the United Kingdom, 48 hours after it was posted (or five Business Days after posting either to an address outside the United Kingdom or from outside the United Kingdom to an address within the United Kingdom if (in each case) sent by reputable international overnight courier addressed to the intended recipient, provided that delivery in at least five Business Days was guaranteed at the time of sending and the sending party receives a confirmation of delivery from the courier service provider);
- 77.2 if properly addressed and delivered by hand, when it was given or left at the appropriate address;

- 77.3 if properly addressed and sent or supplied by electronic means, 48 hours after the document or information was sent or supplied; and
- 77.4 if sent or supplied by means of a website, when the material is first made available on the website or (if later) when the recipient receives (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material is available on the website.
 - For the purposes of this Article, no account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a working day.
- The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to or the non-receipt of a notice of a meeting by a person entitled to receive a notice shall not invalidate the proceedings of that meeting.

INDEMNITY

- Subject to the provisions of the Statutes but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a Trustee may otherwise be entitled every Trustee or other officer of the Society may be indemnified out of the assets of the Society against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the court from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the Society, and against all costs, charges, losses, expenses or liabilities incurred by him in the execution and discharge of his duties or in relation thereto.
- The Council shall have power to resolve pursuant to Article 4.18 to effect indemnity insurance for any relevant officer notwithstanding their interest in such policy.

WINDING-UP

- Every Member undertakes to contribute such amount as may be required (not exceeding £1.00) to the Society's assets if it should be wound up while he or she is a Member or within one year afterwards, for payment of the Society's debts and liabilities contracted before he or she ceases to be a Member, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves.
- If upon the winding up or dissolution of the Society there remains, after the satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, any property, whatsoever, the same shall not be paid to or distributed among the Members, but shall be given or transferred to some other institution or institutions having objects similar to the objects of the Society, and which shall prohibit the distribution of its or their income and property among its or their members to an extent at least as great as is imposed on the Society under or by virtue of Article 5 hereof, such institution or institutions to be determined by the Members at or before the time of dissolution, and if so far as effect cannot be given to such provision, then to some other charitable object.

BY-LAWS

- The Council may from time to time make such reasonable by-laws as they may deem necessary or expedient for the proper conduct and management of the Society;
- 84 The by-laws may regulate the following matters but are not restricted to them:

- **84.1** the appointment of Trustees and admission of Members of the Society and the rights and privileges of such Trustees and Members;
- **84.2** the creation of other classes of members and the rights, privileges, duties and obligations of such members;
- **84.3** the conduct of Trustees and Members in relation to one another, and to the Society's employees and volunteers;
- **84.4** the setting aside of the whole or any part or parts of the Society's premises at any particular time or times or for any particular purpose or purposes;
- **84.5** the procedure at general meetings and meetings of the Council in so far as such procedure is not regulated by the Companies Act or by the Articles; and
- **84.6** generally, all such matters as are commonly the subject matter of company rules.
- 85 The Council has the power to alter, add to or repeal the by-laws.
- The Council must adopt such means as they think sufficient to bring the by-laws to the notice of Members.
- The by-laws shall be binding on all Members. No by-laws shall be inconsistent with, or shall affect or repeal anything contained in, the Articles.