(Registered No 00510676)

ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS 2012

Board of Directors:

R M Stott

B M Puffer

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 31 December 2012

Results and dividends

The loss for the year after taxation was £27,000 which, when deducted from the retained deficit brought forward at 1 January 2012 of £903,000 gives a total retained deficit carried forward at 31 December 2012 of £930,000

The company has not declared any dividends during the year (2011 £Nil) The directors do not propose the payment of a dividend

Principal activity and review of the business

The company provides management services for BP International Limited and BP Chemicals Limited in respect of licensing and technical support

No key financial and other performance indicators have been identified for this company

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company aims to deliver sustainable value by identifying and responding successfully to risks Risk management is integrated into the process of planning and performance management at a group level. Monitoring and accountability for the management of these risks occur through quarterly performance reviews at a group level.

We urge you to consider carefully the risks described below. The potential impact of the occurrence or reoccurrence of any of the risks described below could have a material adverse effect on the company's business, financial position, results of operations, competitive position, cash flows prospects, liquidity, shareholder returns and/or implementation of its strategic agenda.

Company level risk has been categorised against the following area compliance and control. In addition, we have also set out a further category of risk for your attention – those resulting from the 2010 Gulf of Mexico oil spill (the Incident)

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)

Gulf of Mexico oil spill

The Gulf of Mexico oil spill has had and could continue to have a material adverse impact on BP as a group, and consequently may also have an adverse impact on BP World-Wide Technical Services Limited

Whilst the BP group recognised significant charges in the income statement since the Incident occurred in 2010, there is significant uncertainty regarding the extent and timing of the remaining costs and liabilities relating to the Incident, the potential changes in applicable regulations and the operating environment that may result from the Incident, the impact of the Incident on the reputation of the group and the resulting possible impact on the group's licence to operate including its ability to access new opportunities. The amount of claims that become payable by the BP group, the amount of fines ultimately levied on the BP group (including any potential determination of the BP group's negligence or gross negligence), the outcome of litigation, the terms of any further settlements including the amount and timing of any payments thereunder, and any costs arising from any longer-term environmental consequences of the Incident, will also impact upon the ultimate cost for the BP group

Although the provisions recognised represent the current best estimates of expenditures required to settle certain present obligations that can be reasonably estimated at the end of the reporting period, there are future expenditures for which it is not possible to measure the obligations reliably and the total amounts payable by the BP group in relation to all obligations relating to the Incident are subject to significant uncertainty. These uncertainties are likely to continue for a significant period, increase the risks to which the group is exposed and may cause costs to increase. Thus, the Incident has had, and could continue to have, a material adverse impact on the group's business, competitive position, financial performance, cash flows, prospects liquidity, shareholder returns and/or implementation of its strategic agenda, particularly in the US. The risks associated with the Incident could also heighten the impact of the other risks to which the group is exposed as further described below. Further information on the Incident, is included within the BP group Annual Report and Form 20-F for the year ended 31 December 2012.

Compliance and control risks

Liabilities and provisions

The BP group's potential liabilities resulting from pending and future claims, lawsuits, settlements and enforcement actions relating to the Gulf of Mexico oil spill, together with the potential cost and burdens of implementing remedies sought in the various proceedings, cannot be fully estimated at this time but they have had, and are expected to continue to have, a material adverse impact on the group's business and consequently may also impact the company's business. Further information is included within the BP group Annual Report and Form 20-F for the year ended 31 December 2012.

Reporting

External reporting of financial and non-financial data is reliant on the integrity of systems and people Failure to report data accurately and in compliance with external standards could result in regulatory action, legal liability and damage to the company's reputation

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Going concern

The directors consider that, despite the uncertainties deriving from the current economic environment and the loss reported for the year, the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future

Directors

There have been no director appointments or resignations since 1 January 2012

Directors' indemnity

The company indemnifies the directors in its Articles of Association to the extent allowed under section 232 of the Companies Act 2006

Policy and practice on payment of creditors

It is the company's policy to follow the CBI's prompt payment code of practice for all suppliers to the company with payments made in accordance with the relevant contractual payment terms. A copy of the code of practice may be obtained from the CBI.

The number of days' purchases represented by trade creditors at the year-end was ml

Auditor

In the absence of a notice proposing that the appointment be terminated, Ernst & Young LLP will be deemed to be re-appointed as the company's auditor for the next year

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Directors' statement as to the disclosure of information to the auditor

The directors who were members of the board at the time of approving the directors' report are listed on page 1. Having made enquiries of fellow directors and of the company's auditor, each of these directors confirms that

- To the best of each director's knowledge and belief, there is no information relevant to the preparation of their report of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- Each director has taken all the steps a director might reasonably be expected to have taken to be aware of relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

By Order of the Board

For and on behalf of

Sunbury Secretaries Limited

2013

Company Secretary

/5 August
Registered Office

Chertsey Road Sunbury on Thames Middlesex TW16 7BP

United Kingdom

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom accounting standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss for that period. In preparing these accounts, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable United Kingdom accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors confirm that they have complied with these requirements and, having a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BP WORLD-WIDE TECHNICAL SERVICES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of BP World-Wide Technical Services Limited for the year ended 31 December 2012 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheet, the accounting policies and the related notes 1 to 12 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). These standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report and Accounts to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its loss for the year then ended
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice,
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

William Testa (Senior Statutory Auditor)

brust - Young LLP

for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor

London

16 Augu 1- 2013

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting standards

The financial statements of BP World-Wide Technical Services Limited were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on // Appl 2013.

These accounts are prepared on a going concern basis and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable UK accounting standards.

Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention

Statement of cash flows

The group accounts of the ultimate parent undertaking contain a consolidated cash flow statement. The company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by the Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 (Revised), whereby it is not required to publish its own cash flow statement.

Revenue recognition

Revenue arising from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have passed to the buyer and it can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts, customs duties and sales taxes.

Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are unitally recorded in steiling by applying the exchange rate ruling on the date of transaction. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences are included in the profit and loss account.

Debtor

Debtor are carried at the original invoice amount, less allowances made for doubtful receivables. Provision is made when there is objective evidence that the company will be unable to recover balances in full. Balances are written off when the probability of recovery is assessed as being remote.

Creditors

Creditors are carried at payment or settlement amounts. If the effect of the time value of money is material, creditors are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

		2012	2011
	Note	£000	000£
Turnover	1	31	40
Cost of sales		(54)	(15)
Gross (loss) / profit		(23)	25
Administration expenses		(4)	(3)
(Loss) / profit before taxation		(27)	22
Taxation	3		(4)
(Loss) / profit for the year		(27)	18

The loss of £27,000 for the year ended 31 December 2012 was derived in its entirety from continuing operations

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

There are no recognised gains or losses attributable to the shareholders of the company other than the loss for the year.

BP WORLD-WIDE TECHNICAL SERVICES LIMITED (Registered No. 00510676)

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2012

		2012 _	2011
	Note	£000	£000
Current assets			
Debtor	5	80	102
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(10)_	(5)
Net current assets		70	97
NET ASSETS		70	97
Represented by			
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	7	1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account	8	(930)	(903)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS – EQUITY INTERESTS		70	97

On behalf of the Board

Brian Puffer Director

15 August

2013

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. Tuinovei

Turnover, which is stated net of value added tax, represents amount invoiced to group companies

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below

	2012 £000	2011 £000
By geographical area Rest of World	31	40
Auditor's remuneration		
	2012 £000	2011 £000

Fees paid to the company's auditor, Ernst & Young LLP and its associates for services other than the statutory audit of the company are not disclosed in these accounts since the consolidated accounts of BP World-Wide Technical Services Limited's ultimate parent BP p l.c. are required to disclose non-audit fees on a consolidated basis

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3. Taxation

2.

The Company is a member of a group for the purposes of relief within Part 5, Corporation Tax Act 2010 No UK corporation tax has been provided because another group company, BP International Limited, has undertaken to procure the claim or surrender of group relief to the extent it is required and to provide for any current or deferred UK tax that arises without charge

The tax charge is made up as follows

Fees for the audit of the company

Current tax	2012 £000	2011 £000
Overseas tax on income for the year Total current tax charged	-	4
Tax charged on profit on ordinary activities	-	4

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

3. Taxation (continued)

(a) Factors affecting the current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24% for the year ended 31 December 2012 (2011 - 26%) The differences are reconciled below

	2012	2011
	UK	UK
	£000	£000
(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before tax	(27)	22
Current taxation	•	4
Effective current tax rate	0%	19%
	2012	2011_
	UK	UK
	%	%
UK corporation tax rate.	24	26
Overseas corporation tax rate	•	-
Increase / (decrease) resulting from:		
Double tax relief	-	(19)
Current overseas tax	•	19
Free group relief	(23)	(7)
Transfer pricing adjustment	(1)	-
Effective current tax rate		19

The permanent and tuning difference shown in the current tax rate reconciliation above are those that arise for UK corporation tax purposes, rather than overseas tax purposes

4. Directors and employees

(a) Remineration of directors

None of the directors received any fees or remuneration for services as directors of the company during the financial year (2011 £Nil)

(b) Employee costs

The company had no employees during the year (2011 Nil)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

5. Debtor

	Amounts owed by group undertaking		2012 Within 1 year £000 80	2011 Within 1 year £000 102
6.	Creditors			
	Amounts owed to group undertakings		2012 Within 1 year £000 10	2011 Within 1 year £000 5
7.	Called up share capital			
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 1,000 000 Ordinary shares of £1 each for a total nominal va £1,000,000	lue of	2012 £000	2011 £000 1,000
8.	Capital and reserves			
	At 1 January 2012 Loss for the year At 31 December 2012	share capital £000 1,000	Profit and loss account £000 (903) (27) (930)	Total £000 97 (27) 70
9.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds			
	(Loss) / profit for the year Net (decrease) / increase in shareholders' funds Shareholders' funds at 1 January Shareholders' funds at 31 December		2012 £000 (27) (27) 97	2011 £000 18 18 79

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

10. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption contained within Financial Reporting Standard No 8 "Related Party Disclosures", and has not disclosed transactions entered into with group companies.

During the year the company entered into transactions, in the ordinary course of business, with other related parties. Transactions entered into and trading balances outstanding at 31 December, are as follows

Related party	Relationship	Description	Sales to related party £'000
BP Petronas Acetyls Sdn Bhd 2012 2011	Group joint venture undertaking	Provision of technical services	4 40
Formosa BP Chemicals Corporation 2012 2011	Group joint venture undertaking	Provision of technical services	27

11. Pensions

The company does not directly employ any staff and therefore does not directly bear any pension charge

12. Immediate and ultimate controlling parent undertaking

The immediate parent undertaking is BP Chemicals Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The ultimate controlling parent undertaking is BP plc, a company registered in England and Wales, which is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of BP plc can be obtained from 1 St James's Square, London, SW1Y 4PD