COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 505191

IOMA CLOTHING COMPANY LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 31 DECEMBER 2010

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ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2010

		2010		2009	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Intangible assets			-		-
Tangible assets			918,010		914,624
			918,010		914,624
CURRENT ASSETS			, ,,,,,,		· , ·
Stocks		358,711		367,350	
Debtors		530,288		392,386	
Cash at bank and in hand		92,703		31,867	
		981,702		791,603	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due)				
within one year		522,107		380,225	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			459,595		411,378
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	Γ				
LIABILITIES			1,377,605		1,326,002
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due	e after				
more than one year			330,077		376,593
			1,047,528		949,409
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	3		725		725
Revaluation reserve			655,315		655,315
Other reserves			275		275
Profit and loss account			391,213		293,094
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,047,528		949,409

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 477, and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of the

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (1) ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (11) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.
The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

31 DECEMBER 2010

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 2016 2011, and are signed on their behalf by

ELLEVINSON

MR A THOMAS

Company Registration Number 505191

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Goodwill - Equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Leasehold Property

- Straight line over the life of the lease

Plant & Machinery Fixtures & Fittings

20% Reducing Balance33 33% Reducing Balance

Motor Vehicles

- 25% Reducing Balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Finance lease agreements

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

2. FIXED ASSETS

		Intangible Assets £	Tangible Assets £	Total £
	COST OR VALUATION	2	~	~
	At 1 January 2010	124,453	1,258,957	1,383,410
	Additions		29,943	29,943
	At 31 December 2010	124,453	1,288,900	1,413,353
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 January 2010	124,453	344,333	468,786
	Charge for year		26,557	26,557
	At 31 December 2010	124,453	370,890	495,343
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2010	_	918,010	918,010
	At 31 December 2009	_	914,624	914,624
3.	SHARE CAPITAL			
	Authorised share capital:			
	4,375 A Ordinary shares of £1 each	201 £ 4,3		2009 £ 4,375
	625 B Ordinary shares of £1 each		75 25	625
	V20 B Gramary snares of all cash	5,0	_	5,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:			
		2010	20	
	100 4 0 1	No £	No 100	£
	100 A Ordinary shares of £1 each		00 100 25 625	100 625
	625 B Ordinary shares of £1 each	625 6	25 625	023
		725 7	<u>725</u>	725