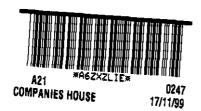
ALVIS BROTHERS LIMITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 MARCH 1999

Company Number 502230



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company registration number:	502230
Registered office:	Lye Cross Farm Redhill Wrington Bristol BS18 7RH
Directors:	Mr J Alvis Mr M Alvis
Secretary:	Mrs P J Alvis
Bankers:	Midland Bank Plc 30 High Street Weston-Super-Mare Avon BS23 1JE
Solicitors:	Bennetts High Street Wrington Bristol BS18 7QB
Auditors:	Grant Thornton Registered auditors Chartered accountants

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEX	PAGE
Report of the directors	1-2
Report of the auditors	3
Accounting policies	4-5
Profit and loss account	6
Balance sheet	7
Cash flow statement	8
Notes to the financial statements	9-17

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report together with financial statements for the year ended 31 March 1999.

Principal activity

The company is principally engaged in pig and dairy farming and cheese making.

Business review

During the year the pig enterprise was restructured and the dairy herd reduced, to adapt to economic conditions. The company continues to invest in its cheese production facilities.

Results

There was a profit for the year after tax amounting to £276,491 (1998: £218,037). The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend and the profit has therefore been retained.

Directors

The present membership of the Board is set out below. All directors served throughout the year.

In accordance with the Articles of Association the directors are not required to retire by rotation.

The interests of the directors and their families in the shares of the company as at 1 April 1998 and at 31 March 1999, were as follows:

31 March 1999 Number o ordinary share	
Mr J Alvis 10,500 Mr M G Alvis 9,000 Mr J Alvis (as trustee) 2,250	9,000

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Directors' responsibilities for the financial statements

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records, for safeguarding the assets of the company and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Year 2000 compliance

Many computer systems which express dates using only the last two digits of the year may malfunction due to the date change to the Year 2000. This risk to the business relates not only to the company's computer systems, but also to some degree on those of our customers and suppliers.

The company has reviewed its computer systems for the impact of the Year 2000 date change. An impact analysis has been prepared to identify the major risks, and action plans have been developed to address these in advance of critical dates. The plans give priority to the systems which could have a significant financial or legal impact were they to fail.

The issue is complex, and no business can guarantee that there will be no Year 2000 problems. However, the Board believes that its plans and the resources allocated are appropriate and adequate to address the issue.

Auditors

Grant Thornton having offered themselves for reappointment as auditors shall be deemed to be reappointed for the next financial year in accordance with section 386 of the Companies Act 1985.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Mr J Alvis Director Date: 29 September 1999

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF

ALVIS BROTHERS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 17 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on pages 4 to 5.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 March 1999 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

GRANT THORNTON
REGISTERED AUDITORS
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Bath

Date: 29 September 1999

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost convention except that certain freehold land and buildings are shown at their revalued amounts.

The principal accounting policies of the company have remained unchanged from the previous year and are set out below.

TURNOVER

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the company for goods supplied and services provided, excluding VAT and trade discounts.

INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS

Investment income comprises dividends declared during the accounting period, interest receivable on short term deposits and rents receivable from land.

DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost or valuation of all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land by equal annual instalments over their expected useful lives. The rates generally applicable are:-

Freehold properties Plant and machinery 15 - 20%

Milk quota has been reclassified as an intangible asset and is being written off up to the year 2006 (when government has indicated that the system of milk quota will be reviewed).

GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Government grants of a revenue nature are credited to the profit and loss account in the same period as the related expenditure.

STOCKS

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

4%

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is provided for using the tax rates estimated to arise when the timing differences reverse and is accounted for to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise. Unprovided deferred tax is disclosed as a contingent liability.

Debit balances arising in respect of advance corporation tax on dividends payable or proposed are carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recoverable.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION FUNDS

Defined Contribution Scheme

The pension costs charged against profits represent the amount of the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

LEASED ASSETS

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the balance sheet and depreciated over their expected useful lives. The interest element of leasing payments represents a constant proportion of the capital balance outstanding and is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease.

All other leases are regarded as operating leases and the payments made under them are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 31 March 1999

	Note	1999	1998
		£	£
Turnover	1	12,491,775	10,648,692
Cost of sales	2	9,068,238	7,609,655
Gross profit		3,423,537	3,039,037
Other operating income and charges	2	(2,867,432)	(2,526,793)
Operating profit		556,105	512,244
Net interest	3	(297,383)	(309,125)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	1	258,722	203,119
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	17,769	14,918
Retained profit for the financial year	15	276,491	218,037

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the year.

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 MARCH 1999

Note		1999		1998
	£	£	£	£
6	1,29	4,532		-
7	3,82	5,114		5,347,355
	5,119	9,646		5,347,355
8	2,567,933		4,043,949	
9	1,396,488		1,109,619	
10	19,825		5,397	
	3,984,246		5,158,965	
11	2,769,879		4,403,082	
	1,21	4,367		755,883
	6,33	4,013		6,103,238
ar 12		519		19,235
13		-		27,000
	6,33	3,494		6,057,003
	 			
16		•		30,000
15	6,30	3,494		6,027,003
15	6,33	3,494		6,057,003
•	7 8 9 10 11 11 13	£ 6 1,294 7 3,825 5,119 8 2,567,933 9 1,396,488 10 19,825 3,984,246 11 2,769,879 1,216 6,336 13 6,336	£ £ 6	£ £ £ £ £ £ £ 6 1,294,532 3,825,114 5,119,646

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 29 September 1999

Mr J Alvis - Director

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CASHFLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 March 1999

Note	1999 £	199 8 £
17	2,030,335	(1,165,412)
		4,504
	, ,	(313,559)
	(155)	(70)
3	(297,383)	(309,125)
	50,746	(149,595)
	(289,032)	(1,141,202)
		616,892
ment	(177,785)	(524,310)
	(6.034)	458,763
		39,363
19	(49,789)	(498,126)
	1,529,124	(2,646,568)
	17 3	£ 17 2,030,335 4,081 (301,309) (155) 3 (297,383) 50,746 (289,032) 111,247 (177,785) (6,934) 56,723 (49,789)

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 1999

1 TURNOVER AND PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the principal activities of the business.

The profit on ordinary activities is stated after:

		1999 £	1998 £
	Auditors' remuneration:		
	Audit services	7,850	7,850
	Non-audit services	11,300	8,945
	Depreciation and amortisation:		
	Milk quota	198,383	198,383
	Tangible fixed assets, owned Tangible fixed assets, held under	278,284	285,966
	hire purchase contracts	30,377	28,886
			
2	COST OF SALES AND OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND CHARGES		
		1999	1998
		£	£
	Cost of sales	9,068,238	7,609,655
	Other operating income and charges:		
	Administrative expenses	2,927,618	
	Other operating income	(60,186)	(545,477)
		2,867,432	2,526,793
3	NET INTEREST	1999	1998
		£	£
	On bank loans and overdrafts	268,449	238,105
	Finance charges in respect of hire purchase contracts	155	70
	Other interest payable and similar charges	32,860	75,454
		301,464	313,629
	Other interest receivable and similar income	4,081	4,504
		297,383	309,125

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4	DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES		
	Staff costs during the year were as follows:	1999 £	1998 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	1,393,655 124,378 10,836	1,418,841 127,928
		1,528,869	1,546,769
	The average number of employees of the company during the year was 82 (1998: 86).		
	Remuneration in respect of directors was as follows:	1999 £	1998 £
	Emoluments	89,200	210,266
	The amounts set out above include remuneration in respect of the highest paid director	as follows:	1998 £
	The amounts set out above include remuneration in respect of the highest paid director. Emoluments	1999	
5	Emoluments TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	1999 £	£
5	Emoluments	1999 £	£
5	Emoluments TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	1999 £ 49,631	£ 170,816 ————
5	Emoluments TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES The taxation credit represents: Corporation tax @ 31% (1998: 21%) Deferred tax (note 13)	1999 £ 49,631 ————————————————————————————————————	170,816 1998 £
5	Emoluments TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES The taxation credit represents: Corporation tax @ 31% (1998: 21%)	1999 £ 49,631 1999 £ 33,059	170,816 1998 £ 82 (15,000)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Milk quota £
	Cost	ž.
	Reclassification from land and buildings	1,864,998
	At 31 March 1999	1,864,998
	Amortisation	
	Reclassification from land and buildings	372,083
	Provided in the year	198,383
	At 31 March 1999	570,466
	Net book amount at 31 March 1999	1,294,532

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 1999

7 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold property £	Plant and machinery £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 1998	5,574,060	3,609,999	9,184,059
Additions	14,850	334,870	349,720
Reclassification to milk quota	(1,864,998)		(-),,
Disposals	-	(305,662)	(305,662)
At 31 March 1999	3,723,912	3,639,207	7,363,119
Depreciation	11 AND 1		
At 1 April 1998	931,262	2,905,442	3,836,704
Provided in the year	48,160	260,501	308,661
Reclassification to milk quota	(372,083)	-	(372,083)
Eliminated on disposals	-	(235,277)	(235,277)
At 31 March 1999	607,339	2,930,666	3,538,005
Net book amount at			
31 March 1999	3,116,573	708,541	3,825,114
Net book amount at			
31 March 1998	4,642,798	704,557	5,347,355
			

The figures stated above include assets held under hire purchase contracts as follows:-

	Plant and machinery £
Net book amount at 31 March 1999	124,710
Net book amount at 31 March 1998	121,139
Depreciation provided during year	30,377

The gross amount of land and buildings on which depreciation is being provided is as follows:-

Freehold buildings £ 1,203,996

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 1999

7 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The figures stated above for cost or valuation include valuations as follows:

		Land and b 1999	ouildings 1998
At cost At 1964 va At 1965 va		3,613,912 20,000 90,000	5,464,060 20,000 90,000
		3,723,912	5,574,060
Milk quota	at a cost of £1,864,997 was reclassified as an intangible asset in the year.		
8 STOCKS		1999 £	1998 £
Livestock Cheese an	d dairy stocks	948,910 1,619,023	1,006,824 3,037,125
		2,567,933	4,043,949
There wer	e no significant differences between the replacement cost and the values di	sclosed for stock	ζ.
9 DEBTOR	s		
		1999 £	199 8 £
Trade deb Amounts o Other deb	owed by related company	1,129,069 94,325 173,094	530,975 456,248 122,396
		1,396,488	1,109,619
10 CURREN	IT ASSET INVESTMENTS		
TO COMMEN	12 PRODER ANY MORNADINA	1999 £	1998 £
Land held	for development	19,825	5,397

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 1999

	1999	1998
	£	£
Bank overdraft	1,807,827	3,336,951
Trade creditors	378,823	392,857
Amounts owed to related businesses	19,431	19,432
Corporation tax	33,059	82
Social security and other taxes	-	68,668
Other creditors	386,583	464,515
Accruals	70,741	69,843
Amounts due under hire purchase contracts	73,415	50,734
	2,769,879	4,403,082

The bank overdraft is secured by a fixed charge over book debts and a floating charge over all other assets.

12 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	1999 £	1998 £
Amounts due under hire purchase contracts	519	19,235
All hire purchase contracts are repayable in less than five years.		

13 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	Deferred taxation (note 14) £
At 1 April 1998	27,000
Provided during the year Utilised during the year	(27,000)
Othised during the year	(27,000)
At 31 March 1999	-
	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 1999

14 DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred taxation is provided for in full the financial statements and is set out below.

			Amount provided 1999 1998	
			£	£
	Accelerated capital allowances			27,000
15	RESERVES AND RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHO	LDERS'	FUNDS	
		Share capital £	Profit and loss £	Share- holders' funds £
	At 1 April 1998 Retained profit for the year	30,000	6,027,003 276,491	6,057,003 276,491
	At 31 March 1999	30,000	6,303,494	6,333,494
16	SHARE CAPITAL		1999 £	1998 £
	Authorised 30,000 ordinary shares of £1 each		30,000	30,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 30,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	:	30,000	30,000
17	NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
			1999 £	1998 £
	Operating profit Depreciation		556,105 507,044	512,244 513,235
	Profit on sale of tangible fixed assets Decrease/((Increase)) in stock Increase in debtors		(40,862) 1,476,016 (308,231)	(483,756) (1,031,339) (500,351)
	Decrease in creditors		(159,737)	(175,445)
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	_	2,030,335	(1,165,412)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 1999

18 RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT

	1999	1998
	£	£
Increase/(Decrease) in cash in the year	1,529,124	(2,646,568)
Cash inflow from hire purchase contracts	56,723	39,363
Cash outflow from decrease in liquid resources	(6,934).	(458,763)
Change in net funds/(debt) resulting from cash flows	1,578,913	(2,148,442)
Inception of finance leases	(60,688)	(70,846)
Movement in net funds/(debt) in the year	1,518,225	(2,219,288)
Net debt at 1 April 1998	(1,175,614)	(1,175,614)
Net debt at 31 March 1999	(1,861,649)	(3,394,302)

19 ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

	At 1 April 1998 £	Cash flow	Non-cash items £	At 31 March 1999 £
Overdrafts	(3,336,951)	1,529,124		(1,807,827)
Debt	7,221	(6,934)		287
Hire purchase contracts	(69,969)	56,723	(60,688)	(73,934)
Current asset investments	5,397	14,428		19,825
Total	$\overline{(3,394,302)}$	1,593,341	(60,688)	(1,861,649)
			=====	

20 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The company had no capital commitments at 31 March 1999 or at 31 March 1998.

21 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There is a contingent liability in respect of an unlimited composite cross guarantee given to secure all bank borrowings of Alvis Brothers (Lye Cross) Limited amounting to £55,537 (1998: £151).

There were no other contingent liabilities at 31 March 1999 or 31 March 1998.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 1999

22 PENSIONS

Defined Contribution Scheme

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are administered by trustees in a fund independent from those of the company.

23 TRANSACTIONS WITH DIRECTORS AND OTHER RELATED PARTIES

The company made rental payments during the year of £14,500 to the directors in respect of land used by the company.

The company paid its pension scheme £6,200 for rental of land, and £31,990 for rental of property.

The company had transactions with Alvis Brothers (Lye Cross) Limited as follows: Sales of cheese and milk of £1,617,119, purchases of cheese and milk of £2,021,295, rental payments of £21,246, management charge of £63,500. Alvis Brothers (Lye Cross) Limited is related to the company as the directors of Alvis Brothers Limited are also the directors of Alvis Brothers (Lye Cross) Limited and the two companies have certain shareholders in common.

The directors of the company are also directors of Alvis Brothers (Redhill) Limited which is a dormant company.

Interest of £27,910 was paid to Mrs P Alvis, the wife of Mr J Alvis, in respect of her loan to the company.

Amounts owed to/from related parties of Alvis Brothers Limited as at 31 March 1998 are:

	Included in Debtors £	Included in Creditors £
Alvis Brothers (Lye Cross) Limited	94,325	
Alvis Brothers Limited Pension Fund	287	
Alvis Brothers (Redhill) Limited		19,431
Mrs P Alvis		285,048

24 CONTROLLING RELATED PARTY

Mr J Alvis is the company's controlling related party by virtue of his shareholding of 12,750 shares.