Registered number: 00492005

# AL-KO KOBER LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2014

FILING COPY

THURSDAY



A17

24/09/2015 COMPANIES HOUSE

#428

# **CONTENTS**

•	
	Page
Company information page	1
Directors' report	2
Strategic report	3 - 4
Directors' responsibilities statement	5
Independent auditor's report	6 - 7
Profit and loss account	8
Statement of total recognised gains and losses	9
Balance sheet	10
Notes to the financial statements	11 - 27

# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Directors

2)

H Kober

R Kober

P Eustace

**Company secretary** 

A P Sparkes

Registered number

00492005

**Registered office** 

South Warwickshire Business Park

Kineton Road Southam

Warwickshire CV47 0AL

Independent auditor

Blick Rothenberg LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

16 Great Queen Street

Covent Garden

London WC2B 5AH

### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

#### Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £1,307,449 (2013 - £915,197).

The directors paid a dividend on ordinary shares during the year of £1,100,000 (2013: £1,000,000).

#### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year were:

H Kober

R Kober

P Eustace

#### Matters covered in the Strategic report

As permitted by section 414c (11) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have elected to disclose information, required to be in the directors' report by Schedule 7 of the 'Large and Medium Sized Companies and Group (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008', in the strategic report.

#### Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

A P Sparkes Secretary

Date: 6 m MARCAI 2015

## STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

#### Introduction

3

The directors present their strategic report on the company for the year ended 31 December 2014. The principal activity of the company during the year was that of the manufacture and distribution of vehicle components.

#### **Business review**

The results for the year and the financial position at the year end were considered satisfactory by the directors in light of the current economic environment.

Turnover for the year ended 31 December 2014 amounted to £28,941,599 (2013: £27,251,631), an increase of 6.2% when compared to the turnover generated in the year ended 31 December 2013. Profit before taxation has increased from £1,263,368 to £1,662,980 during the year under review.

Stocks held at 31 December 2014 amounted to £1,365,896 compared to £1,524,774 at 31 December 2013, a decrease of 10.4%. Stock levels are monitored by management on an ongoing basis and fluctuate according to customer requirements.

As at 31 December 2014 trade debtors were £6,509,426 compared to £5,687,845 as at 31 December 2013. Trade debtor recovery has remained consistent around the group's established credit term period.

The directors continue to view the future with optimism.

# Management control policy, business risks, principles and the use of key performance indicators

AL-KO Kober Limited is managed on a basis which is in accordance with the principles of the AL-KO Kober Group. This is clearly identified within the company mission statement, and the group objective to be market leaders in every market sector in which it operates. It also strives, through a rigorous management review of its key performance indicators, to increase and improve its capability and competence through constant innovation and continuous improvement.

The direction and management of the company is data driven through ongoing analysis of our key performance indicators. Review procedures, including but not restricted to, are as follows:

- -Customer satisfaction;
- -Quality, delivery and competitive performance;
- -Health and safety;
- Environmental improvement;
- -Sales growth and profitability;
- -Growth and improvement in people capability through continuous education and communication guided and approved by the principles of the Investors in People standard;
- -Strong financial and commercial management through sound contractual agreement review, and working in partnership with our customers and in the industries that we support; and
- -Strict conformance to the AL-KO brand promise of "Quality Safety and Performance."

In the light of the foregoing it is pleasing to note that the company has improved profitability in the current economic environment.

# STRATEGIC REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

#### **Environmental policy**

It is an AL-KO group policy that all companies must operate in such a way that maximum environmental protection is ensured. Everybody in the group can contribute towards creating an environment which increases the quality of life. Energy and other raw materials should not be wasted. Each of us will help to achieve this goal. AL-KO Kober Limited has the Environmental Standard ISO 14001.

#### Health and safety

AL-KO Kober Limited is enthusiastic in seeking to provide a safe and healthy working environment in which all its employees can prosper and grow. It has an appointed senior manager with specific responsibility to work with the directors of the group, and the employees, in order to fulfil and exceed the expectations of the law, the Kober family, and our insurers. In line with the agreed group policy, the management and employees carry out risk assessments and regular reviews to ensure complete conformance with all measures designed to ensure a safe working environment.

#### **Customer satisfaction**

AL-KO Kober Limited is totally customer driven. We believe that we must listen to our customers, meet their requests, and even strive to surpass them. In this way we will be able to secure the profit and growth necessary to secure our future, and be able to invest in market growth and new product development. The group values and maintains its business approvals to ISO 9000, IIP, and Q100. It is also enthusiastic in its support of the National Caravan Council, the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders, European Standards organisations and the European Caravan Federation.

The Kober family and its directors believe that the strength of our company lies in our principles. They are standards for our way of thinking, decisions and actions.

#### Foreign currency exchange rate

The company is exposed to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, due to its transactions with group members. The company manages its foreign exchange requirements and exposure on an ongoing basis and uses a range of financial instruments, such as currency accounts and forward contracts, to minimise risk and exposure.

This report was approved by the board on

bes Manch 2015 and signed on its behalf.

A P Sparkes Secretary

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF AL-KO KOBER LIMITED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

We have audited the financial statements of AL-KO Kober Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014, set out on pages 8 to 27. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the strategic report and the directors' report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF AL-KO KOBER LIMITED

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Andrew Sanford (senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of Blick Rothenberg LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

16 Great Queen Street Covent Garden London WC2B 5AH

23 March 2015

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

·	Note	2014 £	2013 £
Turnover	2	28,941,599	27,251,631
Change in stocks of finished goods and work in progress		(158,878)	55,008
Other external charges		(20,481,617)	(19,703,108)
Staff costs	4	(3,232,613)	(3,036,496)
Depreciation and amortisation		(214,921)	(214,313)
Other operating charges		(3,213,613)	(3,063,556)
Operating profit	3	1,639,957	1,289,166
Interest receivable and similar income	6	25,800	7,202
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(2,777)	(33,000)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		1,662,980	1,263,368
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	(355,531)	(348,171)
Profit for the financial year	20	1,307,449	915,197

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

The notes on pages 11 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

	2014 £	2013 £
Profit for the financial year	1,307,449	915,197
Other movements in profit and loss reserve	(210,400)	(132,000)
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year	1,097,049	783,197

The notes on pages 11 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2014

	Note	£	2014 £	٤	2013 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	9		3,759,373		3,844,962
Current assets		•		•	
Stocks	10	1,365,896		1,524,774	
Debtors	44	9,354,094		5,918,170	
Cash at bank and in hand		55,658		2,266,630	
		10,775,648		9,709,574	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	1:2	(3,569,039)		(2,639,876)	
Net current assets	•		7,206,609		7,069,698
Total assets less current liabilities			10,965,982		10,914,660
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax	13	(10,998)		(7,967)	
Other provisions	14	(265,910)		(250,668)	
			(276,908)		(258,635)
Net assets excluding pension scheme liabilities		•	10,689,074		10,656,025
Defined benefit pension scheme liability	15		(1,133,600)		(1,097,600)
Net assets including pension scheme liabilities			9,555,474		9,558,425
Capital and reserves					•
Called up share capital	19		910,000		910,000
Profit and loss account	20		8,645,474		8,648,425
Shareholders' funds	21		9,555,474		9,558,425

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on their behalf by:

R Kober Director P Eustace Director

Date: 6th MARCH 2015

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

#### 1. Accounting policies

#### 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

#### 1.2 Going concern

The company has adequate financial resources and, as a consequence, the directors believe that the company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully. After making inquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence and meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

#### 1.3 Cash flow

The company, being a subsidiary undertaking where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available, is exempt from the requirement to draw up a cash flow statement in accordance with FRS 1.

#### 1.4 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

#### 1.5 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold property Plant & machinery Motor vehicles 2% straight line10-33% straight line25% straight line

#### 1.6 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### 1.7 Stocks

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of finished goods comprises materials, direct labour and attributable production overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less any further costs that are expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Work in progress comprises materials, direct labour and attributable production overheads. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 1.8 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### 1.9 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the profit and loss account.

#### 1.10 Pensions

The company operates two defined benefit pension schemes and a defined benefit scheme. The assets of the schemes are held in separate trustee administrered funds.

Regular valuations are prepared by independent professionally qualified actuaries. These determine the level of contributions required to fund the benefits set out in the rules of the scheme and allow for the periodic increase of pensions in payment. The regular service cost of providing retirement benefits to employees during the year, together with the cost of any benefits relating to past service is charged to the operating profit in the year.

A credit representing the expected return on the assets of the retirement benefit schemes during the year is included within other finance income. This is based on the market value of the assets of the schemes at the start of the financial year.

The charge within other finance charges represents the expected increase in the liabilities of the retirement benefit scheme during the year. This arises from the liabilities of the scheme being one year closer to payment.

The difference between the market value of assets and the present value of accrued pension liabilities is shown as an asset or liability in the balance sheet net of deferred tax.

Differences between actual and expected returns on assets during the year are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses in the year, together with differences arising from changes in assumptions.

The company also operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions to the defined contribution scheme are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 1.11 Provisions for liabilities and charges

Provisions for the expected costs of maintenance under guarantees are charged against profits when products have been invoiced. The effect of the time value of money is not material and therefore the provisions are not discounted.

#### 1.12 Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### 2. Turnover

A geographical analysis of turnover is as follows:

	United Kingdom	2014 £ 27,968,306	2013 £ 26,322,980
	Rest of European Union Rest of World	942,972 30,321	859,018 69,633
		28,941,599 —————	27,251,631
3.	Operating profit		
	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets: - owned by the company Foreign exchange (gain)/loss Auditor's remuneration	222,421 (111,589)	231,498 4,320
	<ul> <li>audit services</li> <li>other taxation and pension services</li> <li>Operating lease rentals</li> </ul>	42,200 4,822	38,400 23,538
	- other operating leases Profit on disposal of fixed assets	60,461 (7,500)	50,413 (17,185)

4.

5.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:		
	2014	2013
Variation and coloring	3	£ 0.500.000
ages and salaries ocial security costs	2,674,385 258,387	2,508,032 243,965
ension contributions	299,841	284,499
	3,232,613	3,036,496
he average monthly number of employees, including the directors, o	luring the year was a	s follows:
	2014	2013
	No.	No.
roduction	43	44
dministration Elling and distribution	24 18	23 18
	85	85
Pension contributions consist of the following:		
	2014 £	2013 £
refined benefit current service costs (see note 15)	69,000	88,000
efined contribution pension scheme	110,418	103,943
ner pension related costs	120,423	92,556
otal	299,841	284,499
virectors' remuneration		
	2014	2013
	3	£
Remuneration	154,570	148,953
Company pension contributions to defined contribution pension	04.004	00.040
schemes	24,681	23,8

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

6.	Interest receivable		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Other financial income Bank interest receivable	23,000 2,800	- 7,2 <u>0</u> 2
		25,800	7,202
7.	Interest payable		
		2014 £	2013 £
	On bank overdrafts	2,777	-
	Other financial charges	-	33,000
		2,777	33,000
8.	Taxation		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Analysis of tax charge in the year		
	Current tax (see note below)  UK corporation tax charge on profit for the year	308,900	254,906
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences Deferred tax debit in relation to pension costs	3,031 43,600	21,865 71,400
	Total deferred tax (see note 13)	46,631	93,265
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	355,531	348,171

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

# 8. Taxation (continued)

### Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2013 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21.5% (2013 - 23.25%). The differences are explained below:

• •	2014 £	2013 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,662,980	1,263,368
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21.5% (2013 - 23.25%)	357,541	293,733
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Other short term timing differences Group relief	20,823 (3,259) (45,717) (20,488)	10,657 (11,783) (37,701) -
Current tax charge for the year (see note above)	308,900	254,906

### Factors that may affect future tax charges

The UK corporation tax rate was reduced to 21% effective from 1 April 2014 and 20% effective from 1 April 2015 on 2 July 2013. The relevant deferred tax balances have been re-measured where appropriate.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

9.	Tangible fixed assets				,
		Freehold property £	Plant & machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
	Cost				
	At 1 January 2014 Additions Disposals	4,371,539 - -	2,001,022 115,257 -	410,997 21,575 (24,800)	6,783,558 136,832 (24,800)
	At 31 December 2014	4,371,539	2,116,279	407,772	6,895,590
	Depreciation				
	At 1 January 2014 Charge for the year On disposals	1,010,705 66,442 -	1,609,554 113,673 -	318,337 42,306 (24,800)	2,938,596 222,421 (24,800)
	At 31 December 2014	1,077,147	1,723,227	335,843	3,136,217
	Net book value				
	At 31 December 2014	3,294,392	393,052	71,929	3,759,373
	At 31 December 2013	3,360,834	391,468	92,660	3,844,962
10.	Stocks				
				2014 £	2013 £
	Raw materials			445,879	481,630
	Work in progress			65,539	103,092
	Finished goods and goods for resale			854,478	940,052
			_	1,365,896	1,524,774
11.	Debtors				
				2014 £	2013 £
	Trade debtors			6,509,426	5,687,845
	Amounts owed by group undertakings Prepayments and accrued income			2,601,270 243,398	78,127 152,198
				9,354,094	5,918,170

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

12.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	514,887	-
	Trade creditors	360,933	219,573
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,210,793	1,260,661
	Corporation tax	199,239	133,239
	Other taxation and social security	957,533	810,120
	Accruals and deferred income	325,654	216,283
		3,569,039	2,639,876
13.	Deferred taxation  At beginning of year	2014 £ 7,967	2013 £ (13,898)
	Charge for the year	3,031	21,865
	onarge for the year	<del></del>	
	At end of year	10,998	7,967 =
	The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Excess of taxation allowances over depreciation on fixed assets	(16,957)	(13,926)
	Other short term timing differences	5,959	5,959
		(10,998)	(7,967)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

### 14. Other provisions

Warranty provision £
250,668 96,002 (80,750)
(80,760) ————————————————————————————————————

A provision has been recognised for expected claims against product guarantees. It is expected that most of this expenditure will be incurred in the next two financial years. The provision has not been discounted since the effect of discounting is not material.

### 15. Pension commitments

The company operates two defined benefit pension schemes, the contributions payable to which are determined by a qualified actuary.

The liability/(surplus) position is as follows:

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
AL-KO Kober Limited Pension and Assurance scheme AL-KO Kober Limited Retirement and Death Benefit Plan for	1,142	1,127
hourly paid employees	(8)	(30)
Total liability	1,134	1,097

4 1 1º

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

#### **AL-KO Kober Limited Pension and Assurance scheme**

The company operates a defined benefit pension scheme with assets held in a separately administered fund. The scheme provides retirement benefits on the basis of members' final salary.

The disclosures set out below are based on calculations carried out as at 31 December 2014 by a qualified independent actuary using the projected unit basis. The major assumptions used by the actuary were:

	2014	2013
	%	%
Rate of increase in salaries	3.10	3.40
Rate of increase in pensions in payment	3.00	3.30
Discount rate	3.50	4.50
Rate of inflation	3.10	3.40
Rate of increase of pension deferment	2.10	2.40
Expected return on plan assets	5.10	6.30

The mortality assumptions are based on the actuarial table SAPS YOB Medium Cohort.

The sensitivities regarding the principal assumptions used to measure the scheme liabilities are:

Assumptions	Change in assets	Change in liabilities
Discount rate Rate of inflation Rate of salary growth Rate of mortality	Increase/decrease of 0.5% p.a. Increase/decrease of 0.5% p.a. Increase/decrease of 0.5% p.a. 1 year increase in life expectancy	Decrease/increase by 9.1% Increase/decrease by 2.6% Increase/decrease by 1.6% Increase by 3.3%

The assets in the scheme were as follows:

		Value at 31		Value at 31
	31 December	December	31 December	December
	2014	2014	2013	2013
	%	£'000	%	£'000
Equities	43	2,196	44	1,948
Emerging market debt	15	733	15	650
Diversified growth assets	13	645	13	570
Gilts	8	412	7	330
Bonds	7	377	7	331
Property	14	696	14	607
Cash	-	6	-	20
Total	100	5,065	100	4,456

The equity investments, emerging market debt, diversified growth assets, gilts and bonds which are held in plan assets are valued at the current bid price. Property is valued at the current market value.

e 🕡 🤌

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

	Value at 31 December 2014 £	Value at 31 December 2013 £
Total market value of assets Present value of scheme liabilities	5,065 (6,492)	4,456 (5,865)
Deficit in scheme Related deferred tax asset	(1,427) 285	(1,409) 282
Net liability	(1,142)	(1,127)
Reconciliation of present value of scheme liabilities	,	
	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
1 January Current service cost Contribution by employees Interest cost Benefits paid Actuarial loss	5,865 69 24 264 (89) 359	5,442 88 22 259 (99) 153
31 December	6,492	5,865
Reconciliation of fair value of scheme assets	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
1 January Expected returns on scheme assets Actuarial gain/(loss) Benefits paid Contributions paid by the employer Contributions paid by employee	4,456 287 129 (89) 258 24	4,055 228 (3) (99) 253 22
31 December	5,065	4,456

Scheme assets do not include any of AL-KO Kober Limited's own financial instruments, or any property occupied by AL-KO Kober Limited.

The expected return on scheme assets is determined by considering the expected returns available on the assets underlying the current investment policy. Expected yields on fixed interest investments are based on gross redemption yields as at the balance sheet date. Expected returns on equity and property investments reflect long-term real rates of return experienced in the respective markets.

The actual return on scheme assets in the year was £416,000 (2013: £225,000).

(a) 3

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

#### Analysis of the amount charged to profit or loss are as follows:

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Current service cost Expected return on pension scheme assets Interest on pension scheme liabilities	69 (287) 264	88 (228) 259
Total	46	119

## Actuarial gains and losses

The cumulative amount of actuarial losses recognised in the statement of recognised gains and losses is £2,475,000 (2013: £2,245,000).

#### **Actuarial calculation**

The actuarial calculation at 31 December 2014 showed an increase in the deficit from £1,409,000 to £1,427,000. The company contributions expected to be made in the year commencing 1 January 2015 are £260,000.

Amounts for current and previous four years:	2014 £'000	2013 £'000	2012 £'000	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Defined benefit obligation	(6,492)	(5,865)	(5,442)	(4,994)	(4,340)
Plan assets	5,065	4,456	4,055	3,734	3,438
Deficit	(1,427)	(1,409)	(1,387)	(1,260)	(902)
Experience adjustments on			,	, , ,	, ,
plan assets	129	(3)	143	(58)	218
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	811	(70)	•	(296)	-
Changes in the assumptions underlying the present value	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(, 0)		(200)	
of scheme liabilities	(1,170)	(83)	(357)	(121)	25

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

#### AL-KO Kober Limited Retirement and Death Benefit Plan for hourly paid employees

The company operates a defined benefit pension scheme with assets held in a separately administered fund. The scheme provides retirement benefit on the basis of members' final salary.

The scheme is closed to new members and benefit entitlements have now been frozen.

The disclosures set out below are based on calculations carried out as at 31 December 2014 by a qualified independent actuary using the projected unit basis.

The major assumptions used by the actuary were:

	2014 %	2013 %
Expected return on plan assets Discount rate	3.50 3.30	3.70 4.30
Rate of inflation Rate of increase of pension deferment	3.00 2.00	3.20 2.20

The mortality assumptions are based on the actuarial table S1PA.

The sensitivities regarding the principal assumptions used to measure the scheme liabilities are:

Assumptions	Change i	n assumptions	Chan	ge in liabilities
Discount rate Rate of inflation Rate of mortality	Increase/decrea	ase of 0.5% p.a. ase of 0.5% p.a. rement mortality	Increase/de	ncrease by 3.5% ecrease by 3.5% ncrease by 4.5%
The assets in the scheme were as follow	ws:	Value et 01		Value at 04
	31 December 2014 %	Value at 31 December 2014 £'000	31 Decembe 2013 	3 2013
Cash	100	199	· 100	365
Total market value of assets Present value of scheme liabilities			Value at 31 ember 2014 £'000 199 (189)	Value at 31 December 2013 £'000 365 (328)
Surplus in scheme		_	10	37
Related deferred tax liability			(2)	(9)
Net asset		=	8	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

Reconciliation of present value of scheme liabilities		
	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
1 January Interest cost Benefits paid Actuarial loss	328 11 (162) 12	359 14 (48) 3
31 December	189	328
Reconciliation of fair value of scheme assets	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
January     Expected returns on scheme assets     Actuarial loss     Benefits paid     Contributions paid by the employer	365 11 (21) (162) 6	386 12 (6) (48) 21
31 December	199	365

Scheme assets do not include any of AL-KO Kober Limited's own financial instruments, or any property occupied by AL-KO Kober Limited.

The expected return on scheme assets is determined by considering the expected returns available on the assets underlying the current investment policy.

The actual return on scheme assets in the year was a loss of £10,000 (2013: gain £6,000).

## Analysis of the amount charged to profit or loss are as follows:

	2014 ε'000	2013 £'000
Expected return on pension scheme assets Interest on pension scheme liabilities	(11) 11	(12) 14
Total	<u> </u>	2

### Actuarial gains and losses

The cumulative amount of actuarial loss recognised in the statement of recognised gains and losses is £67,000 (2013: £34,000)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

#### **Actuarial calculation**

The actuary's calculation as at 31 December 2014 showed a surplus of £10,000 (2013: £37,000). The company's contributions expected to be made in the year commencing 1 January 2015 are £nil (plus insurance premiums and administrative expenses).

Amounts for current years and previous four years:	2014 £'000	2013 £'000	2012 £'000	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Defined benefit obligation Plan assets Surplus/(deficit) Experience adjustments on	(189) 199 10	(328) 365 37	(359) 386 27	(452) 374 (78)	(519) 430 (89)
plan assets Experience adjustments on	(21)	(6)	(11)	(16)	4
plan liabilities Changes on the assumptions underlying the present value	(2)	-	89	-	(69)
of plan liabilities	-	(3)	14	12	(49)

#### 16. Commitments

At 31 December 2014 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Land and buildings			Other	
	<b>2014</b> 2013		2014	2013	
	£	£	£	£	
Expiry date:					
Between 2 and 5 years	115,000		26,033	26,033	

During the year the company entered into contracts to purchase Euros under forward foreign exchange contracts. The financial commitments arising under these arrangements are described in note 17 to these financial statements.

#### 17. Derivative financial instruments

During the year the company entered into commitments to purchase Euros under a forward foreign exchange contract with a notional principal amount of €1,500,000. The commitments arising under these contracts were £1,185,677. The fair value of these contracts at the end of the year was £14,858.

The company also entered into arrangements under an option agreement which gave the company, under certain circumstances, the right but not the obligation to purchase Euros with a notional principal amount of €1,500,000. The fair value of these contracts at the end of the year was £98,326.

Both of these arrangements were entered into for the purpose of meeting the company's financial risk management objectives.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

#### 18. Related party transactions and controlling party

The company has taken advantage of the exemption afforded by Financial Reporting Standard 8 from disclosing transactions with related parties which are part of the group AL-KO Kober SE., an entity incorporated in Germany. Copies of the group financial statements are available as disclosed in note 23.

The directors regard the Kober family as the ultimate controlling party. The directors regard AL-KO Kober SE. as being the immediate controlling party.

#### 19. Share capital

	2014	2013
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
819,404 Ordinary shares of £1 each	819,404	819,404
90,596 Deferred shares of £1 each	90,596	90,596
	910,000	910,000

The deferred shares carry no right to receive any dividend in respect of any financial year or period ending by the year 2050. In respect of any financial year or period ending after this date the shares carry the right to receive a dividend equal to one twenty fourth of the rate of dividend paid to ordinary shareholders in respect of such period. On a winding up of the company, any repayment of capital will be made only after such payment has been made to the ordinary shareholders. The deferred shares carry no right to attend or vote at general meetings of the company.

#### 20. Reserves

	Profit and loss account £
At 1 January 2014 Profit for the financial year Dividends (Note 22) Actuarial loss relating to pension scheme liability	8,648,425 1,307,449 (1,100,000) (210,400)
At 31 December 2014	8,645,474

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

21.	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Opening shareholders' funds Profit for the financial year Dividends (Note 22) Actuarial loss relating to pension scheme liability	9,558,425 1,307,449 (1,100,000) (210,400)	9,775,228 915,197 (1,000,000) (132,000)
	Closing shareholders' funds	9,555,474	9,558,425
22.	Dividends		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Dividends paid on ordinary share capital	1,100,000	1,000,000

#### 23. Ultimate parent undertaking

The parent undertaking of the smallest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up and of which the company is a member is AL-KO Kober Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. Copies of the financial statements are available to the public from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF4 3UZ.

The parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up and of which the company is a member is AL-KO Kober SE, an entity formed in Germany. The directors regard this company as being the ultimate holding company. Copies of these group financial statements are available to the public from Handelsgericht Ref B19438940 Memmingen, Germany.