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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

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**ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

WEDNESDAY



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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

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**COMPANY INFORMATION**

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<b>Directors</b>	R E Thompson A Irvine
<b>Registered number</b>	480992
<b>Registered office</b>	Century House Maylands Avenue  Hemel Hempstead Hertfordshire HP2 7DE

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

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**STRATEGIC REPORT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

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**Introduction**

The directors present their strategic report on Smiths Detection - Watford Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 July 2022.

**Business review and principal activities**

The Company's principal activities in the year were those of the design, manufacture and selling of trace chemical detection products and integrated systems into defence and emergency responders markets, and the distribution and service of X-ray and Computed Tomography detection equipment into critical infrastructure and transportation markets. The Company operates within the Detection Division of Smiths Group plc ("the Group"). These activities have not materially changed during the year.

The results for the year show turnover of £61,611k (2021: £76,392k) and operating profit of £1,511k (2021: £8,481k) for the year. Turnover was negatively impacted by lower level of orders received from aviation sector during the COVID-19 pandemic and in the subsequent recovery period.

**Principal risks and uncertainties**

The management of the business and the execution of the Company's strategy are subject to a number of risks. The key business risks and uncertainties affecting the Company are: a significant proportion of the Company's revenue is to the aviation sector which is beginning to recover from the COVID 19 pandemic. COVID-19 delayed the deadline for the C3 upgrade requirements in the UK market and this plus the continuing economic situation in the aviation industry is creating risks around delayed orders. The Company also faces significant supply chain risks with suppliers impacted by the COVID 19 pandemic and with its ability to deliver programmes to schedule. Additionally, markets served by the Company are particularly influenced by the political landscape, specific events and the perception of the threat of terrorist activity or other security issues. This political landscape and perception is likely to remain variable.

The business mitigates these commercial and operational risks through the continual development of innovative products and market leading technologies in all its key markets and also has been managing the COVID-19 pandemic risks through its Crisis Management Team.

The business mitigates these commercial and operational risks through the continual development of innovative products and market leading technologies in all its key markets. The business also operates significant supply chain mitigation activities.

**Key performance indicators**

The Company's key performance indicators are revenue derived from outside the Smiths Group plc group of companies ("the Group"), operating profit and cash flow. The Company recorded non-Group derived revenue of £36,900k (2021: £53,293k) plus Group-derived revenue of £24,711k (2021: £23,100k) combining to equal the statutory revenue of £61,611k (2021: £76,393k). Operating profit was £1,511k (2021: £8,481k) in the year and trading cash outflow £3,719k (2021: outflow £4,504k).

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

DocuSigned by:



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**Director**

Date: 17 November 2022

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## SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED

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### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

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The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2022.

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £1,482k (2021 - profit £8,026k).

No dividends were paid in the year ended 31 July 2022 (2021: £nil). The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend.

#### Directors

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing these financial statements were:

R E Thompson  
A Irvine

#### Directors' statement of compliance with their duty to promote the success of the Company

#### SECTION 172 STATEMENT

The directors of the Company have acted in a way they considered, in good faith, to be most likely to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of its members. As part of the Company's deliberations and decision making process, the Board takes into account the (i) likely consequences of any decision in the long term; (ii) the interests of the Company's employees; (iii) the need to foster the Company's relationship with suppliers, customers and others; (iv) the impact of the Company's operations on the community and the environment; and (v) the desirability of the Company maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct.

#### Board governance

The Company is part of the Smiths Group and is ultimately owned by Smiths Group plc ('Group'), which is responsible for setting the overall strategy of the Group, maintaining oversight of the Group's activities and setting its risk appetite. The Directors fulfil their duties substantially through a governance framework that delegates day to day decision making to the senior site management team and other employees of the Company. The Directors believe that governance is best achieved by delegation of their authority subject to defined limits detailed in a clear delegation of authority policy. This policy is consistently embedded across the wider Smiths Detection group of companies. The governance framework delegates authority for local decision making to the business unit level up to defined levels of cost and impact, which allows the Company to take account of the needs of its own stakeholders in decision making. Reports are made regularly to the board of the parent company and the ultimate parent company.

The Company's purpose is underpinned by principles and values of integrity, respect, ownership, customer focus and passion. These values are adopted from the Company's ultimate parent, Smiths Group plc.

The Board will sometimes engage directly with certain stakeholders on specific issues, but the size and distribution of our stakeholders and of the Group means that stakeholder engagement often takes place at an operational level. In these instances, the Board is informed of stakeholder views through management reports and presentations. Most decisions made by the Board during the year are deemed to be routine in nature and are taken on regular basis in line with the delegation of authority policy mentioned above.

#### Engaging with Stakeholders

The Company acknowledges that the success of the Company is dependent on the support of various stakeholders. The Board considers its stakeholders to be our shareholders, customers, employees and wider workforce, suppliers, local communities and governments, lenders and the environment. The Company also took into account the views and interests of a wider set of stakeholders including our regulators, the government, and non-government organisations. The Board recognises that building strong relationships with our stakeholders will help deliver the Company's strategy in line with its long term values and will operate the business in a

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

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**DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

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sustainable way.

The Company does not engage directly with shareholders of its ultimate parent company; however the Company has regard to the creation of long term value for the group's shareholders in local decision making. Management of risk is a fundamental part of the business model and systems are in place to identify risk, report and mitigate risk in the activities of the Company.

The Company maintains an open dialogue with its workforce. The Company engaged with the workforce through a number of methods in the financial reporting year including town hall style meetings at site and divisional level, news bulletins, employee "My Say" surveys, and the employee forum which meets periodically to review issues affecting the site.

The Company engages with the local community through learning initiatives in local schools and also supports charitable organisations through local fundraising activities. Apprenticeships are offered by the Company, particularly in engineering fields.

In respect of maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct, the Company recognises that culture, values and standards are key to the Company's creation and sustainment of value in the longer term. High standards of conduct guide and assist decision making within the Company. The Company adopts the policies and practices set at the Smiths Group level, including the Code of Ethics and Group compliance policies. All employees of the Company engage in regular training on ethics matters and are encouraged to report any ethics concerns through a confidential "Speak Out" helpline.

Further explanations of how the Smiths Group Plc board has considered matters set out in section 172 (for the Group and for the Company) can be found on page 83 of the Group Annual Report and Accounts for the year ended 31 July 2022, which does not form part of this report.

**Political contributions**

The Company made no political donations or incurred any political expenditure during the year (2021: nil).

**Future developments**

It is not envisaged that the Company will initiate any plans to restructure its principal activity in the forthcoming year. The current level of performance is expected to be maintained subject to the continuing risks arising as a result of the COVID 19 pandemic and its long term effects.

**Going concern**

The Company continued to trade through the period of national 'lockdown' measures from the COVID 19 pandemic albeit at reduced levels, given the reduction in requested service levels from a number of customers in the aviation sector. Since the easing of restrictions the Company has seen as an uptick in activity however there are delays to new Aviation orders, following the COVID delays to the C3 upgrade deadline.

The directors have undertaken a rigorous assessment of financial forecasts, mitigating actions the Company can take and performed sensitivity analysis in order to assess the impact of the Company's liquidity position. The forecast represents a severe but plausible downside scenario including assumptions relating to the longer term impact of the COVID 19 pandemic and its associated reduction in revenue and earnings.

The directors have prepared cash flow forecasts for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements which indicate that, taking account of reasonably possible downsides, the Company will have sufficient funding from its ultimate parent company, Smiths Group plc, to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period.

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

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**DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

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Those forecasts are dependent on its immediate parent company, Smiths Detection Group Limited, not seeking repayment of the amounts currently due to the group, which at 31 July 2022 amounted to £23,376k, and providing additional financial support during that period. Smiths Detection Group Limited has indicated its intention to continue to make available such funds as are needed by the Company, and that it does not intend to seek repayment of the amounts due at the balance sheet date, for the period covered by the forecasts. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

Consequently, the directors are confident that the Company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

**Research and development**

Products are being continually upgraded to provide greater levels of threat detection and to meet the customers' most demanding requirements. The total research and development spend for the year was £9,890k (2021: £11,728k). The Company is investing mainly in new chemical and explosive detection products although has recently begun developing additional biological detection capability also.

The Company carries out research and development projects for governments and commercial customers.

**Employment policies**

It is the Company's policy to provide equal opportunities for employment. The Company continues to be actively involved in all aspects of the training and development of young persons, including initiatives designed to ease the transition from school to work. Disabled people are given full consideration for employment and subsequent training (including re training, if needed, for people who have become disabled), career development and promotion on the basis of their aptitudes and abilities.

Employees are regularly provided with a wide range of information concerning the performance and prospects of the business in which they are involved by means of Employee Councils; Information and Consultation forums; and other consultative bodies that allow the views of personnel to be taken into account. This includes communicating key aspects of the strategic plan and where appropriate consultations on specific change programs.

The Group offers all employees of its subsidiary companies in the US and UK share schemes that enable employees to acquire an interest in Smiths Group plc shares and to align their interests more closely with those of shareholders of Smiths Group plc. The employees of the Company have an opportunity to participate in the UK scheme.

**Greenhouse gas emissions, energy consumption and energy efficiency action**

The Company's greenhouse gas emissions and energy consumption for the year are included in the Streamlined Energy & Carbon Reporting within the Smiths Group plc annual report.

**Disclosure of information to the auditor**

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

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**DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

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**Post balance sheet events**

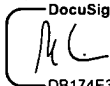
There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

**Independent auditor**

The auditor, KPMG LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 17 November 2022 and signed on its behalf.

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A Irvine  
**Director**



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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

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**STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE  
STRATEGIC REPORT, DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of **Smiths Detection Watford Limited** ("the Company") for the year ended **31<sup>st</sup> July, 2022** which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 2.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at **31<sup>st</sup> July, 2022** and of its **profit** for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the Company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

### **Going concern**

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the directors' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the Company will continue in operation.

### **Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations – ability to detect**

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included enquiring of directors and inspection of policy documentation as to the Smiths Group's high-level policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud that apply to this group company as well as enquiring whether the directors have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.

We communicated identified fraud risks throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of fraud throughout the audit.

As required by auditing standards, and taking into account our overall knowledge of the control environment, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls and the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because recognition does not require significant management judgement and revenue is not concentrated around the period end.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED

We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

In determining the audit procedures we took into account the results of our evaluation and testing of the operating effectiveness of some of the Group-wide fraud risk management controls.

We performed procedures including:

- Identifying journal entries and other adjustments to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included those posted by senior finance management and those posted to unusual accounts.

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussion with the directors and other management (as required by auditing standards), and discussed with the directors and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies legislation), distributable profits legislation and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly, the Company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of noncompliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: health and safety, anti-bribery, employment law, and certain aspects of company legislation recognizing the nature of the Company's activities. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify noncompliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Therefore if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing noncompliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

### Strategic report and directors' report

The directors are responsible for the strategic report and the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the strategic report and the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

### **Directors' responsibilities**

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### **Auditor's responsibilities**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at [www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities).

### **The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities**

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Bethan Telford (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of

### **KPMG LLP (Senior Statutory Auditor)**

*Chartered Accountants*

KPMG LLP,  
15 Canada Square  
London

17 November 2022

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**


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**PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**


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	Note	2022 £000	2021 £000
Turnover	4	61,611	76,392
Cost of sales		(46,393)	(48,253)
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>15,218</b>	<b>28,139</b>
Distribution costs		(734)	(3,541)
Administrative expenses		(12,973)	(16,117)
<b>Operating profit</b>	5	<b>1,511</b>	<b>8,481</b>
Interest payable and similar expenses	9	(692)	(735)
<b>Profit before tax</b>		<b>819</b>	<b>7,746</b>
Tax on profit	10	663	280
<b>Profit for the financial year</b>		<b>1,482</b>	<b>8,026</b>

The notes on pages 15 to 38 form part of these financial statements.

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**


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**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**


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	Note	<b>2022</b> £000	<b>2021</b> £000
Profit for the financial year		<b>1,482</b>	8,026
<b>Other comprehensive income/(expense)</b>			
Currency translation differences		(6)	-
Fair value gains/(losses) on cashflow hedges		<b>84</b>	(1,134)
		<b>78</b>	(1,134)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>1,560</b>	6,892

The notes on pages 15 to 38 form part of these financial statements.

**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER:480992**

**BALANCE SHEET**  
**AS AT 31 JULY 2022**

	Note	2022 £000	2022 £000	2021 £000	2021 £000
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Intangible assets	11		16,849		10,233
Goodwill	11		3,072		3,072
Tangible assets	12		9,142		10,339
Investments	13		8		8
			<u>29,071</u>		<u>23,652</u>
<b>Current assets</b>					
Stocks	14	14,876		10,754	
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15	182		511	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	15	28,731		22,761	
Cash at bank and in hand	16	2,180		1,576	
		<u>45,969</u>		<u>35,602</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	17	(57,830)		(42,281)	
<b>Net current liabilities</b>			<u>(11,861)</u>		<u>(6,679)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<u>17,210</u>		<u>16,973</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	18		(23,046)		(23,988)
			<u>(5,836)</u>		<u>(7,015)</u>
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>					
Other provisions	21	(1,079)		(1,590)	
			<u>(1,079)</u>		<u>(1,590)</u>
<b>Net liabilities</b>			<u>(6,915)</u>		<u>(8,605)</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital	22		77		77
Share premium account			631		631
Foreign exchange reserve			(220)		(304)
Other reserves			2,793		2,663
Profit And Loss Account			(10,196)		(11,672)
			<u>(6,915)</u>		<u>(8,605)</u>

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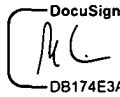
**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER:480992**

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**BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**  
**AS AT 31 JULY 2022**

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The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 17 November 2022.

DocuSigned by:  
  
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**A Irvine**  
Director

The notes on pages 15 to 38 form part of these financial statements.



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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**


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**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**


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	Called up share capital £000	Share premium account £000	Foreign exchange reserve £000	Other reserves £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity £000
<b>At 1 August 2020</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>631</b>	<b>830</b>	<b>2,473</b>	<b>(19,698)</b>	<b>(15,687)</b>
Profit for the financial year	-	-	-	-	8,026	8,026
Other comprehensive expense	-	-	(1,134)	-	-	(1,134)
Share based payments	-	-	-	190	-	190
<b>At 31 July 2021</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>631</b>	<b>(304)</b>	<b>2,663</b>	<b>(11,672)</b>	<b>(8,605)</b>
Profit for the financial year	-	-	-	-	1,482	1,482
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	-	(6)	(6)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	84	-	-	84
Share based payments	-	-	-	130	-	130
<b>At 31 July 2022</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>631</b>	<b>(220)</b>	<b>2,793</b>	<b>(10,196)</b>	<b>(6,915)</b>

The notes on pages 15 to 38 form part of these financial statements.

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

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**1. General information**

Smiths Detection - Watford Limited, the "Company", is a private company incorporated, domiciled and registered in England, in the UK. The registered number is 480992 and the registered address is Century House, Maylands Avenue, Hemel Hempstead, Hertfordshire, UK, HP2 7DE.

**2. Accounting policies****2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements**

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101"). In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 ("Adopted IFRSs"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken. The following policies have been consistently applied. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise stated.

**2.2 Financial Reporting Standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions**

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of paragraphs 45(b) and 46-52 of IFRS 2 Share-based payment
- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirements of the second sentence of paragraph 110 and paragraphs 113(a), 114, 115, 118, 119(a) to (c), 120 to 127 and 129 of IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- the requirements of paragraph 52, the second sentence of paragraph 89, and paragraphs 90, 91 and 93 of IFRS 16 Leases. The requirements of paragraph 58 of IFRS 16, provided that the disclosure of details in indebtedness relating to amounts payable after 5 years required by company law is presented separately for lease liabilities and other liabilities, and in total
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
  - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
  - paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment;
  - paragraph 118(e) of IAS 38 Intangible Assets;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)****2.2 Financial Reporting Standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions (continued)**

- the requirements of paragraphs 130(f)(ii), 130(f)(iii), 134(d)-134(f) and 135(c)-135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

**2.3 Going concern**

Notwithstanding net current liabilities of £11,861k as at 31 July 2022, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons.

The Company continued to trade through the period of national 'lockdown' measures from the COVID-19 pandemic albeit at slightly reduced levels, given the reduction in requested service levels from a number of customers in the aviation sector. The Directors have undertaken a rigorous assessment of financial forecasts, mitigating actions the Company can take and performed sensitivity analysis in order to assess the impact of the Company's liquidity position. The forecast represents a severe but plausible downside scenario including assumptions relating to the impact of future waves of the COVID-19 pandemic and its associated reduction in revenue and earnings.

The directors have prepared cash flow forecasts for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements which indicate that, taking account of reasonably possible downsides, the Company will have sufficient funds from its ultimate parent company, Smiths Group Plc, to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period.

Those forecasts are dependent on its immediate parent company, Smiths Detection Group Limited, not seeking repayment of the amounts currently due to the group, which at 31 July 2022 amounted to £23,376k, and providing additional financial support during that period. Smiths Detection Group Limited has indicated its intention to continue to make available such funds as are needed by the Company, and that it does not intend to seek repayment of the amounts due at the balance sheet date, for the period covered by the forecasts. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

Consequently, the directors are confident that the Company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

**2.4 Foreign currency translation**

The Company's presentational currency is sterling. The results and financial position of the Company are translated into sterling as follows:

- assets and liabilities are translated at the rate of exchange at the balance sheet date; and
- income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the year.

Exchange differences arising on transactions are recognised in the profit and loss account. Those arising on trading are taken to operating profit; those arising on borrowings are classified as finance income or cost.

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)****2.5 Turnover**

Turnover is recognised when it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Company and when they can be measured reliably. Turnover is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

IFRS 15 sets out the five-step approach for revenue recognition. This requires (i) identifying the contract with a customer; (ii) identifying the performance obligations in the contract; (iii) determining the transaction price; (iv) allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and (v) recognising the revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation at a point in time or over time.

Turnover from contracts with customers is recognised by reference to each distinct performance obligation in the contract with the customer. Turnover from contracts with customers is measured at its transaction price, being the amount of consideration which the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, net of goods and service tax, returns, rebates and discounts. Transaction price is allocated to each performance obligation on the basis of the relative standalone selling prices of each distinct good or services promised in the contract. Depending on the substance of the contract, turnover is recognised when the performance obligation is satisfied. Equipment revenue is generally recorded at a point in time on delivery or installation whereas Service revenue is recognised over time.

**2.6 Research and development**

Expenditure on research and development is charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred with the exception of:

- amounts recoverable from third parties; and
- expenditure incurred in respect of the development of major new products where the outcome of those projects is assessed as being reasonably certain as regards viability and technical feasibility.

Such expenditure is capitalised and amortised over the estimated period of sale for each product, commencing in the year that sales of the product are first made. Amortisation is charged straight line or based on the units produced, depending on the nature of the product and the availability of reliable estimates of production volumes.

**2.7 Pensions****Defined contribution pension plan**

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**


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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**


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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**
**2.8 Share based payments**

Company employees participate in share schemes and plans that the ultimate parent company, Smiths Group Plc operates for the benefit of employees. All entitlements under the schemes relate to the shares of Smiths Group plc. The Company recognises a charge for the benefit of the employee services realised, and a capital contribution from the Group because the Group does not charge the Company for the costs of these options. The nature of the schemes and plans is set out below:

**Smiths Group share option schemes**
**Long-Term Incentive Plan (LTIP).**

The LTIP is a share plan under which an award over a capped number of shares will vest after the end of the three-year performance period if performance conditions are met. LTIP awards are made to selected senior executives, including the executive directors. Awards made prior to 2016 were made with different targets for corporate executives and divisional executives. From 2016 onwards, all LTIP awards will have one set of targets.

Divisional LTIP awards have performance conditions relating to divisional performance against headline KPIs, including underlying revenue and operating profit growth, operating margins, ROCE, operating cash conversion, employee engagement and quality metrics.

**Smiths Group Sharesave Scheme (SAYE).**

The SAYE scheme is an HM Revenue & Customs-approved all-employee savings-related share option scheme which is open to all UK employees, including Directors, with 12 months' service or more. Participants enter into a contract to save a fixed amount per month of up to £500 in aggregate for three or five years and are granted an option over shares at a fixed option price, set at a discount to market price at the date of invitation to participate. Until 2012 participants in five-year savings contracts could elect to delay maturity of the contract until its seventh anniversary. The number of shares are determined by the monthly amount saved and the bonus paid on maturity of the savings contract. Options granted under the SAYE scheme are not subject to any performance conditions.

**2.9 Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on profits for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of temporary differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The charge for taxation does not include any payments for group relief from companies in the UK tax group as entities transfer tax losses between themselves for no payment. The group relief received is presented as a reconciling item in the tax rate reconciliation, note 10.

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to taxation authorities. Tax benefits are not recognised unless it is likely that the tax positions are sustainable. Once considered to be likely, tax benefits are reviewed to assess whether a provision should be made based on prevailing circumstances. Tax provisions are included in current tax liabilities, including any anticipated interest & penalties. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)****2.10 Goodwill**

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of a business combination over the total acquisition date fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired.

Cost comprises the fair value of assets given, liabilities assumed and equity instruments issued.

When a business combination agreement provides for an adjustment to the cost of the combination which is contingent on future events, the company includes the estimated amount of that adjustment in the cost of the combination at the acquisition date if the adjustment is probable and can be measured reliably. However, if the potential adjustment is not recognised at the acquisition date but subsequently becomes probable and can be measured reliably, the additional consideration shall be treated as an adjustment to the cost of the combination. Changes in the estimated value of contingent consideration arising on business combinations completed as a consequence result in a change in the carrying value of the related goodwill.

Goodwill is capitalised as an intangible asset and is not amortised. Instead it is reviewed annually for impairment with any impairment in carrying value being charged to profit or loss. The Companies Act 2006 requires acquired goodwill to be reduced by provisions for depreciation calculated to write off the amount systematically over a period chosen by the directors, not exceeding its useful economic life. It has been deemed, however, the non-amortisation of goodwill is a departure, for the overriding purpose of giving a true and fair view. The effect of this departure has not been quantified because it is impracticable and, in the opinion of the directors, would be misleading.

**2.11 Other intangible assets**

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Development expenditure - up to 7 years

Computer software - up to 7 years

Patents and trademarks - up to 10 years.

The assets' useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each year end.

**2.12 Tangible fixed assets**

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)****2.12 Tangible fixed assets (continued)**

Leasehold improvements	- 4% to 10%
Plant and machinery	- 10% to 20%
Fixtures and fittings	- 10% to 33%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets under construction are not depreciated until such time as they are available for use.

**2.13 Stock**

Stock is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses. Provisions are made for any slow-moving, obsolete or defective inventories.

**2.14 Debtors**

Trade debtors are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less any appropriate provision for estimated irrecoverable amounts. A provision is established for irrecoverable amounts when there is objective evidence that amounts due under the original payment terms will not be collected. Expected credit losses are determined using historical write-offs as a basis with a default risk multiplier applied to reflect country risk premium. The Company applies the IFRS 9 simplified lifetime expected credit loss approach for trade receivables and contract assets which do not contain a significant financing component.

**2.15 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and in hand and highly liquid interest-bearing securities with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

**2.16 Creditors**

Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers.

Creditors are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)****2.17 Provisions for liabilities**

Provisions for warranties and product liability, disposal indemnities, restructuring costs and legal claims are recognised when: the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, for example where a warranty has been given, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

**2.18 Financial instruments****Classification**

The Company classifies its financial assets as those to be measured at amortised cost. The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

**Recognition and derecognition**

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

**Measurement**

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, except in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

**Impairment**

The Company assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by IFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

The Company applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables, contract assets and other financial assets at amortised cost. The impact of change in impairment methodology on the Company's financial assets is immaterial. While cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirement of IFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.



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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.19 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures**

There were no new accounting standards that became applicable for the year ended 31 July 2022.

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

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**3. Significant judgements, key assumptions and estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of turnover and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The key estimates and assumptions used in these financial statements are set out below.

**Useful economic lives of tangible and intangible assets**

The annual depreciation charge for tangible assets and amortisation charge for intangible assets are sensitive to changes in the estimated useful economic lives and residual values of the assets. They are amended when necessary to reflect current estimates, based on technological advancement, future investments, economic utilisation and the physical condition of the assets (note 2.12).

In respect of capitalised development costs, the estimated Net Present Value of future cash flows is calculated at least annually to assess whether any assets are impaired.

**Stock provisions**

The calculation of stock provisions requires management to estimate the expected value of future sales. If the carrying value of stock is higher than the expected recoverable value, the Company makes provisions writing stock down to its net recoverable value. Stock is initially assessed for impairment by comparing stock levels to recent utilisation rates and carrying values to recent purchase price or manufacturing cost. A detailed review is completed for stock lines identified in the initial assessment considering sales activity, order flow, customer contracts and current selling prices.

**Warranty provisions**

The Company recalculates warranty provisions on a quarterly basis. The warranty provision covers assurance warranties, which represent the manufacturer's guarantee that the goods provided are fit for use.

The warranty provision is based on actual historical data. The actual repair costs incurred over the life of the product is compared to the number of warranted units passing through the service window. When sufficient historical information is not available, estimates are based on objective financial analysis and / or references gathered from other similar product lines supported by historical information.

The warranty provision is reviewed and approved by the appropriate responsible member of the local finance team on a regular basis, with detailed checks carried out for the half year and year end.

**Debtors provisions**

If the carrying value of any debtor is higher than the estimated fair value, the Company makes provisions writing down the balance to its fair value. The fair value of debtors is considered individually for each customer and incorporates past experience and progress with collecting debt.

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**


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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**


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**4. Turnover**

Analysis of turnover by country of destination:

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
United Kingdom	<b>19,597</b>	34,012
Rest of Europe	<b>11,691</b>	8,132
Rest of the world	<b>30,323</b>	34,248
	<b>61,611</b>	76,392

**5. Operating profit**

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting)

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Research & development charged as an expense	<b>959</b>	5,329
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	<b>2,075</b>	2,944
Amortisation of intangible assets	<b>242</b>	237
Exchange losses/(gains)	<b>1</b>	149
Share based payments	<b>130</b>	190
Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	<b>86</b>	13

**6. Auditor remuneration**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Fees payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements	<b>180</b>	107

There were no non-audit fees in financial years 2021 or 2022.

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**


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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**


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**7. Employees**

Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Wages and salaries	<b>14,630</b>	13,945
Social security costs	<b>1,473</b>	1,455
Pension costs	<b>995</b>	759
	<b>17,098</b>	16,159

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was as follows:

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>No.</b>	<b>No.</b>
Engineering	<b>60</b>	58
Production	<b>184</b>	177
Selling and distribution	<b>21</b>	22
Administration	<b>13</b>	19
	<b>278</b>	276

**8. Directors' remuneration**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Directors' emoluments	<b>145</b>	7
Company contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	<b>11</b>	-
	<b>156</b>	7

The directors provide services both to the Company and a number of other related Smiths Group plc entities. Aggregate emoluments represent the remuneration which is paid directly from the Company to the directors.

During the year there were no recharges of director remuneration to the company in respect of directors paid by the parent company.

The directors serving throughout the year were part of Save as You Earn scheme.

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**


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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**


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**9. Interest payable and similar expenses**

	<b>2022</b> £000	<b>2021</b> £000
Interest payable on loans from group undertakings	<b>636</b>	654
Interest on obligations under finance leases	<b>49</b>	53
Other	<b>7</b>	28
	<b>692</b>	735

**10. Taxation**

	<b>2022</b> £000	<b>2021</b> £000
<b>Current tax</b>		
UK corporation tax credit for the year	<b>(300)</b>	(300)
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	<b>(300)</b>	(14)
Foreign tax on income for the year	-	34
<b>Total tax credit</b>	<b>(600)</b>	(280)
<b>Deferred tax</b>		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	<b>(63)</b>	-

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**


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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**


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**10. Taxation (continued)****Factors affecting tax charge for the year**

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021 - *lower than*) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	<b>2022</b> £000	<b>2021</b> £000
Profit before taxation	<b>819</b>	<b>7,746</b>
Profit before taxation multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021: 19%)	<b>156</b>	<b>1,472</b>
<b>Effects of:</b>		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment	<b>10</b>	292
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	<b>(300)</b>	(14)
Non-taxable income	-	(16)
Foreign tax	-	34
Research and development tax credit	<b>(301)</b>	(314)
Group relief received from other group companies for nil consideration	<b>(321)</b>	(1,722)
Unrecognised temporary differences on fixed assets	<b>156</b>	(12)
Deferred tax recognition adjustment on losses	<b>(63)</b>	-
<b>Total tax credit for the year</b>	<b>(663)</b>	<b>(280)</b>

At 31 July 2022 the Company had unrecognised tax assets of £3,486k (2021: 5,489k) with gross value of £13,946k (2021: £21,955k) relating to timing differences on fixed assets, calculated at 25% (2021: 19%). The value of these assets is reviewed regularly and is dependent on the ability to recover them against forecast UK taxable profits. Based on this review it is currently determined that these assets are not likely recoverable.

Smiths Group does not require UK companies to compensate the surrendering company for the receipt of group relief. As a result, no payments or receipts in receipt of group relief have been accrued in the current or prior year, and no payments or receipts will be recognised in future years if other group companies have losses available to surrender.

**Factors that may affect future tax charges**

The Company is part of a UK tax group including all the UK subsidiaries of Smiths Group Plc.

In June 2021, the UK Government enacted an increase in the UK corporation tax rate to 25% from 1 April 2023 for companies with profits over £250,000. From this date, companies with profits between £50,000 and £250,000 will pay tax at the main rate reduced by a marginal relief providing a gradual increase in the effective corporation tax rate.

## SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

## 11. Intangible assets

	Others £000	Patents and trademarks £000	Development costs £000	Total £000
<b>Cost</b>				
At 1 August 2021	622	1,809	17,249	19,680
Additions - internal	-	-	6,858	6,858
At 31 July 2022	622	1,809	24,107	26,538
<b>Amortisation</b>				
At 1 August 2021	265	165	9,017	9,447
Charge for the year on owned assets	36	181	25	242
At 31 July 2022	301	346	9,042	9,689
<b>Net book value</b>				
At 31 July 2022	321	1,463	15,065	16,849
At 31 July 2021	357	1,644	8,232	10,233

Intangible asset amortisation of £206k (2021: £234k) is included in the cost of sales and £36k (2021: £3k) amortisation is included in administrative expenses in the profit and loss account.

Capitalised development costs are not treated as a realised loss for the purpose of determining the Company's distributable profits as the costs meet the conditions requiring them to be treated as an asset in accordance with IAS 38.

Intangible assets amortisation of £165k brought forward at 1 August 2021 has been reclassified from Development costs to Patents and Trademarks category to correct the wrong category reported in error last year.

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**


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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**


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**Goodwill**

	<b>2022</b> <b>£000</b>
At 1 August 2021	<b>3,072</b>
Amortisation and impairment	-
<b>At 31 July 2022</b>	<b>3,072</b>
<i>At 31 July 2021</i>	<i>3,072</i>

**Impairment testing**

Goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets considered significant in comparison to the Company's total carrying amount of such assets have been allocated to cash generating units or groups of cash generating units as follows:

The recoverable amount of the Pathsensors cash generating unit has been calculated with reference to its value in use. There are no reasonable changes which would cause an impairment, and accordingly, this has not been identified by management as a key accounting estimate in Note 3.

The key assumptions of this calculation are shown below:

	2022	2021
Period on which management approved forecasts are based	<b>5 years</b>	<b>5 years</b>
Growth rate applied beyond approved forecast period	<b>2.5%</b>	<b>3%</b>
Discount rate	<b>8.7%</b>	<b>8.2%</b>



## SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

## 12. Tangible fixed assets

	Leasehold property and improvements £000	Plant and machinery £000	Motor vehicles £000	Fixtures and fittings £000	Total £000
<b>Cost or valuation</b>					
At 1 August 2021	13,806	5,508	1,003	2,872	23,189
Additions	14	1,183	36	100	1,333
Disposals	-	(343)	-	(122)	(465)
Effect of movements in foreign exchange	2	-	25	-	27
At 31 July 2022	13,822	6,348	1,064	2,850	24,084
<b>Depreciation</b>					
At 1 August 2021	5,875	3,910	586	2,479	12,850
Charge for the year on owned assets	1,026	465	-	87	1,578
Charge for the year on right-of-use assets	624	-	252	-	876
Disposals	-	(257)	-	(122)	(379)
Effect of movements in foreign exchange	2	-	15	-	17
At 31 July 2022	7,527	4,118	853	2,444	14,942
<b>Net book value</b>					
At 31 July 2022	6,295	2,230	211	406	9,142
At 31 July 2021	7,931	1,598	417	393	10,339

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**


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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**12. Tangible fixed assets (continued)**

The net book value of owned and leased assets included as "Tangible fixed assets" in the Balance Sheet is as follows:

	2022 £000	2021 £000
Tangible fixed assets owned	<b>6,965</b>	7,334
Right-of-use tangible fixed assets	<b>2,177</b>	3,005
	<b>9,142</b>	10,339

Information about right-of-use assets is summarised below:

**Net book value**

	2022 £000	2021 £000
Leasehold property	<b>1,976</b>	2,588
Motor vehicles	<b>201</b>	417
	<b>2,177</b>	3,005

**Depreciation charge for the year ended**

	2022 £000	2021 £000
Leasehold property	<b>624</b>	515
Motor vehicles	<b>252</b>	298
	<b>876</b>	813

**Additions to right-of-use assets**

	2022 £000	2021 £000
Leasehold property	<b>14</b>	790
Motor vehicles	<b>36</b>	41
	<b>50</b>	831

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**13. Investments**

	Investments in associate companies £000
<b>Cost or valuation</b>	
At 1 August 2021	8
At 31 July 2022	<u>8</u>
<b>Net book value</b>	
At 31 July 2022	<u>8</u>
At 31 July 2021	<u>8</u>

**Associate undertakings**

The following were associate undertakings of the Company:

Name	Registered office	Principal activity	Class of shares	Holding
Smiths Detection Saudi Arabia LLC	PO Box 59490, Postal Code 11525, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia, Registration number 1010334748	Servicing and maintenance of equipment	Ordinary	5%
Detection Technologies Egypt LLC	Cairo, Cornich El Nil, Ramlet Beaulac Nile City Building, North Tower, 22nd Floor, Arab Republic of Egypt	Servicing and maintenance of equipment	Ordinary	1%

5% of the total share capital of Smiths Detection Saudi Arabia LLC is held by the Company. The remaining 95% of share capital is held by Smiths Detection Group Limited.

1% of the total share capital of Smiths Detection Technologies Egypt LLC is held by the Company. The remaining 99% of share capital is held by Smiths Detection Group Limited.

In the opinion of the directors the value of the investments are not less than the aggregate amount at which they are shown in the Company's balance sheet.

## SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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## 14. Stock

	2022 £000	2021 £000
Raw materials and consumables	4,516	2,545
Work in progress (goods to be sold)	3,640	3,881
Finished goods and goods for resale	6,720	4,328
	<u>14,876</u>	<u>10,754</u>

The Company consumed £35,480k (2021: £47,055k) of stock during the year. In the year to 31 July 2022 £364k (2021: £601k) was charged for the write down of stock and £488k (2021: £783k) was released from stock provisions no longer required.

At 31 July 2022, there were provisions of £1,513k (2021: £1,882k) against gross stock of £16,389k (2021: £12,635k)

## 15. Debtors

	2022 £000	2021 £000
<b>Due after more than one year</b>		
Financial instruments	11	-
Contract assets	171	511
	<u>182</u>	<u>511</u>
<b>Due within one year</b>		
Trade debtors	12,325	5,897
Amounts owed by group undertakings	7,744	8,718
Other debtors	1,119	1,365
Prepayments and accrued income	949	446
Deferred taxation	65	-
Financial instruments	-	345
Contract assets	6,529	5,990
	<u>28,731</u>	<u>22,761</u>

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**15. Debtors (continued)**

At 31 July 2022 the gross value of debtors partly provided for or more than three months overdue was £932k (2021: £520k) and there were specific provisions of £nil (2021: £nil) against these debtors. Consequently, these debtors were carried at a net value of £932k (2021: £520k).

All amounts owed by group undertakings are currently unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

**16. Cash and cash equivalents**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Cash at bank and in hand	<b>2,180</b>	1,576
	<b>2,180</b>	1,576

**17. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Trade creditors	<b>5,411</b>	3,045
Amounts owed to group undertakings	<b>38,109</b>	28,976
Contract liabilities	<b>8,451</b>	4,480
Accruals	<b>2,238</b>	3,498
Lease liabilities	<b>778</b>	853
Financial instruments	<b>244</b>	522
Taxation and social security	<b>925</b>	825
Other creditors	<b>1,674</b>	82
	<b>57,830</b>	42,281

Amounts owed to group undertakings include £23,376k (2021: £21,476k) owed to the holding company, Smiths Detection Group Limited, which is repayable on demand or by 31 July 2027 at the latest. Interest is charged at LIBOR plus 3.0%. All other amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**


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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**


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**18. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Contract liabilities	<b>21,358</b>	21,358
Lease liabilities	<b>1,411</b>	2,141
Accruals	<b>271</b>	352
Financial instruments	<b>6</b>	137
	<b>23,046</b>	23,988

**19. Financial instruments**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	<b>2,191</b>	1,921
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	<b>26,830</b>	21,720
	<b>29,021</b>	23,641
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
Derivative financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss held as part of a trading portfolio	<b>(250)</b>	(659)
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	<b>(46,028)</b>	(35,870)
	<b>(46,278)</b>	(36,529)

**20. Deferred tax asset**

	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£000</b>
Credited to the profit or loss	<b>65</b>
<b>At end of year</b>	<b>65</b>

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**SMITHS DETECTION - WATFORD LIMITED**


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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**


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**20. Deferred tax asset (continued)**

The deferred tax asset is made up as follows:

	<b>2022</b> £000	<b>2021</b> £000
Tax value of loss carry-forwards	<b>65</b>	-
<b>Net tax assets</b>	<b>65</b>	-

**21. Other Provisions**

	Warranty provision and product liability £000
At 1 August 2021	<b>1,590</b>
Charged to profit or loss	<b>83</b>
Utilised in year	<b>(235)</b>
Released in year	<b>(359)</b>
<b>At 31 July 2022</b>	<b>1,079</b>

Warranty provisions are made to cover the anticipated cost of repair or replacement of goods returned within the contractual warranty period which is generally one year.

**22. Called up share capital**

	<b>2022</b> £000	<b>2021</b> £000
<b>Allotted, called up and fully paid</b>		
76,771 (2021 - 76,771) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	<b>77</b>	<b>77</b>

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**23. Employee share scheme**

Company employees participate in share schemes and plans that the ultimate parent company, Smiths Group plc operates for the benefit of employees. All entitlements under the schemes relate to the shares of Smiths Group plc. The Company recognises a charge for the benefit of the employee services realised, and a capital contribution from the Group because the Group does not charge the Company for the costs of these options.

**Cost of share based payment arrangements**

Included within administrative expenses is an expense arising from share-based payment transactions of £130k (2021: £190k).

**24. Contingent liabilities**

Guarantees and performance bonds given by banks to third parties on behalf of the Company amounted to £23,755k (2021: £28,787k).

The Company has a contingent liability under a composite banking arrangement with other companies in the group, limited to the amount standing to the credit of the Company's own bank account.

The Company is registered with H.M. Revenue and Customs as a member of the Smiths Group plc for VAT group purposes and as a result is jointly and severally liable on a continuing basis for amounts owing by the group for unpaid VAT.

**25. Capital commitments**

Contracts of £nil (2021: £nil) were placed for future capital expenditure.

**26. Pension commitments**

The total expense recognised in the profit and loss account in respect of defined contribution pensions was £995k (2021: £759k) and at the end of the year £4k was outstanding (2021: £21k).

Historically, staff of the Company participated in the Smiths Industries Pension Scheme, which is a defined benefit pension plan based in the UK. With effect from 1st January 2006, employees of the Company who were members of this scheme became employees of the ultimate parent company, Smiths Group plc, and now perform their services under contract from that Company. The pension schemes were closed with effect from 31 October 2009.

The assets of the Smiths Industries Pension Scheme are held in a separate trustee-administered fund and the pensions costs are assessed in accordance with the advice of independent, professionally-qualified actuaries. Further details of these pension plans, the actuarial assumptions used and the latest actuarial valuations can be found in the consolidated financial statements of Smiths Group plc for the year ended 31 July 2022.

The pension contribution made by the Company in respect of the defined benefit pension plan was £nil (2021: £nil). In 2023 the Company does not expect to make any payments in respect of the defined benefit pension plan.



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**27. Commitments under operating leases**

The Company had no commitments under non-cancellable operating leases at the balance sheet date.

**28. Controlling party**

For the year ended 31 July 2022, the Company was a wholly owned subsidiary of Smiths Detection Group Limited.

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Smiths Group plc, which is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Smiths Group plc incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales.

The Annual Report and financial statements of Smiths Group plc may be obtained from the Company Secretary, Smiths Group plc, 11 - 12 St James's Square, London, SW1Y 4LB.