Unaudited financial statements

31 December 2017

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Simon Day & Co. Chartered Accountants

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Directors and other information

Directors

D P Mills

R W Mills

Secretary

F L Mills

Company number

387497

Registered office

Unit 2 Uffcott Farm

Uffcott Wiltshire Wiltshire SN4 9NB

Accountant

Simon Day & Co.

Unit 2 Uffcott Farm

Uffcott Wiltshire SN4 9NB

Bankers

Barclays

Leicester LE87 2BB

Directors report Year ended 31 December 2017

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

D P Mills

R W Mills

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 19th June 2018 and signed on behalf of the board by:

D P Mills

Director

Statement of financial position 31 December 2017

	2017		20	2016	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6	781,977		775,574	
	· ·				
			781,977		775,574
Current assets					
Stocks		21,295		19,395	
Debtors	7	28,586		34,740	
Cash at bank and in hand		12,495		20,055	
		62,376		74,190	
Creditors: amounts falling due		·		•	
within one year	8	(27,798)		(26,131)	
Net current assets			34,578		48,059
Total assets less current liabilities			816,555		823,633
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	9		(124,805)		(109,305)
Net assets			691,750		714,328
			====		
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			250		250
Revaluation reserve			703,119		703,119
Profit and loss account			(11,619)		10,959
Shareholders funds			691,750		714,328

For the year ending 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The notes on pages 6 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued) 31 December 2017

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

D P Mills Director

Company registration number: 387497

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is Unit 2 Uffcott Farm, Uffcott, Wiltshire, Wiltshire, SN4 9NB.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2017

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 25% reducing balance
Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25% reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2017

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors was 3 (2016: 3).

5. Loss before taxation

Loss before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

	201/	2010
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	5,327	3,191

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Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2017

6.	Tangible assets					
		Freehold property	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£	£
	Cost					
	At 1 January 2017	766,000	4,913	3,845	21,001	795,759
	Additions	-	-	-	20,590	20,590
	Disposals	-	-	-	(21,001)	(21,001)
	At 31 December 2017	766,000	4,913	3,845	20,590	795,348
	Depreciation					
	At I January 2017	-	4,701	3,343	12,141	20,185
	Charge for the year	-	53	126	5,148	5,327
	Disposals	_			(12,141)	(12,141)
	At 31 December 2017	-	4,754	3,469	5,148	13,371
	Carrying amount					
	At 31 December 2017	766,000	159	376	15,442	781,977
	At 31 December 2016	766,000	212	502	8,860	775,574
7.	Debtors				2017	2016
	Trade debtors				£ 28,586	£ 34,740
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due	within one year	r			
					2017	2016
					£	£
	Social security and other taxes				579	1,719
	Other creditors				27,219	24,412
					27,798	26,131
9.	Creditors: amounts falling due	after more thar	n one year		2017	2016
	Other creditors				£ 124,805	£ 109,305

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2017

10. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2017	
		Balance Advances Balance
		brought /(credits) to o/standing forward the directors
		£££
D P Mills		(23,193) (935) (24,128)
		<u> </u>
	2016	
		Balance Advances Balance
		brought /(credits) to o/standing
		forward the directors
		£ £
D P Mills		(22,302) (891) (23,193)