

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 00374953

The Larmar Engineering Company Limited
Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements
31 March 2019

The Larmar Engineering Company Limited

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2019

		2019	2018
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	1,141,451	1,173,447
Current assets			
Stocks		—	39,121
Debtors	6	13,916	125,849
Cash at bank and in hand		537,028	334,261
		550,944	499,231
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	52,975	74,183
Net current assets		497,969	425,048
Total assets less current liabilities		1,639,420	1,598,495
Provisions			
Taxation including deferred tax		87,684	74,991
Net assets		1,551,736	1,523,504
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	4,620	4,620
Revaluation reserve		419,532	419,532
Other reserves		433	433
Profit and loss account		1,127,151	1,098,919
Shareholders funds		1,551,736	1,523,504

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31st March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

The Larmar Engineering Company Limited

Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

31 March 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 June 2019 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr. K.J. Larcombe

Mr. M.J. Larcombe

Director

Director

Company registration number: 00374953

The Larmar Engineering Company Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31st March 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Main Road, Margaretting, Ingatestone, Essex, CM4 9JD.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Operating leases

Lease income is recognised in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term. The aggregate cost of lease incentives are recognised as a reduction to income over the lease term on a straight-line basis. Costs, including depreciation, incurred in earning the lease income are recognised as an expense. Any initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging the operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the lease and recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold Property	-	1% straight line
Plant & Machinery	-	10% straight line
Office Furniture & Equipment	-	20% straight line
Motor Vehicles	-	20% straight line

Investment property

Investment property is initially recorded at cost, which includes purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure. Investment property is revalued to its fair value at each reporting date and any changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss. If a reliable measure of fair value is no longer available without undue cost or effort for an item of investment property, it shall be transferred to tangible assets and treated as such until it is expected that fair value will be reliably measurable on an on-going basis.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 14 (2018: 17).

5. Tangible assets

	Freehold property £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost					
At 1st April 2018	1,145,000	933,584	12,598	18,141	2,109,323
Additions	10,451	—	—	—	10,451
Disposals	—	(933,584)	(12,598)	(8,871)	(955,053)
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At 31st March 2019	1,155,451	—	—	9,270	1,164,721
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Depreciation					
At 1st April 2018	12,000	894,596	11,139	18,141	935,876
Charge for the year	2,000	—	—	—	2,000
Disposals	—	(894,596)	(11,139)	(8,871)	(914,606)
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At 31st March 2019	14,000	—	—	9,270	23,270
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Carrying amount					
At 31st March 2019	1,141,451	—	—	—	1,141,451
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At 31st March 2018	1,133,000	38,988	1,459	—	1,173,447
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The Freehold Property and Investment Property were revalued independently by Taylor and Company Chartered Surveyors on 8th February 2013. The directors do not consider that there has been any material change in the valuation by the balance sheet date. The historical cost of the investment property is £95,391.

6. Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	13,734	95,407
Prepayments and accrued income	182	4,417
Amounts recoverable on contracts	—	26,025
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	13,916	125,849
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7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade creditors	846	29,027
Accruals and deferred income	3,400	16,189
Other taxes and social security	48,729	28,967
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	52,975	74,183
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8. Called up share capital**Authorised share capital**

	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	5,000	5,000.00	5,000	5,000.00
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Issued, called up and fully paid

	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	4,620	4,620.00	4,620	4,620.00
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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.