**COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 00374953** 

# The Larmar Engineering Company Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31 March 2020

## **The Larmar Engineering Company Limited**

### **Statement of Financial Position**

### 31 March 2020

		2020		2019
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	5		1,727,449	1,141,451
Current assets				
Debtors	6	_		13,916
Cash at bank and in hand		221,593		537,028
		221,593		550,944
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	11,309		52,975
Net current assets			210,284	497,969
Total assets less current liabilities			1,937,733	1,639,420
Provisions				
Taxation including deferred tax			213,298	87,684 
Net assets				1,551,736
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	8		4,620	4,620
Revaluation reserve			_	419,532
Other reserves			433	433
Profit and loss account			1,719,382	1,127,151
Shareholders funds			1,724,435	1,551,736

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31st March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

# The Larmar Engineering Company Limited

# Statement of Financial Position (continued)

### 31 March 2020

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 17 December 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr. K.J. Larcombe Mr. M.J. Larcombe

Director Director

Company registration number: 00374953

# **The Larmar Engineering Company Limited**

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### Year ended 31st March 2020

### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Main Road, Margaretting, Ingatestone, Essex, CM4 9JD.

### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

### 3. Accounting policies

### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

### Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

### Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

### Operating leases

Lease income is recognised in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term. The aggregate cost of lease incentives are recognised as a reduction to income over the lease term on a straight-line basis. Costs, including depreciation, incurred in earning the lease income are recognised as an expense. Any initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging the operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the lease and recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income.

### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold Property - 1% straight line
Plant & Machinery - 10% straight line
Office Furniture & Equipment - 20% straight line
Motor Vehicles - 20% straight line

### **Investment property**

Investment property is initially recorded at cost, which includes purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure. Investment property is revalued to its fair value at each reporting date and any changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

### **Defined contribution plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 5 (2019: 14).

### 5. Tangible assets

	Freehold	Fixtures and		
	property	fittings	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation				
At 1st April 2019	1,155,451	_	9,270	1,164,721
Additions	_	561	_	561
Disposals	_	_	( 9,270)	( 9,270)
Revaluations	571,549	_	_	571,549
At 31st March 2020	1,727,000	561 	<del>-</del>	1,727,561
Depreciation				
At 1st April 2019	14,000	_	9,270	23,270
Charge for the year	_	112	_	112
Disposals	_	_	( 9,270)	( 9,270)
Revaluations	( 14,000)	_	_	( 14,000)
At 31st March 2020	<del></del>	112	<del></del>	112
Carrying amount				***************************************
At 31st March 2020	1,727,000	449	_	1,727,449
At 31st March 2019	1,141,451 	<del></del>	<del></del>	1,141,451

The Freehold Property and Investment Property were revalued independently by Taylor and Company Chartered Surveyors on 8th February 2013. The directors have considered the values of the Freehold Property and Investment Property as at 31 March 2020 and have made a revaluation to their carrying value. The historical cost of the investment property is £95,391.

### 6. Debtors

			2020	2019
			£	£
Trade debtors			_	13,734
Prepayments and accrued income			_	182
				40.040
			<del>-</del>	13,916
7. Creditors: amounts falling due with	in one year			
			2020	2019
			£	£
Trade creditors			4,510	846
Accruals and deferred income			3,840	3,400
Corporation tax			2,959	_
Other taxes and social security			_	48,729
			11,309	52,975
8. Called up share capital			<del></del>	
Authorised share capital				
	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Issued, called up and fully paid				
	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	4,620	4,620	4,620	4,620

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