Directors' report and abbreviated financial statements

28 February 1997

Registered number 366790



Directors' report and abbreviated financial statements

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Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 28 February 1997.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is precision engineering and there has been no change during the year.

Business review

	£
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation charge	148,513 (52,385)
Profit for the financial year	96,128
Proposed dividend	(32,000)
Retained profit for the year	64,128

Turnover fell by 3% but margins were stable. Capital investment of over £250,000 was made to improve productivity and changes to site layout are planned to improve efficiencies.

The new year has started with good demand and several major new projects will come on schedule during the year.

Proposed dividend

The directors recommend that an ordinary dividend of £32,000 be paid.



Directors' report (continued)

Directors and directors' interests

The directors during the year together with their interests in the shares of the company were as follows:

Ordinary	sha	ares	of £1
19	97	and	1996

DC Burrows	30,000
GN Burrows	14,050
DG Barwell	2,500
NJ Hammonds	2,500

Auditors

In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

order of the board

Hammonds

Secretary

Saffron Lane Leicester LE2 6UH



Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.





1 Waterloo Way Leicester LF1 6LP

Report of the auditors to Burrows & Smith Limited pursuant to Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 5 to 17 together with the financial statements of Burrows & Smith Limited prepared under section 226 of the Companies Act 1985 for the year ended 28 February 1997.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 246A of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with section 246A(3) of the Act to the registrar of companies and whether the accounts to be delivered are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We have carried out the procedures we considered necessary to confirm, by reference to the audited financial statements, that the company is entitled to the exemptions and that the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared from those financial statements. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report does not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the full financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 246A(3) of the Companies Act 1985 and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

Chartered Accountants

Registered Auditors
15 August 1997.



Profit and loss account for the year ended 28 February 1997

	Note	1997 £	1996 £
Gross profit		2,654,909	2,813,228
Sales and distribution costs Administrative expenses		(81,454) (2,457,401)	(88,559) (2,602,903)
Operating profit		116,054	121,766
Rental and investment income Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable		37,232 3,324 (8,097)	36,980 4,890 (5,163)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	148,513	158,473
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	5	(52,385)	(47,303)
Profit for the financial year		96,128	111,170
Dividends proposed	6	(32,000)	(32,000)
Retained profit for the financial year	14	64,128	79,170

The company had no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the year, which relates wholly to the company's continuing operations.

The profit on ordinary activities calculated on a historical cost basis is £155,841 (1996: £165,989) and the retained profit for the year is £71,456 (1996: £86,686).



Balance sheet at 28 February 1997

	Note	£	1997 £	c	1996
Fixed assets		£	L	£	£
Tangible assets Investments	<i>7</i> 8		1,874,325 2,000		1,845,989 2,000
			1,876,325		1,847,989
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	9 10	1,085,935 2,021,618 1,097		1,255,736 1,974,004 683	
Creditors: amounts falling	* *	3,108,650		3,230,423	
due within one year	11	(1,973,609)		(2,131,174)	
Net current assets			1,135,041		1,099,249
Total assets less current liabilities			3,011,366		2,947,238
Provisions for liabilities and charges	12		(77,335)		(77,335)
Net assets			2,934,031		2,869,903
Capital and reserves Called up share capital (non-equity interests					
are included)	<i>13</i>		106,376		106,376
Profit and loss account	14		2,116,838		2,045,382
Revaluation reserve	14		710,817		718,145
Shareholders' funds	15		2,934,031		2,869,903

The accounts are prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to medium-sized companies.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 10 April 1987 and were signed on its behalf by:

DC Burrows

Director

Hammonds

Director

KPMG

Cash flow statement for the year ended 28 February 1997

	Note		1997		1996	
		£	£	£	£	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	17		545,000		(149,485)	
Return on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid Dividends paid Rental and investment income		3,324 (8,097) (32,000) 37,232		4,890 (5,163) (24,000) 36,980		
Net cash inflow from returns on investment and servicing of finance			459		12,707	
Taxation UK corporation tax paid			(44,571)		(19,316)	
Investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets		(347,849) 43,427		(461,159) 38,950		
Net cash outflow from investing activities			(304,422)		(422,209)	
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	18		196,466		(578,303)	



Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules, modified to include the revaluation of certain land and buildings.

Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the provision of goods and services to customers during the year.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided by the company to write off the cost or valuation of fixed assets on the reducing balance basis at the following annual rates:

Freehold buildings - 2.5% Plant and machinery - 20%

Fixtures, fittings and

motor vehicles - 25%

No depreciation is provided on freehold land.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. For work in progress and finished goods manufactured by the company, cost is taken as production cost, which includes an appropriate proportion of attributable overheads.

Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation on the excess of the book value of fixed assets, other than freehold industrial land and buildings, over their corresponding written down amounts for tax purposes, at the rates of taxation expected to apply when such liabilities crystallise.



Notes (continued)

2	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		
_	•	1997	1996
		£	£
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging		
	Auditors' remuneration		
	Audit Other services	6,489	6,555 5,445
	Profit on sale of fixed assets	(15,408)	(29,478)
3	Remuneration of directors	400#	1006
		1997	1996
		£	£
	Directors' emoluments:		
	Remuneration	142,649	153,127
	Pension contributions	21,082	20,939
		163,731	174,066

The emoluments, excluding pension contributions, of the chairman and highest paid director were £53,780 (1996: £58,878).

The emoluments, excluding pension contributions, of the directors were within the following ranges:

			Number of directors	
			1997	1996
£40,001	_	£45,000	1	-
£45,001	-	£50,000	1	-
£50,001	-	£55,000	1	2
£55,001	-	£60,000	-	1



Notes (continued)

4 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category, was as follows:

	year, analysed by eategoly, was as follows.	1997	1996
	Productive and technical	146	160
	Administrative and managerial	8	8
		154	168
	The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:		
	1	1997	1996
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	2,324,381	2,653,637
	Social security costs	225,521	262,478
	Other pension costs	40,116	40,964
		2,590,018	2,957,079
5	Taxation		
		1997	1996
		£	£
	UK corporation tax charge on the profit	51,173	39,300
	for the year on ordinary activities Deferred taxation charge	31,173	8,000
	Tax attributable to franked investment income	800	200
	Adjustments in respect of prior years	412	(197)
		52,385	47,303
6	Dividends		
		1997	1996
		£	£
	Ordinary shares Final proposed	32,000	32,000
	• •		



Notes (continued)

7 Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold		Fixtures, fittings,		
	land and buildings	Plant and machinery	tools and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation					
At beginning of year	846,086	4,006,023	291,626	145,555	5,289,290
Additions	-	261,009	29,281	57,559	347,849
Disposals		(215,807)		(66,028)	(281,835)
At end of year	846,086	4,051,225	320,907	137,086	5,355,304
Depreciation and diminution in value					
At beginning of year	42,441	3,072,282	247,741	80,837	3,443,301
Charge for year	9,715	238,485	18,292	25,002	291,494
On disposals	9,715	(210,071)	-	(43,745)	(253,816)
At end of year	52,156	3,100,696	266,033	62,094	3,480,979
Net book value	702 020	050 520	5A 97A	74,992	1,874,325
At 28 February 1997	793,930	950,529	54,874		1,0/4,323
At 29 February 1996	803,645	933,741	43,885	64,718	1,845,989

The land and buildings were revalued to the open market value in 1991.

Particulars relating to revalued assets are given below:

	1997 £	1996 £
Historical cost of revalued assets Aggregate depreciation based on historical cost	165,581 (82,468)	165,581 (80,081)
Historical cost net book value	83,113	85,500

The gross amount of depreciable fixed assets included in land and buildings is £421,086 (1996: £421,086).

Notes (continued)

8 Investments

Stocks

Trade debtors

Other debtors

Prepayments

The company holds an investment in an unlisted company at a cost of £2,000.

		1997 £	1996 £
	Raw materials and consumables Work in progress	96,483 989,452	67,477 1,188,259
		1,085,935	1,255,736
10	Debtors	1997 £	1996 £

Other debtors include £6,376 (1996: £6,376) advanced to trustees, who hold preference shares in the company for issue to employees. There are no terms for the repayment of these advances.

1,921,502

2,021,618

37,188

62,928

1,926,077

1,974,004

33,326

14,601

11 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

Creditors, amounts raming due within one year	1997 £	1996 £
Trade creditors	1,243,452	1,133,055
Bank overdraft	176,732	372,784
Other creditors including taxation and social security:		
Corporation tax	51,173	43,359
Other taxes and social security	169,665	215,900
Other creditors	242,058	289,248
Accruals	58,529	44,828
Dividend proposed	32,000	32,000
	1,973,609	2,131,174



Notes (continued)

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11 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year (continued)

The company has an agreement with its bankers whereby any monies standing to the credit of its bank account may be applied in repayment of any indebtedness to the bank by two other associated companies in which Mr D C Burrows has a material interest. At 28 February 1997 the combined bank overdraft of the two associated companies was £Nil (1996: £Nil). The bank holds a debenture over the company's assets and undertakings as security against amounts owing from time to time.

12 Provisions for liabilities and charges

Deferred taxation

At beginning of year 77,335
Charge for the year in the profit and loss account
Advance corporation tax
At end of year 77,335

The amounts provided for deferred taxation and the amounts not provided are set out below:

	1997		19	1996	
	Provided	Unprovided	Provided	Unprovided	
	£	£	£	£	
Difference between accumulated depreciation and amortisation and					
capital allowances Advance corporation tax	80,000	21,000	80,000	21,000	
recoverable	(8,000)	-	(8,000)	-	
Capital gains held over Potential capital gains on revalued	5,335	30,000	5,335	30,000	
properties		50,000	-	50,000	
	77,335	101,000	77,335	101,000	



Notes (continued)

13	Called up share capital		
	•	1997	1996
		£	£
	Authorised		
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000
	Non cumulative preference shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
	11011 building provided the second		
		110,000	110,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000
	Non cumulative preference shares of £1 each	6,376	6,376
		106,376	106,376

The non cumulative preference shareholders have no voting rights. They have waived their rights to a dividend.

In the event of a winding up, the holders of these shares are entitled to repayment of the capital paid up thereon in priority to all other shares but to no further right of participation either in profit or assets.

14	Reserves	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account
		£	£
	At beginning of year Transfer Retained profit for year	718,145 (7,328)	2,045,382 7,328 64,128
	At end of year	710,817	2,116,838
15	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' fund		1006
		1997 £	1996 £
	Retained profit for the year Opening shareholders' funds	64,128 2,869,903	79,170 2,790,733
	Closing shareholders' funds	2,934,031	2,869,903

Notes (continued)

16 Commitments

There were no contracted capital commitments at 28 February 1997 (1996: £49,150).

Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

1997	1996
£	£
116,054	121,766
291,494	280,177
(15,408)	(29,478)
169,801	(258,162)
(47,614)	(321,593)
30,673	57,805
545,000	(149,485)
	£ 116,054 291,494 (15,408) 169,801 (47,614) 30,673

Analysis of changes in cash and cash equivalents during the year

	1997 £	1996 £
Balance at start of year Net cash inflow/(outflow)	(372,101) 196,466	206,202 (578,303)
	(175,635)	(372,101)



Notes (continued)

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Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents as shown in the balance sheet

	1997	1996	Change
	£	£	£
Cash in hand	1,097	683	414
Bank balances	(176,732)	(372,784)	196,052
	(175,635)	(372,101)	196,466

20 Related party transaction

Within other creditors falling due within one year is an amount of £98,976 owed to British Man Made Staple Fibres Limited (BMM), a company controlled by DC Burrows, Chairman and shareholder of Burrows & Smith Limited.

The following transactions have occurred during the year:

Interest

All interest income and expense for the two companies is received and paid by BMM. The portion that relates to Burrows & Smith Limited is transferred on a monthly basis and is disclosed in the profit and loss account.

Bank charges

Bank charges paid to BMM for year ended 28 February 1997	£ 3,463
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Rent

BMM owns part of the premises on which Burrows & Smith Limited operates its business.

Gross rent charged for the year ended 28 February 1997	£66,167
Insurance on business premises charged to Burrows & Smith	
Limited from BMM	£ 2,307



Notes (continued)

21 Related parties (continued)

Personnel

Certain clerical and administration staff, employed by Burrows & Smith Limited, carry out work for BMM.

Amount charged at cost to BMM for clerical and administrative support for the year ended 28 February 1997

£(5,722)

Sundry

Sundry items incurred by Burrows & Smith Limited and recharged to BMM

£(6,052)

All transactions are treated on an arms length basis, on ordinary commercial terms.