Frank Jones (Chemist) Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 30th June 2017

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Financial Statements

Year ended 30th June 2017

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Statement of Financial Position

30th June 2017

		20	17	20	2016	
	Note	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Intangible assets	6		60,000		140,000	
Tangible assets	7		98,456		108,948	
			158,456		248,948	
Current assets						
Stocks	_	87,654		98,801		
Debtors	8	276,546		441,641		
Cash at bank and in hand		227,449		107,760		
		591,649		648,202		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	381,634		392,437		
Net current assets			210,015		255,765	
Total assets less current liabilities			368,471		504,713	
Provisions		•				
Taxation including deferred tax			12,208		14,870	
Net assets			356,263		489,843	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital			1,500		1,500	
Profit and loss account			354,763		488,343	
Members funds			356,263		489,843	

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30th June 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 4 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

30th June 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22-01-18..., and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr K A Simpson

Director

Mr G Clark Director

Company registration number: 00364946

The notes on pages 4 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Equity

Year ended 30th June 2017

		•	Profit and oss account	Total
At 1st July 2015		£ 1,500	£ 397,649	£ 399,149
Profit for the year			90,694	90,694
Total comprehensive income for the year			90,694	90,694
At 30th June 2016		1,500	488,343	489,843
Loss for the year			(28,874)	(28,874)
Total comprehensive income for the year			(28,874)	(28,874)
Dividends paid and payable	5	_	(104,706)	(104,706)
Total investments by and distributions to owners		_	(104,706)	(104,706)
At 30th June 2017		1,500	354,763	356,263

The notes on pages 4 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 30th June 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 18 Ambleside Court, Chester le Street, County Durham, DH3 2EB.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis and are presented in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1st July 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 15.

Revenue recognition

Turnover represents the value of goods sold and services provided during the year net of discounts, returns and Value Added Tax.

For shop sales, turnover is recognised at the point of sale. For services provided, turnover is recognised to the extent that, and when, there is a right to consideration.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30th June 2017

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Goodwill

Positive purchased goodwill arising on acquisitions is capitalised, classified as an asset on the Balance Sheet and amortised over its estimated useful life up to a maximum of 10 years. This length of time is presumed to be the maximum useful life of purchased goodwill because it is difficult to make projections beyond this period. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following each acquisition and subsequently as and when necessary if circumstances emerge that indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - Written off over 10 years

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold property - 4% straight line

Fixtures and fittings - 10% - 20% reducing balance

Motor vehicles - 25% straight line
Computer equipment - 33% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30th June 2017

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors, amounted to 18 (2016: 20).

5. Dividends

	2017 £	2016 £
Dividends paid during the year (excluding those for which a liability existed at the end of the prior year)	104,706	_

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30th June 2017

6.	Intangible assets					
						Goodwill £
	Cost At 1 Jul 2016 and 30 Ju	n 2017				800,000
	Amortisation At 1st July 2016 Charge for the year	-				660,000 80,000
	At 30th June 2017					740,000
	Carrying amount At 30th June 2017					60,000
	At 30th June 2016					140,000
7.	Tangible assets					
		Land and buildings £	Fixtures and fittings	Motor vehicles £	Equipment £	Total £
	Cost At 1 July 2016 Additions	75,000 -	136,563 3,134	8,995 -	16,786 1,737	237,344 4,871
	At 30 June 2017	75,000	139,697	8,995	18,523	242,215
	Depreciation At 1 July 2016 Charge for the year At 30 June 2017	42,000 3,000 45,000	70,580 7,367 77,947	6,372 2,249 8,621	9,444 2,747 12,191	128,396 15,363 143,759
	Carrying amount	45,000			===	143,739
	At 30 June 2017	30,000	61,750	374	6,332	98,456
	At 30 June 2016	33,000	65,983	2,623	7,342	108,948
8.	Debtors					
	Tondo debtero				2017 £	2016 £
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group to	undertakings a	nd undertakings	in which the	149,209	328,736
	company has a participat Other debtors		J		39,550 87,787	28,598 84,307
					276,546	441,641

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30th June 2017

9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade creditors	353,516	342,268
Corporation tax	14,916	43,427
Social security and other taxes	1,687	1,557
Other creditors	11,515	5,185
	381,634	392,437

10. Guarantees and other financial commitments

The company has total future operating lease commitments of £379,167 (2016: £424,167).

Included within current liabilities is £210 (2016: £nil) relating to pension contributions.

The company has no other commitments, guarantees or contingent liabilities.

11. Contingencies

At the date of the statement of financial position, a cross guarantee and debenture agreement existed between group companies in respect of the parent undertaking's secured bank borrowings. At 30th June 2017, total secured debt of the parent undertaking amounted to £1,157,549 (2016: £1,396,388).

12. Events after the end of the reporting period

Since the end of the reporting period, the entire issued share capital of the company has been acquired by Clark Pharma Limited, a company controlled by directors Greg and Helen Clark.

13. Related party transactions

During the year, the company paid £242,000 (2016: £240,000) management charges, £17,000 (2016: £17,000) rental charges and £104,706 (2016: £nil) dividends to Knightingales Limited, the company's former parent undertaking. Current assets include £39,000 (2016: £28,048) due from Knightingales Limited.

14. Controlling party

Throughout the reporting period the company was a wholly owned subsidiary of Knightingales Limited.

15. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1st July 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.