Company registration number 00349740 (England and Wales)

SOLRAY PROPERTIES LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 24 MARCH 2023 FILLETED ACCOUNTS

Faulkner House Victoria Street St Albans Hertfordshire AL1 3SE

Rayner Essex LLP Chartered Accountants

CONTENTS

	Page
Balance sheet	1 - 2
Statement of changes in equity	3
Notes to the financial statements	4 - 8

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 24 MARCH 2023

		202	3	202	2
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		892		-
Investment property	5		600,000		600,000
			600,892		600,000
Current assets					
Debtors	6	1,050,663		1,077,963	
Investments	7	1,303,693		1,685,303	
Cash at bank and in hand		300,025		326,536	
		2,654,381		3,089,802	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(475,700)		(613,393)	
Net current assets			2,178,681		2,476,409
Total assets less current liabilities			2,779,573		3,076,409
Provisions for liabilities			(23,243)		(23,243)
Net assets			2,756,330		3,053,166
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	10		750		900
Capital redemption reserve			750		600
Other reserves			126,493		126,493
Profit and loss reserves	11		2,628,337		2,925,173
Total equity			2,756,330		3,053,166

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 24 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 24 MARCH 2023

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 17 October 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

R D Gastman **Director**

Company Registration No. 00349740

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 24 MARCH 2023

	Share capital	Capital redemption			Total
Notes	£	reserve £	£	£	£
	900	600	126,493	3,101,851	3,229,844
	-	-	-	(176,678)	(176,678)
	900	600	126,493	2,925,173	3,053,166
	_	-	-	106,895	106,895
	-	-	-	(403,731)	(403,731)
10	-	150	-	-	150
10	(150)				(150)
	750	750	126,493	2,628,337	2,756,330
	10	900	redemption reserve £ 900 600	redemption reserves reserve £ 900 600 126,493 900 600 126,493 10 - 150 - 10 (150) -	redemption reserves reserves reserves 900 600 126,493 3,101,851 - - - (176,678) 900 600 126,493 2,925,173 - - - 106,895 - - - (403,731) 10 (150) - -

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 24 MARCH 2023

1 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the director is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

2 Accounting policies

Company information

Solray Properties Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Tavistock House South, Tavistock Square, London, WC1H 9LG.

2.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

2.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business. The major source of income is from rent receivable.

2.3 Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

2.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 24 MARCH 2023

2 Accounting policies

(Continued)

2.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 24 MARCH 2023

3	Employees
---	-----------

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 1 (2022 -1).

	2023 Number	2022 Number
Total	1	1

Tangible fixed assets	
	Plant and
	machinery etc
	£
Cost	
At 25 March 2022	799
Additions	1,249
At 24 March 2023	2,048
Depreciation and impairment	
At 25 March 2022	799
Depreciation charged in the year	357
At 24 March 2023	1,156
Carrying amount	
At 24 March 2023	892
A4 04 MaI- 2000	
At 24 March 2022	-
	
Investment property	
Investment property	2023
	2023 £
Fair value	L
. 40. 10.44	

Investment property comprises of 72-76 Nuxley Rd, Belvedere. The fair value of the investment property has been determined by the director.

600,000

Debtors

At 25 March 2022 and 24 March 2023

5

Amounts falling due within one year:	2023 £	2022 £
Other debtors	1,050,663	1,077,963

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 24 MARCH 2023

Current asset investments		
	2023 £	2022 £
Other investments	1,303,693	1,685,303
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade creditors	1,143	9
Other creditors	474,557	613,384
	475,700	613,393
	Other investments Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Trade creditors	Other investments 1,303,693 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2023 Trade creditors 1,143 Other creditors 474,557

9 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where the company has a legally enforceable right to do so. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for financial reporting purposes:

	Liabilities 2023	Liabilities 2022
Balances:	£	£
Investment property	23,243	23,243

There were no deferred tax movements in the year.

10 Called up share capital

·	2023	2022	2023	2022
Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
Issued and fully paid				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	-	900	-	900
Ordinary A shares of £1 each	450	-	450	-
Ordinary B shares of £1 each	300	-	300	-
	750	900	750	900

The company purchased a further 150 of its own shares during the year, and the remaining shares were reclassified into A and B shares.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 24 MARCH 2023

11 Profit and loss reserves

Profit and loss reserves	2023	2022
	£	£
At the beginning of the year	2,925,173	3,101,851
Profit/(loss) for the year	106,895	(176,678)
Purchase of own shares	(403,731)	
At the end of the year	2,628,337	2,925,173

Included within reserves are £653,341 (2022: £653,341) of distributable reserves relating to unrealised gains.

12 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties

During the year the company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

Included within creditors is a balance of £446,810 (2022: £578,417) due to Gastman Limited , a company which has a director in common. Within debtors is a balance of £nil (2022: £27,300) due from the same company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.