

Registration number: 00335458

Slaughter and May Trust Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

Moore Kingston Smith LLP
Devonshire House
60 Goswell Road
London
EC1M 7AD



Slaughter and May Trust Limited

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Slaughter and May Trust Limited

Company Information

Directors	C A Connolly
	J S C Nevin
	D E Robertson
	I A Taylor
	P H Stacey
	D A Wittmann
	C L Phillips
	H E Ware
	S V K Wokes
	N Yeung
	R A Byk
Company secretary	Trusec Limited
Registered office	2 Lambs Passage London EC1Y 8BB
Auditors	Moore Kingston Smith LLP Devonshire House 60 Goswell Road London EC1M 7AD

Slaughter and May Trust Limited

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2020.

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

E C Brown (resigned 30 April 2020)

R A Byk (resigned 30 April 2020)

C A Connolly

G A Miles (resigned 30 April 2020)

J S C Nevin

D E Robertson

R J Smith (resigned 30 April 2020)

I A Taylor

P H Stacey

D A Wittmann

The following directors were appointed after the year end:

R A Byk (appointed 1 May 2020)

C L Phillips (appointed 1 May 2020)

H E Ware (appointed 1 May 2020)

S V K Wokes (appointed 1 May 2020)

N Yeung (appointed 1 May 2020)

Principal activities and future developments

The company does not trade, but permits its name to be used for trading purposes by Slaughter and May and its associated companies.

Results and dividends

The state of affairs is shown by the attached balance sheet. No dividend is recommended. The nature of the company's business is straightforward and the company's directors do not consider there are any particular risks or uncertainties facing the company at present. Accordingly, the directors consider that no further analysis, other than that shown in the financial statements, is necessary in order to provide an understanding of the development, performance or position of the company's business.

Slaughter and May Trust Limited

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

Disclosure of information to the auditors

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

The auditors, Moore Kingston Smith LLP, are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies exemption.

Approved by the Board on 10 December 2020 and signed on its behalf by:



.....
P H Stacey
Director

Slaughter and May Trust Limited

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Slaughter and May Trust Limited

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Slaughter and May Trust Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Slaughter and May Trust Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 30 April 2020, which comprise the Balance Sheet, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 April 2020 and of its results for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Slaughter and May Trust Limited

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Slaughter and May Trust Limited

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the Directors' Report and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities [set out on page 4], the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Slaughter and May Trust Limited

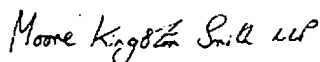
Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Slaughter and May Trust Limited

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken for no purpose other than to draw to the attention of the company's members those matters we are required to include in an auditor's report addressed to them. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to any party other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



.....
John Staniforth (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Moore Kingston Smith LLP

Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor

Devonshire House
60 Goswell Road
London
EC1M 7AD

Date: 17/12/2020
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Slaughter and May Trust Limited

(Registration number: 00335458)

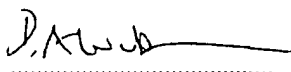
Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>14</u>	<u>14</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	33	33
Profit and loss account		<u>(19)</u>	<u>(19)</u>
Total equity		<u>14</u>	<u>14</u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements as the company did not trade.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 10 December 2020 and signed on its behalf by:



D A Wittmann

Director

Slaughter and May Trust Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

1 General information

The company is a private limited company by shares, domiciled and incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:
2 Lambs Passage
London
EC1Y 8BB

2 Accounting policies

Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial instruments are measured at cost. The company has no other financial instruments or basic financial instruments measured at fair value.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments.

3 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>33</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>33</u>

4 Control

All the shares in the company are beneficially owned by the partners of Slaughter and May. There is not considered to be one single ultimate controlling party.