Virgin Records Overseas Limited

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 335444 31 March 2012



DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their Directors' Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

Principal Activities and Review of the Business

Virgin Records Overseas Limited (the "Company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of EMI Group Worldwide and is part of EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited (the "Group") Citigroup Inc ("Citigroup") is the ultimate parent undertaking

The principal activity of the Company is that of an investment holding company. There has not been any change to the principal activity of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2012 or subsequently. The Directors do not anticipate any change to the principal activity of the Company during the next year.

On 11 November 2011, Citigroup signed definitive agreements to sell the Group's Recorded Music business to Universal Music Group and Music Publishing business to an investor Group that comprised of Sony Corporation of America, the Estate of Michael Jackson, Mubadala Development Company PJSC, Jynwel Capital Limited, the Blackstone Group's GSO Capital Partners LP and David Geffen (the 'Investor Group') The agreements do not take effect until clearance is received from various Competition authorities and other conditions are met. The Music Publishing business sale completed on 29 June 2012. This Company forms part of the Recorded Music business and has had no change in ultimate owner.

The company operates as part of the EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited Group and all of its transactions are with fellow Group undertakings. As such its activities are dependent on the activities of the Group as a whole.

	2012	2011	Change
	000£	€000	%
Profit/(loss) before tax	25,252	2,720	828 4
Profit/(loss) after tax	25,252	2,720	828.4
Shareholders' funds	178,250	152,998	16 5

As stated in the profit and loss account on page 7 the Company made a profit before tax of £25,252,000 in the year to 31 March 2012 compared with the previous year's profit before tax of £2,720,000. This represents an increase of 828.4 per cent and is mainly due to the an increase in interest receivable on group loans

In the balance sheet shown on page 8, the net assets of the Company have increased by 16.5 per cent due to the increase in intercompany receivables. Shareholders' funds have increased by 16.5 per cent as a result of retained profit for the year.

Company No 335444
Virgin Records Overseas Limited
Directors' report and financial statements
31 March 2012

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Going Concern

As set out in more detail in note 1 the Directors have assessed the current and expected future funding position of the Company After appropriate consideration they have concluded that they have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future. For these reasons, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The Company operates as part of the Group and all of its transactions are with fellow Group undertakings. As such its activities are dependent on the activities of the Group as a whole.

The risks and uncertainties facing the Company are linked to those of the Group A detailed discussion of the Group risks and uncertainties is contained in EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited's annual report.

Dividends

The Directors do not recommend payment of a dividend (2011. £nil)

Directors' Qualifying Third Party Indemnity Provisions

Certain Directors benefited from qualifying third party indemnity provisions at the date of this report

Donations

Grants and charitable donations made during the year amounted to £nil (2011 £nil) There were no political contributions made during the year (2011 £nil)

Directors

The Directors throughout the year and subsequently were as follows

R C Faxon

R C Prior

S P Naughton

Company No 335444
Virgin Records Overseas Limited
Directors' report and financial statements
31 March 2012

Disclosure of information to the auditor

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' Report confirm that, so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and the Directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as Directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office

By order of the board

RK CR

R C Prior

Director

21 August 2012

Registered Office 27 Wrights Lane London W8 5SW

Company No 335444
Virgin Records Overseas Limited
Directors' report and financial statements
31 March 2012

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF VIRGIN RECORDS OVERSEAS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Virgin Records Overseas Limited for the year ended 31 March 2012 set out on pages 7 to 17 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of Directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF VIRGIN RECORDS OVERSEAS LIMITED (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

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Hugh Green (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants
15 Canada Square
London E14 5GL
United Kingdom

21 August 2012

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

	Note	2012 £000	2011 £000
Amounts written off investments	5	_	-
OPERATING PROFIT		-	-
Interest receivable	2	25,252	2,720
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		25,252	2,720
Taxation	3	-	-
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION		25,252	2,720

All operating profit is from continuing operations

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

There are no recognised gains or losses attributable to the shareholders of the Company other than the profit of £25,252,000 (2011 £2,720,000)

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2012

AS AT 31 MARCH 2012			
	Notes	2012 £000	2011 £000
FIXED ASSETS Investments	5	12,148	12,148
DEBTORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
Amount due from fellow Group undertaking	8	418,959	393,707
		418,959	393,707
CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUI	E		
Amount due to fellow group undertaking	8	(252,857)	-
		(252,857)	-
NET CURRENT ASSETS		167,102	393,707
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIA	BILITIES	178,250	405,855
CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUI AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR Amount due to fellow group undertaking	E 8	<u> </u>	(252,857)
NET ASSETS		179,250	152,998
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	6 7	128,947 49,303	128,947 24,051
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	7	178,250	152,998

These financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 August 2012 and were signed on its behalf by

2.K C.Z

R C Prior Director

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The Company is exempt by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare Group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its Group.

Going Concern

The Directors have prepared financial projections for a period of more than twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements. After considering these financial projections, the Directors have concluded that they have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future and as a result have prepared these financial statements on a going concern basis

On 11 November 2011 Citigroup entered into a share purchase agreement with Universal Music Group in order to dispose of the Group's Recorded Music business of which the Company forms part. The agreement will not take effect until clearance is received from various Competition authorities and other conditions are met

On completion of the sale of the Recorded Music business, the Universal Music Group will repay the outstanding debt from Citigroup for the business it is buying and has indicated that it will finance the business using its existing facilities. The Directors do not have any reason to doubt that the incoming controlling shareholder's intention is to manage the business as a going concern. For these reasons, they adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign Currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the contracted rate or the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account

Cash Flow Statement

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the Company in its own published consolidated financial statements

Related Parties

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the Group (or investees of the Group qualifying as related parties). The consolidated financial statements of EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited, within which this Company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 9.

Investments

Investments in subsidiary and associated undertakings are stated at cost less provision to reflect any impairment

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the fixed asset may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated

An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an assets or its incomegenerating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the profit and loss account unless it arises on a previously revalued fixed asset. An impairment loss on a revalued fixed asset is recognised in the profit and loss account if it is caused by a clear consumption of economic benefits. Otherwise impairments are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses until the carrying amount reaches the asset's depreciated historic cost

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of fixed assets is the greater of their net realisable value and value in use. In assessing value in use, the expected future cash flows are discounted back to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the rate of return expected on an equally risky investment. For an asset that does not generate largely independent income streams, the recoverable amount is determined for the incomegenerating unit to which the asset belongs.

Reversals of impairment

An impairment loss is reversed on intangible assets and goodwill only if subsequent external events reverse the effect of the original event which caused the recognition of the impairment or the loss arose on an intangible asset with a readily ascertainable market value and that market value has increased above the impaired carrying amount. For other fixed assets where the recoverable amount increases as a result of change in economic conditions or in the expected use of the asset then the resultant reversal of the impairment loss should be recognised in the current period

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit or loss for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19

2. INTEREST RECEIVABLE

	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Interest receivable on.		
Loans to fellow Group undertakings	25,252	2,720

3. TAX

Tax on profit on ordinary activities	2012 £000	2011 £000
UK corporation tax		
UK corporation tax on profits of the period	-	-
Payments in respect of group relief - Current year	-	_
Payments in respect of group relief - Prior year	_	_
Double taxation relief	-	_
Double taxation foliof		
Foreign tax		
Current year	_	_
Adjustments in respect of previous year	_	_
Adjustitions in respect of previous year		
Total aument tax charge		
Total current tax charge	-	-
Defermed to:		
Deferred tax		
Originating and reversal of timing differences	-	•
Effect of changes in tax rate on opening liability	-	-
Changes in recoverable amounts of deferred tax assets		
Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
Factors affecting current tax charge		
The current tax charge for the year is lower (2011 higher) than the standard rate of corporations tax in the UK. The differences are explained below.		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	25,252	2,720
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26 per cent (2011 28 per cent)	6,565	762
Effect of Group relief (received)surrendered for nil payment – Current year	(649)	2,802
Permanent difference	(5,916)	(3,564)
Total current tax charge	-	
0		

3. TAX (continued)

Factors affecting future tax charge

On 5 July 2011, legislation to further reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 26 per cent to 25 per cent from 1 April 2012 was substantially enacted

On 21 March 2012, a resolution was passed by Parliament to reduce the main UK corporate tax rate to 22 per cent by 1 April 2014

On 3 July 2012, the legislation of the reduction in the UK corporate tax rate to 23 per cent was substantially enacted None of the above changes are reflected in the above calculation

Deferred tax

At the balance sheet date the Company had unused tax losses of £nil (2011 £nil) available for offset against future profits

4. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND STAFF COSTS

No Directors received any remuneration during the period in respect of their services to the Company (2011 £nil) The Company had no employees during either the current or prior period

5. INVESTMENTS

a) Shares in group undertakings

	Cost £000	Provisions £000	Value £000
At 1 April 2011	23,001	(10,853)	12,148
At 31 March 2012	23,001	(10,853)	12,148

On 11 November 2011 Citigroup signed definitive agreements to sell the Recorded Music and Music Publishing divisions. The sales price was subsequently allocated by country and for certain legal entities on a fair market value basis (which is considered to approximate net realisable value). This triggered an impairment review of the carrying value of the Company's assets as the sales agreements provided information from a third party of the recoverable amount of the Company's assets

In accordance with FRS 11 'Impairment of Fixed Assets and Goodwill', the carrying values of the investments have been compared to their recoverable amounts, represented by their net realisable value, and impaired where appropriate The Directors do not consider value in use to be materially different to the net realisable value of the investment, and therefore use the investment's net recoverable value as its recoverable amount

In the opinion of the Directors the value of the investments is at least equal to their carrying value.

b) Principal Subsidiary Undertakings

The following are the principal subsidiary undertakings in which the Company had a shareholding at 31 March 2012

Subsidiary undertakings	Country of Incorporation	Class of shares	Proportion Held	Nature of business
EMI Music Publishing Holdings (Italy) Limited*	Italy	Ordinary	100%	Music Publishing
EMI Music Italy Holdco Limited *	Italy	Ordinary	100%	Music

^{*} Held directly

6. SHARE CAPITAL	
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	2012	2011
	£000	£000£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
2000 'A' ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
128,945,478 ordinary shares of £1 each	128,945	128,945
	128,947	128,947

7. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES

	Share <u>Capital</u>	Profit & Loss Reserve	<u>Total</u>
	£000	£000	£000
At 1 April 2011	128,947	24,051	152,998
Profit for the year		25,252	25,252
At 31 March 2012	128,947	49,303	178,250
8. DEBTORS & CREDITORS		2012	2011
DEBTORS		£000	£000
Amounts due from fellow Group und falling due	dertakıngs		
Within one year Interest receivable from Group subst	diami undantalimas	415,306 3,653	392,704 1,003
interest receivable from Group subsi	diary undertakings		
		418,959	393,707
CREDITORS			
Amounts due to fellow Group under falling due	takıngs		
Within one year		(252,857)	(252 957)
After more than one year			(252,857)
		(252,857)	(252,857)

9. PARENT UNDERTAKING

The immediate parent undertaking of the Company is EMI Group Worldwide. The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Citigroup Inc., a company registered in Delaware, United States of America.

The parent undertaking of the largest and smallest Group to consolidate these financial statements is EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited Copies of the consolidated financial statements of EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 March 2012 can be obtained from the Company's registered address, 27 Wrights Lane, London W8 5SW

10. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The auditor's remuneration is borne by an intermediate parent undertaking EMI Group Limited and is as follows

	2012 £	2011 £
Audit of these financial statements	4,000	4,000

Amounts receivable by the Company's auditors and their associates in respect of services to the Company and its associates, other than the audit of the Company's financial statements, have not been disclosed as the information is required instead to be disclosed on a consolidated basis in the consolidated financial statements of EMI Group Worldwide Holdings Limited, the Company's intermediate parent.

11. TERMS OF INTERCOMPANY BALANCES

Loans to and from fellow Group undertakings and the parent undertaking are classified as current as they are repayable on demand. Interest rates on intercompany loans have been agreed between parties on a loan by loan basis

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Music Publishing business sale completed on 29 June 2012 (refer to the Directors' Report for further details) This Company forms part of the Recorded Music business and has had no change in ultimate owner.