# A & W Cushion Limited Unaudited financial statements 30 April 2017

THURSDAY



COMPANIES HOUSE

# Statement of financial position

## 30 April 2017

		2017		2016	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets			057 544		700 074
Tangible assets Investments	5 6		857,544 90,000		788,271 90,000
Investments	•		<del></del>		
			947,544		878,271
Current assets					
Stocks		714,915		538,510	
Debtors	7	517,155		531,853	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,255,594		2,151,911	
		3,487,664		3,222,274	
				, ,	
Creditors: Amounts falling due withir		. (000.077)		(004.400)	
one year	8	(609,977)		(601,128)	
Net current assets			2,877,687		2,621,146
Total assets less current liabilities			3,825,231		3,499,417
Provisions					
Taxation including deferred tax			(45,413)		(29,391)
Net assets			3,779,818		3,470,026
1101 03500					
Capital and reserves			•		
Called up share capital	9		328,050		328,050
Revaluation reserve		• •	59,647		59,647
Capital redemption reserve			225,520		225,520
Profit and loss account	•		3,166,601		2,856,809
Members funds			3,779,818	•	3,470,026

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 April 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of financial position (continued)

30 April 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on behalf of the board by:

C J Copping
Director

Company registration number: 00327058

D W Copping

Director

## Notes to the financial statements

## Year ended 30 April 2017

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 53 Barn Road, Norwich, NR2 4PW.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### **Transition to FRS 102**

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 May 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 11.

#### Consolidation

The company has taken advantage of the option not to prepare consolidated financial statements contained in Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 on the basis that the company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

## Year ended 30 April 2017

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold property

4% straight line

Plant and machinery Motor vehicles

- 10% and 25% straight line 20% or 25% straight line

#### Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

## Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Defined contribution pension plans

The company's contributions to the Group Personal Pension Policies of its employees are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they are payable.

## Defined benefit pension plans

The company's contributions to its employees' defined benefit pension scheme are charged to profit and loss in the year they are paid. The pension scheme members ceased to accrue future benefits in the scheme from 31 May 2004 and any further contributions relate to maintaining the solvency of the fund.

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

# Year ended 30 April 2017

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors, amounted to 42 (2016: 41).

## 5. Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 May 2016	1,370,406	862,585	499,328	2,732,319
Additions	_	14,184	144,348	158,532
Disposals		(1,479)	(73,683)	(75,162)
At 30 April 2017	1,370,406	875,290	569,993	2,815,689
Depreciation				
At 1 May 2016	772,198	788,718	383,132	1,944,048
Charge for the year	20,634	15,995	51,151	87,780
Disposals			(73,683)	_(73,683)
At 30 April 2017	792,832	804,713	360,600	1,958,145
Carrying amount	· · · · · ·			
At 30 April 2017	577,574	70,577	209,393	857,544
At 30 April 2016	598,208	73,867	116,196	788,271

Included in land and buildings at a valuation of £93,350 is a property which was revalued in 1970. Accumulated depreciation on this property at 30 April 2017 was £50,000 and the carrying amount was £43,350. The historical cost of this property is £55,178. In accordance with the transitional rules of FRS 102, freehold land and buildings are included at their 1970 valuation.

Freehold property includes land at a cost of £333,818 which is not depreciated.

#### 6. Investments

	Shares in group undertakings £
Cost At 1 May 2016 and 30 Apr 2017	90,000
Impairment At 1 May 2016 and 30 Apr 2017	
Carrying amount At 30 April 2017	90,000

The company holds 100% of the share capital of Orfeur Timber Limited, a dormant company registered in England. The reserves of this company at 30 April 2017 were £90,000 (2016 - £90,000).

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

## Year ended 30 April 2017

7.	Debtors				
				2017 £	2016 £
	Trade debtors			506,104	527,003
	Prepayments and accrued income			7,451	4,850
	Other debtors			3,600	_
	,			517,155	531,853
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within o	ne year			
				2017	2016
				£	£
	Payments received on account			5,504	_
	Trade creditors			182,820	180,773
	Amounts owed to group undertakings			90,000	90,000
	Accruals and deferred income			117,375 77,881	89,466
	Corporation tax Social security and other taxes			133,688	78,600 159,616
	Other creditors			2,709	2,673
	Other creditors			<del></del>	
				609,977	601,128
9.	Called up share capital				
	Issued, called up and fully paid	,			
		2017		2016	
	<b>.</b>	No.	£	No.	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	328,050	328,050	328,050	328,050

#### 10. Pension costs - defined benefit scheme

The pension charge for the period was £25,000 (2016 - £25,000).

The most recent actuarial valuation, by the scheme's qualified actuary, at January 2015, showed that the market value of the scheme's assets was £3,553,000 and that the actuarial value of these assets represented 100% of the benefits that had accrued to members.

The scheme is now closed to new members and no further benefits accrue after 31 May 2004. The directors are aware of the requirement of the FRS 102 to obtain an annual FRS 102 valuation and to include the resultant asset or liability in the accounts. However, they believe that the additional cost necessary to obtain this information is not commercially justified and, based on the latest information available, they do not consider that the inclusion of any asset or liability would be material to the balance sheet as at at the year end date. The accounts therefore do not comply with the requirements of FRS 102 in this respect.

#### 11. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 May 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.