# Company Registration No. 00884449

Wise Music Group Limited

**Annual Report and Financial Statements** 

For the year ended 31 December 2022

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# Annual report and financial statements 2022

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## Annual report and financial statements 2022

## Officers and professional advisers

## Directors

R Wise
M B Wise
T Wise
M D Wise
D B Rockberger
C M Butler
D Holley
I N Gilroy
J A B Smith

## Company Secretary

N J M Kemp

J Castaldo

## Registered Office

14/15 Berners Street London United Kingdom W1T 3LJ

## Bankers

Coutts & Co. 440 Strand London United Kingdom WC2R 0QS

Royal Bank of Scotland Plc 49 Bishopsgate London United Kingdom EC2M 3UR

## Auditor

SRLV Audit Limited Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor Elsley Court 20-22 Great Titchfield Street London W1W 8BE

## Strategic report Year ended 31 December 2022

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2022.

This strategic report has been prepared for the Group as a whole and therefore gives greater emphasis to those matters which are significant to Wise Music Group Limited and its subsidiary undertakings when viewed as a whole.

#### Principal activities

The Wise Music Group of companies (the "Group") is a publisher of standard and classical music copyrights.

#### Review of the business

In order to better aid understanding of the underlying performance of the Group, the commentary in this review includes reference to Headline EBITDA, which represents the earnings of the Group before finance costs, taxation, depreciation, amortisation, impairment charges, acquisition integration/restructuring costs and certain other non-recurring items. A reconciliation between Headline EBITDA and the statutory result before finance charges is set out on the face of the profit and loss account on page 11.

As shown in the consolidated profit and loss account, Group turnover amounted to £31,726,767 (2021: £27,108,965), Group loss for the financial year was £1,818,863 (2021: £2,166,242) and headline EBITDA was £6,654,035 (2021: £4,305,075).

The consolidated balance sheet on page 13 shows that the shareholders' funds at 31 December 2022 are £41,820,965 (2021: £44,298,661). The Group's cash level at 31 December 2022 was £16,151,839 (2021: £13,573,976).

The year under review has seen growth in the Music Publishing businesses, with sales up £4,524,821 to £28,061,038. There has been continued growth in the Digital Education business where turnover was up £307,208 to £2,986,579.

The directors do not consider presentation of any further financial or non-financial key performance indicators are necessary to understand the development of the Group during the financial period.

The Group takes care to minimise the impact of its operation on the environment.

## Principal risks and uncertainties

The market in which the Group operates continues to be competitive. This may give rise to the risk of sales being lost to key competitors. The Group manages this risk by providing high quality services to its customers, having fast response times to customer queries and maintaining strong relationships with its customers.

The Group is well placed to manage its business risks successfully. The Group makes sales to customers in a number of territories and therefore is exposed to movements in exchange rates. The Group sources some of its products in local territories and minimises the risk of exchange rate fluctuations by operating local currency bank accounts.

While susceptible to challenges from broader economic uncertainties, management do not consider the continuing impact of Brexit to pose a specific threat affecting the Group's business model or to be a direct risk to the Group's assets and liabilities.

## Strategic report (continued) Year ended 31 December 2022

## Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's activities expose it to a number of financial risks including credit risk, cash flow risk and liquidity risk.

#### Credit risk

The Group's principal financial assets are bank balances and cash and trade and other receivables.

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of allowances for doubtful receivables.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a large number of counterparties and customers.

#### Cash flow risk

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Group aims to match assets and liabilities in the same currency to minimise this risk.

The Group has used floating to fixed rate swaps to mitigate interest rate exposures, on loans amounting to £3,107,768. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

#### Liquidity risk

In order to maintain liquidity to ensure that sufficient funds are available for ongoing operations and future developments, the Group uses a mixture of short, medium and long-term debt finance. The Group has loan arrangements with its bankers thereby securing the majority of its debt financing over the short and medium term. The Group also has certain long-term committed loan facilities, the majority of which are at fixed interest rates as summarised in note 21.

#### Going concern

The Group made a loss in the year of £1,818,863, but the level of underlying business is satisfactory with the Group generating Headline EBITDA of £6,654,035 in the year substantially improved on 2021. Our copyright royalty income has recovered well since the Pandemic. Our key measure, Net Publisher Share (NPS), grew by 21% over 2021 and now exceeds our pre pandemic income of 2019. The Group retains a strong balance sheet position with net assets of £42,497,693 and a positive cash balance of £16,151,839 as at 31 December 2022.

The post pandemic macro economic environment has brought new pressures to the business. In particular, wage inflation and rising interest rates have increased our costs. However, unlike some other sectors, the music market has remained robust and our business continues to perform very well. Growth has continued into 2023. Our first half management accounts show our NPS income 18% ahead of 2022. The Board remain optimistic and believe these additional costs can be absorbed. They expect our 2023 full year results to be in line with earlier management forecasts.

The directors regularly revise their forecasts and have considered current balances plus cash flows in conjunction with covenant compliance for the foreseeable period through September 2024. The directors are confident the Group and parent company will have sufficient resources to meet its liabilities over the period. As such, the directors conclude that the business should adopt a going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

### Research and Development

Charanga Limited, a subsidiary of Wise Music Group Limited, provides educational subscription programs to schools and those working in the music teaching profession. This involves design and development of cloud-based computer software and websites.

# Strategic report (continued) Year ended 31 December 2022

### **Future developments**

Subsequent to the year end, on 3 April 2023 the Group acquired 75% of Edition Peters Group, one of the world's oldest and most distinguished music publishing houses. Edition Peters Group has offices in London and New York as well as Leipzig and retains a rich and diverse catalogue of classical and contemporary composers.

Attention continues to be focused on developing the Music Publishing side of the business. The Directors continue to seek investment opportunities into growing the Music Publishing Division. They look to the future with confidence.

The level of underlying business was considered satisfactory with the Group generating Headline EBITDA of £6,654,035 in the year (2021: £4,305,075).

This report was approved by the Board of Directors on 28 September 2023 and signed on behalf of the Board

D Holley

Chief Operating Officer

## Directors' report Year ended 31 December 2022

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of the Group and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The directors have included in the strategic report the following matters that are otherwise required by regulations made under s416(4) to be disclosed in the directors' report as the directors consider those matters to be of strategic importance to the company:

- Financial risk management objectives and policies;
- Research and Development;
- Future developments;
- Business review; and
- Going concern.

#### Directors

The directors who served during the year and to the date of this report, except as noted, were as follows:

R Wise
M B Wise
T Wise
M D Wise
D B Rockberger
C M Butler
D Holley
I N Gilroy
C Duvivier (resigned 3 January 2023)
J A B Smith
J Castaldo

#### Directors' indemnities

The Group and Company have made qualifying third-party indemnity provisions for the benefit of all of its directors which were made during the year and remain in force at the date of this report.

## Dividends

Interim ordinary dividends were paid amounting to £378,976 (2021: £nil). No final dividend has been proposed by the directors (2021: £nil).

#### Charitable donations

Donations to charitable organisations amounted to £100,610 (2021: £102,400).

### Employee consultation

The Group places considerable value on the involvement of its employees and has continued to keep them informed on matters affecting them as employees and on the various factors affecting the performance of the Group and the Company. This is achieved through formal and informal meetings. Employee representatives are consulted regularly on a wide range of matters affecting their current and future interests.

## Directors' report (continued) Year ended 31 December 2022

### Disabled employees

Applications for employment by disabled persons are given full and fair consideration for all vacancies in accordance with their particular aptitudes and abilities.

In the event of employees becoming disabled, every effort is made to retrain them in order that their employment with the Group may continue.

It is the policy of the group that training, career development and promotion opportunities should be made available to all employees.

#### Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors confirm that:

- so far as each of the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company and the group's auditor is unaware; and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company and the group's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

### Auditor

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, SRLV Audit Limited will be deemed to have been appointed as auditor 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

D Holley

Chief Operating Officer

28 September 2023

14/15 Berners Street London United Kingdom W1T 3LJ

## Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and profit or loss of the company and group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company and group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Independent auditor's report to the members of Wise Music Group Limited

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Wise Music Group Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 December 2022, which comprise the consolidated profit and loss account, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated and company balance sheets, the consolidated and company statements of changes in equity, the consolidated statement of cash flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of the group's loss for the year then ended;
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's or the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

## Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the group strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the group strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

# Independent auditor's report to the members of Wise Music Group Limited (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the group strategic report or the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 7, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Identifying and assessing potential risks related to irregularities

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we considered the following:

- the nature of the entity's industry and sector, control environment, business performance and management incentives;
- the results of our specific enquiries of management and those charged with governance about their own
  identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities;
- any matters we identified having obtained and reviewed the group's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to;
  - identifying, evaluating and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance;
  - detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud;
  - the internal controls established to mitigate risks of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations;
- the matters discussed among the audit engagement team regarding how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements and any potential indicators of fraud.

# Independent auditor's report to the members of Wise Music Group Limited (continued)

As a result of these procedures, we considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and identified the greatest potential for fraud in the following area: the recognition of revenue and impairment of copyrights and other intangible assets. In response to these risks we undertook detailed cut-off testing, as well as considering the appropriateness and rationale for the impairment of copyrights and other intangible fixed assets. In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override of controls.

We also obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks in which the group operates, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included the UK Companies Act and tax legislation.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the group's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

Audit response to risks identified

Our procedures to respond to risks identified included the following:

- reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- enquiring of management concerning actual and potential litigation and claims;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- · reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance; and
- in addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls: testing the appropriateness of journal
  entries and other adjustments; assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are
  indicative of a potential bias; and evaluating the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual
  or outside the normal course of business.

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

Whilst the procedures above describe the extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, there are inherent limitations in these audit procedures. The further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we would become aware of it. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, misrepresentation or through collusion. We are not responsible for preventing irregularities, including fraud, or non-compliance with laws and regulations and cannot be expected to detect all irregularities or non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Marc Voulters (Senior Statutory Auditor)

SRLV Audithing ted

Marc Voulters (Senior S for and on behalf of SRLV Audit Limited Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor London

28/09/ 2023

# Consolidated profit and loss account For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
Turnover			
Group and share of joint venture	3	32,108,285	27,487,154
Less: share of joint venture turnover	16	(381,518)	(378,189)
		31,726,767	27,108,965
Cost of sales		(12,510,975)	(10,592,942)
Gross profit		19,215,792	16,516,023
Distribution costs		(649)	(5,294)
Administrative expenses		(20,688,025)	(19,138,614)
Other operating income	4	1,372,466	1,430,361
Net (loss)/gain on investment property	14	(1,585,815)	582,613
Operating loss	6	(1,686,231)	(614,907)
Share of profit in joint venture	16	140,581	59,540
Loss before finance charges		(1,545,650)	(555,367)
Interest receivable and similar income	7	521,390	389,838
Interest payable and similar expenses	8	(1,186,475)	(1,106,674)
Loss before tax		(2,210,735)	(1,272,203)
Tax on loss	9	593,570	(708,306)
Loss after tax		(1,617,165)	(1,980,509)
Equity minority interests		(201,698)	(185,733)
Loss for the financial year		(1,818,863)	(2,166,242)

		2022	2021
Loss before finance charges analysed as:	Notes	£	£
Headline EBITDA		6,654,035	4,305,075
Depreciation of fixed assets	13	(753,033)	(569,565)
Amortisation of intangible assets	12	(4,996,461)	(3,990,376)
Fair value (loss)/gain on investment property	14	(1,585,815)	582,613
Impairment of goodwill	12	-	(75,537)
Impairment reversal/(charge) on copyrights	12	337,636	(746,076)
Impairment of copyright advances	_	(1,202,012)	(62,501)
Loss before finance charges		(1,545,650)	(555,367)
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The results for 2022 and 2021 all relate to continuing operations.

# Consolidated statement of comprehensive income For the year ended 31 December 2022

	2022 £	2021 £
Loss for the financial year	(1,818,863)	(2,166,242)
Currency translation differences	(353,857)	(619,387)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	(2,172,720)	(2,785,629)

# Consolidated balance sheet At 31 December 2022

2022	2021
Notes £	£
Fixed assets Intangible assets 12 37,478,963	38,917,745
	12,284,866
Tangible assets         13         11,798,345           Investment properties         14         21,259,014	22,844,829
Joint ventures 16 861,984	870,833
Other investments 16 162,018	159,698
71,560,324	75,077,971
Current assets	205 455
Stocks 17 426,503	395,455
Debtors: Due within one year 18 17,621,920	20,661,229
Due within one year         18         17,621,920           Due after more than one year         18         228,385	218,176
Cash at bank and in hand 16,151,839	13,573,976
34,428,647	34,848,836
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 19 (28,942,735)	(31,274,551)
Net current assets 5,485,912	3,574,285
Total assets less current liabilities 77,046,236	78,652,256
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (28,144,110)	(26,689,920)
Provision for liabilities 22 (6,404,433)	(7,114,663)
Net assets 42,497,693	44,847,673
Capital and reserves	
Called-up share capital 26 109,983	109,983
Merger relief reserve 26 27,067,517	27,067,517
Share capital redemption reserve 26 12,500	12,500
Other reserves 26 95,688	19,000
Profit and loss account 26 14,535,277	17,089,661
Shareholders' funds 41,820,965	44,289,661
Non-controlling interest 676,728	549,012
Total capital employed 42,497,693	44,847,673

The financial statements of Wise Music Group Limited (registered number 00884449) were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 28 September 2023.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

D Holley

Chief Operating Officer

# Company balance sheet At 31 December 2022

		2022	Restated 2021
	Notes	£ £	£ 2021
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	12	293,583	224,631
Tangible assets	13	153,724	135,451
Investments	16	16,684,008	16,684,008
		17,131,315	17,044,090
Current assets			
Debtors:	10	0.045.000	10.600.616
Due within one year	18	9,045,902	10,602,645
Due after more than one year	18	9,469,837	8,971,994
Cash at bank and in hand		1,128,343	490,667
		19,644,082	20,065,306
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	(26,876,384)	(17,181,480)
Net current liabilities		(7,232,302)	2,883,826
Total assets less current liabilities		9,899,013	19,927,916
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	20	(9,469,837)	(18,943,804)
Net assets		429,176	984,112
Capital and reserves		***************************************	
Called-up share capital	26	109,983	109,983
Capital redemption reserve	26	12,500	12,500
Profit and loss account	26	306,693	861,629
Shareholders' funds		429,176	984,112

The loss for the year dealt within the financial statements of the parent company was £249,960 (2021: £4,062,952).

The financial statements of Wise Music Group Limited (registered number 00884449) were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 28 September 2023.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

D Holley

Chief Operating Officer

# Consolidated statement of changes in equity Year ended 31 December 2022

	Called-up share capital	Merger relief reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Other reserves	Profit and loss account	Total	Non- controlling interest	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 January 2021	109,983	27,067,517	12,500	19,000	19,875,290	47,084,290	363,300	47,447,590
Loss for the financial year	-	-	-	-	(2,166,242)	(2,166,242)	185,733	(1,980,509)
Currency translation differences			-		(619,387)	(619,387)	(21)	1,143,990
Total comprehensive income	- 	-		<u> </u>	(2,785,629)	(2,785,629)	185,712	(2,599,917)
At 31 December 2021	109,983	27,067,517	12,500	19,000	17,089,661	44,298,661	549,012	44,847,673
Loss for the financial year Currency	-	-	- -	-	(1,818,163)	(1,818,163)	201,698	(1,617,165)
translation differences		<u></u>		76,688	(430,545)	(353,857)	18	(353,839)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	76,688	(1,828,818)	(2,172,720)	201,716	(1,971,004)
Dividends paid					(304.976)	(304,976)	(74,000)	(378,976)
At 31 December 2022	109,983	27,067,517	12,500	95,688	14,535,277	41,820,965	676,728	42,497,693

# Company statement of changes in equity Year ended 31 December 2022

	Called-up share capital £	Capital Redemption reserve £	Profit and loss account	Total £
At 1 January 2021	109,983	12,500	4,924,581	5,047,064
Loss for the financial year		_	(4,062,952)	(4,062,952)
Total comprehensive income	-		(4,062,952)	(4,062,952)
At 31 December 2021	109,983	12,500	861,629	984,112
Loss for the financial year	_		(249,960)	(249,960)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	(249, <del>96</del> 0)	(249,960)
Dividends paid	<u>.</u>	_	(304,976)	(304,976)
At 31 December 2022	109,983	12,500	306,693	429,176

## Consolidated cash flow statement Year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities	27	7,599,887	2,763,048
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from disposal of tangible fixed assets		9,573	-
Purchase of tangible fixed assets			(947,811)
Purchase of intangible fixed assets		(3,949,004)	,
Interest received		519,685	388,108
Acquisition of subsidiary (net of cash acquired) Investment in associate		/10 (11)	(2,599,484)
Disposal of operations		(10,611) 21,360	-
Disposal of operations		21,300	
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(3,616,635)	(5,519,165)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Interest paid		(1,185,916)	(1,106,674)
Dividends received from joint ventures and associates		120,123	15,000
Share of profit received from joint ventures		8,077	
Repayment of borrowings		(2,009,950)	
Bank loan/mortgage received		2,733,125	
Directors' loans repaid		(470,293)	(231,600)
Dividends paid to owners of the parent		(304,976)	-
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(74,000)	
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(1,183,810)	(29,620)
Tax paid		(221,579)	(237,648)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		2,577,863	(4,023,385)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		13,573,976	17,597,361
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		16,151,839	13,573,976
Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash at bank and in hand		16,151,839	13,573,976
		16,151,839	13,573,976
		F	

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

### 1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year.

## General information and basis of accounting

Wise Music Group Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006 and registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is given on page 1. The nature of the Group's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Strategic report on pages 2, 3 and 4.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value, and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The functional currency of Wise Music Group Limited is considered to be pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. The consolidated financial statements are also presented in pounds sterling. Foreign operations are included in accordance with the policies set out below.

Wise Music Group Limited meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 102 and has therefore taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available to it in respect of its separate financial statements, which are presented alongside the consolidated financial statements. Exemptions have been taken in relation to share-based payments, financial instruments, presentation of a cash flow statement and remuneration of key management personnel.

#### Basis of consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings drawn up to 31 December each year. The results of subsidiaries acquired or sold are consolidated for the periods from or to the date on which control passed.

Business combinations are accounted for under the purchase method. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used into line with those used by the Group. All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation. In accordance with Section 35 of FRS 102, Section 19 of FRS 102 has not been applied in these financial statements in respect of business combinations effected prior to the date of transition.

#### Going concern

The Group made a loss in the year of £1,818,863, but the level of underlying business is satisfactory with the Group generating Headline EBITDA of £6,654,035 in the year substantially improved on 2021. Our copyright royalty income has recovered well since the Pandemic. Our key measure, Net Publisher Share (NPS), grew by 21% over 2021 and now exceeds our pre pandemic income of 2019. The Group retains a strong balance sheet position with net assets of £42,497,693 and a positive cash balance of £16,151,839 as at 31 December 2022.

The post pandemic macro economic environment has brought new pressures to the business. In particular, wage inflation and rising interest rates have increased our costs. However, unlike some other sectors, the music market has remained robust and our business continues to perform very well. Growth has continued into 2023. Our first half management accounts show our NPS income 18% ahead of 2022. The Board remain optimistic and believe these additional costs can be absorbed. They expect our 2023 full year results to be in line with earlier management forecasts.

The directors regularly revise their forecasts and have considered current balances plus cash flows in conjunction with covenant compliance for the foreseeable period through September 2024. The directors are confident the Group and parent company will have sufficient resources to meet its liabilities over the period. As such, the directors conclude that the business should adopt a going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Going concern (continued)

Based on the above the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group and parent company have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

#### Joint ventures

Entities in which the Group holds an interest on a long-term basis, and which are jointly controlled by the Group and other parties, are treated as joint ventures and accounted for using the equity method. The Group's share of the profit or loss of joint ventures is included in the Group profit and loss account. The Group balance sheet includes the investment in joint ventures as the Group's share of net assets. Goodwill arising on the acquisition of joint ventures is accounted for in accordance with the policy as set out above.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at fair value of the consideration received or recoverable and represents the sale of goods, hire fees, performing rights, royalties receivable and other income received by the Group in the ordinary course of business with outside customers for goods supplied as a principal and for services provided, excluding VAT and trade discounts. The group recognises turnover when (a) the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer; (b) the Group retains no continuing involvement or controls over the goods; (c) the amount of turnover can be measured reliably; (d) it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and (c) when the specific criteria relating to each of the Group's sales channels have been met. Hire fees and performing rights income is recognised upon the fulfilment of contractual obligations to a customer. Royalty income is recognised once the amount can be reliably measured. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised at a point of sale or when the goods are delivered to the customer.

## Intungible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets comprise software development, copyrights stated at cost and goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiary undertakings representing the excess of the fair value of the consideration over the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired.

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Amortisation of software development commences when the software is implemented for use by the business.

Software and software development 2-10 years
Copyrights 10-20 years
Goodwill 20 years

Amortisation charge is presented within administration expenses. Some software development costs have been capitalised in accordance with FRS102, section 18 and are therefore not expensed.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible assets are stated at historical cost, net of accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment. Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, of all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land on a straight-line basis over the useful economic life of the asset as follows:

Freehold buildings 50 years Freehold improvements 10 years

Leasehold improvements Over term of lease

Office equipment, fixtures and fittings 3-5 years Motor vehicles 4 years

No depreciation is provided for on freehold land.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

## 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Investment property

Investment properties are carried at fair value. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. The carrying amount includes the cost expenditures which are capitalised as and when activities that are necessary to get the investment properties ready for use for the purpose they are intended. The carrying amount excludes the costs of day-to-day servicing of investment properties. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value which reflects market conditions at the reporting date.

Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for differences in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods, such as discounted cash flow projections. Valuations are performed by independent professional valuers who hold recognised and relevant professional qualifications and have recent experience in the location and category of the investment property being valued. These valuations form the basis for the carrying amounts in the financial statements. The fair value of investment properties reflect, among other things, income from similar assets at their current highest and best use and assumptions about income from future operations in the light of current market conditions. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account in the year they arise. Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed of or when the investment properties are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised within the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account in the period of derecognition.

#### Investments

Investments are included at cost less amounts written off. Profits or losses arising from disposals of fixed asset investments are treated as part of the result from ordinary activities. Investment income comprises dividends received from unlisted investments.

## Impairment of non-financial assets

At each balance sheet date non-financial assets not carried at fair value are assessed to determine whether there is an indication that the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) may be impaired. If there is such an indication the recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is compared to the carrying amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit).

The recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Value in use is defined as the present value of the future cash flows before interest and tax obtainable as a result of the asset's (or asset's cash generating unit's) continued use. These cash flows are discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that represents the current market risk-free rate and the risks inherent in the asset.

If the recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is estimated to be lower than the carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account, unless the asset has been revalued when the amount is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation. Thereafter any excess is recognised in profit or loss.

If an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the revised carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Goodwill is allocated on acquisition to the cash generating unit expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Goodwill is included in the carrying value of cash generating units for impairment testing.

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### (i) Financial assets and liabilities

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the balance sheet when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Debt instruments which meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method:

The contractual return to the holder is (i) a fixed amount; (ii) a positive fixed rate or a positive variable rate; or (iii) a combination of a positive or a negative fixed rate and a positive variable rate.

The contract may provide for repayments of the principal or the return to the holder (but not both) to be linked to a single relevant observable index of general price inflation of the currency in which the debt instrument is denominated, provided such links are not leveraged.

The contract may provide for a determinable variation of the return to the holder during the life of the instrument, provided that (i) the new rate satisfies condition (a) and the variation is not contingent on future events other than (1) a change of a contractual variable rate; (2) to protect the holder against credit deterioration of the issuer; (3) changes in levies applied by a central bank or arising from changes in relevant taxation or law; or (ii) the new rate is a market rate of interest and satisfies condition (a).

There is no contractual provision that could, by its terms, result in the holder losing the principal amount or any interest attributable to the current period or prior periods.

Contractual provisions that permit the issuer to prepay a debt instrument or permit the holder to put it back to the issuer before maturity are not contingent on future events, other than to protect the holder against the credit deterioration of the issuer or a change in control of the issuer, or to protect the holder or issuer against changes in levies applied by a central bank or arising from changes in relevant taxation or law.

Contractual provisions may permit the extension of the term of the debt instrument, provided that the return to the holder and any other contractual provisions applicable during the extended term satisfy the conditions of paragraphs (a) to (c).

Debt instruments that have no stated interest rate (and do not constitute financing transactions) and are classified as payable or receivable within one year are initially measured at an undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received, net of impairment.

With the exception of some hedging instruments, other debt instruments not meeting these conditions are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Commitments to make and receive loans which meet the conditions mentioned above are measured at cost (which may be nil) less impairment.

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the Group transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the Group, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### (ii) Investments

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost less impairment. For investments in subsidiaries acquired for consideration including the issue of shares qualifying for merger relief, cost is measured by reference to the nominal value of the shares issued plus fair value of other consideration. Any premium is ignored.

#### (iii) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Group are recorded at the fair value of cash or other resources received or receivable, net of direct issue costs.

#### (iv) Derivative financial instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments to reduce exposure to interest rate movements. The Group does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each reporting date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship. The Group currently does not designate any derivatives as hedging instruments and does not apply hedge accounting.

### (v) Fair value measurement

The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price for an identical asset in an active market. When quoted prices are unavailable, the price of a recent transaction for an identical asset provides evidence of fair value as long as there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances or a significant lapse of time since the transaction took place. If the market is not active and recent transactions of an identical asset on their own are not a good estimate of fair value, the fair value is estimated by using a valuation technique.

#### Stocks and work in progress

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost, valued on a first in first out (FIFO) basis, and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving items. FIFO cost is calculated using the purchase or production price of goods.

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs based on normal levels of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

#### Writers' advances

The Group pays advances to its writers which are recoverable from their future royalty earnings. All advance payments are capitalised and reviewed on a regular basis as to their recoverability.

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Group a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Consolidated profit and loss account in the year that the Group become aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the balance sheet.

#### Leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis. Rental income received under operating leases are recognised in the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term, even if the payments are not made on such a basis.

Assets held under finance leases and other similar contracts, which confer rights and obligations similar to those attached to owned assets, are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and their useful lives. The capital elements of future lease obligations are recorded as liabilities, while the interest elements are charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the leases to produce a constant rate of charge on the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

#### Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences, which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

## Foreign exchange

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates ruling at that date. Translation differences arising on the opening net assets and the results of overseas subsidiaries are dealt with in the statement of comprehensive income. All other translation differences are included in the profit and loss account.

#### Pension schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution pension scheme for the benefit of employees and directors. The assets of the scheme are administered by trustees in a fund independent from those of the Group.

The pension costs charged against profits represent the amount of the contributions payable to the defined contributions pension scheme in respect of the accounting period.

### Interest payable and similar expenses

Interest payable and similar expenses are charged to the profit and loss account over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amounts charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

#### Accounting policies (continued)

#### Related party transactions

The Group discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned within the same Group. Where appropriate, transactions of a similar nature are aggregated, unless, in the opinion of the directors, separate disclosure is necessary to understand the effect of the transaction in the Group financial statements.

#### 2. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimating uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

Other than the judgements made in estimating the items identified below, no further critical judgements were made in the application of the Group's accounting policies.

#### Key source of estimation uncertainty - impairment of goodwill

Goodwill is reviewed annually for indicators of impairment in accordance with the accounting policy set out above. The recoverable amount is determined based on the recoverable amount being the higher of net realisable value and value in use. The recoverable amount calculations require the use of estimates including earnings multiple valuations.

#### Key source of estimation uncertainty - impairment of copyrights

Copyrights are reviewed annually for indicators of impairment in accordance with the accounting policy set out above. The recoverable amount is determined based on the recoverable amount being the higher of net realisable value and value in use. The recoverable amount calculations require the use of estimates including earnings multiple valuations.

## Key source of estimation uncertainty - valuation of investment property

Investment property is stated at fair value based on the valuation performed by an independent professional valuer Eddisons, Chartered Surveyors with recent experience in the location and category of property valued. The valuer used observable market prices adjusted as necessary for any difference in the future, location or condition of the specific asset. However, the Covid-19 pandemic has caused significant disruption and uncertainty in the property market which has inevitably increased the degree of judgement involved in the property valuation at 31 December 2022.

#### Key source of estimation uncertainty - impairment of investments

Investments are reviewed annually for indicators of impairment in accordance with the accounting policy set out above. The recoverable amount is determined based on the recoverable amount being the higher of net realisable value and value in use. The recoverable amount calculations require the use of estimates including projected future discounted cash flows.

## Key source of estimation uncertainty - carrying value of advances

The carrying value of advances is estimated by the directors based on best judgements of future recoverability based on average annual recoupment of the advance and the remaining term of the contract. The provision charge in the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2022 was £1,202k (2021: £63k); refer to note 6.

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

### 3. Turnover

4.

Turnover is attributable to the main activities being the income from royalties, publishing, wholesale and retail distribution of printed music, music software, book and music publishing. The Group also generates revenues within the digital education sector.

Turnover by class of business	2022 £	2021 £
Printed Music	1,060,668	1,271,566
Music Publishing – including joint ventures Digital Education	28,061,038 2,986,579	23,536,217 2,679,371
	32,108,285	27,487,154
Turnover by geographical market	2022 £	2021 £
turnover by geographical market	•	*
United Kingdom	3,635,447	3,487,314
Other European countries	63,216	48,143
USA and Canada	331,042	400,112
Australia and New Zealand Other countries	15,960	14,906
Share of joint venture turnover	1,582 381,518	378,189
Music publishing – where geographical analysis is not meaningful	27,679,520	23,158,490
	32,108,285	27,487,154
An analysis of the Group's turnover is as follows:	2022 £	2021 £
	2.000.000	2.064.000
Sale of goods Royalties	3,977,879 28,130,406	3,864,202 23,622,952
	32,108,285	27,487,154
Other operating income		
An analysis of the Group's other operating income is as follows:	2022 £	2021 £
Rent received	1,205,416	1,217,303
Furlough income	-	47,433
Administration fees	70,088	51,305
Other	96,962	114,320
	1,372,466	1,430,361

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

## 5. Information regarding directors and employees

202	2022 f.		
1,754,244 99,687	1,842,505 94,589	Directors' emoluments Emoluments receivable Group contributions to money purchase schemes	
1,853,931	1,937,094		
No	No.	The number of directors who accrued benefits under Company pension schemes was as follows:	
3	3	Money purchase schemes	
£	£	Emoluments of highest paid director:	
409,956	384,957	Emoluments Company pension contributions to money purchase schemes	
409,956	384,957		
	noluments.	There was no key management personnel compensation other than Directors' em	
No.	No.		
15 104		The monthly average number of staff employed by the Group (including directors) during the financial period amounted to:	
119	18 111		
		directors) during the financial period amounted to:  Selling/distribution	
No.	111	directors) during the financial period amounted to:  Selling/distribution	٠
<b>No.</b> 62	111	directors) during the financial period amounted to:  Selling/distribution Administrative  The monthly average number of staff employed by the Company	•

All staff costs are incurred by Group companies.

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

## 5. Information regarding directors and employees (continued)

The aggregate payroll costs (including directors) were:   Wages and salaries   8,237,545   7,574,9   50   50   600   1,172,893   1,221,0   50   505,600   510,4     Other pension costs   9,916,038   9,306,4     Other pension costs   2022   20     The operating loss is after charging:		2022 £	2021 £
Wages and salarics         8,237,545         7,574,9           Social security costs         1,172,893         1,221,0           Other pension costs         505,600         510,4           9,916,038         9,306,4           2022         20           f         2022         20           The operating loss is after charging:         2022         20           Depreciation of fixed assets         753,033         569,5           Loss on disposal of fixed assets         1,201         Amortisation of intangible assets         1,201           Amortisation of intangible assets         4,996,461         3,990,3           Impairment of goodwill         - 75,5         75,5           Impairment (reversal)/charge on copyrights         (337,636)         746,0           Impairment of stock recognised as an expense         85,016         53,9           Foreign exchange gains         (430,088)         (18,8           Operating lease rentals:         20,136         17,5           Land and buildings         68,140         90,9           Plant and machinery         20,136         17,5           The analysis of the auditor's remuneration is as follows:           Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group'	The aggregate payroll costs (including directors) were.	*	L
Other pension costs         505,600         510,4           9,916,038         9,306,4           6. Operating loss         2022         20           The operating loss is after charging:           Depreciation of fixed assets         753,033         569,5           Loss on disposal of fixed assets         1,201           Amortisation of intangible assets         4,996,461         3,990,3           Impairment of goodwill         - 75,5         75,5           Impairment (reversal)/charge on copyrights         (337,636)         746,0           Impairment of stock recognised as an expense         85,016         53,9           Forcign exchange gains         (430,088)         (18,8           Operating lease rentals:         20,136         17,5           Land and buildings         68,140         90,9           Plant and machinery         20,136         17,5           The analysis of the auditor's remuneration is as follows:         2022         20           £         Eces payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual accounts         139,000         130,00           Audit of the company's subsidiaries         16,000         15,00           Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:         16,000         15,00	Wages and salarics	8,237,545	7,574,959
6. Operating loss  2022 20 The operating loss is after charging:  Depreciation of fixed assets 753,033 569,51 Loss on disposal of fixed assets 1,201 Amortisation of intangible assets 4,996,461 3,990,31 Impairment of goodwill - 75,51 Impairment (reversal)/charge on copyrights (337,636) 746,00 Impairment of copyright advances 1,202,012 62,51 Impairment of stock recognised as an expense 85,016 53,91 Foreign exchange gains Operating lease rentals: Land and buildings 68,140 90,92 Plant and machinery 20,136 17,55  The analysis of the auditor's remuneration is as follows:  Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual accounts 139,000 130,000 Audit of the company's subsidiaries 16,000 15,000 Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:		1,172,893	1,221,018
6. Operating loss  2022 20 The operating loss is after charging:  Depreciation of fixed assets 753,033 569,5  Loss on disposal of fixed assets 1,201  Amortisation of intangible assets 4,996,461 3,990,3  Impairment of goodwill 75,5,5  Impairment (reversal)/charge on copyrights (337,636) 746,0  Impairment of copyright advances 1,202,012 62,5  Impairment of stock recognised as an expense 85,016 53,9  Foreign exchange gains (430,088) (18,800)  Operating lease rentals:  Land and buildings 68,140 90,99  Plant and machinery 20,136 17,50  The analysis of the auditor's remuneration is as follows:  Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual accounts 139,000 130,000  Audit of the company's subsidiaries 16,000 15,000  Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:	Other pension costs	505,600	510,492
The operating loss is after charging:  Depreciation of fixed assets 753,033 569,5  Loss on disposal of fixed assets 1,201  Amortisation of intangible assets 1,201  Impairment of goodwill - 75,5  Impairment (reversallycharge on copyrights (337,636) 746,0)  Impairment of copyright advances 1,202,012 62,5  Impairment of stock recognised as an expense 85,016 53,9  Foreign exchange gains (430,088) (18,8  Operating lease rentals:  Land and buildings 68,140 90,9  Plant and machinery 20,136 17,5  The analysis of the auditor's remuneration is as follows:  Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual accounts 139,000 130,00  Audit of the company's subsidiaries 16,000 15,000  Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:		9,916,038	9,306,469
The operating loss is after charging:  Depreciation of fixed assets 753,033 569,5  Loss on disposal of fixed assets 1,201  Amortisation of intangible assets 4,996,461 3,990,3  Impairment of goodwill - 75,5,5  Impairment (reversal)/charge on copyrights (337,636) 746,0  Impairment of copyright advances 1,202,012 62,5  Impairment of stock recognised as an expense 85,016 53,9  Foreign exchange gains (430,088) (18,8  Operating lease rentals:  Land and buildings 68,140 90,9  Plant and machinery 20,136 17,5  The analysis of the auditor's remuneration is as follows:  Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual accounts 139,000 130,00  Audit of the company's subsidiaries 16,000 15,00  Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:	6. Operating loss		
Depreciation of fixed assets  Loss on disposal of fixed assets  Amortisation of intangible assets  Amortisation of intangible assets  Inpairment of goodwill  - 75,5  Impairment (reversal)/charge on copyrights  Impairment of copyright advances  Impairment of stock recognised as an expense  Foreign exchange gains  Operating lease rentals:  Land and buildings  Plant and machinery  The analysis of the auditor's remuneration is as follows:  Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual accounts  Audit of the company's subsidiaries  Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:			2021 £
Loss on disposal of fixed assets Amortisation of intangible assets Amortisation of goodwill Carrier and a set of coopyrights Carrier advances Ampairment of copyright advances Ampairment of copyright advances Associated Ampairment of stock recognised as an expense Associated Ass	The operating loss is after charging:		
Loss on disposal of fixed assets Amortisation of intangible assets Amortisation of goodwill Compariment of goodwill Compariment of goodwill Compariment of copyright advances Copyright advances Copyright advances Amortisation copyrights Copyright advances Copyright	Depreciation of fixed assets	753,033	569,565
Impairment of goodwill Impairment (reversal)/charge on copyrights Impairment (reversal)/charge on copyrights Impairment of copyright advances Inpairment of stock recognised as an expense Impairment of stock recognised as an expense Impairment of stock recognised as an expense Foreign exchange gains Operating lease rentals:  Land and buildings Inpairment of stock recognised as an expense Inpairment of stock recognised as an			-
Impairment (reversal)/charge on copyrights (337,636) 746,0 Impairment of copyright advances 1,202,012 62,50 Impairment of stock recognised as an expense 85,016 53,90 Foreign exchange gains (430,088) (18,80 Operating lease rentals: Land and buildings 68,140 90,90 Plant and machinery 20,136 17,50  The analysis of the auditor's remuneration is as follows:  Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual accounts 139,000 130,000 Audit of the company's subsidiaries 16,000 15,000 Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:		4,996,461	3,990,376
Impairment of copyright advances Impairment of stock recognised as an expense Impairment of stock recognised as an expense Foreign exchange gains Operating lease rentals: Land and buildings Plant and machinery  The analysis of the auditor's remuneration is as follows:  Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual accounts  Audit of the company's subsidiaries Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:		-	75,537
Impairment of stock recognised as an expense Foreign exchange gains Operating lease rentals: Land and buildings Flant and machinery  The analysis of the auditor's remuneration is as follows:  Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual accounts  Audit of the company's subsidiaries Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:  Standard S			746,076
Foreign exchange gains  Operating lease rentals:  Land and buildings  Plant and machinery  The analysis of the auditor's remuneration is as follows:  Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual accounts  Audit of the company's subsidiaries  Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:			62,501
Operating lease rentals: Land and buildings Plant and machinery  The analysis of the auditor's remuneration is as follows:  2022 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20			53,982
Land and buildings Plant and machinery  68,140 20,136 17,54  The analysis of the auditor's remuneration is as follows:  2022 £  Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual accounts  139,000 130,00 Audit of the company's subsidiaries 16,000 15,00 Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:		(430,088)	(18,846)
Plant and machinery 20,136 17,54  The analysis of the auditor's remuneration is as follows:  2022 201  Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual accounts 139,000 130,000  Audit of the company's subsidiaries 16,000 15,000  Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:		68 1 <i>4</i> 0	90 922
Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual accounts  Audit of the company's subsidiaries  Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:			17,544
Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual accounts  Audit of the company's subsidiaries  Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:	The analysis of the auditor's remuneration is as follows:		
Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual accounts  Audit of the company's subsidiaries  Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:	·	2022	2021
accounts 139,000 130,000  Audit of the company's subsidiaries 16,000 15,000  Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:			£ 2021
Audit of the company's subsidiaries 16,000 15,00 Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:	accounts	139,000	130,000
	Audit of the company's subsidiaries	16,000	15,000
	Fees payable to the Group's auditor in respect of:	,	,
0.1,7.50		37,900	-
Total auditor's remuneration 192,900 145,00	Total auditor's remuneration	192,900	145,000

No services were provided pursuant to contingent fee arrangements (2021: none).

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

## 7. Interest receivable and similar income

		2022 £	2021 £
	Hank interest receivable	25,455	16,604
	Interest receivable from related parties	6,728	15,562
	Gain on future value of interest rate swaps	489,207	357,672
		521,390	389,838
8.	Interest payable and similar expenses		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Bank interest	1,164,597	1,083,854
	Loan note interest	18,400	18,400
	Interest payable to related parties	3,478	4,420
		1,186,475	1,106,674

## 9. Tax on loss

	2022 £	2021 £
Current tax on loss		
UK corporation tax	84,425	119,011
Double tax relief	(80,959)	(116,290)
	3,466	2,721
Foreign tax	406,956	356,775
	410,422	359,496
Adjustments in respect of prior periods		
UK corporation tax	(278,758)	(6,546)
Total current tax	131,664	352,950
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(725,596)	486,970
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	362	-
Effect of tax rate change on opening balance	-	(131,614)
Total deferred tax	(725,234)	355,356
Total tax on loss	(593,570)	708,306

The standard rate of tax applied to reported profit is 19 per cent (2021: 19 per cent).

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

## 9. Tax on loss (continued)

The actual tax charge for the current year and the previous year differs from the standard tax rate for the reasons set out in the following reconciliation:

•	2022	2021
	£	£
Group loss before tax	(2,210,735)	(1,272,203)
Tax on Group loss at standard UK corporation tax rate of 19 per cent (2021: 19 per cent)	(420,040)	(241,719)
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	740,555	481,817
Income not taxable in determining taxable profit	(83,474)	(379)
Other permanent differences	-	(601)
Fixed asset differences	78,018	(157,266)
Other timing differences	(21,573)	(106,979)
Utilisation of tax losses not previously recognised	(125,811)	(119,644)
Change in unrecognised deferred tax assets	(762,216)	(152,822)
Higher tax rates on overseas earnings	79,188	66,965
Deferred tax not recognised	200,541	961,488
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous		
periods	(278,758)	(22,554)
Group total tax charge for year	(593,570)	708,306

## Factors that may affect future tax charges

In the Spring Budget 2021, the Government announced that from 1 April 2023 the corporation tax rate will increase to 25%, with substantive enactment on 24 May 2021. Therefore, deferred tax has been recognised at the 25% tax rate.

## 10. Profit of parent company

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 no separate profit and loss account or statement of comprehensive income is presented in respect of the parent company. The loss attributed to the Company is disclosed in the footnote to the Company's balance sheet.

## 11. Dividends on equity shares

A dividend of £304,976 was declared and paid to owners of the parent during the year (2021: £nil).

A dividend of £74,000 was declared and paid to non-controlling interests (2021: £nil).

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

## 12. Intangible assets

Group	Goodwill £	Copyrights £	Software & Sottware development £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 January 2022 Additions Exchange movement	29,885,584 - 102,682	58,778,227 1,376,917 688,209	8,550,803 1,572,087 237	97,214,614 2,949,004 791,128
At 31 December 2022	29,988,266	60,843,353	10,123,127	100,954,746
Amortisation				
At 1 January 2022 Charge for the year Write back of impairment Exchange movement	17,558,260 917,040 - 43,254	34,511,413 2,835,486 (337,636) 473,868	6,227,196 1,243,935 - 2,967	58,296,869 4,996,461 (337,636) 520,089
At 31 December 2022	18,518,554	37,483,131	7,474,098	63,475,783
Net book value				
At 31 December 2022	11,469,712	23,360,222	2,649,029	37,478,963
At 31 December 2021	12,327,324	24,266,814	2,323,607	38,917,745

Included within Software & Software development are assets under construction of £312,360 (2021: £378,394).

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

## 12. Intangible assets (continued)

Готрапу	Software & Software development £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 January 2022 Additions	499,357 85,100	499,357 85,100
At 31 December 2022	584,457	584,457
Amortisation		
At 1 January 2022 Charge for the year	274,726 16,148	274,726 16,148
At 31 December 2022	290,874	290,874
Net book value		
At 31 December 2022	293,583	293,583
At 31 December 2021	224,631	224,631

Included within Software & Software development are assets under construction of £160,460 (2021: £75,360).

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

## 13. Tangible assets

## Group

	Total £
At 1 January 2022 16,043,935 166,087 5,753,216 24,495 21,98	
	37,733
	7,638
	79,834)
Exchange movement 139,375 2,854 73,570 1,361 21	7,160
At 31 December 2022 16,198,060 168,941 5,800,871 64,825 22,23	32,697
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2022 4,928,387 160,187 4,602,454 11,839 9,70	2,867
Charge for the year 392,179 2,043 351,888 6,923 75	3,033
On disposals - (153,979) (15,082) (16	9,061)
Exchange movement 90,636 2,758 53,192 927 14	7,513
At 31 December 2022 5,411,202 164,988 4,853,555 4,607 10,43	4,352
Net book value	
At 31 December 2022 10,786,858 3,953 947,316 60,218 11,79	8,345
At 31 December 2021 11,115,548 5,900 1,150,762 12,656 12,28	4.866

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

## 13. Tangible assets (continued)

Company	Leasehold improvements £	Office equipment, fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost		_		_
At 1 January 2022 Additions	79,234	2,643,129 51,362	30,847	2,722,363 82,209
At 31 December 2022	79,234	2,694,491	30,847	2,804,572
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2022 Charge for the year	75,061 2,043	2,511,851 61,250	643	2,586,912 63,936
At 31 December 2022	77,104	2,573,101	643	2,650,848
Net book value				
At 31 December 2022	2,130	121,390	30,204	153,724
At 31 December 2021	4,173	131,278		135,451

## 14. Investment properties

Group	Total
Valuation	£
At 1 January 2022 Fair value loss	22,844,829 (1,585,815)
At 31 December 2022	21,259,014

The Group has property assets with a carrying value of £15,077,285 which are pledged as security for liabilities.

A deferred tax provision has been made in respect of the estimated corporation tax that would be payable on disposal of properties at a surplus.

Under the historical cost convention, the net book value of investment properties at 31 December 2022 would have been £8,816,782 (2021: £9,112,947).

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

### 15. Property leased under contract

As set out in note 4, property rental income earned during the year was £1,205,416 (2021: £1,217,303). No contingent rents have been recognised as income in the current year or prior year. At 31 December 2022 the group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments:

2022 £	2021 £
817,115	1,016,579
2,070,985	2,015,963
929,583	1,414,583
3,817,683	4,447,125
	\$17,115 2,070,985 929,583

### 16. Investments held as fixed assets

Group	Unlisted total
Cost	£
At January 2022	204,868
Exchange movement	2,320
At 31 December 2022	207,188
Provisions for impairment At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022	45,170
Net book value	
At 31 December 2022	162,018
At 31 December 2021	159,698

The Group's share of the joint ventures' trading results and net assets have been included in the profit and loss account. The Group's share of the net assets of the joint ventures is shown as a fixed asset investment.

The Group's share in its joint ventures comprises:

	2022 £	2021 £
Turnover Profit for the period	381,518 281,161	378,189 119,081
Group share of profit for the period	140,581	59,540
Gross assets Gross liabilities	1,242,288 (380,304)	1,150,990 (280,157)
Net assets (represented by investment in joint venture)	861,984	870,833

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

#### 16. Investments held as fixed assets (continued)

Company	Shares in Group undertakings
Cost and net book value	£
At January 2022 and 31 December 2022	16,684,008

On 1 January 2022, the trade and assets of the following subsidiaries of Wise Music Group Limited were merged into Premiere Music Group SARL (PMG) and Campbell Connelly France SARL (CCF), and the companies subsequently dissolved. The trade and assets were transferred at net book value.

All You Need Is Songs (merged into PMG)
Alphonse Leduc Editions Musicales (merged into PMG)
Bleu Blanc Rouge SARL (merged into PMG)
Chant Du Monde SARL (merged into PMG)
Eaton Music France SARL (merged into CCF)

The registered offices and country of incorporation of all fixed assets investments are listed below. For all but two of the companies incorporated in the United Kingdom the registered office is 14/15 Berners Street, London, WC2R 0QS. Where Berners Street is not the registered office the address is reported against the company concerned.

	Registered Office and country of incorporation or registration	Class of capital held	Proportion held by holding company %	Proportion held by subsidiary undertaking %	Nature of business
Subsidiaries:		0.1	100		11.75 -11
Music Sales Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	100	-	Wholesale distribution of printed books about music
Novello Publishing Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Wholesale distribution of printed music and books
Music Sales (Hong Kong) Limited	Unit O 17/F International Industrial Centre, 2-8 Kwei Tei Street, Foton, Shatin, New Territories Hong Kong	Ordinary	-	100	Instrument, gifts and accessories procurement
Chester Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	100	-	Music publishing
Eaton Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	•	100	Music publishing
Moving Image Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary		100	Music publishing
Novello & Company Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Music publishing
Edition Wilhelm Hansen AS Copenhagen	Bornholmsgade 1 A DK -1266, Copenhagen, Denmark	Ordinary	-	100	Music publishing
Storyville Records ApS	Espinaden 8D DK - 1263 Denmark	Ordinary	-	100	Music publishing
Edition Wilhelm Hansen OY S/F	Merikasanninkatu 2 B 40, 00160 Helsinki Finland	Ordinary		100	Music publishing

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

### 16. Investments held as fixed assets (continued)

Subsidiaries	Registered Office and country of incorporation or registration	Class of capital held	Proportion held by holding company %	Proportion held by subsidiary undertaking %	Nature of business
Edition Wilhelm Hansen GmbH	Karlhohmann Strasse, I a 40599 Dusscklorf Germany	Ordinary	-	100	Music publishing
Eaton Music GmbH	Frankenforter Strasse 21-25 51427 Bergisch Gladbach Germany	Ordinary	-	100	Music publishing
Bosworth Music GmbH	Dorotheenstr.3 10117 Berlin Germany	Ordinary	-	100	Music publishing
Musikverlag Progressive GmbH	Dorotheenstr.3 10117 Berlin Germany	Ordinary	-	100	Music publishing
Bosworth & Co. Limited GesmbH	Pöchlarnstraße 20/33 1200 Vienna Austria	Ordinary	-	100	Music publishing
Eaton Music Italy Srl	Galleria Del Corso 4 20122 Milan Italy	Ordinary	•	100	Music publishing
Union Musical Ediciones SL	Marques de la Ensenada, 4 28004 Spain	Ordinary	-	99.98	Music publishing
Campbell Connelly France SARL	10 Rue de Grange Batliere 75009 Paris France	Ordinary	-	100	Music publishing
Premiere Music Group SARL	F10 Rue de Grange Batliere 75009 Paris France	Ordinary	•	99.99	Music publishing
Wise Music Italia Srl	Via Visconti di Modrone 2 20122 Milan Italy	Ordinary	-	100	Music publishing
Baby Angel Music Srl	Via Visconti di Modrone 2 20122 Milan Italy	Ordinary	100	-	Music publishing
Campbell Connelly Inc.	445 Bellvale Road Chester NY 10918 USA	Ordinary	-	100	Music publishing
Bramsdene Music Corporation	565-5th Ave New York NY10017 USA	Ordinary	•	100	Music publishing
Kabushiki Kaisha Music Sales	Tokyo Tatemono Aoyama Bldg., 6F 3-3-5 Kita Aoyama, Minato-Ku, Tokyo 107-006 Japan	Ordinary	-	100	Music publishing
Music Sales Properties Limited  Music Sales Properties No.2 Limited	United Kingdom United Kingdom	Ordinary Ordinary	-	100 100	Property company Property company
Music Sales Properties No.2 Emitted	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Property company
Wise Properties GmbH	Dorotheenstr.3 10117 Berlin Germany	Ordinary	-	100	Property company
Charanga Limited Caribe Entertainment Limited	United Kingdom Shirley House,50 Shirley Street, Nassau, New Providence Commonwealth of the Bahamas	Ordinary Ordinary	100	60 -	Digital Education Investment holding
Worldwide Music Corporation	Shirley House,50 Shirley Street, Nassau, New Providence Commonwealth of the Bahamas	Ordinary	100	-	Investment holding

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

### 16. Investments held as fixed assets (continued)

	Registered Office and country of incorporation or registration	Class of capital held	Proportion held by holding company %	Proportion held by subsidiary undertaking %	Nature of
Joint ventures:					
Glad Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	•	50	Music publishing
Twangy Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	50 50	Music publishing
Veronica Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	50	Music publishing
Sabre Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary Ordinary	-	50	Music publishing Music publishing
Ixion Publishing Limited	United Kingdom United Kingdom	Ordinary	•	50	Music publishing
Madena Publishing Limited Whitman Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	50	Music publishing
Connelly Basart Muziekuitgevererij BV	Holland	Ordinary	-	50	Music publishing
Robert Mellin Musikverlag GubH & Co.		Ordinary	_	50	Music publishing
KG	10117 Berlin Germany	Oldinary		30	wiese profising
Pine and Oak Publishing GmbH	Dorotheenstr.3 10117 Berlin Germany	Ordinary	-	50	Music publishing
Hao Hao Music Sales Limited	Unit O	Ordinary		50	Music and book
Had Had Music Sales Emiliad	17/F International Industrial Centre, 2-8 Kwei Tei Street, Foton, Shatin, New Territories Hong Kong	Ordinary		30	publishing
Dormant entities: Bobcat Books Limited	United Vinadom	Ordinary		100	Dormant
Book Sales Limited	United Kingdom United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Cadenza Music (UK) Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	_	100	Dormant
Dorsey Brothers Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Edition Wilhelm Hansen (London) Ltd	United Kingdom	Ordinary		100	Dormant
Edwin Ashdown Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary		100	Dormant
McCullough Piggott Music Shop Ltd	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Music Games Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary		100	Dormant
Music for Kids Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary		100	Dormant
Music Sales International Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	_	100	Dormant
Nellie Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Powertabs Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Rae Macintosh (Music) Limited	41 Shandwick Place, Edinburgh, EH2 4RG United Kingdom	Ordinary	•	100	Dormant
Record and Tape Sales Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	_	100	Dormant
Wise Music Group Limited (now known as Wise Records Limited)		Ordinary	•	100	Dormant
Musicroom.com Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	_	100	Dormant
Banks & Son (Music) Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Chas J Fox (Organs) Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary		100	Dormant
Percy Prior's Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary		100	Dormant
Garber Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	•	100	Dormant
G Schirmer Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Orange Sky Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	•	100	Dormant
Yellow Sky Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Noel Gay Music Company Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Richard Armitage Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	•	100	Dormant
Campbell, Connelly & Co., Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Campbell Connelly Investments Ltd	United Kingdom	Ordinary	•	100	Dormant
Cinephonic Music Company Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

#### 16. Investments held as fixed assets (continued)

	Registered Office and country of incorporation or	Class of capital	Proportion held by holding company	Proportion held by subsidiary undertaking	_Nature of _
	- registration	held	- % -	- %	business
Dormant entities (continued):					
Concord Records Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Cross Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary		100	Dormant
Dash Music Company Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Evergreen Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Glendale Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Harrison Music Company Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	•	100	Dormant
High-Fye Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary		100	Dormant
Hournew Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Ivy Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
J Curwen and Sons Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	•	100	Dormant
Montclare Music Company Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	•	100	Dormant
Panther Productions Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Robert Kingston (Music) Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
The Sparta Florida Music Group Ltd	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Bosworth and Company Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Arrgee Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Elkin and Company Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Goodwin & Tabb Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Novello Records Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Patersons Publications Limited	6 Queensferry Street, Edinburgh, EH3 8EH United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant
Paxton Music Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	-	100	Dormant

The following subsidiaries within the consolidated Wise Music Group Limited have taken advantage of the audit exemption provisions under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 in relation to their annual accounts for the year ended 31 December 2022:

Subsidiary	Company registered no.
Chester Music Limited	00162623
Eaton Music Limited	01213072
Moving Image Music Limited	04368630
Music Sales Limited	00315155
Music Sales Properties Limited	02293657
Music Sales Properties No.2 Limited	05081334
Music Sales Properties No.3 Ltd	06989918
Novello And Company Limited	00056942
Novello Publishing Limited	02779795

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

### 17. Stocks

Group	2022 £	2021 £
Work in progress Finished goods and goods for resale	52,154 374,349	55,548 339,907
	426,503	395,455

There were no significant differences between the replacement cost and values disclosed for any categories of stock.

#### 18. Debtors

Group	2022 £	2021 £
Amounts falling due within one year		
Trade debtors Capitalised advances Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income Amounts owed by related undertakings (note 33) Corporation tax	2,414,403 6,493,702 1,649,637 4,178,070 2,816,349 69,759	3,190,474 8,230,236 1,681,887 3,666,825 3,760,442 131,365
	17,621,920	20,661,229

Trade debtors and capital advances are stated after a provision of £3,844,900 (2021: £2,651,072). Included within capital advances to writers and publishers are certain amounts that due to their nature may not be recouped within a year. The amount cannot be estimated and therefore is included as current.

#### Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Other debtors	183,750	176,250
Amounts owed by related undertakings (note 33)	44,635	41,926
	228,385	218,176

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

#### 18. Debtors (continued)

Company	2022 £	2021 £
Amounts falling due within one year		
Other debtors	492,044	769,466
Prepayments and accrued income	268,944	337,992
Amounts owed by group undertakings	6,884,937	7,753,757
Amounts owed by related undertakings	1,391,665	1,720,123
Deferred taxation (note 24)	8,312	21,307
	9,045,902	10,602,645

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

#### Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2022 £	Restated 2021 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	9,469,837	8,971,994
	9,469,837	8,971,994

Amounts owed by group undertakings are charged at an ECB Rate + 3.50% and repayable in December 2025.

#### 19. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
Group	£	£
Bank loans	2,091,537	1,878,282
Loan notes to third parties	185,000	185,000
Loan notes to related parties (note 33)	183,000	183,000
Trade creditors	14,675,869	16,118,606
Amounts owed to related undertakings (note 33)	1,620,155	3,170,795
Corporation tax	37,236	70,455
Other taxation and social security	2,573,522	2,455,336
Other creditors	2,396,264	2,942,371
Accruals and deferred income	5,180,152	4,270,706
	28,942,735	31,274,551

The amount accrued in respect of payments into the UK defined contribution pension scheme totalled £59,706 (2021: £101,211).

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

#### 19. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year (continued)

Company	2022 £	2021 £
Trade creditors	277,732=	682,502
Amounts owed to group undertakings	25,488,129	14,799,028
Amounts owed to related undertakings	604,570	1,243,753
Other taxation and social security	250,255	189,599
Other creditors	33,092	38,159
Accruals and deferred income	222,606	228,439
	26,876,384	17,181,480

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

#### 20. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

Group	2022 £	2021 £
Bank loans 2	6,702,943	25,423,935
Amounts owed to related undertakings (note 33)	562,913	562,913
Derivative financial instruments with a negative fair value (note 25)	132,963	622,170
Other creditors	5,310	5,618
Accruals and deferred income	739,981	75,284
2	8,144,110	26,689,920
	2022	Restated 2021
Company	2022 £	2021 £
Bank loans	9,469,837	8,971,994
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	9,971,810
	9,469,837	18,943,804

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

#### 21. Borrowings

#### Group

The borrowings comprise bank loans and loan notes as follows:

Bank loan of €10,700,000 repayable in annual instalments expiring in December 2025 (outstanding balance £9,469,837, 2021: £8,971,994). Interest is charged at an ECB Rate + 3.00%. The loan is secured on the assets of the UK companies including Copyrights and Property.

Bank loan of £7,200,000 repayable in quarterly instalments, expiring in May 2029 (outstanding balance £3,107,560, 2021: £3,478,138). A swap agreement has been entered into converting the variable interest to a fixed rate of 5.48%.

Bank loan of £10,290,608 repayable in annual instalments, expiring in October 2025 (outstanding balance £9,790,608, 2021: £8,000,000). Interest is charged at SONIA + 3.00%.

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

#### 21. Borrowings (continued)

Bank loan of €1,425,000 repayable in annual instalments expiring in June 2028 (outstanding balance £730,153, 2021; £817,542). Interest is charged at 3.50%.

Bank loan of €1,000,000 repayable in annual instalments expiring in November 2025 (outstanding balance £238,530, 2021: £263,576). Interest is charged at 5.25%.

Bank loan of £1,300,000 repayable in quarterly instalments, expiring in July 2029 (outstanding balance £373,390, 2021: £428,710). Interest is charged at SONIA +1.15%.

Bank loan of £2,700,000 repayable in quarterly instalments expiring in May 2029 (outstanding balance £1,138,675, 2021: £1,313,856). Interest is charged at SONIA + 1.15%.

Bank loan of £740,000 repayable in quarterly instalments expiring in May 2029 (outstanding balance £247,597, 2021: £285,689). Interest is charged at SONIA +1.15%.

Bank loan of €720,000 repayable in annual instalments expiring in December 2024 (outstanding balance £254,890, 2021: £362,234). Interest is charged at a EURIBOR + 3.50%.

Bank loan of €500,000 repayable in annual instalments expiring in March 2026 (outstanding balance £239,697, 2021: £296,970). Interest is charged at a EURIBOR + 3.50%.

Bank loan of €800,000 repayable in annual instalments expiring in March 2031 (outstanding balance £708,027, 2021: £670,803). Interest is charged at 1%.

Bank loan of €500,000 repayable in quarterly instalments expiring in September 2029 (outstanding balance £417,388, 2021: £nil). Interest is charged at 4.75%.

Bank loan of 25,000,000 DKK repayable in annual instalments expiring in March 2027 (outstanding balance £1,813,775, 2021: £2,101,740). Interest is charged at 2.98%.

Bank loan of 3,500,000 DKK repayable in annual instalments expiring in April 2027 (outstanding balance £478,410, 2021: £304,382). Interest is charged at 2.25%.

Six private loan notes totalling £368,000 (2021: six loan notes totalling £368,000) are repayable in full on or before 30 June 2023. Interest is charged on a quarterly basis at SONIA +4% subject to a minimum rate of 5% and a maximum rate of 10%. The loan notes are unsecured.

The Group has provided a first legal charge over certain freehold properties and a last ranking floating debenture as security in connection with the liability for the bank loans.

Borrowings are repayable as follows:

Bank loans and loan notes	2022 £	2021 £
Within one year	2,459,537	2,246,282
After one and within two years	2,715,656	2,046,109
After two and within five years	22,255,312	20,588,843
After five years	1,731,975	2,788,983
	29,162,480	27,670,217

#### Company

The borrowings comprise bank loans as follows:

Bank loan of €10,700,000 repayable in annual instalments expiring in December 2025. Interest is charged at an ECB Rate + 3.00%. The loan is secured on the assets of the UK companies including Copyrights and Property.

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

21.	Borrowings (continued)		
	Borrowings are repayable as follows:		
		2022	2021
	Bank loans and loan notes	£	£
	After two and within five years	9,469,837	8,971,994
		9,469,837	8,971,994
22.	Provisions for liabilities		
		Deferred tax	Total £
	Balance at 1 January 2022	7,114,663	7,114,663
	Decrease in provision	(710,230)	(710,230)
	Balance at 31 December 2022	6,404,433	6,404,433
23.	Financial instruments	2022	2021
	Group	£	£
	Financial assets		
	Carrying value of financial assets: Financial assets measured at amortised cost	29,824,074	30,786,556
	Financial liabilities		
	Carrying value of financial liabilities:	(5( 01 ( (45)	(53.031.043)
	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss	(56,916,647) (132,963)	(57,271,843) (622,170)
24.	Deferred tax		
	Group		£
	Balance at 1 January 2022		(7,114,663)
	Profit and loss account charge		725,234
	Exchange movement		(15,004)
	Balance at 31 December 2022		(6,404,433)

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

#### 24. Deferred tax (continued)

The deferred tax included in the balance sheet is as follows:

	Recognised		Unrece	ognised
	2022	2022 2021 2022 20	2021	
	£	£	£	£
Fixed asset timing differences	(3,972,574)	(5,155,041)	8,550	8,568
Investment property	(2,769,313)	(2,374,512)	-	-
Other timing differences	103,237	159,614	-	-
Tax losses	234,217	255,276	2,406,752	2,578,931
	(6,404,433)	(7,114,663)	2,415,302	2,587,499

The deferred tax asset in respect of losses carried forward has been recognised on the basis of anticipated available profits in the future to utilise these losses.

Company	£
Balance at 1 January 2022 Profit and loss account charge	21,307 (12,995)
Balance at 31 December 2022	8,312

The deferred tax included in the balance sheet is as follows:

	Recognised		Unr	ecognised
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£	£	£	£
Fixed asset timing differences	3,955	15,409	-	-
Other timing differences	4,357	5,898	-	-
Tax losses	-	-	2,398,421	2,568,938
	8,312	21,307	2,398,421	2,568,938

#### 25. Derivative financial instruments

#### Interest rate swap contracts

The following table details the notional principal amounts and remaining terms of interest rate swap contracts outstanding as at the reporting date:

Outstanding receive floating pay fixed contracts	Notional pri	icipal value	Fair v	alue
Full control of Transfer	2022 £	2021 £	2022 £	2021 £
5 years or more	3,107,768	7,200,000	(132,963)	(622,170)

The interest rate swaps settle on a quarterly basis. The valuations have been made by our financial institution at market rates.

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

#### 25. Derivative financial instruments (continued)

A swap agreement has been entered into converting the variable interest to a fixed rate of 5.48%. This swap agreement expires in May 2029.

The interest rate swaps are currently not designated as hedging instruments within an effective hedging relationship.

Gains of £489,207 (2021: £357,672) on derivative financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss were recognised in profit or loss.

#### 26. Called-up share capital and reserves

	2022 £	2021 £
Authorised 110,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	110,000	110,000
Called-up, allotted and fully paid	100.003	100.003
109,983 ordinary shares of £1 each	109,983	109,983

The shares have attached to them full voting, dividend and capital distribution (including on winding up) rights.

The group and company's other reserves are as follows:

The merger relief reserve has been credited in place of a share premium account when merger relief is applied.

The share capital redemption reserve of £12,500 relates to the purchase of own shares in 2010.

The other reserves consist of the following reserves across the Group:

Statutory and legal reserves of £96k (2021: £19k).

The profit and loss reserve represents profits or losses, net of dividends paid and other adjustments.

#### 27. Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash inflow from operating activities

	2022 £	2021 £
Operating loss	(1,686,231)	(614,907)
Adjustments for:	(1,000,251)	(011,501)
Foreign exchange	204,466	(1,024,485)
Amortisation of intangible assets	4,996,461	3,990,376
Impairment (reversal)/charge	(337,636)	821,613
Depreciation of tangible assets	753,033	569,565
Net loss/(gain) on investment properties	1,585,814	(582,613)
Loss on sale of tangible fixed assets	1,201	-
Loss on sale of fixed asset investments	•	7,444
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(45,731)	71,419
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	2,464,638	(5,205,959)
(Increase)/decrease in creditors	(336,128)	4,829,367
Other provisions	<u> </u>	(98,772)
Net cash generated from operating activities	7,599,887	2,763,048

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

#### 28. Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 Jan 2022 £	Cash flows	Fair value & exchange movements	Non-cash changes £	At 31 Dec 2022 £
Cash at bank and in hand	13,573,976	2,577,863	-	-	16,151,839
Bank loans	(27,302,217)	441,422	(769,088)	(1,164,597)	(28,794,480)
Loan notes	(368,000)	18,400	-	(18,400)	(368,000)
Derivative financial					
instruments	(622,170)	-	489,208	-	(132,962)
		***************************************			
Total	(14,718,411)	3,037,685	(279,880)	(1,182,997)	(13,143,603)

#### 29. Royalty commitments

Print and copyright royalty advance payment commitments exist amounting to £20,570 (2021: £18,820).

The commitments to make payments included in this sum expire as follows:

	2022	2021
	£	£
In one year or less	20,570	18,820
	20,570	18,820

#### 30. Operating lease commitments

Total minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Land	Land and buildings		Other	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	£	£	£	£	
In one year or less	54,246	4,729	17,135	17,135	
Between one and five years	93,738		18,629	35,764	
	147,984	4,729	35,764	52,899	

#### 31. Capital commitments

At 31 December 2022 the Group had capital commitments that are not recognised on the balance sheet, falling due as follows:

	2022 £	2021 £
In one year or less Between one and five years	1,000,000	1,000,000 1,000,000
	1,000,000	2,000,000

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

#### 32. Contingent liabilities

A number of subsidiary companies are included in Group registrations for VAT purposes and are therefore jointly and severally liable for all other Wise Music Group companies' unpaid debts in this connection.

Certain of the Wise Music Group companies have provided cross-guarantees to a bank under which such companies guarantee to the bank on a joint and several bases, all present and future Group indebtedness in respect to the Group overdraft and revolving credit facilities.

#### 33. Related party transactions

Wise Music Group Limited has taken advantage of the exemption within Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 33 'Related party disclosures' with respect to the disclosure of transactions in the year with related parties which are part of the Wise Music Group. Any transactions with other wholly owned subsidiaries within Wise Music Group, previously outside of the Group and disclosed as prior year comparatives, have not been reported for the current financial year.

Details of balances with related party undertakings at the year end are given below:

		2022	2021
Amounts owed to related party undertakings:	Category	£	£
Glad Music Limited	٨	98,151	100,707
Twangy Music Limited	^	37,550	35,285
Veronica Music Limited	٨	82,385	79,541
Sabre Music Limited	^	21,902	24,206
Ixion Publishing Limited	٨	27,720	14,976
Madena Publishing Limited	^	10,376	9,930
Connelly Basart Muziekuitgevererij BV	^	187,627	174,412
Music Sales Digital Limited	#	1	1
Music Sales Corporation	#	903,712	1,000,304
G. Schirmer Inc.	#	13,288	11,271
Music Sales (Pty) Limited	#	11,672	812,190
Focus on Sound Limited	#	39,075	39,950
Marquis Music Limited	#	20,776	-
Mistletoe Melodies Limited	#	_	1,394
Jersey Trust Company	6	152,454	145,983
NTM Investments Limited	#	•	573
Wise Investments SARL	#	-	122,425
Mrs M B Wise	66	13,466	597,647
		1,620,155	3,170,795
Loan notes owed to related parties:			
Mr R Wise	44	85,000	85,000
Mrs M B Wise	•	80,000	80,000
Mrs P Rockberger	•	12,000	12,000
Mrs D Kemp		6,000	6,000
		183,000	183,000

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

### 33. Related party transactions (continued)

Amounts owed after more than one year: Music Sales Corporation	#	562,913	562,913
		562,913	562,913
Amounts owed by related party undertakings:	Category	2022 £	2021 £
	•	_	r
Glad Music Limited	^	200	-
Twangy Music Limited	^	1,611	1,611
Veronica Music Limited	^	28,935	23,352
Hao Hao Music Sales Limited	^	90,527	84,664
Sabre Music Limited	^	4,896	4,896
Ixion Publishing Limited	^	15,625	6,872
Madena Publishing Limited	^	1,673	1,228
Whitman Music Limited	^	2,485	2,474
Connelly Basart Muziekuitgevererij BV	^	3,485	2,484
Music Sales Corporation	#	280,484	471,915
Music Sales Digital Services LLC	#	387,694	388,995
G Schirmer Inc	#	17,564	17,564
Focus on Sound Limited	#	88,077	61,745
O'Music Limited	#	75,040	42,122
Marquis Music Limited	#	30,508	28,073
Mistletoe Melodies Limited	#	326	35
Verulam Music Limited	#	323,185	130,345
Wise Music Pty Limited	#	-	1,238,352
Wise Music 1 Pty Limited	#	-	23,979
Reba	4	20,642	20,642
Robert Mellin Musikverlag GmbH & Co. KG	#	62,202	169,453
Wise Music Foundation	6	8,015	4,400
Wise Enterprises Espana SL	4	11,984	11,984
BW Investments Limited	#	62,757	53,527
Wise Investments SCI	#	476,129	527,879
Wise II Trust	#	93,932	87,625
Wise IV Trust	#	60,394	59,595
Newman Street Investments Limited	#	45,963	37,889
NTM Investments Limited	#	44,208	35,806
Mr R Wise	"	534,340	64,047
Mr C M Butler	**	3,487	· -
Mr M D Wise	"	39,732	156,297
Mr T Wise	**	249	592
		2,816,349	3,760,442
Amounts falling due after more than one year:			
Wise Investments SARL	#	44,635	41,926

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

#### 33. Related party transactions (continued)

Details of related party transactions are given below:

Distribution and administration	Category	2022 £	2021 £
Music Sales Corporation	#	282,000	282,000
Focus on Sound Limited	#	20,000	20,000
Sabre Music Limited	π ^	3,125	3,375
Ixion Publishing Limited	^	2,941	2,015
Madena Publishing Limited	^	187	2,013
Whitman Music Limited	^	6	20
		2022	2021
	Category	£	£
Royalties received			
Music Sales Corporation	#	665,448	369,855
G Schirmer Inc	#	1,006,844	657,628
Wise Music G Schirmer Australia Pty Limited	#	119,457	116,630
Wise Music 1 Pty Limited	#	145,181	110,203
Connelly Basart Muziekuitgevererij BV	^	160,734	102,995
Royalties paid			
Music Sales Corporation	#	860,783	764,777
G Schirmer Inc	#	169,008	154,509
Wise Music G Schirmer Australia Pty Limited	#	2,003	1,558
Wise Music 1 Pty Limited	#	4,796	7,004
Loan interest receivable			
Wise Music Pty Limited	#	6,728	15,563
Loan interest payable	44		
Mr R Wise		-	784
Connelly Basart Muziekuitgevererij BV	^	3,478	3,636

The Wise Music Group of companies are related to the companies noted above through common management.

#### Transactions with directors

The Group rents an apartment in New York from Mrs M B Wise at an annual rent of \$82,400 (2021: \$82,400).

Mr R Wise has a director's loan with the Group. The loan bears interest at SONIA plus 150 basis points which is payable quarterly in arrears. None of this interest has been written off. The maximum amount overdrawn during the year was £588,563. As at 31 December 2022, Mr R Wise owed the company £534,340 (2021: £94,425).

Mrs M B Wise has a director's loan with the Group. The loan is repayable on demand. As at 31 December 2022, the loan payable to Mrs M B Wise was £13,466 (2021: £597,647).

Mr M D Wise has a director's loan with the Group. The loan is repayable on demand. As at 31 December 2022, the loan receivable from Mr M D Wise was £39,732 (2021: £156,297).

Mr T Wise has a director's loan with the Group. The loan is repayable on demand. As at 31 December 2022, the loan receivable from Mr T Wise was £249 (2021: £592).

### Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

#### 33. Related party transactions (continued)

Key to categorisation of related parties	Symbol
Joint venture	_ ^
Associate	#
Key management personnel	
Other related party	•

#### 34. Prior year adjustments

The year ending 31 December 2021 has been restated at a company level to correct the following item that had been incorrectly accounted for or disclosed.

#### Bank and intercompany loans

A bank loan of €10.7m was omitted from disclosure within creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year. Equally, an intercompany loan of €10.7m was omitted from disclosure within debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year.

The correction of this error has resulted in an increase in debtors and a corresponding increase in creditors of £8,971,994.

#### 34. Ultimate controlling party

The directors consider that the immediate and ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party of this Company is Newman Street Investments Limited which is registered in Jersey. Wise Music Group Limited is the largest and smallest undertaking for which group financial statements are prepared.