Registered in England and Wales, Number 305907 Established 1883

Directors:

J. W. Goodwin (Chairman)
R. S. Goodwin (Managing Director)
R. J. Dyer

P. J. Horton

Secretary and registered office: Mrs. P. Ashley, B.A., A.C.I.S. Ivy House Foundry, Hanley, Stoke-on-Trent, ST1 3NR Registrar and share transfer office: Computershare Services PLC, P.O. Box No. 82, Bristol, BS99 7NH

Auditors: KPMG Audit Plc, 2 Cornwall Street, Birmingham, B3 2DL

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTY FIFTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the company will be held at 10.30 am, on Wednesday, 8th November, 2000 at the Saxon Cross Hotel, Sandbach, Cheshire, for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following resolutions:

- 1. To receive the report of the directors and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30th April, 2000 and to approve the payment of a dividend on the ordinary shares.
- 2. To re-elect Mr. P. J. Horton as a director.
- 3. To re-appoint KPMG Audit Plc as auditors and to authorise the directors to determine their remuneration.

By Order of the Board, P. ASHLEY, Secretary.

Registered Office: lvy House Foundry, Hanley, Stoke-on-Trent. 6th October, 2000

NOTES:

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the above meeting may appoint a proxy to attend and, on a poll, vote instead of him. A proxy need not be a member of the company. To be valid, the instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of such power or authority must be deposited at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting.
- 2. None of the directors have service contracts with the company.
- If approved by shareholders the final dividend will be paid to shareholders on 10th November, 2000.

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CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

I have pleasure in presenting the Directors' Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 30th April, 2000.

The Group's turnover reduced 18% to £20.7 million (1999: £25.3 million) producing a pretax profit of £304,000. The directors propose that a dividend of 1.47p (1999: 2.94p) per share be paid.

As at 30th April, 2000 the hoped for release in expenditure budgets within the international petroleum, oil and gas industry had not occurred and many of our UK engineering clients had not won their export orders either due to constraints in capital expenditure or due to the strength of sterling. The Group had more success and established closer trade relationships with the USA, the Far East and S.E. Asia. The DM/sterling peaking to 3.40 in May 2000 meant much business was lost in Europe.

The directors do not believe that aligning ourselves with the social policies adopted in many European countries, along with the Euro currency, will in the long term aid our competitiveness and during the year continued effort was sustained to concentrate on other markets. Our efforts to be internationally competitive are further undermined by government policy on high fuel tax, high cost of internet usage caused by auctioning wireless application protocol frequencies used for connectivity and the burden of managing pensions and various tax collections.

By the close of the year our budgeted programme of capital investment in costing cutting and efficiency improving plant was nearing completion and is reflected by the balance sheet increase in fixed assets.

Towards the end of the year the order intake picked up and is now healthy. Progress towards profit levels seen in previous years is expected as a result of the higher oil prices, greater oil and gas company expenditure and the investment we have undertaken to better serve our customers in growth markets.

During the coming year we shall revisit our corporate risk and control analysis in line with the Turnbull requirements with the help of external audit. Much of this is already communicated to employees (and contributed to) through the Group's intranet web sites. The directors have passed a resolution to have the company's shares added to CREST for those wishing to deal in electronic share certificates.

J. W. GOODWIN,

John W. Goods

Chairman.

22nd September, 2000

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 30th April, 2000.

Business review

The principal activity of the Group is mechanical and refractory engineering. The results of the year may be summarised as follows:

Turnover , ,	2000 1999 £'000 £'000 . 20,769 25,364
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	. 304 1,508
Taxation charge	(110) (442)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	194 1,066

Comments on the results for the year are given in the chairman's statement.

The directors recommend that an ordinary dividend of 1.47p per share be paid to shareholders on the register at the close of business on 13th October 2000. (1999: 2.94p per share).

The directors consider that the market value of the Group's freehold land and buildings is in excess of the values disclosed in the Group balance sheet.

Directors and directors' interests

The directors of the company who have served during the year are set out below:

- J. W. Goodwin
- R. S. Goodwin R. J. Dyer

The director retiring in accordance with the Articles is P. J. Horton who, being eligible, offers himself for re-election. The interests of each director in the share capital of the company are as follows:

							10p ordinary shares					
							30th April	30th April				
							2000	1999				
Beneficial												
J. W. G	odwin	•••	***				301,736	301,736				
R. S. Go	odwin						150,868	301,736				
J. W. G	oodwin a	and R. S.	. Good	win			1,716,797	1,669,169				
J. W. G	oodwin a	and R. S.	. Good	win	•••	•••	1,601,176	1,539,940				
R. J. Dy	er				***		17,500	17,500				
P. J. Ho	rton	***	***				115,840	115,840				
Non-benefic	ial											
		R. S. Go	odwin	and	others		326,446	435,310				

During the period from 1st May, 1999 to 22nd September, 2000 there was no change in the directors' interests.

No director has a service agreement with the company, nor any beneficial interest in the share capital of any subsidiary undertaking.

The company does not have any share option schemes for employees or directors.

Shareholdings

The company has been notified that, as at 22nd September, 2000, the following had an interest in 3% or more of the issued share capital of the company: J. W. Goodwin and R. S. Goodwin 1,716,797 shares (23.84%), J. W. Goodwin and R. S. Goodwin 1,601,176 shares (22.24%). These shares are registered in the names of J. M. Securities Limited and J. M. Securities (No. 3) Limited respectively, J. W. Goodwin, R. S. Goodwin and others 326,446 shares (4.53%), J. W. Goodwin 301,736 shares (4.19%), J. H. Ridley 510,167 shares (7.09%).

Donations

Donations by the group for charitable purposes amounted to £390 (1999: £5,282).

Employee consultation

The Group takes seriously its responsibilities to employees and, as a policy, provides employees systematically with information on matters of concern to them. It is also the policy of the Group to consult where appropriate, on an annual basis, employees or their representatives so that their views may be taken into account in making decisions likely to affect their interests.

Employment of disabled persons

The policy of the Group is to offer the same opportunity to disabled people, and those who become disabled, as to all others in respect of recruitment and career advancement, provided their disability does not prevent them from carrying out the duties required of them.

Creditor payment policy

The company has not adopted any formal code or standards on supplier payment practice. The company's policy is to settle payments having negotiated and advised terms and conditions with suppliers on a contract by contract basis. The holding company has no trade creditors at 30th April, 2000.

European Monetary Union

The company already has banking and exchange facilities dealing in the euro and will continue to maintain a flexible scope of operation as it currently does in dealing with contracts in other currencies.

Corporate governance

The directors have considered the requirements of the Combined Code incorporated into the Listing Rules of the Financial Services Authority. The Code covers four broad areas, namely the composition and procedures of the Board, the service contracts and pay of the directors, relations with shareholders, and the directors' responsibilities with respect to accountability and audit.

The Board feels that it should be recognised that what may be appropriate for the larger company may not necessarily be so appropriate for the smaller company, a point raised previously in the Cadbury Code of Best Practice. In view of the Group's present size and proven track record, it is not seen as appropriate to increase further the number of directors on the Board. Accordingly, the Group is unable to comply with aspects of the Code's requirements in terms of non-executive directors and the requirement for an Audit Committee and a Remuneration Committee. All directors, except the Chairman and Managing Director, retire by rotation at least every 3 years.

The remuneration of the directors is considered by the Board as a whole. No director has a service agreement or determines his own salary.

The Board meets at least once a month and retains full responsibility for the direction and control of the Group. There is no formal schedule of matters reserved for the Board. However, acquisitions and disposals of assets, investments and material capital related projects are as a matter of course specifically reserved for Board decision. All directors have access to the Company Secretary.

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company and its subsidiaries have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The Board continues to be conscious of its non-compliance with aspects of the Code and will review the situation in the light of any future Group developments.

Internal Financial Control

The directors are responsible for the Group's system of internal financial control.

A system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance of:

- · safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition; and
- the maintenance of proper accounting records and the reliability of financial information used within the business or for publication.

The Board, which comprises four executive directors, meets formally by itself and with subsidiary directors on a regular basis. No non-executive directors are thought appropriate, due to the cost likely to be involved and the improbability of their adding any value to the business. It is considered that the business is most effectively managed by the close personal involvement of the directors in the day to day operations.

The Board meets with an agenda to discuss corporate strategy, to formulate and monitor the progress of business plans for all subsidiaries and to consider business risks faced.

The management philosophy of the Group is to operate its subsidiaries on an autonomous basis with formally defined areas of responsibility and delegation of authority. The Group has put in place formal lines of reporting with subsidiary management meeting with the executive directors on a regular basis.

The board of directors is responsible for the Group's system of internal financial control, which is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

Strict financial and other controls are exercised by the Group over the operating subsidiaries. They include:

- preparation of subsidiary and Group business plans which includes the identification of, and the assessment of, business and financial risks;
- · monitoring of actual results compared with budgets and business plans;
- . operating treasury transactions as non-profit making and limiting authority to:
 - hedging foreign exchange exposure in as risk averse way as possible; and
 - the negotiation and management of the Group's cash, borrowing and bank facilities;
- · defined procedures for the appraisal, review and authorisation of capital expenditure.

The Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal financial control.

Directors' remuneration

The Group's policy is to provide a remuneration package to executive directors to attract, retain and motivate individuals of the calibre required, and to ensure that the Group is managed successfully in a manner appropriate to the company's size. This is currently provided in the form of a basic salary and suitable benefits in kind. In forming its policy, the Board has given full consideration to the Code's best practice provisions on remuneration policy, service contracts and compensation and has considered the remuneration levels of directors of similar companies. In view of the directors' significant personal shareholdings in the company the Board do not have at present a performance related element within their remuneration.

Details of each element of the directors' remuneration are given in note 5 to the financial statements. Pension contributions are made where applicable into defined contribution schemes. No director has a service contract and there are no share option schemes or other long term incentive schemes.

Auditors

In accordance with Section 384 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution is to be proposed at the Annual General Meeting for the re-appointment of KPMG Audit Plc as auditors of the company.

Approved by the Board of directors and signed on its behalf by: J. W. GOODWIN,

John W. Goodwa

Chairman.

Ivy House Foundry, Hanley, Stoke-on-Trent, ST1 3NR

22nd September, 2000

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and Group and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS

to the Members of

GOODWIN PLC

We have audited the financial statements on pages 7 to 20.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report, including as described above the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board, the Listing Rules of the Financial Services Authority, and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law or the Listing Rules regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We review whether the statement on page 4 reflects the company's compliance with those provisions of the Combined Code specified for our review by the Stock Exchange, and we report if it does not. We are not required to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's corporate governance procedures or its internal controls.

We read the other information contained in the Annual Report, including the corporate governance statement, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Group's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the Group as at 30th April, 2000 and of the profit of the Group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

22nd September, 2000

KPMS Andert Ph

KPMG Audit Plc Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor Birmingham

GROUP PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For the year ended 30th APRIL, 2000

											2000	1999
										Note	£'000	£,000
TURNOVER	•••	•••	•••			•••	•••			2	20,769	25,364
Cost of sales		•••	***	•			•••	•••			(16,929)	(19,845)
GROSS PROFIT			***								3,840	5,519
Distribution costs	•••										(730)	(804)
Administrative ex	pense	es	•••	•••			•••	•••	•••		(2,557)	(3,036)
OPERATING PROFIT	r		•••					***	•••		553	1,679
Share of (loss)/pro	ofit of	asso	ciated	unde	rtaking		•••				(32)	25
Net interest payab	ole	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	***			3	(217)	(196)
PROFIT ON ORDINA	RY A	ACTIV	/ITIES	BEF	DRE TA	XXAI	TION	•••		4	304	1,508
Tax on profit on o	rdina	ry act	ivities		•••	•••	•••			7	(110)	(442)
PROFIT ON ORDINA	RY A	ACTIV	/ITIES	AFT	ER TAX	KATI	ON				194	1,066
Minority interests	- equ	uity	•••	***			•••	•••			(8)	(14)
PROFIT FOR THE FI	VAN	CIAL	YEAR							8	186	1,052
Proposed ordinar	y divi	dend	•••				•••			9	(106)	(212)
RETAINED PROFIT	FOR	THE F	INAN	CIAL	YEAR						80	840
EARNINGS PER ORI	DINA	RY S	HARE		***		***	•••		10	2.58p	14.61p

A statement of movement on reserves is given in note 20. All of the Group's activities related to continuing operations.

BALANCE SHEETS At 30th APRIL, 2000

									Gre	Group		Company	
								Notes	2000	1999	2000	1999	
									£′000	£′000	£′000	£'000	
FIXED ASSETS													
Tangible assets	•••	•••	•••		•••		1	11 & 12	6,121	4,297	748	859	
Investments	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	13	66	91	1,073	1,073	
									6,187	4,388	1,821	1,932	
CURRENT ASSETS													
Stocks			•••		•••	•••		14	3,409	3,514	-	_	
Debtors						•••		15	4,912	4,936	3,844	2,878	
Cash at bank and in	n hand	l		•••			•••		79	462	2	219	
									8,400	8,912	3,846	3,097	
CREDITORS: AMOUNT	ΓS FA	LLING	DŲ!	E WITI	HIN O	NE YE	AR	16	(7,313)	(6,191)	(1,897)	(1,259)	
NET CURRENT ASSE	TS					•••	•••		1,087	2,721	1,949	1,838	
										7.400		0.770	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS	CUH	KENI	LIA	BILLI	E2	•••	•••		7,274	7,109	3,770	3,770	
CREDITORS: AMOUN	TS FA	LLING	i DUI	E AFT	ER M	ORE T	HAN						
ONE YEAR								17(e)	(100)	(153)	-	-	
PROVISIONS FOR LIA	ABILIT	ries <i>i</i>	AND	CHAF	RGES	•••		18	(505)	(371) 	(37)	(44)	
NET ASSETS		•••							6,669	6,585	3,733	3,726	
CAPITAL AND RESE	RVES												
Called up share cap	pital							19	720	720	720	720	
Profit and loss acco	ount	•••		•••	•••	•••		20	5,923	5,846	3,013	3,006	
SHAREHOLDERS' FU	NDS -	- EQU	HTY	***	***	•••			6,643	6,566	3,733	3,726	
MINORITY INTEREST													
	'S - E(ידוטם	Y	•••	•••		•••		26	19			

These financial statements were approved by the Board of directors on 22nd September, 2000 and signed on its behalf by:

J. W. GOODWIN $\}$ Directors

John W. Goodwz.

GROUP CASH FLOW STATEMENT For the year ended 30th APRIL, 2000

NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPE	ERATING A	ACTIV	ITIES	•••			Note 22	2000 £'000 1,242	1999 £'000 2,005
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS	AND SER	VICING	OF F	INAN	CE		23	(217)	(196)
TAXATION		•••	•••	•••	***	•••		(367)	(382)
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE		•••		•••	•••		23	(2,005)	(734)
EQUITY DIVIDENDS PAID		•••			•••			(212)	(212)
CASH (OUTFLOW)/INFLOW BE	FORE FINA	ANCIN	G		•••	•••		(1,559)	481
FINANCING		•••					23	(53)	(58)
(DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CA	SH IN THI	E PERI	OD					(1,612)	423
RECONCILIATION OF NET CAS	SH FLOW	TO MO	VEM	ENT II	N NET	г			
(Decrease)/increase in cash in	the period	d	•••	•••	•••	•••		(1,612)	423
Cash outflow from lease fina	ncing							53	58
Change in net debt resulting	from cash	flows		•••			24	(1,559)	481
Foreign exchange translation	difference					•••	24	4	24
MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT IN	THE PERIO	סכ	•••			•••		(1,555)	505
Net debt at start of year				•••		***	24	(513)	(1,018)
NET DEBT AT END OF YEAR				•••			24	(2,068)	(513)

OTHER PRIMARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30th APRIL, 2000

GROUP STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

			2000	1999
			£′000	£′000
Profit for the financial year			186	1,052
Exchange adjustments on foreign currency net investments			(3)	16
Total recognised gains and losses for the financial year	•••	•••	183	1,068

NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES

There is no difference between the result as disclosed in the Group profit and loss account and the results on an unmodified historical cost basis.

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN GROUP SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2000	1999
	£′000	£'000
Profit for the financial year	186	1,052
Dividends	(106)	(212)
	80	840
Other recognised gains and losses relating to the year (net)	(3)	16
Goodwill arising on acquisition	-	1
NET ADDITION TO SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	77	857
Opening shareholders' funds	6,566	5,709
CLOSING SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	6,643	6,566

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Principal accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to these financial statements:

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost accounting rules and in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards.

(b) Consolidation principles

- (i) The Group financial statements include the results of the parent company and all of its subsidiary undertakings made up to 30th April.
- (ii) Goodwill, representing the excess of the fair value of consideration given on the acquisition of subsidiary undertakings over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is written off against reserves on acquisition. This goodwill would be charged or credited in the profit and loss account on disposal of the business to which it relates.
- (iii) The company is not required to present its profit and loss account in addition to the consolidated profit and loss account.
- (iv) For associated undertakings, the Group includes its share of profits and losses in the consolidated profit and loss account and its share of post acquisition retained profits or accumulated deficits in the consolidated balance sheet.

(c) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write down the cost of fixed assets to their anticipated residual value over their estimated useful lives. The method of calculation and the annual rates applied are as follows:

Freehold land Nil ... 2% or 21/2% on cost Freehold buildings - Industrial ... Leasehold property ... Plant and machinery ... Over period of lease 15% or 25% on reducing balance 15% or 25% on reducing balance ... •••

Motor vehicles ••• Tooling Over estimated production life

(d) Stock and work in progress

Stock and work in progress is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In determining the cost of raw materials the FIFO method is used. For work in progress and finished goods manufactured by the Group, cost is taken as production cost, which includes an appropriate proportion of attributable overheads. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less further costs of completion and selling expenses.

(e) Foreign exchange

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains and losses on translation are included in the profit and loss

For consolidation purposes the assets and liabilities of overseas subsidiary undertakings are translated at the closing exchange rates. Exchange differences arising on these translations are taken to reserves, net of exchange differences arising on related foreign currency borrowings.

(f) Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Provision is made for deferred taxation only to the extent that it is probable that an actual liability will crystallise.

Deferred taxation is not provided on earnings retained in overseas subsidiary undertakings as it is not expected that an actual liability will arise.

(a) Leasing

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a 'finance lease'. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated over its estimated useful life, or the term of the lease, whichever is shorter. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included with creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

All other leases are accounted for as 'operating leases' and the rental charges are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

(h) Pension costs

The Group contributes to a number of defined contribution pension schemes for certain senior employees. The assets of these schemes are held in independently administered funds. Group pension costs are charged to the profit and loss account in the year for which contributions are payable.

2. Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts receivable for goods and services supplied to customers. It excludes intercompany transactions and value added tax.

	company transactio					ioi go	ous i	unu se	J1 41003	aupp	neu to t	ustornors, it exc	iddes liller-
	· ·											2000	1999
	The analysis of turn	over by	destir	nation	is as fo	ollows	3:					£′000	£'000
	United Kingdom	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	9,058	11,836
	Rest of Europe	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	3,784	5,937
	Rest of World	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	7,927	7,591
	The geographical so	ource of	all tui	rnover	is the	U.K.						20,769	25,364
3.	Net interest paya	ble										2000	1999
			<i>L</i> .									£'000	£′000
	Interest payable on			•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	218 11	201 17
	Finance lease intere		 book	40000	ito.	•••	•••	***	***	•••	•••		
	Less: Interest receiv	anie ou	Dank	uepos	ILS	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	***	(12)	(22)
												217	196
4.	Profit on ordinary	activi	ties b	efore	taxat	ion							
	The profit on ording following:	•							fter ch	argin	g the	2000 £'000	1999 £'000
	Depreciation an	id amor	tisatio	n of ta	ıngible	fixed	asset	ts					
	owned			•••	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	734	657
	– held under						***	•••	***	•••	•••	29	35
	Operating lease	rentals			n plant	hire	***	•••	•••	•••	***	26	18
	A		- oth		•••	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	17	20
	Auditors' remui		ande	expens	ses							20	00
	– Group	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	***	36	36

Fees charged by the company's auditors in respect of work carried out in the year for Group non audit services amounted to £10,500 (1999: £10,900). The audit fee for the company itself amounted to £9,600 (1999: £9,600). In the opinion of the directors the Group only has one principal trading activity and therefore they do not consider there to be any requirement for segmental disclosure under SSAP 25 on the basis of materiality.

5. Directors' Remuneration

The remuneration of the directors of the company was:

1110 10111011010101				o	, a.i.,					
				Salary	Salary	Benefits in kind	Total	Total	Pension contrib- utions	Pension contrib- utions
				1999	2000	2000	2000	1999	2000	1999
				£'000	£'000	£′000	£'000	£'000	£′000	£′000
Executive direc	tors									
J. W. Goodwin		•••	•••	102	104	17	121	116	8	8
R. S. Goodwin				102	104	17	121	116	8	8
R. J. Dyer				49	51	12	63	60	16	16
P. J. Horton	***	***		65	76	12	88	76	-	-
				318	335	58	393	368	32	32

Pension contributions comprise contributions to money purchase pension schemes.

6. Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the Group (including directors) during the year, analysed by category, was as follows:

										2000 Number	1999 Number
Works personnel					***			•••	•••	330	358
Administrative staff			•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	28	27
										358	385
The aggregate payroll cost	s of th	iese po	ersons	were	as fol	lows:					
· · ·										£'000	£′000
Wages and salaries			•••		•			•••	***	6,356	6,715
Social security costs	***					***				605	663
Other pension costs	***		•••		•••	***	•••	•••		32	32
										6,993	7,410
7. Tax on profit on ordinal	ry act	ivities	8							2000	1999
Taxation charge based on	the pr	ofit for	r the y	ear of	the gr	oup:				£′000	£′000
U.K. corporation tax at										(18)	417
Associated undertaking			•••							(6)	5
Deferred taxation char						•••			•••	148	27
		rior ye			•••			•••	•••	(14)	(7)
										110	442
										• • •	

8. Profit for the financial year

The consolidated profit for the financial year includes a profit of £113,000 (1999: £484,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the parent company.

9. Proposed dividend

The proposed ordinary dividend of £105,840 (1999: £211,680) represents 1.47p per share (1999: 2.94p per share).

10. Earnings per ordinary share

The earnings per ordinary share has been calculated on profit on ordinary activities after taxation and minority interests of £186,000 (1999: £1,052,000) and by reference to the 7,200,000 ordinary shares in issue throughout both years. The company has no share options or other diluting instruments and accordingly there is no diluted earnings per share.

11. Tangible fixed assets of the Group

l. Tangible fixed assets of the	Group					
bu	and and illdings reehold £'000	Land and buildings Short leasehold £'000	Plant and machinery £'000	Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment £'000	Assets in course of construction £'000	Total £'000
At beginning of year Additions Disposals Exchange adjustments	1,269 - - 19	35 - - -	7,085 665 (159) 6	1,883 93 - -	1,854 - -	10,272 2,612 (159) 25
At end of year	1,288	35	7,597	1,976	1,854	12,750
Depreciable assets	981	35	7,597	1,976		10,589
Depreciation and amortisation	on					
At beginning of year Charged in year Disposals Exchange adjustments	463 28 - 4	16 1 - -	4,157 567 (88) 4	1,339 138 - -	 -	5,975 734 (88) 8
At end of year	495	17	4,640	1,477		6,629
Net book value At 30th April, 2000	793	18	2,957	499	1,854	6,121
At 30th April, 1999	806	19	2,928	544		4,297
•						

The net book value of plant and machinery held under finance leases at 30th April, 2000 was £166,175 (1999: £195,500). Depreciation for the year on these assets was £29,325.

12. Ta	angible fixed assets of	the c	ompar	ıy									
	ost		•	Land a buildin Freeho £'0	igs old	buil leas	d and dings Short ehold £'000		lant ar achine £'0	ry	fit tool equip	tures, tings, s and ment £'000	Total £'000
	At beginning of year			6	33		35		21	83		1.373	2.324
	Additions				-		-			32		12	44
	Disposals				_		_			56)		-	(56)
	•	•••							<u>.</u>	<u> </u>		1 200	
	At end of year	•••	•••		33		35			59		1,385	2,312
	Depreciable assets	•••	•••	5	90		35		2	<u>59</u>		1,385	2,269
D	epreciation and amort	isatio	n										
_	At beginning of year			-	280		16		11	58		1,011	1,465
	Charged in year	•••	•••		15		1			24		85	1,405
	Disposals		•••		-					26)		-	(26)
	·		•••										
	At end of year	•••		2	295	_	17		1	<u>56</u>		1,096	1,564
N	et book value												
	At 30th April, 2000			3	38		18		10	3		289	748
	At 60th, April, 2000		•••			_				_			
	At 30th April, 1999		•••	. 3	353		19		1:	25		362	859
	vestments												Language (m
(a) Group												Interest in associated undertaking
	Cost												£′000
	At beginning and	end of	year		***			•••			•••		50
	Share of post acqui	isition	reser	ves									
	At beginning of ye	ear .											41
	Share of loss for y				***			•••			***	•	(25)
	At end of year				•••			•••		***			16
	Net book value												
	At 30th April, 2	. 000		•	•••	***	•••	•••	***	•••	***	•••	66
	At 30th April, 1999	9.					•••		•••	•••			91
(b									ıbsidia ertakin	gs			Total
	Cost and net book								£′0			£'000	£′000
	At beginning and	end of	year	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,0	23		50	1,073

13. Investments (continued)

(c) Investments of the company in shares in subsidiary undertakings

The company is the beneficial owner of the issued share capital of the following principal subsidiary undertakings, all of which are included in the consolidation:

Subsidiary undertakings					Country of Incorporation and operation	Type of shares	% held
Goodwin International Limited			•••		Great Britain	Ordinary Preference	100 100
Goodwin Steel Castings Limited				***	Great Britain	Ordinary	100
Hoben International Limited		•••	•••	***	Great Britain	Ordinary Preference	100 100
Hoben Industrial Minerals Limited	t		***		Great Britain	Ordinary	100
Easat Antennas Limited		•••	•••	•••	Great Britain	Ordinary	871/2
Internet Central Limited	***	•••		***	Great Britain	Ordinary	821/2
Goodwin GmbH		•••			Germany	Ordinary	100
Goodwin Korea Co. Limited	***	***			South Korea	Ordinary	95

All of the companies are involved in mechanical and refractory engineering.

The overseas subsidiaries act as sales agents for the UK manufacturing subsidiaries.

(d) Interest in associated undertaking

The interest in associated undertaking at 30th April, 2000 comprises the company's investment of 50% in the ordinary share capital of Wiggin Alloy Products Limited. The principal activity of Wiggin Alloy Products Limited is the distribution of metal alloys to the UK market. It is incorporated in Great Britain, is registered in England and Wales and has £100,000 of issued ordinary shares of £1 each.

14. Stocks						Grou	dτ
Raw materials and consumables Work in progress Finished goods and goods for resale	 	***	 			2000 £'000 1,902 922 640	1999 £'000 2,152 920 617
						3,464	3,689
Payments on account	 					(55)	(175)
						3,409	3,514
15. Debtors			Grou	р		Comp	any
Trade debtors Amounts owed by associated undertakings Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income		2000 £'000 4,615 129 - 67 101		f	1999 2'000 1,377 71 - 388 100	2000 £'000 32 3,777 15 20	1999 £'000 27 35 2,642 143 31
	_	4,912			1,936	3,844	2,878
	-	4,912			1,936	3,844	2,

16. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	Gro	oup	Comp	anv
,	2000 £'000	1999 £′000	2000 £'000	1999 £'000
Bank overdrafts	1,997	772	1,483	591
Obligations under finance leases (note 17e)	50	50	· _	_
Payments received on account	239	185	-	-
Trade creditors	4,067	3,620	-	_
Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings	_	-	55	126
Other creditors including taxation and social security: Corporation tax Other taxes Social Security Other creditors	46 237 184 60	402 256 184 56	- 47 20 -	(4) 35 17
	527	898	67	48
Accruals and deferred income	327	454	186	282
Proposed dividends	106	<u>212</u>	106	212
	7,313	6,191	1,897	1,259

17. Financial instruments

(a) Financial assets

The Group's financial assets, excluding short-term debtors, consist mainly of Sterling, Euro and Korean Won denominated cash at bank which earns interest at rates related to bank base rates.

(b) Financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities, excluding short-term creditors, are set out below. Floating rate financial liabilities comprise Sterling, Euro, and US Dollar denominated bank loans, leases and overdrafts. The floating rate financial liabilities bear interest at rates related to bank base rates.

											Floatir financial	ng rate liabilities
Currency											2000 £'000	1999 £'000
Sterling			•••	•••	•••			•••			1,906	687
Euro block US Dollar	currer	icies				•••			•••	•••	48 193	28 260
Total		•••				•••	•••				2,147	975

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group is subject to fluctuations in interest rates on its borrowings and surplus cash. The Group is aware of the financial products available to insure against adverse movements in interest rates. Formal reviews are undertaken to determine whether such instruments are appropriate for the Group. No such instruments were utilised in the year to 30th April, 2000.

(d) Currency exposure

The Group is subject to fluctuations in exchange rates on its net investments overseas and transactional monetary assets and liabilities not denominated in the operating (or 'functional') currency of the operating unit involved. The Group's policy is to hedge, where practical, the net asset value of overseas investments. This hedging is currently achieved through borrowings in the respective currencies.

The table overleaf shows the Group's transactional currency exposures which give rise to the net currency gains and losses recognised in the profit and loss account. This exposure is managed using forward contracts. There is no internal policy requirement to take out exchange rate hedging on the Group's transactional monetary assets and liabilities although, when it is believed market conditions necessitate such hedging, then appropriate arrangements would be made.

There were no material gains or losses on instruments used for exchange rate hedging either during or at the end of the year.

17. Financial Instruments (continued)

30th April, 2	2000						Net foreign	currency monetar	y assets/(liabiliti	es) in £'000
							Sterling 2000	Euro block currencies 2000	Other 2000	Total 2000
Functional of	urre	ncy o	f Gro	up op	eratio	n				
Sterling				•••	***		-	(22)	25	. 3
Korean Won	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	(295)	<u>-</u>		(295)
Total		•••	•••				(295)	(22)	25	(292)
30th April,	1999						Net foreign	currency monetar	y assets/(liabiliti	es) in £'000
-								Euro block		
							Sterling	currencies	Other	Total
							1999	1999	1999	1999
Functional of	urre	ncy o	f Gro	up op	eratio	n				
Sterling				·	•••		-	188	4	192
Korean Won	•••		•••		•••	•••	(467)			(467)
Total		•••				•••	(467)	188	4	(275)

The amounts shown above take into account the effect of forward contracts the Group had taken out to hedge expected future foreign currency purchases.

(e) Maturity profile

At 30th April 2000, the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities, other than short-term creditors such as trade creditors and accruals were as follows:

	J	and hire	2000	1999
Borrowings analysed by maturity date Borrowings due within one year	Overdrafts £'000 1,997	purchase agreements £'000 50	2000 Total £'000 2,047	Total £'000 822
Borrowings due after one year Between one and two years Between two and five years	=======================================	50 50	50 50	103 50
Total borrowings due after one year		100	100	153
Total	1,997	150	2,147	975

At 30th April 2000 the Group had the following undrawn committed facilities, with an average maturity of 8 months, in respect of which all conditions precedent had been met:

Expiring in one year or less Expiring between one or two years		***	 •••	 •••	 	£'000 2,365 1,662

4,027

(f) Fair values

At 30th April 2000, the fair value of the Group's financial instruments was not materially different to the book value of the instruments. The fair value was calculated using market rates where available, otherwise cash flows were discounted at prevailing rates.

18.	Provisions for liabil	ities a	nd e	charge	es								taxation
												Group	Company
	Polones et besinging											£′000	£'000
	Balance at beginning of			مما امم		***	•••	•••		***	•••	371 134	44
	Charge for the year in	tue bu	OTITE	ina ios	s acc	ount		•••	•••		***	134	(7)
	Balance at end of year		•••				•••				•••	505	37
	The amount provided 30% (1999: 30%), is se	for defe t out b	errec elow	d taxati /:	on, v	vhich i	s the	full po	tential	liabilit	ty calcula	ted on the liabil	ity method at
									Grou	ıρ		Com	pany
								2000			1999	2000	1999
								£'000)	£	1000	£′000	£'000
	Difference between a								_				
	and amortisation	and ca	pital	allowa	ances	3		505	5		371	37	44
							_		-				
							_	505	5 -		371	<u>37</u>	44
19.	Share capital												
	-											2000	1999
	Authorised, allotted, of	alled u	p an	d fully	paid	l:						£'000	£′000
	7,200,000 ordinar	/ share	s of	10p ea	ich							720	720
20	Profit and loss acco	unt										Group	Company
												£'000	£'000
	At beginning of year		• • •	***			•••	•••			•••	5,846	3,006
	Retained profit for the	year				. ***	:					80	7
	Exchange loss on re-t	ranslat	ion d	of over	seas	subsid	diarie	s' net a	assets	***	•••	(3)	-
	At end of γear		***	•••			***				***	5,923	3,013
	Cumulative goodwill i undertakings has been	n the G	en of	f agair	nting ist re	g to £2 serves	48,UU S.	u (1995	5: E.240	s,000) e	irising or	i the acquisition	or subsidiary
21	. Reconciliation of m	ovem	ants	in sh	arah	older	a' fur	ehr					
		0										2000	1999
	Company											£'000	£'000
	Profit for the financial	year	•••			***						113	484
	Dividends		***			•••	•••			***		(106)	(212)
	No. of the contract of the con		, ,										
	Net additions to share				•••	•	***	•••	•••	***	•••	7 3,726	272 3,454
	Opening shareholders	s luna	5	***	•••	•••	•••	***	***	•••	•••	3,720	3,454
	Clasina sharahaldara	£										2 722	2726
	Closing shareholders'	tunas	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	3,733	3,726 ————
				٠.							4.		
22	. Reconciliation of e	perat	ing	profit	t to	net (cash	tiow	trom	oper	ating	2000	1000
	activities											2000	1999
	Operating profit											£'000 553	£′000 1,679
	Depreciation charges	***	•••	•••	•••	•	***		•••	***	***	734	692
	Loss on disposal of fix			***	•••			***			•••	757	1
	Decrease in stocks				•••		•••			•••	•••	113	1,227
	Decrease in debtors						•••			•••		38	1,037
	Decrease in creditors						***	***		•••		(203)	(2,631)
	Net cash inflow from	operat	ing a	activitie	es						,	1,242	2,005
		1- 2	3		-			• • •	•		**		

23.	Analysis of cash flows	2000 £'000	1999 £'000
	Returns on investments and servicing of finance	•	
	Interest received	12	22
	Interest paid	(218)	(201)
	Interest element of finance lease rental payments	(11)	(17)
	Net cash outflow for returns on investment and servicing of finance	(217)	(196)
	Capital expenditure		
	Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(2,069)	(750)
	Sale of plant and machinery	64	16
	Net cash outflow for capital expenditure	(2,005)	(734)
	Financing Capital element of finance lease repayments	(53)	(58)
24.	Changes in net debt during the year		At
	1st May 1999 Cash flow £'000 £'000	Exchange movement £'000	30th April 2000 £'000
	Cash at bank 462 (387)	4	79
	Bank overdrafts (772) (1,225)		(1,997)
	(310) (1,612)	4	(1,918)

25. Contingencies

On 30th April, 2000, the Group had entered into performance bonds in the normal course of business amounting to £569,000 (1999: £593,682) in respect of 63 (1999: 61) contracts.

(203)

(513)

53

(1,559)

(150)

(2,068)

26. Commitments

(a) Capital commitments

Finance leases ...

Capital commitments at 30th April, for which no provision has been made in these financial statements, were as follows:

				Grou	ıp	Compa	Company		
Contracted	***	 	 	2000 £′000 60	1999 £'000 805	2000 £'000	1999 £'000		

(b) Operating lease commitments

At 30th April, the Group had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	20	1	1999		
	Land and buildings £'000	Other £'000	Land and buildings £'000	Other £'000	
Operating leases which expire: Within one year	-	9	_	10	
					

27. Related party

During the year the Group and company undertook the following transactions, and had the following year end balances with Wiggin Alloy Products Limited.

									2000 £'000	1999 £'000
Group transactions Sales to Administration fee				 •••		•••		 	886 67	1,389 76
Balance at end of year Trade debtors	***	***	4	 		•••		***	129	71
Company transactions Administration fee	•••	•••		 					17	18
Balance at end of year Trade debtor	***		,,,	 <i></i>	•••	•••	•	•••	_	35